```
1. Prediction model
from sklearn.ensemble import RandomForestRegressor
import numpy as np
import pandas as pd
data=pd.read excel(r'', index col=0)
data=data.astype(float)
array = data.values
X = array[:,0:8]
Y = array[:,8:9]
from sklearn.preprocessing import StandardScaler
transformer = StandardScaler().fit(X)
newX = transformer.transform(X)
X=newX
from sklearn.model selection import train test split
Xtrain, Xtest, Ytrain, Ytest = train test split(X, Y, test size=0.3)
rfc = RandomForestRegressor(n estimators= 40, max features= 2, random state=0)
rfc = rfc.fit(Xtrain, Ytrain)
predictions=rfc.predict(Xtest)
errors=abs(predictions-Ytest)
import seaborn as sns
x=Ytest
y=predictions
score r = rfc.score(Xtest,Ytest)
print( "Random Forest:{}".format(score r) )
from sklearn.metrics import mean squared error
from sklearn.metrics import mean absolute error
from sklearn.metrics import r2 score
mse test1 = mean squared error(Ytest, predictions)
mae test1 = mean absolute error(Ytest, predictions)
rmse test1 = mse test1 ** 0.5
r2 score1 = r2 score(Ytest, predictions)
print(' The result of calling the function directly is as follows: ')
print(' Mean-squared error: {}, Mean absolute error: {},\n Root-mean-square error: {},
Coefficient of determination: {}'.format(mse_test1,mae_test1,rmse_test1,r2_score1))
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
sns.set(style='darkgrid', color codes=True)
sns.regplot(x=Ytest, y=predictions)
plt.rcParams['font.sans-serif']=['Times New Roman']
plt.tick params(labelsize=20)
plt.xlabel('Actual DP')
plt.ylabel('Predicted DP')
```

```
y=x
plt.plot(x,y,color='red',linewidth = 3)
plt.show()
1. PCCs
from sklearn.inspection import plot partial dependence
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
from sklearn.ensemble import RandomForestRegressor
import seaborn as sns
import numpy as np
import pandas as pd
import matplotlib as mpl
import scipy
from scipy.stats import pearsonr
vegetables = ["DP","DE"]
farmers = ["DC(\%)", "M(g/mL)", "Ratio", "C(ug/mL)", "pH", "T(°C)", "t(min)"]
data = np.array([[-0.16,0.22,0.48,0.28,0.14,-0.11,0.35],
                        [-0.21, -0.42, -0.29, 0.46, 0.41, -0.16, 0.25]]
#data.corr(method = "pearson")
plt.figure(figsize=(4,3), dpi= 400)
plt.rcParams['font.sans-serif']=['Times New Roman']
plt.xticks(np.arange(len(farmers)), labels=farmers, fontsize=10,
                          rotation=45, rotation mode="anchor", ha="right")
plt.yticks(np.arange(len(vegetables)), labels=vegetables, fontsize=10)
plt.title("PEG",fontsize=10)
for j in range(len(farmers)):
     for i in range(len(vegetables)):
         text = plt.text(j, i, data[i,j], ha="center", va="center", color="w")
```

plt.imshow(data)
plt.colorbar()
plt.tight layout()

plt.show()

```
2. Box plot
import pandas as pd
import numpy as np
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
import seaborn as sns
import matplotlib.font manager as font manager
from matplotlib.font manager import FontProperties
from sklearn.linear model import LinearRegression
data=pd.read excel(r'', index col=0)
plt.rcParams['font.sans-serif']=['Times New Roman']
data.plot.box( subplots=True,layout=(2,5), sharex=False,sharey=False,fontsize=28)
plt.tight layout()
plt.grid(linestyle="--", alpha=0.3)
plt.show()
3. ICE
from sklearn.datasets import make hastie 10 2
from sklearn.ensemble import GradientBoostingRegressor
from sklearn.inspection import plot partial dependence
from pdpbox import pdp, info plots
import matplotlib.font manager
from sklearn.ensemble import RandomForestRegressor
from sklearn.inspection import PartialDependenceDisplay
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
import numpy as np
import pandas as pd
import shap
shap.initjs()
from sklearn.datasets import make hastie 10 2
from sklearn.model selection import cross val score
from pdpbox import pdp, get dataset, info plots
from time import time
from sklearn.preprocessing import StandardScaler
data=pd.read excel(r'', index col=0)
tic = time()
cols to use=[ "DC (%)", "M (g/mL)", "Ratio", "C (ug/mL)", "pH", "T (°C)", "t (min)",
```

"P (bar)"]

```
coll=["DE (%)"]
X = data[cols to use]
y=data[coll]
model = RandomForestRegressor(random state=42).fit(X, y)
from sklearn.model selection import train test split
transformer = StandardScaler().fit(X)
newX = transformer.transform(X)
Xtrain, Xtest, Ytrain, Ytest = train test split(X, y, test size=0.3)
plt.rcParams['font.sans-serif']=['Times New Roman']
gbm = GradientBoostingRegressor()
gbm.fit(Xtrain, Ytrain)
shap.plots.partial dependence(
    "t (min)", model.predict, X, ice=True,
    model expected value=True, feature expected value=True
)
4. Shap
import pandas as pd
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
import numpy as np
import shap
from sklearn.model selection import GridSearchCV
from sklearn.ensemble import RandomForestRegressor
from sklearn.preprocessing import StandardScaler
from sklearn.neural network import MLPRegressor
from sklearn.pipeline import make pipeline
from sklearn.datasets import load diabetes
from sklearn.model selection import train test split
import xgboost as xgb
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt; plt.style.use('seaborn')
shap.initis()
data=pd.read excel(r'', index col=0)
cols = ['C (ug/mL)', 'DC (\%)', 'M (g/mL)', 'pH', 'T (°C)', 'P (bar)', 't (min)']
coll=['DE (%)']
X = data[cols]
```

```
y=data[coll]
from sklearn.preprocessing import StandardScaler
transformer = StandardScaler().fit(X) # 实例化 # fit, 本质是生成均值和方差
newX = transformer.transform(X)
from sklearn.model selection import train test split
Xtrain, Xtest, Ytrain, Ytest = train_test_split(X, y, test_size=0.3)
plt.rcParams['font.sans-serif']=['Times New Roman']
plt.tick params(labelsize=15)
plt.xlabel('shap',size=15)
model = xgb.XGBRegressor(max_depth=4, learning_rate=0.05, n_estimators=150)
model.fit(data[cols],data['DE (%)'].values)
explainer = shap.TreeExplainer(model)
shap values = explainer.shap values(data[cols])
print(shap values.shape)
y base = explainer.expected value
print(y_base)
data['pred'] = model.predict(data[cols])
print(data['pred'].mean())
shap interaction values = explainer.shap interaction values(X)
shap.summary plot(shap interaction values, X, max display=20, plot type="compact
dot")
```