Rgreekl2.ttf © Copyright 2006 Vernon Eugene Kooy PhD

This font is an expanded version of earlier versions, hence named Rgreekl2, which stands for Renaissance Greek with Ligatures version 2.0. It is a large font with approximately 960 glyphs and uses Unicode WGL4 numbering to accommodate the number of characters. However, semantically **It is not a Unicode font.** It is beta encoded similar to other Greek fonts which use beta encoding. **This font is freeware and may be used and distributed freely.** I retain the copyright however, in order to make improvements, expand it, or otherwise come out with an improved version. It is not an imitation of any particular font such as those of Robert Estienne, Holbein or Aldus Manutius. It is rather a composite font which incorporates many glyphs (sorts) from each of the many early printers. It is hoped that this font gains a modest distribution and not be a mere curiosity. The font is meant to imitate early printed Greek from the age of incunabula to the end of the 18th century. It is not the intention of this font to make Greek any more difficult or obscure than it already is for beginning students. The font is essentially a font for scholars.

This font is organized in such a way that it can be used either as a standard Greek font or a font with Ligatures. The basic Latin section contains control codes and keyboard characters for standard Greek with ligatures for $\kappa\alpha\lambda$, $\delta\nu$ and $\delta\hat{\nu}$. The Latin supplement section contains Unicode control codes, prepositional prefixes, alternate letter forms and essential diacriticals. These two sections are all that is necessary to write Greek in a Renaissance style. The Latin extended A section is used for two or three letter combinations which more adequately imitate the style of Renaissance typesetters. The Latin extended B section contains characters which are variants of those given in the previous section as well as some characters from earlier minuscule forms (used in some Renaissance fonts), entire words found in most Renaissance printed books and a number of combining characters used to make up other ligatures not previously included.

This font has a number of blank spaces in the character charts. The reason for this is twofold, 1- for further developments and 2- because the software I used to create the .ttf file would overwrite some Unicode control characters, if I wrote to those character positions. These are marked in the charts by

■ .

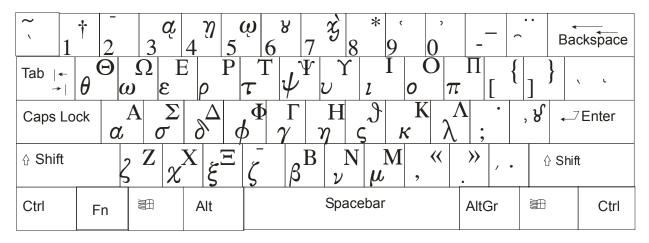
Depending on which version of Windows and which version of MSWORD the user has, some characters may not display by the usual method of Alt+xxxx where xxxx is the decimal value of the character code. This is a windows problem and can be worked around by using the Insert Symbol method. It is suggested that the user create for himself a template called Rgreekl.dot where the preferences and shortcut keys to the various characters can be defined.

The main source I used for this font was initially the Portus edition of Proclus Diadochus' *Platonic Theology* published in Frankfurt in 1618. In addition I have used and consulted various internet sources and the articles by Coleman, Ingram and Wallace as well as a number of books printed by Stephanus, Holbein, Manutius and Sheldon Theater.

For those who would use the font mainly as a standard Greek font of "Old Face" design I have provided a number of symbols for use in the critical apparatus of a text. Because of the size of ascenders and descenders there is more leading in this font than normal. If one wishes one could partially solve this effect with paragraph line spacing.

I cannot say that this font is complete in the sense that every Renaissance Ligature is represented; many early printers had at least 500 sorts in their boxes and some had more than a thousand. The Renaissance printers imitated the minuscule current at their time, and the glyphs they used were determined by the minuscule. Thus this font can also be used as a late minuscule font. If there is any sort (Glyph) conspicuously missing which the user finds essential, I would appreciate hearing from him/her in that regard, since I think a font of this type is never fully finished and is of necessity a work in progress.

KEYBOARD LAYOUT Rgreekl2.ttf



Keyboards vary from manufacturer to manufacturer and the above is only an example. The reader will have to interpret the above to meet his/her layout.

For characters above #161 hold down the Alt key while typing 0+ the decimal value of the character on the numeric keyboard. (some keyboards and some characters may require an enter). For characters above 256 your word processor must be set up for foreign language support. If the Alt+ method does not work for all characters (Windows 2000 and lower) the user may insert the character through the insert symbol command on the pull down.

Note: that if your word processor uses "smart quotes" these must be turned off in order to display character #034 and #039 correctly. Character 039 is the mark of elision and not a smooth breathing. It is higher above the base than the smooth breathing. Characters 033 and 045 are used for footnotes. Arabic numerals are provided for the convenience of pagination.

Characters 0198-0205 are forms of the article. Characters 0206-0213 are diacriticals for initial upper case characters. They are so designed as separate (non-combining) characters and may be typed before the character to which they apply, or may be used as combining characters for narrow characters and #0161 and typed after the appropriate character. Characters 0192-0197 are combinations of accents and breathings and like all other diacriticals are typed after the character to which they apply. Those diacriticals which are not obvious in the diacritical section (0768-0869) are marked with their meaning. The listing of characters is unfortunately not completely alphabetical. This is done because some characters are required to hold their position to make the text as you type codes work (\P) properly.

Characters 0768, 0769, 0787, 0788, and 0855-0858 are diacriticals designed for use with two character ligatures. Characters 0859-0863 are in this revision no longer blank.

Characters 0180, 0181, and 0214 are for numbers, as well as 0377-0383. Bullets are provided in the Unicode Geometric Shapes section 9632-9679 as well as common arrows 8592-8597. The remaining letter forms are combining characters which appear above the letter to which they are attributed. If the user would want them in a superscript position, he/she should type a space between the letter and the combining character.

Characters 9657 and 9658 are combining characters for numbered bullets. The user should type the letter/number first and then type the character and an additional space. 880 and 881 are spacing characters designed to allow proper connections of Miniscule characters 880 is a narrow space (approximately 1/3 normal spacebar space) and 881 is a micro-space (approximately 1/6 normal spacebar space). These are useful often for combining characters of the other sections also allowing a more proper connection between the elements of a ligature. See Characters 0161, 567-591, 7680, 7682, 7709, 7711, 7722, 7723, 7727, 7728, 7730, 7733, 7734 and 7735

RGREEKL BASIC LATIN (0-32 controls)

32 SPACE 64^{-} 96° 33 † 65 A 97α 34 § 66 B 98β 35 α 67Ξ 99ξ 36 η 68Δ 100δ 37 ω $69 E$ 101ε 38 χ 70Φ 102ϕ 39 $^{\circ}$ 71Γ 103γ 40 $^{\circ}$ $72 H$ 104η 41 $^{\circ}$ $73 I$ 105ι 42 * $74 \mathcal{J}$ 106ς 43 $^{\circ}$ $75 K$ 107κ	
$34 \ \%$ $66 \ B$ $98 \ \beta$ $35 \ \alpha$ $67 \ \Xi$ $99 \ \xi$ $36 \ \eta$ $68 \ \Delta$ $100 \ \delta$ $37 \ \omega$ $69 \ E$ $101 \ \varepsilon$ $38 \ \chi$ $70 \ \Phi$ $102 \ \phi$ $39 \ '$ $71 \ \Gamma$ $103 \ \gamma$ $40 \ '$ $72 \ H$ $104 \ \eta$ $41 \ '$ $73 \ I$ $105 \ \iota$ $42 \ *$ $74 \ \mathcal{J}$ $106 \ \varsigma$ $43 \ ''$ $75 \ K$ $107 \ \kappa$	
35 φ 67 Ξ 99 ξ 36 η 68 Δ 100 δ 37 ψ 69 E 101 ε 38 χ 70 Φ 102 ϕ 39 ' 71 Γ 103 γ 40 ' 72 H 104 η 41' 73 I 105 ι 42 * 74 \mathcal{Y} 106 ς 43 '' 75 K 107 κ	
$36 \ \eta$ $68 \ \Delta$ $100 \ \delta$ $37 \ \omega$ $69 \ E$ $101 \ \varepsilon$ $38 \ \chi$ $70 \ \Phi$ $102 \ \phi$ $39 \ '$ $71 \ \Gamma$ $103 \ \gamma$ $40 \ '$ $72 \ H$ $104 \ \eta$ $41 \ '$ $73 \ I$ $105 \ \iota$ $42 \ *$ $74 \ \mathcal{J}$ $106 \ \varsigma$ $43 \ ''$ $75 \ K$ $107 \ \kappa$	
37	
$38 \ \mathring{z}$ $70 \ \Phi$ $102 \ \phi$ 39 ' $71 \ \Gamma$ $103 \ \gamma$ 40 ' $72 \ H$ $104 \ \eta$ 41 ' $73 \ I$ $105 \ \iota$ $42 \ *$ $74 \ \mathring{J}$ $106 \ \varsigma$ $43 \ "$ $75 \ K$ $107 \ \kappa$	
39 , 71 Γ 103 γ 40 , 72 H 104 γ 41 , 73 I 105 ι 42 * 74 ϑ 106 ς 43 . 75 K 107 κ	
41' 73 I 105 ι 42 * 74 ϑ 106 ς 43'' 75 K 107 κ	
42 * 74 \$ 106 ς 43 ·· 75 K 107 κ	
43 ·· 75 K 107 κ	
44 , 76 Λ 108 λ	
45 - 77 M 109 μ	
46 . 78 N 110 ν	
47 ' 79 O 111 o	
48 0 80 Π 112 π	
49 1 81 Θ 113 θ	
50 2 82 P 114 ρ	
51 3 83 Σ 115 σ	
52 4 84 T 116 τ	
53 5 85 Υ 117 υ	
54 6 86 ⁻ 118 ζ	
55 7 87 Ω 119 ω	
56 8 88 X 120 χ	
57 9 89 Ψ 121 <i>ψ</i>	
58 · 90 Z 122 ζ	
59 ; 91 [123 {	
60 « 92 ` 124 .	
61 93] 125 }	
62 » 94 y 126~	
63 . 95 _ 127 .	

RGREEKL LATIN SUPPLEMENT (128-160 Unicode controls)

RGREEKL LATIN SUPPLEMENT (128-160 Unicode controls)							
160	192 "	224 τερι					
161 λ α	193 "	225 σεο προ					
162 Σπο ἀπο	194 ~	226 φ ρ					
163 β β	195 "	227 eα ρα					
164	196 *	228 ει ρι					
165 γδ γὰρ	197 ~	229 εο ρο					
166 γ γγ	198 τ τὴν	230 εω ρω					
167 §	199 τ τὸν	231 c σ					
168 γω γεν	200 τ το	232 ζ σ					
169 d d	201 τ τὴς	233 ζα σα					
170 Β΄ δ'ὲ	$202 \hat{\tau} \hat{\tau} \hat{\omega} \nu$	234 σαν σαν					
171 Σία δια	203 🕏 τοῦ	235 σκ σκ					
172 € ε	204 τους	236 οθ σθ					
173 ει	205 τ̈́ ταῖς	237 ολζ σθαι					
174 ¢ ει	206 '	238 🕜 σο					
175 cκ εκ	207 '	239 ω σσ					
176 ον εν	208 "	240 ς στ					
177 οξ εξ	209 `	241 ςαν σται					
178 ΄6πι ἐπι	210 °	242 ow our					
179 δυ ευ	211 "	243 χ σχ					
180 <i>q</i>	212 *	244 ζω σω					
181 🔊	213 *	245 7 τ					
182 ¶	214 F	246 ζα τα					
183 •	215 5	247 🐧 ται					
184 η η	216 7 ον	248 ται ται					
185 lw $\eta \nu$	217 🚱 ος	249 τ ται					
186 και	218 ἀκ οὐκ	250 ζαυ ταυ					
187 κτ κατὰ	219 αν οῦν	251 του του					
188 λλ λλ	220 συους	252 · δ · $\hat{υ}$					
189 μαι μαι	221 σ π	253 υ υ					
190 μεν μεν	222 σαρα παρα	254 ὑω ὑπ					
191 μξ μετὰ	223 Φ περ	255 δ ω					
-							

RGREEKL LATIN EXTENDED A

256	200 9 0	220	252 —
256 αι αι	288 Γε θε	320 ση ση	352 ■
257 α/ αι	289 Η θει	321 σι σι	353 ■
258 λλ ἀλ	290 δη θη	322 ov ov	354 τη τη
259 ἄλλ ἀλλ	291 Γι θι	$323 \cos \sigma \pi$	355 The The
260 αν αν	292 Γν θν	324 απα σπα	356 τι τι
261 απ απ	293 δο θο	325 σωαγ σπαι	357]ι τι
262 αρ αρ	294 Ιρ θρ	326 απαν σπαν	358 το το
263 αρ αρ	295 δυ θυ	327 σωο σπο	359 τρ τρ
264 λρ αρ	296 עז עו	328 σωω σπω	360 τ ττ
265 ας ας	297 ка ка	329 οσα σσα	361 τυ τυ
266 αυ αυ	298 ко ко	330 οσαν σσαν	362 y vi
267 γα γα	299 μα μα	331 οσω σσω	363 w עט
268 γε γε	300 µlw µην	332 ςα στα	364 υς υς
269 γ γει	301 μι μι	333 ςε στε	365 χα χα
270 γου γευ	302 μν μν	334 St στει	366 χαν χαν
271 γι γι	303 μυ μυ	335 ςη στη	367 χη χη
272 γν γν	304 μγ μυι	336 ςι στι	368 xlw xyv
273 γο γο	305 πα πα	337 ςο στο	369 x x1
274 γρ γρ	306 πε πε	338 ■	370 χρ χρ
275 γυ γυ	307 πς πει	339 ■	371 χω χω
276 δα δα	308 πΙω πην	340 SU OTU	372 Yav Yav
277 δε δε	309 πι πι	341 ςω στω	373 ψ ψει
278 δ δει	310 σλ πλ	342 γα σχα	374 ψι ψι
279 DO DEU	311 σον πν	343 % σχει	375 Yu Yu
280 & &1	312 πο πο	344 glw σχην	376 ■
281 Δο διο	313 πω ππ	345 %ο σχο	377 :
282 δυ δυ	314 τρ πρ	346 γρ σχρ	378 (
283 Sw Dur	$315 \pi \pi \tau$	347 × w σχυν	379)
284 που ἐπευ	316 πυ πυ	348 χω σχω	380 ′
285 δ ερ	317 σω πω	349 τα τα	381 ■
286 '6ζι 'εστι	318 σα σα	350 τε τε	382 ■
287 θα	319 σε σε	351 τ τει	383 ,
L	ı		

RGREEK L LATIN EXTENDED B

RGREEK L LAIII	I EXTENDED D					
384 al a	416 δθξ δεξ	448 н η	480 μ ν	512 οθαί σθαί	544 β το ῦ	576 μ
385 gu α	417 δη δη	449 h η	ע ען 481	513 ση σι	545 59 τρ	577 π
386 λλι αθι	418 δ/α δια	450 θ θ	482 ζ νικ	514 σκα σκα	546 ζω τω	578 ω
387 Δ) αλ	419 0/0 810	451	483 ξ ξ	515 σκη σκη	547 ৠ τŵ	579 ක
388 ΔΗ αλλ	420 <i>do do</i>	452 ℃ θρο	484 🕙 оі	516 σκο σκο	548 τ ^ω ν τῶν	580 C
389 δηυ αν	421 δρ δρ	453 Υω θρω	485 δῖ] όιον	517 σμ σμ	549 ປ ύ	581 σ
390 ב αντι	422 δή δυαδι	454 ζ ιν	486 ⊕ ον	518 σο σο	עט עט 550	582 N
391 αξ αξ	423 ε ε	455 k κ	487 \ ου	519	551 ωδ υν	583 ass
392 🕲 - αοριστ	424 6 ε	456 Ц к	488 ὄ ὁτι	520 οση σση	552 ੴ~ ***	584 w
393 € ара	425 δ ε	457 & καὶ	489 αδθε οῦδε	521 q στ	553 ωπ υσι	585 🧲
394 ἀνζο ἀυτο	426 ἀγω ἐγω	458 κόηυ καν	490 δέκα οὐκα	522 ς στ	554 φ φ	586 τ
395 ἀντδ αὐτοῦ	427 ει ει	459 κξζ΄ κεφάλαιον	491 ζ ους	523 ςμ στη	555 φι φι	587 T
396 ἀντώ αὐτῶ	428 δ ε̂ι	460 кј кі	492 το τος	524 σφ σφ	556 φο φο	588 _Z
397 u β	429 ζ ει	461 κζυ κων	493 παι παι	525 γε σχε	557 φ φρ	589 X
398 В В	430 ε̃ί εἶναι	462 κν κν	494 ἥρ παρ	526 γη σχη	558 χα χαι	590 xJ
399 г γ	431 <i>ເ</i> ້ເນື່ <i>ເ</i> ້ເນລເ	463 κρ κρ	495 π ^α ρ παρ	527 ημ σχη	559 χαρι χαρι	591 ψ
400 Γ γ	432 🤏 εἶναι	464 / λ	496 చ్రోఆ παρα	528 %ι σχι	560 χη χη	
401 ■	433 % ะัเฮ่า	465 λα λα	497 πζς *	529 אַט סאַט	561 ਨ੍ਹੀ χθ	
402 ■	434 & ελ	466 λο λο	498 σού περ	530 γυ σχυ	562 ψε ψε	
403 γαι γαι	435 (Ψ ελλ	467 /ο λο	499 π περὶ	531 σω σω	563 ψη ψη	
404 γλρ γαρ	436 ςν εν	468 μ μ	500 σουι περι	532 σ̈ σῶν	564 ψω ψω	
405 👌 γαρ	437 ΄ ΄ ΄ ΄ ΄ ΄ ΄ ΄ ΄ ΄ ΄ ΄ ΄ ΄ ΄ ΄ ΄ ΄ ΄	469 μτ~μάτων	501 πλχ **	533 ζας τας	565 ω ω	
406 % γαρ	438 ਟੀਜ਼ ਫ਼ਿਜ਼	470 μθ μεθ	502 π° πο	534 Ταῦθα	566 ∫ ως	
407 Γ γγ	439 ἀδὶ ἐπὶ	471 Å μὲν	503 πθο προ	535 ζάὖ ταῦτα	567 α	
408 γγ γγ	440 ພ επι	472 μεν	504 ζ προς	536 τ̂) την	568 γ	
409 🏌 γίνεται	441 δρ ερ	473 μ μεν	505 Φ ορ	537 P TYS	569 δ	
410 γκ γκ	442 όζι ἐστι	474 μη μη	506 q ^c σαν	538 του τερ	570 Å	
411 γλ γλ	443 % ἐστι	475 μεσ	507 ὢ σαῦτα	539 ζτικ	571 \$	
412 γο γο	444 Cr ετ	476 μα μετά	508 σ6 σβ	540 ζο το	572 }	
413 η γράφεται	445 Go ετο	477 μο μο	509 σξ σει	541 δ το	573 J	
414 γω γω	446 C υ ευ	478 μω μω	510 σς σει	542 δ τον	574 K	
415 δ/ξ δεξ	447 3 ζ	479 μ% μῶν	511 olw σην	543 ττρο	575 K	
			•			

^{*}παρακείμενος **πληθυντι... *** ὑπερσυντελικ...

RGREEKL DIACRITICAL MARKS

RGREEKL DIACE	MITICAL MAKK	3		
768 `	793 ^t 15	818 ~	843 ~των	868 ⁴
769 ´	794 ^τ ης	819 [∾]	844 *των	869 ^ð
770 ^ ην	795 ΄ ηρ	820 ,	845 [*] τών	870 ε
771 ~	796 ~ αρ	821 🗆	846 ^{ην}	871 ^η
772 -	797 ~ ωρ	822 🗆	847 ^{ns}	872
773 -	798 ~ ωρ	823 🗆	848 '	873 °
774 ~	799 ~ av	824 🗆	849 ^v	874 ^{ov}
775	800 ~ αυ	825	850 °a	875 ^{oç}
776	801 ας	826	851 ^κ	876 ^ς
777 ΄ ας	802 οις	827 ~	852 ^{ας}	877 ^T
778 ΄ αν	803 ες	828 ¬	853 ^{ες}	878 ^T
779 ″ ειν	804 ΄΄ ις	829	854 [%]	879 ^π
780 ~ ως	805 ΄ ην	830 -	855 °	
781 ΄ ες	806 ° ειν	831	856 °	
782 ΄ αις	807 × 1V	832 `	857 ["]	
783 🖹 ον	808 ° 15	833 ′	858 [^]	
784 ← ερι	809 « αρα	834 ~ ων	859 [′]	
785 ΄ εν [ος]	810 ^ ην	835 ~	860 `	
786 ີ οις	811 * EIV	836 ~	861′	
787 '	812 × w	837	862`	
788 `	813 αις	838	863~	
789 ΄ ης	814 ° 00	839 ^{αις}	864 ~ ων	
790 [°] ειν	815 ος	840 ⁰¹⁵	865 ων	
791 ΄ εν	816 ::	841°005	866 ως	
792 8	817 :	842 ^{ειν}	867 ^a	

Signa for critical apparatus

~1 5 114 101 0	TITIEUT UPPUT					
57344	57350 ^T	57356	57362 *	57368 :	57374 **	57380 7
57345 ^F	57351	57357 °	57363	57369 !	57375 -	57381 L
57346	57352 *	57358 *	57364 +	57370 //	57376 ÷	57382 」
57347	57353 ^s	57359	57365	57371 /	57377 -	57383]
57348	57354	57360 [†]	57366 *	57372 \	57378	57384 [
57349	57355	57361 ‡	57367 ·	57373 🗸	57379 「	57385 ഗ

Other Signa For Critical Apparatus (EDITIONS AND MSS):

57400 X	57402 <i>W</i>	57404 M	57406 ©	57408 🕦	57410 J
57401 \$	57403 R	57405 p	57407 🏖	57409 \$	57411 †

Arrows:

8592 -	8594 -	8596	8598 →	8600 -	8602
8593 †	8595 +	8597 ‡	8599 ←	8601 —	8603

Geometric Shapes (Bullets):

9632 ■	9639 ⊠	9646 -	9653 ~	9660 -	9682 —
9633 🗆	9640 ⊠	9647 [9654 ▶	9661 🖜	9683 —
9634 •	9641 —	9648 △	9655 🥆	9664 ◀	9684 🕂
9635 ♦	9642 —	9649 ▽	9656 ~	9668 -	9685 +
9636 0	9643 🗸	9650 《	9657 -	9679 •	9686 ∞
9637 ♦	9644 ⊕	9651 (9658 -	9680 ※	9687 Ω
9638 •	9645 ⊥	9652 -	9659	9681 *	9688 A

General Punctuation:

8242 ′	8245`	8255 _	8275 ~	8281 "
8243 "	8246 ``	8256	8278 :	8282 "
8244 ‴	8247 ```	8272	8280 ÷	8283 "

Printers Ornaments:

9984 ∾	9986 \$	9988	9990 🐷	9992 🕸
9985 ∽	9987 🛭	9989 🝇	9991 ~~~	9993

Characters 567-591 are combining characters used to combine with other glyphs to form additional ligatures not included in, or instead of, ligatures above. Some examples are given below. By manipulating the character spacing in MSWord other ligatures can be formed, and connections can be more neatly formed as has been done in some of those below.

 $567 \alpha \Rightarrow \alpha \sigma \alpha \mu \alpha \sigma \alpha \theta \alpha \omega$

568 y => yu yas ylw yea yez yeo yew

 $569 \delta \Rightarrow \delta \alpha \zeta \delta \zeta \delta \omega \delta \psi$

 $570 \delta = \delta \rho \quad dea \, de1 \, de0 \, de\omega$

572) =>) av) as) av) tw) H

573 J => Jav Jag Jav Hw JH Jn

575 $\kappa \Rightarrow \kappa i$ κlw κe $\kappa e a$ $\kappa e i$ $\kappa e o$

576 $\mu \Rightarrow \mu \alpha \nu \mu \alpha \nu \mu \delta \nu \mu \mu \nu \rho$

577 $\pi \Rightarrow \pi \alpha \nu \pi \alpha \zeta \pi \alpha \nu \pi \alpha \sigma$

579 $\varpi \Rightarrow \varpi \varphi \varpi \varphi \varpi \varphi \varpi \varphi \varpi \varphi \varpi \varphi$

580 $\mathbb{C} \Rightarrow \mathbb{C}$ ar \mathbb{C} ar

581 σ => σαν σας σαυ σκ σκα σκο σ μ

582 at => atax atax atax atr ate

 $583 \text{ as} => \cos \alpha v \cos \alpha$ as $\cos \alpha v \cos \alpha$

584 os => osav osas osav osh ost

 $585 \varsigma \Rightarrow \varsigma \alpha \nu \varsigma \alpha \varsigma \varsigma \alpha \nu \varsigma \gamma \delta \gamma \varsigma \epsilon$

 $586 \tau \Rightarrow \tau av \tau ac \tau av \tau y \tau \delta \tau \epsilon$

 $587 \ \tau \Rightarrow \tau \rho \ \tau ea \ \tau e \iota \ \tau e \omega$

588 z => zp zea zej zeo zew

589 $\chi => \chi \alpha \nu \chi \alpha \zeta \chi \alpha \nu \chi H \chi \zeta$

590 Ll => צאמו אסג אסט צאר אלל

Examples showing various font sizes:

- 1.- "Οτι μαν Σάνεσιν ὁι ὅπιςάμθροι· τὰ γδ ἔποςοματιζόμθρα μαν Γάνεσιν ὁι Γεαμματικοί· τὸ γδ μαν Γάνειν ὁ μώνυμον, τό τε ξυνιέναι χρώμθρον τῆ ὅπιςήμη, χὰ τὸ λαμβάνειν τὰ ὅπιςήμην. 9pts Arist. SE 165b32
- 2. μὴ ἑαυτδις ἀκδικθν[ες, ἀγαπητοί, ἀλλὰ δοτε τόπον τῆ ὀργῆ, γέγε απ) γλ, Ἐμοὶ ἀκδικησις, ἐςῶ ἀνταποδώσω, λέγει Κύς ι. Ε. ἀλλὰ ἐαὐ πεινῷ ὁ ἐχθεός σε, Ψώμιζε ἀνζόν· ἐαὐ διΨῷ, πότιζε ἀνζόν· τθτο γλ ποιῶν ἄθε ακας πυρὸς σωρδύσεις ὅπὶ τὰ κεφαλὴν ἀντθ. μὴ νικῶ ὑπὸ τθ κακθ, ὰλλα νίκα ἐν Ϣ ἀγαθιδ τὸ κακόν. 12 pts Romans 12:19-21
- 3. καὶ γὰρ συμωθό εισι πάντα ζῶτα τὰ ἀἶμα ἀλλήλοις καὶ ὥσωερ ἡ τε ιὰς ἡ ωρώτη τῶν πατέρων σιώες ι τῆ ἀχεάντῳ τριάδι, καὶ τῆ διαιρελικῆ μονάδι, κτὰ αὐτὰ δὴ κὰι δούτες αι τριάδες, ἑπὶὰ συς σίχους ἔλαχον τριάδας ἀχεάντους, κὰ μονάδας λίακε μικάς. σόθεν διὴ οὖν ἡμιῦν ὁ τοσοῦτ ἀς ιθμὸς αὐεφαίνη τῶν νο ερῶν θεῶν; 14 pts Proclus Theol. Platon. V, 2 (Portus p. 250)
- 4. Οὐκ ἔρχεται ἡ βασιλεία τοῦ θεοῦ μετὰ παρατηρήσεως, οὐδὲ ἐροῦσιν, ἰδοὺ ὧδε· ἤ, ἐκεῖ· ἰδοὺ γὰρ ἡ βασιλεία τοῦ θεοῦ ἐντὸς ὑμῶν ἐστιν. 10 pts. Luke 17:20-21 w/o ligatures
- 5. Γόκ ἔρχεται ἡ βασιλεία \mathfrak{F} δεν μ \mathfrak{F} σαρατηρήσεως, οὐδὲ ἐρνσιν, ἰδν $\tilde{\omega}$ δε· ἤ, ἐκ $\tilde{\epsilon}$ ι ἰδν $\tilde{\gamma}$ ν ἡ βασιλεία $\tilde{\mathfrak{F}}$ δεν ἐντὸς ὑμών ἐς $\tilde{\iota}$ ν. 11 pts (leading adjusted). Luke 17:20-21 w/ ligatures
- 6. Τιθ σ ό όμ θ μο συρρίς αμώσοισ: Φομήθ μτο το μ ζη σώσου λ γλ:
 Α σότυτο δο δοσκαλιποσομ πλήτος

οἱ μοιτοικοιώτος τημ οἰκουμ^cμημ: Psalm 32:8 as in the Theodore Psalter of 1066

Note: It is not necessary to use a ligature simply because it is available. One should use the ligatures sparingly and with caution as too many could make Greek more cryptic than it already is for many. Historically ligatures lost their usefulness as the 18th century progressed, so that by the 19th century they have all but disappeared. Many of the ligatures in the Latin Extended B section are semantically equivalent to ligatures in the Latin Extended A section they are offered for the user's preference.

Other Examples:

ἐν ἀρχῆ ἐποίησεν ὁ θς τὸν ὀυρανὸν καὶ τὴν γῆν. ἡ δὲ γῆ ἦν ἀόρατος καὶ ἀκατασκέυαςος· καὶ σκὸτος ἐπάνω τῆς ἀβουσου, καὶ ωνεῦμα θεοῦ ἐωεφέρετο ἐπάνω τˇ ὕδατος. καὶ εἶπεν ὁ θς γενηθήτω φῶς καὶ ἐγένετο φῶς. καὶ εἶσεν ὁ θς τὸ φῶς, ὅτι καλόν. καὶ διεχώρισεν ὁ θς ἀναμέσον τ΄ φωτός, καὶ ἀναμέσον τοῦ σκότους. καὶ ἐκάλεσεν ὁ θς τὸ φῶς ἡμέραν, καὶ τὸ σκότος ἐκάλεσε νύκα, καὶ ἐγένετο ἑασέρα, καὶ ἐγίνετο πεωί, ἡμέρα μία·

Genesis 1: 1-5 as in the Complutensian Polyglot.



Ν ΤΑΙΣ Γροεκδοθείσαις ἡμῖν χολαῖς, ἡ σε ε) τὰσ φωμὰσ πράδοσις καλως ἀπήτει ὁ πε ε) αὐτζί λόρος, κατείλεκται ἡ δὲ νῖω ἡηλησο μζώη ἔκδοσις, σερ μέξ τιὰ ἐκ τούτων πνομέ νὶω σιώταξιν, ἐισ καταλληλότητα τον αὐ— ττελῦσ λόπου, ἱῶ πάνυ προή ρημαι διὰσικαιο τάτὶω ἔσαν πρὸς ὀξήρησιν τὰ ποιημάτων με

τὰ πάσης ἀκριβείας ἐψθέοξ^α. Apollonius On Syntax I 1-7 as in the Aldine p. 216 See: http://schmidhauser.us/apollonius/works.

Πάντες διδεωποι ε είδεναι ὀρέγονται φύσι. σημείον δί ἡ τζι ἀιοδήσεων ἀγάπησις·
καὶ ηδ χωρὶς τ χρείας ἀγαπῶνται δι αὐτάς, καὶ μάλιστα τζι ἄλλων ἡ λὰ τζι
ὀμματζι. ἐ ηδ μόμον ἴνα Φράτωμμι ἀλλὰ καὶ μηθὲν μέλλοντες Φράτων τὸ ὁρᾶν
ἀιρέμθα ἀνὶ παντζι ὡς ἐιῶεν τζι ἄλλων. ἄΙιον δί ὅτι μάλιςα ποις γνωρίζειν
ἡμᾶς αὕτη τζι ἀιοδήσεων καὶ πολλὰς δηλοῖ δαφοράς. Φύσι μι τον ἄιοδησιν
ἔχοντα γίγνε Τὰ ζῷα, ἀκ Ὁ Ταύτης τ μι αὐτζι τοκ ἐγγίγνε μνήμη, τ δί ἐγγίγνε.
Αristotle Metaphysics A 980a

Extensive use of the spacing characters 880 and 881 are used in the above for justification and placement of diacriticals. Fonts differ from printer to printer in the Renaissance and this font does not exactly match any given font, but is a composite font to represent the various ligatures. Therefore one should not expect an exact representation of a given text but only a close approximation.

Minuscule- 10th-13th centuries (Unicode Greek Section)

880 1/2 sp	904 °	928 П	952 0	976 6	1000 pc
881 1/4 sp	905 Y	929 P	953 ι	977 V	1001 γγ
882 a	906 L	930 G	954 L	978 ι	1002 ບັ
883 w	907 र्ठ्	931 Σ	955 λ	979 K	1003 6>
884 ′	908 ध्व	932 T	956 ш	980 0	1004 עוע
885 ,	909 ɗ	933 Y	ىد 957	981 w	1005 π
886 B	910 G	934 Ф	958 ₹	982 ay a	1006 h
887 г	911 C	935 X	959 o	983 T	1007 Gr
888 8	912 4	936 Y	960 π	984 w	1008 ω
889 E	913 A	937 W	961 6/	985 &	1009 کی
890 L	914 B	938 Ω	962 C	986 5	1010 d
891 3	915 Г	939 a y	963 o	987 5	1011 alz
892 h	916 Д	940 a W	964 т	988 W	1012 қ
893 K	917 €	941 ए	965 U	989 W	1013 €
894 <i>/</i> _	918 Z	942 p	966 \$	990 cm	1014 μ _χ
895 μ	919 H	943 ф	967 χ	991 🗙	1015 K _X
896 µ	920 ⊖	نميا 944	968 +	992 ष्प	1016 н
897 3	921 I	945 λ	969 oo	993 y	1017 C
898 w	922 K	946 L	970 📆	994 8	1018 L L
899 ρ	923 ∧	947 γ	971 ठ	995 lw	1019 Г
900 T	924 M	948 Δ	972 ቔ	996 <i>6</i> H	1020 au
901 ひ	925 N	949 6	973 &	997 &	1021 -{
902 φ/	926 ঽ	950 Z	974 T	998 w	1022 μ
903 w	927 O	951 h	975 ⁸	999 🗲	1023 990

Some Renaissance fonts use earlier formal book-hand characters, so they are included here. Some of these characters are used in the examples above. Some early fonts of the Renaissance reverted to the earlier book-hands, see examples in Proctor [1900].

Ligatures Not Included in Version Rgreekl 1.0

7680 Δ) αθ	7696 ὄλ ἔσται	7712 μ μνα	7728 U
		7712 μ. μυνου	1120 0
7681 c ≈ åv	7699 δυ ευ	7717 Г П	7735 η
7682 βαρ	7700 👸 εὐθεῖα	7718 πουι περι	7736 λ λόγος
7683 γη γη	7701 ζ	7719 ळी πτ	7737 🕏 σχόλιον
7684 🗗 γράμμα	7702 S″ ἥμισυ	7720 ο € σε	7738 th
685 γχ γχ	7703 κ] κατὰ	7721 σε σου	7739 🕺 χορος
7686 2Φ γω	7704 κε κεράτιον	7722 ς στ	7740 🕉 τέλος
7687 δω διφθογγ	7705 κη κη	7723 C	7741 % εχο
7688 < δραχμή	7706 κλ κλ	7724 τ τα	7742 λ δ
7689 Έξαϊ΄ Έξάγιον	7707 κα κοτύλη	7725 τ τοῦ	7743 ф ф
7690 ເຂົ້ານອນ	7708 κς κύαθος	7726 τ τι	7744 և η[κ]
7691 // ยัเฮเง	7709 \(\lambda\)	7727 U	7745 ἒχων ἕλαττον
7692 & εν	7710 λ λίτρα	7729 ιδη υσι	7746 ε
7693 🖇 ἐπὶ	7711 μ	7730 🕹	7747 ἀχ ἀπο
7694 δρ ερ	7713 🖔 ξεστὴ	7731 % χόα	7748 $\widetilde{\wp}$ $ au\widetilde{\widetilde{\omega}}$
7695 δς εσ	7714 λ όλκὴ	7732 🕺 χοινιξ	7749 α τι
7697 ເ∂στιν	7715 Γ οὐγγία	7733 ♂	7750 λ γ
7698 🐑εται	7716 ชี้ม อบั้ม	7734 w	

7682 \$ => \$\mu\$ k\$ k\$ a\$ \oint{\$\sigma\$}

7733 $d => d \alpha d d d g d \psi d \omega$

 $7709 \lambda \Rightarrow \lambda \alpha \lambda \alpha \lambda \omega \lambda \omega \lambda \omega$

7711 μ => μ a μ a/ μ a/ μ a/ μ a/ μ b/ μ u/ μ u/ μ a/ μ a/

7734 w => wa wo we wu ww uw

7723 C => Ca Ca Ca Ca

7727 υ => υ υ υπ ψ

7730 $\Rightarrow \Rightarrow \alpha \Rightarrow \alpha \Rightarrow \omega \Rightarrow \alpha$

7735 $\eta \Rightarrow \gamma \eta \mu \eta \psi \eta$

7746 $\epsilon \Rightarrow \epsilon \imath \epsilon \nu \epsilon \varsigma \epsilon \nu$ 7750 $\lambda \Rightarrow \lambda \beta \lambda \nu \lambda \omega$

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