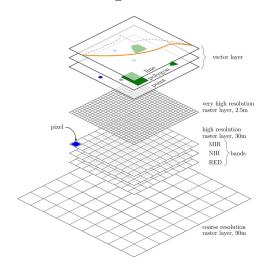
Spatial R Cheat Sheet

Remote Sensing and GIS functions



book.ecosens.org

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Packages

Packages which are used abundantly in the book are listed here, more relevant packages are however available within R

various RS functions

geometry commands Landsat WRS-2 information

for raster data manipulation

Forest Cover Change product

download and analyse MODIS

visualisation of time-series data

calculation of spatial metrics

vector data manipulation

analyse time-series data

data import/export, projections

RStoolbox raster rgdal rgeos wrspathrow gfcanalysis modis bfast rasterVis glcm dismo randomForest mgcv move

further relevant packages:

ggplot2 reshape2

More spatial R packages are listed here:

cran.r-project.org/web/views/Spatial.html

species distribution modelling random forest modelling gam modelling access and analyse movement data adehabitatHR home range analysis for more fancy plots flexibly reshape data

Relevant commands are listed below, actual syntax needs to be checked within the manual pages of each command.

Raster

Raster data manipulation is similar to a spreadsheet or matrix manipulation but with coordinates and projections, hence various also not explictly spatial commands can be applied. Here we mainly list commands designed for spatial data handling.

Import and export

raster()	import (or generate) one raster layer
brick() writeRaster() writeFormats() getData()	import raster with multiple layers export raster data to file list of supported raster file types retrieves DEM and climate data di- rectly from the web

Information

click()	interactively query raster plot
hist()	histogram of raster values per layer
cellStats()	summary statistics of single layers
summary()	overall summary statistics
extent()	extent of raster data set
ncell()	number of cells (of one layer)
nlayers()	number of bands
names()	prints or sets layer names
str()	print the data structure
NAvalue()	get or set background values

Visualisation

ggR(), ggRGB()	ggplot2 plotting commands imple
	mented in RStoolbox
plot(), plotRGB()	raster plot and RGB plot. Use
	full arguments: y=bandnumber
	add=TRUE (overlay multiple
	plots)
image(), spplot()	alternative plotting commands

RasterVis package

levelplot()	fancy way to plot raster data infor-
	mation
densityplot()	raster value density plot
bwplot()	violin plot of raster data values
hovmoller()	spatio-temporal plotting options

Projections

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projection()	query or set projection (does NOT
	reproject)
projectRaster()	reprojects raster to new coordinate
	system

Data manipulation

Most raster commands will	output a file to a chosen location,
if filename= is specified. O	therwise it will use temp files.
stack()	stack different raster layers to-
	gether
addLayer(); dropLayer()	add/drop a raster layer
crop()	crop raster set to smaller extent
drawExtent()	draw extent on a plot for e.g. in-
·	clusion in crop(raster, extent)
drawPolygon()	create SpatialPolygon by drawing
	on a plot
mask()	masking of background values
merge()	combine raster tiles to a raster with
()	larger extent (ignores NAs)
mosaic()	combine raster tiles and apply
mosaic()	function to overlapping pixels, e.g.
	mean
extract()	extract values from Raster objects,
entrace()	using vector data
buffer()	buffer around cells that are not NA
corLocal()	local correlation based on moving
cornocai()	window
compareRaster()	check if 2 raster have same extent,
- 0	projection, resolution etc.
cover()	replace NA values with values of
()	other layers

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Basic Operations	
raster*2/raster2	any basic algebra operation
calc()	more efficient raster algebra, ap-
	plies a function to raster data
overlay()	apply a function which uses spe-
	cific bands, e.g. to calculate NDVI
focal()	moving window operations
distance()	calculate distance to closest fea-
	ture, e.g. distance to water
terrain()	calculate terrain attributes from
	DEM, e.g. slope
zonal()	zonal statistics, for classified raster
reclassify()	reclassify raster values
subs()	substitutes values
$\mathrm{cut}()$	releasify values using ranges
stackApply()	computations on layer stack
resample()	resampling of raster to raster
aggregate()	aggregation of cells to coarser res-
	olution
disaggregate()	disaggregation of cells to finer res-
	olution
rasterToPoints()	converts a raster to vector points
rasterToPolygons()	converts a raster to polygons
rasterToContour()	converts raster values to contour
[[]]	address specific raster layer, e.g.
	myRaster[[1]] for first layer
$x \leftarrow raster > 50$	boolean operation, binary output

raster[raster ≤ 50] ≤ 0 replace all values ≤ 50 with 0

Remote Sensing Operations

Image Analysis

superClass() supervised classification unsuperClass() unsupervised classification getValidation() extract validation from superClass object validateMap() validation of existing classification spectralIndices() computation of spectral indices rasterCVA() change vector analysis for change detection rasterPCA() principal component analysis tasseled cap transformation tasseledCap() analysis of fractional cover fCover() cloud masking

Preprocessing

cloudMask()
cloudShadowMask()
topCor()
topographic correction
panSharpen()
histMatch()
decodeQA()

cloud shadow masking
topographic correction
pan sharpening
image to image contrast matching
quality flags to bit-words

Vector

Vector data often come in shp format including a variety of auxiliary files. All of them are relevant and are needed for further analysis. Note that readShapePoly() etc. from package maptools do NOT automatically read projection information from shapefiles. It is recomended to use readOGR() instead.

Import and Export

readOGR() import vector file writeOGR() export vector file ogrDrivers() list supported file formats

Information

plot() vector plot. add=TRUE overlays multiple plots, e.g. combine with raster data

summary() metadata and data summary extent() extent/bounding box of vector data

coordinates() sets spatial coordinates to create spatial data, or retrieves spatial coordinates

Projections

projection() query or set projection (does NOT reproject)

spTransform() reproject vector data to new coor-

dinate system

Data Manipulation

Check out the functions in the rgeos package, which provides most of the classical vector GIS operations such as buffers etc.

subset() subset spatial data, based on a condition, e.g. keep only certain

points

merge() Merge a Spatial object having a

data.frame (i.e. merging of nonspatial attributes)

over() spatial overlay for points, grids and

polygons

rasterize() Rasterize points, lines, or polygons distanceFromPoints() computes the distance to points,

output is a raster

extracts raster values behind

points, lines or polygons intersection of vector data sets

gBuffer() Buffer Geometry

 $\begin{array}{ll} \operatorname{gmap}() & \operatorname{get\ google\ maps\ for\ your\ plot} \\ \operatorname{geocode}() & \operatorname{geocoding\ in\ R} \end{array}$

complete.cases() returns only cases with no missing

values

gridSample() sample point from a grid e.g. just one

point per pixel

function(...){..} generates a defined functions return(...) returns the output of a function

if (...) $\{...\}$ else $\{...\}$ if else statement

for (...) $\{...\}$ for loop while (...) $\{...\}$ while statement

Further Packages

rNOMADS data retrievel from NOAA, global/regional weather models
MODISTools download and process MODIS data

modis download and process MODIS data bfastspatial spatial temporal breakpoint detection

further spatial R packages:

https://cran.r-project.org/web/views/Spatial.html

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Spatial Modeling

extract()

gIntersection()

kfold() partitioning of data set for training/validation purpose

evaluate() cross-validation of models with

 $\begin{array}{ccc} & & presence/absence\ data \\ randomForest() & & fits\ a\ randomForest\ model \\ maxent() & & executes\ Maxent\ from\ R \\ gam() & & fits\ a\ GAM \end{array}$

predict() predicts statistical model into

space (raster)

Miscellaneous

Some useful commands which are related to spatial data analysis.

