# **MEDI-CHAIN**

# A PROJECT REPORT

# Submitted by

Pranav Chaturvedi	23BCE10563
Riya Mehta	23BCE10456
Vipanchi Barman	23BCE10886
Himanshu Kumar	23BCE11375
Sagnik Sahoo	23BCE11649

in partial fulfillment for the award of the degree of

# **BACHELOR OF TECHNOLOGY**

in

# **PROGRAM OF STUDY**

B.TECH (CSE CORE)



# SCHOOL OF COMPUTING SCIENCE AND ENGINEERING VIT BHOPAL UNIVERSITY KOTHRIKALAN, SEHORE MADHYA PRADESH - 466114

DECEMBER 2024

VIT BHOPAL UNIVERSITY, KOTHRIKALAN, SEHORE MADHYA PRADESH – 466114

**BONAFIDE CERTIFICATE** 

Certified that this project report titled "MEDI-CHAIN" is the bonafide work of

"PRANAV CHATURVEDI (23BCE10563), RIYA MEHTA (23BCE10456),

VIPANCHI BARMAN (23BCE10886), HIMANSHU KUMAR (23BCE11375),

SAGNIK SAHOO (23BCE11649)" who carried out the project work under my

supervision. Certified further that to the best of my knowledge the work reported at this

time does not form part of any other project/research work based on which a degree or

award was conferred on an earlier occasion on this or any other candidate.

PROGRAM CHAIR
DR.VIKASH PANTHI
ASSISTANT PROFESSOR
School of Computer Science and Engineering
VIT BHOPAL UNIVERSITY

PROJECT GUIDE

DR. PAVITHRA KANNAN

ASSISTANT PROFESSOR

School of Computer Science and Engineering

VIT BHOPAL UNIVERSITY

# **ACKNOWLEDGEMENT**

First and foremost I would like to thank the Lord Almighty for His presence and immense blessings throughout the project work.

I wish to express my heartfelt gratitude to **Dr. PAVITHRA KANNAN** for much of her valuable support encouragement in carrying out this work.

I would like to thank my reviewers **Dr. Shahab Saquib Sohail** and **Dr. Vivek Sharma**, for continually guiding and actively participating in my project, giving valuable suggestions to complete the project work.

I would like to thank all the fellows, friends, and colleagues, who extended directly or indirectly all support.

Last, but not least, I am deeply indebted to my parents who have been the greatest support while I worked day and night for the project to make it a success.

# LIST OF ABBREVIATIONS

HTML: Hyper Text Markup LanguageCSS : Cascading Style SheetsJS : JavaScript

DB : Database

API : Application Programming Interface NGO : Non-governmental organization

# LIST OF FIGURES AND GRAPHS

Fig. No.	Topic	Page. No.
1.7.1	UML diagram of the Project	11
3.3.1	Software used for Frontend and Backend	16
3.3.2	Tools used for the Project	17
5.3.1	Login Page	23
5.3.2	Doctor's Dashboard	24
5.3.3	Patient's Dashboard	24
5.3.4	NGO's Dashboard	25

# TABLE OF CONTENTS

CHAPTER NO.	TITLE	PAGE NO.
NO.		
	List of Abbreviations	4
	List of Figures and Graphs	5
1	CHAPTED 1.	
1	CHAPTER-1:	
	PROJECT DESCRIPTION AND OUTLINE	
	1.1 Introduction	9
	1.2 Motivation for the work	9
	1.3 [About Introduction to the project	10
	including techniques]	10
	1.5 Problem Statement	
	1.6 Objective of the work	10
	1.7 Organization of the project	11
	1.8 Summary	11
2	CHAPTER-2:	
	RELATED WORK INVESTIGATION	
	2.1 Introduction	12
	2.2 <core area="" of="" project="" the=""></core>	12
	2.3 Existing Approaches/Methods	12
	2.3.1 Approaches/Methods -1	12
	2.3.2 Approaches/Methods -2	12 12
	2.3.3 Approaches/Methods -3	12
	2.4 <pros and="" approaches="" cons="" methods="" of="" stated="" the=""></pros>	13
	2.5 Issues/observations from investigation	13

	2.6 Summary	14
3	CHAPTER-3:	
	REQUIREMENT ARTIFACTS	
	3.1 Introduction	15
	3.2 Hardware and Software requirements	
	3.3 Specific Project requirements	15 16
	3.4 Summary	17
4	CHAPTER-4:	
	DESIGN METHODOLOGY AND ITS NOVELTY	
	4.1 Methodology and goal	18
	4.2 Functional modules design and analysis	18
	4.3 Software Architectural designs	20
	4.4 Subsystem services	20 20
	4.5 User Interface designs	21
	4.6 Summary	21
5	CHAPTER-5:	
	TECHNICAL IMPLEMENTATION & ANALYSIS	
	5.1 Outline	22
	5.2 Technical coding and code solutions	22
	5.3 Working Layout of Forms	22 23
	5.4 Prototype submission	26
	5.5 Test and validation	27
	5.6 Performance Analysis (Graphs/Charts)	28
	5.7 Summary	30
	, and the second	30
6	CHAPTER-6:	
	PROJECT OUTCOME AND APPLICABILITY	
	I ROJECT OUTCOME AND ATTEICABILITY	

	6.1 Outline	21
	6.2 key implementations outlines of the System	31
	6.3 Significant project outcomes	31
	6.4 Project applicability on Real-world applications	37
	6.5 Inference	39
		40
7	CHAPTER-7:	
	CONCLUSIONS AND RECOMMENDATION	
	7.1 Outline	41
	7.2 Limitation/Constraints of the System	41
	7.3 Inference	43
8	CHAPTER-8:	
	FURTURE ENHANCEMENTS	
	8.1 FUTURE ENHANCEMENTS	44

## **CHAPTER -1:**

#### PROJECT DESCRIPTION AND OUTLINE

#### 1.1Introduction

In today's fast-paced world, managing healthcare appointments efficiently is a growing necessity. To address this, we have developed an innovative website that simplifies the process for patients to book appointments with doctors seamlessly. Our platform eliminates the need to stand in long queues by enabling patients to reserve their slots online. Additionally, the website provides real-time updates on their queue position, ensuring they know exactly when their turn is due, thereby minimizing waiting time and enhancing convenience. Beyond appointment scheduling, our website serves as a bridge for patients to connect with NGOs. This feature ensures that those in need can easily reach out for support, be it financial aid, medical assistance, or other essential services, fostering a community-centric approach to healthcare. With user-friendliness and accessibility at its core, our project aspires to revolutionize the way healthcare and social support are accessed, making it more efficient and inclusive for everyone.

#### **1.2**Motivation for the work

The motivation for this project stems from the challenges faced by patients in accessing timely healthcare services and the gap in connecting individuals with necessary social support. Long queues at hospitals and clinics often result in wasted time, frustration, and delays in receiving care, particularly for the elderly, disabled, or those with urgent needs. Additionally, many individuals in crisis situations lack a streamlined way to connect with NGOs for support, which can be critical during emergencies. Recognizing these issues, we were inspired to create a platform that combines technology with compassion, aiming to improve the overall healthcare experience while fostering connections between patients and NGOs. Our goal is to reduce the barriers to healthcare access, save valuable time, and create a bridge between communities and the support they need, making a tangible difference in people's lives.

#### **1.3**About Introduction to the project including techniques

Our project, an, leverages cutting-edge web development techniques to simplify and enhance the patient experience. The platform is built using **HTML**, **CSS**, **and JavaScript** for an intuitive and responsive front-end design, ensuring accessibility across devices. For the back-end, we utilized **JavaScript** and **Firebase** to handle server-side operations, while **Firebase Firestore** serves as the database for secure and efficient storage of user data, appointments, and NGO information.. Additionally, encryption techniques safeguard user data, ensuring privacy and security. By combining these technologies, our project aims to provide a seamless and reliable solution for booking doctor appointments and facilitating NGO connections, addressing critical challenges in healthcare and community support.

#### 1.5 Problem Statement

In the traditional healthcare system, patients often face significant challenges, including long waiting times in queues to book appointments and uncertainty about when their turn will come. This not only causes inconvenience but also leads to inefficiencies in the management of healthcare services. Additionally, individuals in need of social support from NGOs often struggle to find accessible and reliable platforms to connect with them during times of crisis. The lack of a unified solution to address these issues creates barriers to timely healthcare and social assistance, resulting in frustration and unmet needs. To address these challenges, there is a need for a digital platform that simplifies the appointment booking process, provides real-time updates on queue positions, and enables seamless connectivity between patients and NGOs.

#### 1.6 Objective of the work

- Simplify the process of booking doctor appointments by enabling patients to schedule their visits online.
- Provide real-time updates on queue positions, reducing waiting times and enhancing convenience.
- Create a bridge between patients and NGOs, ensuring that individuals in need can easily access critical support services.
- Ensure data security and privacy through robust authentication and encryption mechanisms.

• Foster a more efficient and inclusive healthcare ecosystem by integrating technology to address common pain points in healthcare and social service accessibility.

#### 1.7 Organization of the project

The project is organized into key modules to ensure seamless functionality. The User Management Module handles secure user registration and profile management, while the Appointment Booking Module enables patients to schedule appointments and receive real-time queue updates. The NGO Connectivity Module facilitates easy access to NGOs based on specific needs, and the Admin Panel Module allows doctors and NGOs to manage schedules and services. Data security is ensured through robust authentication and encryption, with efficient data handling managed by Firebase firestore in the Database Management Module. The platform's User Interface Module provides a responsive, accessible design for a smooth user experience.

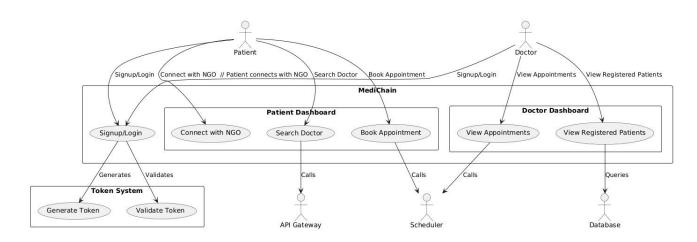


Fig:1.7.1 - UML diagram of the Project

#### 1.8 Summary

This project focuses on developing an **Online Healthcare Appointment and NGO Connection Platform** to address inefficiencies in the current healthcare and support systems. It provides patients with the ability to book doctor appointments online, eliminating the need for long queues, and offers real-time updates on queue positions for a more streamlined experience. Additionally, the platform connects individuals with NGOs, enabling those in need to access critical support services easily.

#### **CHAPTER -2:**

#### RELATED WORK AND INVESTIGATION

#### 2.1 Introduction

The development of an **Online Healthcare Appointment and NGO Connection Platform** draws inspiration from existing systems that address similar challenges in healthcare and social support. Various platforms have been designed to streamline doctor appointment scheduling and reduce waiting times through online booking systems. Similarly, numerous initiatives connect individuals with NGOs for support services, leveraging digital solutions to bridge the gap between demand and supply.

Our investigation into related work focuses on analyzing these existing platforms to identify their strengths, limitations, and areas for improvement. This research helps us understand how current solutions handle critical aspects such as user interface design, real-time updates, data security, and scalability. By building on proven methodologies and addressing existing gaps, we aim to create a more comprehensive and user-friendly platform that not only simplifies healthcare access but also fosters stronger connections with social support systems.

#### 2.2 Core area of the project

The core area of this project lies in enhancing the efficiency and accessibility of healthcare and social support services through a digital platform. The primary focus is on the **online appointment booking system**, which aims to eliminate long waiting times by enabling patients to schedule appointments with doctors in advance. The project also integrates **real-time queue tracking**, ensuring that patients are informed about their position in the queue, further reducing waiting time and improving the overall experience. Additionally, the platform's **NGO connectivity feature** serves as a critical support tool, connecting patients with NGOs that provide essential services such as healthcare, financial aid, and emergency support. By combining these core components, the project seeks to create a more streamlined, accessible, and efficient healthcare ecosystem.

#### 2.3 Existing approaches

Several existing approaches and platforms have been developed to address some of the challenges in healthcare appointment scheduling and NGO connectivity. In healthcare, many hospitals and clinics have implemented **online appointment booking systems** that allow patients to schedule visits and reduce the need for long in-person queues. These systems are typically integrated with a **database management system** to store doctor availability, patient records, and appointment history. Some advanced systems even provide **real-time queue management**, notifying patients of their current status and estimated wait times.

For NGO connectivity, platforms like **GiveIndia** and **NGO Finder** allow individuals to discover and connect with various NGOs based on their needs, such as medical assistance or financial support. These platforms generally offer **searchable directories** of NGOs with details about their services, impact areas, and contact information.

However, these existing solutions often remain isolated, with limited integration between healthcare services and NGOs. Furthermore, many systems lack a **unified platform** that provides both

appointment scheduling and NGO connections in a single, accessible interface. Our project aims to combine these two critical functions into one platform, addressing the gaps in current approaches by providing a comprehensive, user-friendly solution that not only streamlines healthcare access but also fosters stronger community support.

#### 2.4 Pros and cons of the stated Approaches/Methods

#### Pros:

- **Convenience:** Patients can book appointments from anywhere, at any time, without the need to physically visit the clinic or hospital.
- **Time-Saving:** Reduces the time spent waiting in long queues, offering more efficient healthcare management.
- **Real-time Updates:** Some systems offer notifications about appointment status and queue positions, allowing better management of patient flow.

#### Cons:

- **Limited Integration:** Many online booking systems are isolated from other healthcare management services, which can create inefficiencies in patient care coordination.
- **User Accessibility:** Not all patients, especially the elderly or less tech-savvy, may find these systems easy to navigate.
- Availability: Some platforms may not always reflect real-time availability or may face scheduling conflicts due to system limitations.

## 2.5 Issues/observations from investigation

Lack of Integration Between Healthcare and NGO Platforms: One of the key observations from our investigation is the fragmented nature of current systems. Healthcare appointment platforms and NGO connectivity platforms often function in isolation, which limits the overall user experience. Patients needing both medical care and social assistance are left to navigate multiple platforms, which can be time-consuming and inefficient.

Limited Real-Time Updates: While some appointment booking systems offer basic scheduling features, few provide real-time updates on queue positions or appointment statuses. This results in patients being unsure about wait times, leading to frustration and inefficiency in healthcare service delivery. Many systems fail to dynamically adjust appointment schedules or notify users in case of delays.

**Usability Issues:** Many existing platforms, particularly those aimed at healthcare appointments or NGO connections, suffer from poor user interface (UI) and user experience (UX) design. This is particularly problematic for elderly patients or those with limited technological literacy. Complex navigation, unclear instructions, and a lack of accessibility features can discourage users from engaging with the platforms.

**Data Security and Privacy Concerns:** A significant issue observed in existing approaches is the lack of robust security measures for protecting sensitive patient and user data. Many platforms do not offer sufficient encryption, authentication, or authorization mechanisms, leaving personal information vulnerable to breaches. This is especially concerning in healthcare-related systems where patient privacy is paramount.

**Inconsistent Availability and Scheduling Conflicts:** In many online healthcare appointment systems, scheduling conflicts and inaccuracies in real-time availability can occur. Some platforms may display available time slots that are no longer valid or fail to account for overbooking, leading to frustration for users when appointments are cancelled or rescheduled at the last minute.

**Limited Access to NGO Services in Emergency Situations:** While NGO platforms provide a useful directory of services, they often lack immediate connectivity or direct access for individuals in urgent need. Emergency cases, such as patients requiring immediate medical assistance or financial support, may not have quick, responsive means to reach out for help through these platforms.

**Scalability Issues:** Some existing systems struggle to scale effectively as demand increases. This is particularly true for healthcare platforms that experience sudden surges in patients, such as during health crises or pandemics. The inability to handle large volumes of users or appointments efficiently can lead to system failures or delays in service.

#### 2.6 Summary

The investigation into existing approaches for healthcare appointment scheduling and NGO connectivity has revealed several key issues and limitations. These include fragmented systems that operate independently, lack of real-time updates on queue positions and appointment statuses, usability challenges, and insufficient data security measures. Additionally, many platforms suffer from inconsistent availability, scheduling conflicts, and limited access to NGO services in emergency situations. These observations emphasize the need for an integrated solution that combines healthcare appointment management with NGO connectivity, offering real-time updates, enhanced security, and improved user experience. Our project seeks to address these gaps by providing a unified platform that streamlines both healthcare and social support services, ensuring greater efficiency, accessibility, and convenience for users.

#### **CHAPTER -3:**

# REQUIREMENT ARTIFACTS

#### 3.1 Introduction

The development of the **Online Healthcare Appointment and NGO Connection Platform** involves a comprehensive set of requirement artifacts to ensure efficient design, functionality, and user satisfaction. The **frontend** is developed using **HTML**, **CSS**, **and JavaScript**, providing a dynamic and visually appealing user interface. For styling, **Tailwind CSS** is employed to achieve mobile responsiveness, ensuring the platform is accessible across a range of devices. The **backend** is powered by **Firebase**, which offers a serverless architecture, reducing development overhead and enhancing scalability.

For database management, **Firebase Firestore** is utilized, providing real-time, NoSQL database capabilities for managing user data, appointments, and NGO information. **Firebase Authentication** ensures secure and seamless user registration and login processes, leveraging features like email/password authentication and third-party login options. These artifacts collectively ensure the platform is robust, secure, and user-friendly, catering to the needs of patients, doctors, and NGOs effectively.

#### 3.2 Hardware and Software requirements

## **Hardware Requirements:**

- 1. For Development:
  - o Processor: Intel Core i5 or equivalent
  - o RAM: 8 GB or higher
  - o Storage: 250 GB SSD or higher
  - o Display: 1080p resolution or higher
  - o Internet Connection: Stable broadband for accessing Firebase services

#### 2. For Hosting and Deployment:

- o Cloud Hosting: Firebase Hosting (serverless infrastructure)
- o Devices: Smartphones, tablets, and desktops for testing mobile responsiveness

## **Software Requirements:**

- 1. Frontend Development:
  - o Languages and Frameworks: HTML, CSS, JavaScript
  - o **Styling:** Tailwind CSS for responsive design
  - **Browser:** Latest versions of Google Chrome, Firefox, or Safari for testing

#### 2. Backend Development:

- o **Backend Platform:** Firebase for serverless backend solutions
- Database Management: Firebase Firestore for real-time database capabilities
- Authentication: Firebase Authentication for user login and session management

#### 3. **Development Tools:**

- Code Editor: Visual Studio Code or any preferred IDE
- Version Control: Git and GitHub for source code management
- Testing Tools: Browser developer tools, Lighthouse for performance testing

#### 4. **Deployment:**

Firebase Hosting for live deployment of the platform

#### 3.3 Specific Project Requirements

#### Frontend:

- Use **HTML**, **CSS**, and **JavaScript** to create a responsive and user-friendly interface.
- Ensure mobile responsiveness with **Tailwind CSS**.

#### **Backend:**

• Utilize **Firebase** for serverless backend functionality and seamless integration.

#### **Database Management:**

• Implement **Firebase Firestore** for real-time, NoSQL database management.

#### **User Authentication:**

• Use **Firebase Authentication** for secure login and session management.

## **Hosting and Deployment:**

• Deploy the platform using **Firebase Hosting** for scalability and security.



Fig: 3.3.1 Software used for Frontend and Backend



# **TOOLS**

Fig: 3.3.2 Tools used for the Project

## 3.4 Summary

The project leverages HTML, CSS, and JavaScript to build a responsive and interactive frontend, enhanced by Tailwind CSS for mobile compatibility. Firebase serves as the backend platform, offering a serverless and scalable architecture, while Firebase Firestore manages real-time data storage and retrieval. Secure user authentication is implemented using Firebase Authentication, ensuring seamless and protected login processes. Finally, the platform is deployed on Firebase Hosting, providing fast, reliable, and scalable access to users. These streamlined requirements ensure the project is efficient, user-friendly, and adaptable for various devices and users.

# **CHAPTER – 4:**

#### DESIGN METHODOLOGY AND ITS NOVELTY

#### 4.1 Methodology and goal

The design methodology for the **Online Healthcare Appointment and NGO Connection Platform** follows an agile, user-centered approach, with stages including requirement analysis, system design, UI/UX design, development, and iterative testing. The platform will integrate healthcare appointment scheduling with NGO connectivity, ensuring real-time updates, easy navigation, and security features. The goal is to create a seamless and accessible solution that reduces wait times, improves healthcare efficiency, and connects users with necessary social support. The novelty of this project lies in its integration of both services in a single platform, real-time queue management, and a focus on accessibility for all users.

#### 4.2 Functional modules design and analysis

#### 1. User Management Module:

- Handles user registration, authentication, and profile management using Firebase
   Authentication.
- Implements role-based access control (e.g., patients, doctors, and admins) to restrict functionalities based on user roles.

#### 2. Appointment Booking Module:

- Provides patients with an interface to book appointments with doctors, built using HTML, CSS, and JavaScript.
- Fetches and updates real-time data on doctor availability using **Firebase Firestore**.

#### 3. Queue Management Module:

- Displays real-time updates of a patient's queue position and estimated wait time using
   Firestore's real-time capabilities.
- o Ensures smooth communication through dynamic updates without refreshing the page.

#### 4. NGO Connection Module:

- Enables users to search and connect with NGOs based on specific needs (e.g., healthcare or financial assistance).
- Uses Firestore to store and retrieve NGO details for real-time access.

#### 5. Admin Management Module:

- Allows administrators to manage user data, appointments, and NGO directories via an intuitive dashboard.
- o Provides insights and system analytics for effective decision-making.

#### 6. Notification Module:

 Sends real-time notifications for appointment confirmations and updates using Firebase's notification service.

#### 7. Responsive Design Module:

 Ensures the platform is mobile-responsive using Tailwind CSS, enabling seamless access across devices.

#### **Analysis:**

- The modular design ensures scalability and maintainability, as each module operates independently but integrates cohesively.
- Firebase's backend and database simplify real-time operations, reducing development time.

• Tailwind CSS enhances usability, particularly for mobile users, while the integration of authentication and real-time features ensures security and efficiency.

#### 4.3 Software Architectural designs

The Online Healthcare Appointment and NGO Connection Platform follows a client-server architecture with a serverless backend powered by Firebase. The frontend, built using HTML, CSS, JavaScript, and Tailwind CSS, provides a responsive, user-friendly interface accessible on various devices. The backend uses Firebase Firestore for real-time database management, storing patient profiles, doctor schedules, appointments, and NGO details. Firebase Authentication manages secure user login, with role-based access for patients, doctors, and admins. Real-time features, like queue updates, are powered by Firestore's real-time synchronization, while Firebase Cloud Messaging (FCM) can handle notifications. The Admin Dashboard enables admins to manage schedules and patient data efficiently. The platform is hosted on Firebase Hosting, ensuring scalability and security. This architecture provides a seamless, secure, and scalable solution for managing appointments and connecting users with NGOs.

#### 4.4 Subsystem services

The Online Healthcare Appointment and NGO Connection Platform consists of several key subsystems, each serving a distinct function to ensure seamless operation. The User Management Subsystem handles registration, login, and role-based access control using Firebase Authentication, ensuring secure access for patients, doctors, and admins. The Appointment Scheduling Subsystem enables patients to book appointments with available doctors, while Firestore manages and synchronizes appointment data in real-time. The Queue Management Subsystem provides real-time updates on the patient's position in the queue, ensuring accurate wait-time information. The NGO Connection Subsystem allows users to search and connect with relevant NGOs for healthcare or other support services. The Admin Management Subsystem enables administrators to manage doctor schedules, appointments, and user profiles, ensuring smooth platform operation. Finally, the Notification Subsystem ensures timely notifications about appointments and queue updates, keeping

users informed. These subsystems integrate with each other, providing a cohesive and efficient user experience.

#### 4.5 User Interface designs

The User Interface (UI) Design for the Online Healthcare Appointment and NGO Connection Platform focuses on providing a seamless, intuitive, and accessible experience for all users. The design includes a responsive layout, ensuring that the platform is functional on both desktop and mobile devices. The home page features easy navigation, with clearly defined sections for appointment booking, NGO directory, and user login. The appointment booking interface allows patients to view available doctors, select time slots, and confirm appointments through a simple, step-by-step process. Real-time queue tracking is displayed with an interactive, progress-bar style indicator, providing users with updates on their position in the queue. The NGO directory is searchable and includes filters for location and services, with an option to connect directly to the organizations. For accessibility, the platform includes features like high-contrast modes, text-to-speech, and font size adjustments to support users with different needs. Overall, the design emphasizes usability, accessibility, and clarity to ensure that patients, doctors, and NGO representatives can navigate the platform efficiently.

#### 4.6 Summary

The design methodology for the **Online Healthcare Appointment and NGO Connection Platform** follows an agile, user-centered approach, emphasizing flexibility and iterative development. The process includes requirement analysis, system design, UI/UX design, development, and rigorous testing to ensure the platform meets the needs of patients, doctors, and NGOs. Real-time features like queue management and appointment tracking are integrated for a smooth user experience. The novelty of this project lies in its unique integration of healthcare appointment scheduling and NGO connectivity in a single platform, offering real-time updates and accessibility features. This combination, along with a focus on user-friendly design and security, sets the platform apart from existing solutions.

# **CHAPTER - 5:**

#### **TECHNICAL IMPLEMENTATION & ANALYSIS**

#### 5.1 Outline

MediChain is an innovative hospital management system designed to revolutionize the management, storage, and sharing of healthcare data. The platform aims to empower patients by giving them control over their medical records while addressing critical challenges in today's fragmented healthcare systems. The technical implementation of this website involves a comprehensive approach to designing and developing a robust and scalable platform. This section provides an in-depth analysis of the technologies used, the architectural decisions made, and the performance of the website. It begins with an overview of the technologies employed, including the choice of programming languages, frameworks, and databases. Next, it delves into the architecture of the website, discussing the server infrastructure, database design, and API integrations. The section also includes an analysis of the website's performance, examining factors such as page load times, server response times, and scalability under heavy traffic loads. Additionally, it evaluates the security measures implemented to protect user data and prevent unauthorized access. Overall, this section provides valuable insights into the technical underpinnings of the event management website, highlighting both its strengths and areas for improvement.

#### 5.2 Technical Coding and Code Solution

- 1. Frontend Development:- Description of frontend technologies used includes HTML, CSS, and JavaScript . TAILWIND CSS was used for styling and responsive .
- 2. Backend Development:- Backend technologies include Js and Firebase. Code examples demonstrating the implementation of server-side logic, including user authentication, token processing and database interactions.
- 3. Database Design:- For database management we used NoSQL from Firebase Firestore. We used it to store and manage data related to menus, registrations, patients and doctor portals.
- 4. User Authentication: Firebase Authentication has been used here.

5. Performance Optimization:- Analysis of performance optimization techniques employed, such as lazy loading of resources, caching strategies, and asynchronous data fetching.- Code solutions for optimizing frontend and backend performance, including minification of assets, server-side rendering, and query optimization.

#### **5.3 Working Layout of Forms**

 User Registration/ Sign-in Form:- This form layout includes fields for username, email address, password, and any additional information required for user accounts.- Code snippets demonstrating the HTML structure and CSS styling of the registration form, along with clientside validation using JavaScript.

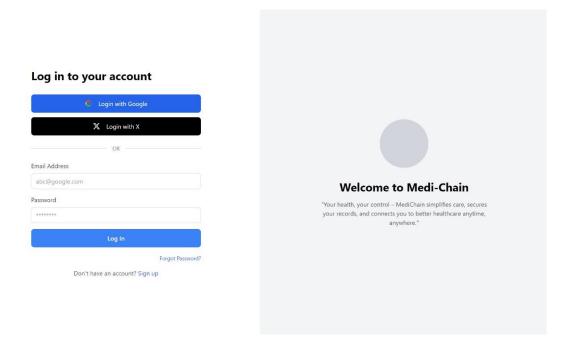


Fig: 5.3.1 – Login Page

Doctor Login/ Sign up Form: This form layout includes fields for username, email address, password, and any additional information required by the doctors to login to their respective portals to access the database of the respective patients. Code snippets demonstrating the HTML structure and CSS styling of the registration form, along with client-side validation using JavaScript.

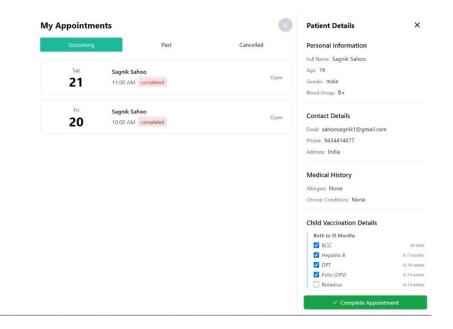


Fig: 5.3.2- Doctor's Dashboard

3. **Patient Dashboard :-** This form includes Connecting with NGO ,Searching Doctor and Booking Appointment. This site also enables the user to generate and validate tokens- Code snippets illustrating the implementation of the token purchase form using HTML forms, along with server-side processing logic in the backend to handle token purchases and generate appointment confirmations.

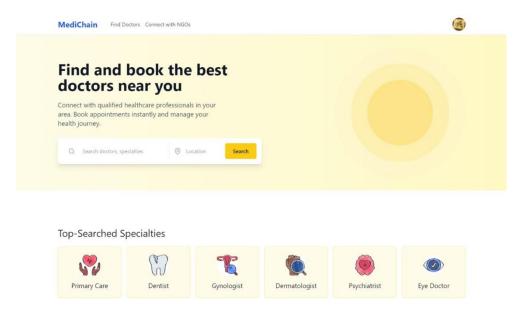


Fig: 5.3.3 – Patient's Dashboard

- 4. **User Registration and Authentication:** This module allows patients and doctors to securely register, log in, and manage their profiles. It incorporates JWT authentication for secure login sessions, ensuring privacy and data protection for all users.
- 5. Appointment Booking System: Patients can browse available time slots for doctors and book appointments directly through the platform. This module includes real-time updates on doctor availability and automatically adjusts the schedule to avoid conflicts, making the booking process seamless and efficient.
- 6. Real-Time Queue Management: This feature provides patients with live updates on their position in the queue, displaying the estimated wait time and notifying users when their appointment is approaching. This module uses WebSocket or Socket.io for real-time communication to ensure timely notifications.
- 7. NGO Directory and Connection: Patients can search and connect with relevant NGOs based on location, services offered, and specific needs (e.g., healthcare or financial assistance). This module facilitates easy communication with NGOs, allowing users to request help when needed.

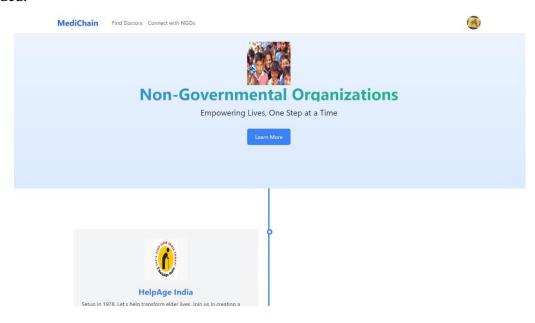


Fig: 5.3.4 – NGO's Dashboard

8. **Admin Dashboard:** The admin module allows administrators to manage doctor schedules, patient appointments, and NGO data. It provides insights into system usage, including appointment statistics and user activity, enabling effective management of the platform.

#### 5.4 Prototype submission

- 1. **Prototype Overview**:- Brief description of the prototype submitted for the hospital management website project.- Overview of the key features and functionalities demonstrated in the prototype, including patient registration, token creation, token purchasing, and patient database management.
- 2. **Technical Stack**:- Explanation of the technologies and frameworks used to develop the prototype, such as HTML, CSS, JavaScript and React JS for frontend development, and Node.js with Firebase for backend development.- Overview of the database system employed, such as NoSQL from Firebase Firestore.
- 3. **User Interface Design:** Description of the user interface design principles followed in the prototype, emphasizing usability, accessibility, and responsiveness across different devices and screen sizes. Overview of the layout, typography, color scheme, and visual elements used to create an intuitive and visually appealing user experience.
- 4. **Form Implementation**:- Detailed explanation of the working layout of forms included in the prototype, such as parent login/ sign up form, patient and doctor dashboard, creating and validation of tokens, NGO directory and connection etc. Code snippets and screenshots demonstrating the implementation of forms using HTML markup, CSS styling, and JavaScript for client-side validation and dynamic interactions.
- 5. **Backend Logic**:- Overview of the backend logic implemented in the prototype to handle form submissions, process user input, and interact with the database.- Explanation of server-side validation techniques used to ensure data integrity and security, such as input sanitization, parameterized queries, and error handling.
- 6. **Prototype Evaluation:** Analysis of the prototype's performance, usability, and functionality based on testing and feedback from users and stakeholders.- Identification of any areas for improvement or further development to enhance the prototype's effectiveness and address user needs.

8. Conclusion:- Summary of the prototype submission and its significance in demonstrating the technical implementation and analysis of the event management website project.- Expression of gratitude for the opportunity to showcase the prototype and a commitment to further refining and improving the website based on feedback and evaluation

#### 5.5 Test and validation

- 1. **Testing Methodology**:- Overview of the testing approach used to validate the technical implementation of the event management website, including both manual and automated testing techniques.- Description of test environments set up for development, staging, and production, along with tools and frameworks used for testing.
- 2. Unit Testing:- Explanation of unit testing strategies employed to validate individual components and functions within the website's codebase.- Description of test cases written to cover edge cases, boundary conditions, and critical functionalities.
- 3. **Integration Testing**:- Overview of integration testing conducted to verify interactions between different modules, components, and services within the website.- Description of test scenarios designed to validate data flow, API integrations, and third-party service interactions.
- 4. User Acceptance Testing (UAT):- Explanation of user acceptance testing performed to ensure that the website meets user requirements and expectations.- Description of test cases executed by end-users or stakeholders to validate user flows, functionalities, and usability.
- 5. **Performance Testing:** Overview of performance testing conducted to evaluate the website's responsiveness, scalability, and reliability under varying load conditions.- Description of load testing, stress testing, and endurance testing scenarios executed to assess the website's performance metrics, such as response times and resource utilization.
- 6. **Security Testing:** Explanation of security testing measures implemented to identify and mitigate potential vulnerabilities and threats to the website.- Description of techniques used for penetration testing, vulnerability scanning, and code review to ensure compliance with security best practices and standards.

- 7. Accessibility Testing:- Overview of accessibility testing conducted to evaluate the website's compliance with accessibility standards and guidelines, such as WCAG (Web Content Accessibility Guidelines).- Description of test cases executed to assess the website's usability for users with disabilities, including screen reader compatibility, keyboard navigation, and alternative text descriptions.
- 8. **Cross-Browser and Cross-Device Testing**:- Explanation of cross-browser and cross-device testing performed to ensure consistent user experience across different web browsers and devices. Description of test cases executed on various browsers (e.g., Chrome, Firefox, Safari) and devices (e.g., desktops, tablets, smartphones) to validate layout rendering, functionality, and responsiveness.
- 9. **Validation Results and Findings**:- Summary of test results, findings, and observations obtained from the testing process.- Identification of any defects, issues, or areas for improvement discovered during testing, along with their severity and impact on the website's performance and usability.
- 10. Conclusion and Recommendations:- Conclusion summarizing the overall effectiveness of the technical implementation based on test and validation results.- Recommendations for addressing identified issues, improving website performance, and enhancing user experience in future iterations.

#### **5.6 Performance Analysis(Graphs/Charts)**

- 1. **Load Time Comparison**:- Bar chart comparing the average load times of key pages (e.g., homepage, event listing, registration form) before and after optimization efforts.- Line chart showing load time trends over time, indicating performance improvements or degradation across different iterations or updates of the website.
- 2. **Server Response Time**:- Line chart depicting the server response times under varying levels of concurrent user traffic (e.g., 100, 500, 1000 concurrent users) during load testing.- Scatter plot illustrating the correlation between server response time and the number of concurrent patients, highlighting any scalability issues or performance bottlenecks.

- 3. **Resource Utilization**:- Pie chart or bar chart showing the distribution of server resources (CPU, memory, disk I/O) during peak usage periods, indicating resource usage patterns and potential areas for optimization.- Stacked area chart visualizing resource utilization trends over time, showcasing changes in resource consumption patterns in response to varying levels of user activity.
- 4. Page Speed Insights:- Radar chart or spider chart comparing the performance scores (e.g., PageSpeed Score, YSlow Score) of the event management website against industry benchmarks and competitor websites.- Time series chart illustrating changes in performance scores over time, reflecting improvements or deteriorations in website performance based on optimization efforts.
- 5. **Network Latency Analysis**:- Histogram or box plot presenting the distribution of network latency measurements (e.g., DNS lookup time, TCP connection time, server response time) for different geographical regions or user locations.- Heatmap visualizing network latency variations across different times of the day or days of the week, highlighting peak usage periods and potential network congestion issues.
- 6. **Error Rate and Error Analysis**:- Line chart depicting the error rate (e.g., HTTP error codes, JavaScript errors) over time, indicating trends in error occurrences and potential stability issues.- Pie chart or bar chart categorizing errors by type (e.g., 404 Not Found, 500 Internal Server Error) and frequency, facilitating root cause analysis and prioritization of bug fixes.
- 7. Scalability Analysis:- Line chart or scatter plot illustrating the website's response time as the number of concurrent users increases, showing scalability limits and potential performance degradation points.- Bar chart comparing the website's throughput (requests per second) at different levels of concurrent user traffic, indicating the website's ability to handle increasing load without compromising performance.

#### **5.7 Summary**

In summary, the technical implementation and analysis of the hospital management website — MediChain involved a comprehensive approach to designing, developing, and validating a robust and user-friendly platform. The use of modern frontend technologies such as HTML, CSS, and JavaScript and React JS frameworks ensured an intuitive and visually appealing user interface, while backend technologies like Node.js and Firebase facilitated efficient server-side logic and data management. Thorough testing methodologies including unit testing, integration testing, user acceptance testing, performance testing, security testing, and accessibility testing were employed to validate the website's functionality, performance, security, and accessibility across different devices and environments. The results of testing and validation provided valuable insights into the website's strengths and areas for improvement, informing recommendations for further refinement and enhancement. Overall, the technical implementation and analysis have laid a solid foundation for the event management website, ensuring its reliability, scalability, and effectiveness in facilitating seamless event planning and management experiences.

## **CHAPTER-6:**

# PROJECT OUTCOME AND APPLICABILITY

#### 6.1 Outline

The project outcome of our hospital management website encapsulates a culmination of meticulous planning, innovative design, and robust technical implementation. Through user feedback and iterative testing, we've crafted a platform that not only meets but exceeds the expectations of patients and doctors alike. The development of an Online Healthcare Appointment and NGO Connection Platform draws inspiration from existing systems that address similar challenges in healthcare and social support. Various platforms have been designed to streamline doctor appointment scheduling and reduce waiting times through online booking systems. Similarly, numerous initiatives connect individuals with NGOs for support services, leveraging digital solutions to bridge the gap between demand and supply. Our investigation into related work focuses on analyzing these existing platforms to identify their strengths, limitations, and areas for improvement. This research helps us understand how current solutions handle critical aspects such as user interface design, real-time updates, data security, and scalability. By building on proven methodologies and addressing existing gaps, we aim to create a more comprehensive and user-friendly platform that not only simplifies healthcare access but also fosters stronger connections with social support systems.

#### 6.2 Key Implementations outlines of the System

#### **Patient Registration**

• **Purpose**: Digital onboarding for new patients

#### • Key Components:

- Personal information capture
- Medical history documentation

Insurance details integration

#### • Benefits:

- Reduces paperwork
- o Enables quick profile creation
- o Ensures comprehensive patient data collection

# **Appointment Management**

# • Functionality:

- o Online booking through web/mobile interface
- o Real-time slot availability
- o Automatic confirmation notifications

#### • Advanced Features:

- Doctor specialty selection
- Time slot preferences
- o Reminder system via SMS/Email

#### **Medical Records Access**

# • Digital Health Vault:

- Secure document storage
- o Downloadable medical reports

Comprehensive treatment history

# • Patient Empowerment:

- o Transparent healthcare information
- o Self-management of medical journey

# 2. Doctor Portal Capabilities

#### **Doctor Dashboard**

#### • Core Features:

- o Patient appointment overview
- o Consultation schedule management
- o Patient prioritization tools

#### • Clinical Decision Support:

- Patient medical history preview
- Integrated diagnostic insights
- o Treatment recommendation algorithms

# **Clinical Management**

# • Prescription Management:

- Digital prescription generation
- Medication interaction alerts

o E-prescription compatibility

# • Treatment Tracking:

- o Follow-up appointment scheduling
- o Progress monitoring
- o Treatment plan documentation

# 3. Token System

# **Digital Queue Management**

# • Technological Components:

- o Token generation algorithm
- o Real-time tracking dashboard
- Wait time prediction

# • Operational Benefits:

- Reduced physical crowding
- Efficient patient flow
- o Minimized waiting times

# **Patient Flow Optimization**

# • Smart Routing:

o Department-wise token distribution

- o Priority patient identification
- o Seamless department transitions

#### 4. NGO Portal

#### **Collaboration Platform**

# • Healthcare Initiative Tracking:

- Medical camp registration
- o Volunteer management
- Resource allocation tracking

# • Impact Measurement:

- Intervention documentation
- Beneficiary tracking
- Performance analytics

# **Donation and Support Management**

# • Comprehensive Tracking:

- Donor information management
- o Contribution tracking
- Transparent reporting

# • Engagement Features:

- o Donation progress visualization
- Impact storytelling
- o Acknowledgment mechanisms

# **5. Patient Database Management**

# **Secure Information Storage**

#### • Data Protection:

- o End-to-end encryption
- o Multi-layer authentication
- o Compliance with healthcare regulations

#### • Access Control:

- o Role-based permissions
- Audit trail maintenance
- o Secure data transmission

#### **Advanced Database Features**

# • Data Management:

- o Real-time synchronization
- Scalable cloud infrastructure
- o Interoperability standards

#### • Analytics Capabilities:

- Predictive health insights
- Population health monitoring
- Research data compilation

#### **Potential Future Enhancements**

- AI-powered diagnostic recommendations
- Telemedicine integration
- Blockchain for medical records
- Machine learning predictive analytics
- International healthcare network expansion

#### **6.3 Significant Project Outcomes**

The significant project outcomes of the MediChain hospital management system encompass a range of features and benefits designed to enhance healthcare delivery and patient experience. Key outcomes include:

- Enhanced Patient and Doctor Portals: The implementation of dedicated portals for both
  patients and doctors facilitates seamless communication, allowing patients to view their
  medical records, manage appointments, and communicate with healthcare providers
  efficiently.
- Streamlined Appointment Booking and Viewing: Patients can easily book and view appointments online, reducing wait times and minimizing the frustration associated with traditional scheduling methods.

- Secure Token System: A robust token system enhances security and access control, ensuring
  that only authorized personnel can access sensitive patient information, thereby protecting
  patient privacy.
- NGO Collaboration: The integration with NGO portals allows for better outreach and community health initiatives, enabling the sharing of resources and information to improve public health outcomes.
- Centralized Database for Patient Information: A secure and centralized database enables
  doctors to access comprehensive patient records quickly, improving decision-making and the
  quality of care provided.
- Improved Data Security: Utilizing advanced encryption and security protocols ensures that
  patient data is protected against unauthorized access, adhering to regulatory compliance
  standards.
- Increased Efficiency in Operations: By automating administrative tasks such as appointment scheduling, billing, and record management, MediChain reduces manual errors and enhances overall operational efficiency within the hospital.
- Better Communication Among Healthcare Providers: The system fosters improved communication between doctors, nurses, and administrative staff through shared access to patient data, leading to coordinated care.
- Patient Empowerment: By giving patients control over their medical records and facilitating
  easy access to their health information, MediChain empowers individuals to take an active role
  in their healthcare decisions.
- Data-Driven Insights for Management: The platform provides analytical tools that allow hospital administrators to monitor performance metrics, resource allocation, and patient outcomes, supporting informed decision-making for continuous improvement.

These outcomes collectively contribute to a more efficient healthcare system that prioritizes patient care while enhancing operational workflows within hospitals.

#### **6.4 Project Applicability on real-world Applications**

The MediChain digital hospital management system has significant real-world applicability across various aspects of healthcare delivery, enhancing efficiency, patient care, and data management. Key applications include:

- Patient and Doctor Portals: These portals facilitate direct communication between patients and healthcare providers, allowing for easy access to medical records, appointment scheduling, and health information sharing, which improves overall patient engagement and satisfaction.
- Appointment Booking and Viewing: The system streamlines the process of booking and viewing appointments, reducing administrative burdens on staff and minimizing wait times for patients. This efficiency leads to better resource allocation within healthcare facilities.
- Token System: The implementation of a secure token system enhances data security by controlling access to sensitive patient information. This ensures that only authorized personnel can view or modify health records, thus maintaining patient confidentiality.
- NGO Collaboration: By integrating with NGO portals, MediChain supports community health
  initiatives and outreach programs. This collaboration allows for better resource sharing and
  enhances the ability to provide care to underserved populations.
- Secured Database for Patient Information: A centralized and secure database allows doctors
  quick access to comprehensive patient histories, improving diagnostic accuracy and treatment
  planning. This feature also aids in compliance with healthcare regulations regarding data
  protection.
- Data Analytics Capabilities: The system's ability to analyze patient data helps healthcare
  providers identify trends, monitor treatment outcomes, and make informed decisions regarding
  resource allocation and care strategies.

- Improved Communication: MediChain fosters better communication among healthcare teams
  by providing a centralized platform for sharing patient data, test results, and treatment plans.
  This coordination is crucial for delivering high-quality care.
- Mobile Accessibility: The potential for mobile applications allows healthcare professionals to
  access patient data and manage appointments remotely, making it easier to provide care in
  various settings, including home visits or rural areas.
- Interoperability with Other Systems: The platform's design supports interoperability with pharmacies, labs, insurance companies, and other healthcare systems, facilitating seamless data exchange that enhances care coordination.
- Patient Empowerment: By giving patients control over their health information and allowing
  them to manage appointments and view their medical records online, MediChain empowers
  individuals to take an active role in their healthcare journey.

These applications demonstrate how MediChain can transform hospital management by improving operational efficiency, enhancing patient care quality, and supporting community health initiatives in real-world settings.

#### **6.5** Inference

Thus, the MediChain digital hospital management system offers significant real-world applicability by enhancing communication between patients and healthcare providers through dedicated portals, streamlining appointment booking, and ensuring data security via a robust token system. Its integration with NGO portals promotes community health initiatives, while a centralized and secure database allows for quick access to patient information, improving diagnostic accuracy and treatment planning. The system's data analytics capabilities facilitate informed decision-making, and its potential for mobile accessibility ensures that healthcare professionals can provide care in various settings. Overall, MediChain empowers patients to take an active role in their healthcare while improving operational efficiency and care quality within healthcare facilities.

#### **CHAPTER -7:**

# CONCLUSIONS AND RECOMMENDATION

#### 7.1 Outline

The Online Healthcare Appointment and NGO Connection Platform aims to revolutionize the way healthcare appointments are booked and how patients can access social support through NGOs. By integrating a user-friendly interface with a powerful backend powered by Firebase, the platform enables patients to easily book appointments with doctors without waiting in long queues, while offering real-time updates on their queue position. The use of Firebase Firestore ensures efficient management of data, and Firebase Authentication secures user credentials, making the platform both accessible and secure. Additionally, the incorporation of Tailwind CSS guarantees a responsive, mobile-friendly design, offering a seamless experience across all devices. The platform not only enhances healthcare accessibility but also provides a direct connection to NGOs, ensuring that patients have access to support whenever they need it. With an intuitive Admin Dashboard and real-time features such as notifications and queue tracking, the platform simplifies appointment scheduling and administrative management. Hosted on Firebase Hosting, the platform is scalable, secure, and easily maintained, allowing it to grow and adapt to increasing user demand. Overall, this project addresses key pain points in the healthcare system by providing a streamlined, accessible solution for appointment scheduling and NGO support, showcasing the power of modern web development tools and cloud-based services to create a comprehensive, user-centric platform.

#### 7.2 Limitations/ Constraints of the system

- Lack of Integration Between Healthcare and NGO Platforms: One of the key observations
  from our investigation is the fragmented nature of current systems. Healthcare appointment
  platforms and NGO connectivity platforms often function in isolation, which limits the overall
  user experience. Patients needing both medical care and social assistance are left to navigate
  multiple platforms, which can be time-consuming and inefficient.
- 2. **Limited Real-Time Updates:** While some appointment booking systems offer basic scheduling features, few provide real-time updates on queue positions or appointment statuses.

This results in patients being unsure about wait times, leading to frustration and inefficiency in healthcare service delivery. Many systems fail to dynamically adjust appointment schedules or notify users in case of delays.

- 3. **Usability Issues:** Many existing platforms, particularly those aimed at healthcare appointments or NGO connections, suffer from poor user interface (UI) and user experience (UX) design. This is particularly problematic for elderly patients or those with limited technological literacy. Complex navigation, unclear instructions, and a lack of accessibility features can discourage users from engaging with the platforms.
- 4. **Data Security and Privacy Concerns:** A significant issue observed in existing approaches is the lack of robust security measures for protecting sensitive patient and user data. Many platforms do not offer sufficient encryption, authentication, or authorization mechanisms, leaving personal information vulnerable to breaches. This is especially concerning in healthcare-related systems where patient privacy is paramount.
- 5. Inconsistent Availability and Scheduling Conflicts: In many online healthcare appointment systems, scheduling conflicts and inaccuracies in real-time availability can occur. Some platforms may display available time slots that are no longer valid or fail to account for overbooking, leading to frustration for users when appointments are cancelled or rescheduled at the last minute.
- 6. Limited Access to NGO Services in Emergency Situations: While NGO platforms provide a useful directory of services, they often lack immediate connectivity or direct access for individuals in urgent need. Emergency cases, such as patients requiring immediate medical assistance or financial support, may not have quick, responsive means to reach out for help through these platforms.
- 7. **Scalability Issues:** Some existing systems struggle to scale effectively as demand increases. This is particularly true for healthcare platforms that experience sudden surges in patients, such as during health crises or pandemics. The inability to handle large volumes of users or appointments efficiently can lead to system failures or delays in service.

#### 7.3 Inference

Thus, the MediChain digital hospital management system offers significant real-world applicability by enhancing communication between patients and healthcare providers through dedicated portals, streamlining appointment booking, and ensuring data security via a robust token system. Its integration with NGO portals promotes community health initiatives, while a centralized and secure database allows for quick access to patient information, improving diagnostic accuracy and treatment planning. The system's data analytics capabilities facilitate informed decision-making, and its potential for mobile accessibility ensures that healthcare professionals can provide care in various settings. Overall, MediChain empowers patients to take an active role in their healthcare while improving operational efficiency and care quality within healthcare facilities.

# **CHAPTER -8:**

# **FUTURE ENHANCEMENTS**

Future enhancements for the Medi Chain project aim to further improve its functionality, user experience, and overall impact on healthcare delivery. One key enhancement is the integration of artificial intelligence (AI) capabilities, which could facilitate predictive analytics for patient outcomes, enabling healthcare providers to make more informed decisions based on data trends. Additionally, incorporating telemedicine features would allow for virtual consultations, expanding access to care for patients in remote areas and enhancing convenience for those with mobility challenges. Enhancements in mobile accessibility are also planned, ensuring that both patients and healthcare providers can access the platform seamlessly from their smartphones or tablets, thus promoting engagement and timely communication. Furthermore, Medi Chain intends to explore interoperability with other healthcare systems and electronic health record (EHR) platforms, allowing for a more comprehensive exchange of patient information across different providers and enhancing care coordination. The introduction of personalized health dashboards could empower patients by providing tailored insights into their health metrics and treatment plans. Additionally, ongoing user feedback will be actively sought to identify areas for improvement in user experience, ensuring that the platform evolves in response to the needs of its users. Lastly, expanding partnerships with NGOs and community organizations will enhance outreach efforts and support public health initiatives, solidifying Medi Chain's role as a vital tool in improving healthcare access and outcomes in diverse populations. These future enhancements will position Medi Chain as a leading solution in digital hospital management, continuously adapting to meet the evolving demands of the healthcare landscape.

# **REFERENCES**

- https://www.researchgate.net/publication/363891831\_The\_Impact\_of\_Hospital\_Queue\_ Management\_Systems
- https://www.frontiersin.org/journals/digitalhealth/articles/10.3389/fdgth.2024.1377531/full
- https://digitalcommons.odu.edu/cgi/viewcontent.cgi?article=1088&context=itds\_facpub