

IEEE CP SMP 2018  
Assignment 2  
Topic: Time Complexity

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1. **Stacks**

- top():  $O(1)$
- push():  $O(1)$
- pop():  $O(1)$
- size():  $O(1)$

2. **Queues**

- front() :  $O(1)$
- back():  $O(1)$
- push():  $O(1)$
- pop():  $O(1)$
- size():  $O(1)$

3. **Vectors**

- push\_back() :  $O(1)$
- size():  $O(1)$
- find():  $O(1)$
- erase():  $O(n)$
- sort() :  $O(n \cdot \log(n))$
- iterating through the vector -  $O(n)$

4. **Arrays**

- inserting at a position -  $O(1)$
- sort() -  $O(n \cdot \log(n))$
- lower\_bound() -  $O(\log(n))$
- upper\_bound() -  $O(\log(n))$
- next\_permutation() -  $O(n)$
- prev\_permutation() -  $O(n)$

5. **Pair**

- inserting at a position -  $O(1)$
- sort() -  $O(n \log(n))$

- printing the array -  $O(n)$

## 6. **Priority Queue**

(They're implemented using heaps in STL, that's why  $\log(n)$ )

- `push()` -  $O(\log(n))$
- `top()` -  $O(1)$
- `empty()` -  $O(1)$
- `pop()` -  $O(\log(n))$

## 7. **Map**

(implemented using red black trees, hence  $\log(n)$  - the height of the tree)

- `insertion()` -  $O(\log(n))$
- `find()` -  $O(\log(n))$
- iterating through all elements -  $O(n)$

## 8. **Set**

(implemented using red black trees, hence  $\log(n)$  - the height of the tree)

- `insert()` -  $O(\log(n))$
- `size()` -  $O(1)$
- `erase()` -  $O(1)$  + balancing the tree would take  $O(n)$
- `find()` -  $O(\log(n))$

## 9. **MultiSet**

(implemented using red black trees, hence  $\log(n)$  - the height of the tree)

- `insert()` -  $O(\log(n))$
- `erase()` -  $O(1)$  + balancing the tree would take  $O(n)$
- `find()` -  $O(\log(n))$

## 10. **Double Ended Queue**

(implemented as a vector so accessing and adding elements at the front and rear should take amortized constant time)

- `front()` -  $O(1)$
- `back()` -  $O(1)$
- `push_front()` -  $O(1)$
- `push_back()` -  $O(1)$
- `pop_front()` -  $O(1)$
- `pop_back()` -  $O(1)$