我所知道的关于DOTA2 RPG

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因为我们对于DOTA2 RPG的研究才刚刚开始且本人水平非常有限,因此错漏之处在所难免,希望大家包涵。 由于看此教程的,更多是WE党,因此我也会更多以WE的角度说说我对DOTA2 RPG制作的理解。 此外,本文主要的信息来源为官方frostivus自定模式,和国外ash47大神制作的Frota。

第一、文件结构 文件架构方面



文件架构方面,以Frota为例,为典型的文件架构,其中, HudSRC是ASH47为他的BP专门使用插件制作的FLASH资源, 对此我们暂时先不做研究(好吧,我是不会说我根本不会玩 Falsh和AS这种事的。)

其他文件夹, maps文件夹中包含DOTA2所需的BSP地图文件 和地图的GNV文件,地图的制作使用的是官方的Hammer Editor,对于HE,本人了解甚浅,大家可以研究研究官方关 于DOTA2的HE配置教程:

也可以咨询群中的HE大神:

materials文件夹,其中,overview为必须,定义的是DOTA2 地图中的小地图文件,对于如何制作小地图,参考这篇文 章:

制作小地图的工具, 也可以在那篇文章中下载。 此外,在material文件夹中,也可以定义诸如 maps/mapname.txt的文件夹,用以定义地图一些属性,诸 如: 地图中的战争迷雾, 水流的相关信息等等。

resource文件夹,此文件夹中放置的是: 1,语言文件,自定 义图标(resource/flash3/images/spellicons),等等。

scripts为MOD中的核心,对于他的说明,我将在下面继续。

此外,MOD对于文件架构的使用可谓是非常自由,全局的文 件架构,可以参考解压之后的DOTA2ROOT,在我的理解 中,只要放到同样位置的文件,无论是模型,音效,还是英 雄图标, 粒子特效, 都可以不加声明, 直接引用, 而无需做 导入等等繁琐工作。

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而说到文件架构,则必须提到目前DOTA2的一个问题,目前的DOTA2,对于addons文件夹中的mod,只能够载入第一 个mod,因此,在V社修复此问题之前,请保证你正在操作的mod文件夹,在addons文件夹中,名列第一。

第二、核心进程

接下来将会以Frota和frostivus为例,说说整个custom map的核心,scripts文件夹中的文件,并以此引申。 首先,让我们先关注: scripts/vscripts文件夹中的addon init,从文件名中就可以看出,一个程序最先导入的应该就是 本文件,在Frotra中:

```
function Dynamic_Wrap( mt, name )
   if Convars:GetFloat('developer') == 1 then
        local function w(...) return mt[name](...) end
               return w
        else
               return mt[name]
        end
end
```

-- Server side setting of a preset game mode Convars:RegisterConvar('frota_mode_preset', nil, 'Set to the game mode you want to start exclusively.', FCVAR PROTECTED)

Convars: Register Convar ('frota ban modes', nil, 'Set to modes banned on this server', FCVAR PROTECTED)

-- Load Frota

```
require('json')
require('util')
require('frota')
require('gamemodes')
                            -- Json Library
                            -- Utilitiy functions
                            -- Main frota framework
                            -- Gamemode framework and small gamemodes/addons
-- Include gamemodes
require ('gamemodes/tinywars')
require('gamemodes/rvs')
require ('gamemodes/Ivs')
require ('gamemodes/warlocks')
require ('gamemodes/invokerwars')
require ('gamemodes/puckwars')
require ('gamemodes/sunstrikewars')
require ('gamemodes/kaolinwars')
require ('gamemodes/kunkkawars')
-- Include addons
require ('gamemodes/fatometer')
print("\n\nDone Loading!\n\n")
在Frota的addoninit中,初始化了关于游戏模式的变量,并载入了其他lua的内容。
在Frotsivus中也是一样,引入了frostivus和AI:
 - This chunk of code forces the reloading of all modules when we reload script.
if g reloadState == nil then
      g_reloadState = {}
      for k, v in pairs (package. loaded) do
            g_reloadState[k] = v
else
      for k, v in pairs( package.loaded ) do
    if g_reloadState[k] == nil then
                  package.loaded[k] = nil
      end
end
-- A function to re-lookup a function by name every time.
function Dynamic_Wrap(mt, name)
if Convars:GetFloat('developer') == 1 then
            local function w(...) return mt[name](...) end
            return w
      else
            return mt[name]
      end
end
-- Going to store off some info when we precache units
UnitPrecacheData = {}
function PrecacheFrostivusUnit( name )
      if not UnitPrecacheData[name] then
            local unit = CreateUnitByName( name, Vec3(0,0,0), true, nil, nil, DOTA_TEAM_BADGUYS)
            if unit then
                  UnitPrecacheData[name] = { xp = unit:GetDeathXP() }
                  UTIL RemoveImmediate( unit )
            end
      end
end
require( "frostivus" )
require( "frostivus_logging" )
require( "ai_core" )
一个RPG的运行,就是由addon init开始的。
之后便是整个RPG的核心关键,Frota.lua和frostivus.lua
这两个文件中,注册了整个自定义模式的全体流程,几乎所有的命令和函数。
如果要以WE类比的话,这个就是WE中的触发器。
```

在Frota.lua中,定义了使用到的所有常量变量,游戏进程中,所有模式都需要用到的诸如applybuild这样的函数:找到

```
玩家的ID,如果玩家的ID有效,技能组合有效的话,那么就移除当前英雄的所有技能,添加上要添加的技能。
function FrotaGameMode: ApplyBuild (hero, build)
    - Grab plaverID
   local playerID = hero:GetPlayerID()
   if not self:IsValidPlayerID(playerID) then
       return
   end
   -- Make sure the build was parsed
   build = build or self. selectedBuilds[playerID]. skills
   -- Remove all the skills from our hero
   self:RemoveAllSkills(hero)
   -- Give all the abilities in this build
   for k, v in ipairs (build) do
        Add to build
       hero:AddAbility(v)
       self.currentSkillList[hero][k] = v
End
这个东西有什么用? 除了做OMG以外,这个东西的意义就在于,我们可以完全不使用Hero custom,单纯使用
applybuild,就可以把我们的自定义技能赋给任何英雄。而Frota就是这么干的。
此外,再举个例子,如果有玩过GW2的玩家,或者看过视频的,那么应该对他的1技能三段砍有印象,或者剑灵中也
有一些类似的设置。
使用这类函数,就可以模拟出他们的操作,使用一个技能,监听到,改变那个技能,三段之后,回复初始技能。
还有改变玩家当前英雄: changeHero函数
function FrotaGameMode:ChangeHero(hero, newHeroName)
   local playerID = hero:GetPlayerID()-- 找到玩家ID
   local ply = Players:GetPlayer(playerID)--赋给PLY本地变量
   if ply then
        - Grab info
       local exp = hero:GetCurrentXP()--记住当前经验值
       local gold = hero:GetGold()--记住当前金钱
       local slots = {}
       for i=0, 11 do
          local item = hero:GetItemInSlot(i)
          if item then
               - Workout purchaser
              local purchaser = −1
              if item:GetPurchaser() ~= hero then
                 purchaser = item:GetPurchaser()
              end
              -- Store the item
              slots[i] = {
                 purchaser = purchaser,
                 purchaseTime = item:GetPurchaseTime(),
                 currentCharges = item:GetCurrentCharges()
                 StacksWithOtherOwners = item:StacksWithOtherOwners(),
                 sort = item:GetAbilityName()
              -- Remove the item
              item:Remove()--记住所有物品
          end
       end
       -- Replace the hero
       local newHero = ply:ReplaceHeroWith(newHeroName, gold, exp)
       self:SetActiveHero(newHero)--置换英雄并设为活动
       -- Validate new hero
       if newHero then
          local blockers = {}
          -- Give items
          for i=0, 11 do
```

```
local item = slots[i]
               if item then
                   local p = (item. purchaser == -1 and newHero) or item. purchaser
                   local it = CreateItem(item.sort, p, p)
                   it:SetPurchaseTime(item.purchaseTime)
                   it:SetCurrentCharges(item.currentCharges)
                   it:SetStacksWithOtherOwners(item. StacksWithOtherOwners)
                   newHero:AddItem(it)
               else
                   local it = CreateItem('item blink', newHero, newHero)
                   newHero:AddItem(it)
                   table.insert(blockers, it)--转移所有物品
               end
           end
           -- Remove blocks
           for k, v in pairs (blockers) do
                - Remove this blocker
               v:Remove()
           end
           -- Return their new hero
           return newHero
       end
   end
End
而在frostivus.lua中,非常具有参考价值的则是关于刷兵的程序编写:
function FrostivusGameMode: spawnWave( unitData )
     if unitData.nUnitsSpawnedThisRound == 0 then
         print( "Started spawning " .. unitData.pszLabel )
     end
     --根据传递过来的unitdata, 找到本次unit的SPAWNER的位置。
     local spawner = Entities:FindByName(nil, unitData.pszSpawnerName)
     --下面这是一条测试指令,如果说,刷怪点设置有误,就会显示错误信息
     if not spawner then
         Msg("Failed to find spawner named \'" .. unitData.pszSpawnerName .. "\' for \'" .. unitData.pszNPCClassName .. "\' \n")
         return
     end
     for iUnit= 1, unitData.nUnitsPerSpawn do
          --判断是不是要刷一个精英怪 bIsChampion
         local blsChampion = RollPercentage (unitData.nChampionChance)
         -- You can define a different NPC to spawn when a champion spawns, otherwise it will use an
         upgraded version of the same class
         --定义要刷怪的NPC的名字, pszNPCtoSpawn
         local pszNPCtoSpawn = unitData.pszNPCClassName
         if blsChampion and unitData.pszChampionNPCClassName ~= "" then
              pszNPCtoSpawn = unitData.pszChampionNPCClassName
         end
          --定义刷怪点 vSpawnLocation
         local vSpawnLocation = spawner:GetOrigin()
         if not unitData.bDontOffsetSpawn then
              vSpawnLocation = vSpawnLocation + RandomVector(200) --加一个200范围的刷怪范围,避免
              卡怪。
         end
         一刷怪! 刷怪的命令,是DOTA2的API CreateUnitByName(要刷怪的NPC的名字,刷怪的地点,寻找空
         地,阵营(DOTA2里面三个阵营 DOTA TEAM GOODGUYS/BADGUYS/NEUTRAL))
          --hscript CreateUnitByName( string name, vector origin, bool findOpenSpot, hscript, hscript,
         int team)
          --多参考https://developer.valvesoftware.com/wiki/List_of_Dota_2_Script_Functions上面关于
         DOTA2 API的内容
         local unit = CreateUnitByName(pszNPCtoSpawn, vSpawnLocation, true, nil, nil,
```

```
DOTA TEAM BADGUYS )
         if unit then
              if unit:IsCreature() then
                   if bIsChampion then
                        --刷个BOSS
                       unit:CreatureLevelUp( ( unitData.nChampionLevel - 1 ) ) -- Difficulty is
                       handled in the OnNPCSpawn callback
                       unit:SetChampion(true)
                       local nParticle = ParticleManager:CreateParticle( "heavens_halberd",
                       PATTACH ABSORIGIN FOLLOW, pCreature )
                       ParticleManager:ReleaseParticleIndex(nParticle)
                       unit:SetModelScale(1.1, 0)
                       unitData.nChampionMax = unitData.nChampionMax - 1
                       if unitData.nChampionMax <= 0 then
                            unitData.nChampionChance = 0
                       end
                   elseif unitData.nCreatureLevel > 0 then
                       unit:CreatureLevelUp( (unitData.nCreatureLevel - 1 ) ) -- Difficulty is
                       handled in the OnNPCSpawn callback
                   end
                   if unitData.bFaceSouth then
                       unit:SetForwardVector(Vec3(0, -1, 0))
                   if unitData.bBonusRound and unitData.flBonusTime > 0.0 then
                       unit:AddNewModifier(unit, nil, "modifier kill", { duration =
                       unitData.flBonusTime } )
                   self.nGoldFromRound = self.nGoldFromRound + unit:GetGoldBounty()
                   self.nXPFromRound = self.nXPFromRound + unit:GetDeathXP()
              end
              if not unitData.bDontGiveGoal then
                   unit:SetInitialGoalEntity(Entities:FindByName(nil, unitData.pszWaypointName))
              end
              unitData.nUnitsSpawnedThisRound = unitData.nUnitsSpawnedThisRound + 1
              unitData.nUnitsCurrentlyAlive = unitData.nUnitsCurrentlyAlive + 1
              for iEnemyData=1, #self.vEnemiesRemaining do
                   local enemyDataTable = self.vEnemiesRemaining[iEnemyData]
                   if enemyDataTable.hEnemy == unit then
                       enemyDataTable.bCoreRoundEnemy = true
                       enemyDataTable.unitData = unitData
                       -- this is a core enemy, so XP is ok
                       unit:SetDeathXP( enemyDataTable.nDesiredXP )
                   end
              end
         end
          - We spawned as many units as need to, this round of spawning is over.
         if unitData.nUnitsSpawnedThisRound >= unitData.nTotalUnitsToSpawnForRound then
              return
         end
end
当然,frostivus的这个刷兵做得比一般刷兵要复杂一些,因为他的刷兵还要在其中随机刷出一个小BOSS什么的。
而如果要说有什么比刷兵过程更具有参考价值的话,那就是,frostivus.lua是如何一步一步调用到最后的刷兵过程的,
他之前的判断条件是什么?何时刷兵?何时不刷兵?每次刷多少又是如何控制的?
大家可以以函数名一步一步向上搜索。
此外在lua的编写过程中,对于函数的定义是相当自由的。大家可以现在lua里面写一些内容,后来发现不够用了,再
```

到后面再加一些内容,是没问题的。

第三、技能英雄物品编辑器 DOTA MOD中关于技能物品编辑器的设定,全在scripts/npc中。

```
1 herolist.txt
在herolist中,定义的是要在自定义地图中显示的英雄,例如frostivus:
  <key>
           <value>
// Hero
                   currently on/off, will be # of instances (-1 = infinite)
"CustomHeroList"
     "npc_dota_hero_axe"
     "npc_dota_hero_windrunner"
     "npc dota_hero_omniknight"
                                             // Shadow Fiend
     "npc_dota_hero_nevermore"
     "npc_dota_hero_shadow_shaman"
"npc_dota_hero_juggernaut"
     "npc_dota_hero_crystal_maiden"
     "npc dota_hero_drow_ranger"
     "npc_dota_hero_venomancer"
     "npc_dota_hero_sven"
"npc_dota_hero_jakiro"
     "npc_dota_hero_magnataur"
     "npc_dota_hero_legion_commander"
     "npc_dota_hero_lina"
"npc_dota_hero_puck"
"npc_dota_hero_tidehunter"
     "npc dota hero sand king"
     "npc dota hero kunkka"
                                              "0"
     "npc_dota_hero_elder_titan"
"npc_dota_hero_storm_spirit"
"npc_dota_hero_queenofpain"
"npc_dota_hero_witch_doctor"
     "npc dota hero templar assassin"
要注意,在herolist.txt中,即使你在npc_hero_custom中定义了例如npc_dota_hero_templar_assassin_holdout来override
原本的圣堂刺客,但是,在HeroList中,你依然要使用圣堂刺客的原名,否则不会正确显示。
此文件若放空,则在英雄选择界面,不会有任何英雄显示出来,当然,英雄选择不是必须,例如frota中就覆盖了英雄
选择的过程,直接赋予玩家一个axe,这是后话。
2, npc abilities custom
这个文件夹中,定义的是所有在mod中要使用的技能,包括英雄的,普通单位的。
而对于技能,下面举几个例子;
"lesser_nightcrawler_pounce"
          // General
          "AbilityName"
                                                   "lesser nightcrawler pounce"
                                                   "DOTA_ABILITY_BEHAVIOR_NO_TARGET"
          "AbilityBehavior"
          "AbilityUnitDamageType"
                                                   "DAMAGE TYPE MAGICAL"
                                           "slark_pounce"
          "AbilityTextureName"
          // Time
          //-----
          "AbilityCooldown"
                                                  "4.0"
          // Cost
                                                   "O"
          "AbilityManaCost"
          // Special
          //-----
          "AbilitySpecial"
               "01"
                    "var_type"
                                                      "FIELD INTEGER"
```

"pounce_distance"

"700"

```
}
           "02"
           {
                "var_type"
                                                      "FIELD_FLOAT"
                                              "933.33"
                "pounce_speed"
           }
           "03"
           {
                "var_type"
                                                      "FIELD_FLOAT"
                "pounce_acceleration" "7000.0"
           }
           "04"
           {
                "var type"
                                                      "FIELD INTEGER"
                "pounce_radius"
                                              "95"
           }
           "05"
           {
                 "var_type"
                                                      "FIELD_INTEGER"
                "pounce_damage"
                                                      "35 50 65 80"
           }
           "06"
           {
                 "var_type"
                                                      "FIELD_FLOAT"
                                              "3.5"
                "leash_duration"
           }
           "07"
           {
                                                      "FIELD_INTEGER"
                 "var_type"
                                              "325"
                "leash_radius"
           }
     }
}
其中,最重要的内容是: BaseClass的内容,也就是定义这个技能的父类。
之后,对比下他的父亲:小鱼人的跳:
"slark_pounce"
             / General
           "ID"
                                                               "5495"
                                                                              // unique ID number for
           this ability. Do not change this once established or it will invalidate collected
           stats.
                                                        "DOTA_ABILITY_BEHAVIOR_NO_TARGET"
"DAMAGE_TYPE_MAGICAL"
           "AbilityBehavior"
           "AbilityUnitDamageType"
           // Time
                                                        "20. 0 16. 0 12. 0 8. 0"
           "AbilityCooldown"
           // Cost
           "AbilityManaCost"
                                                        "75 75 75 75"
           // Special //----
           "AbilitySpecial"
                "01"
                      "var_type"
                                                            "FIELD_INTEGER"
                                                    "700"
                      "pounce_distance"
```

```
"02"
     "var type"
                                         "FIELD FLOAT"
     "pounce speed"
                                         "933. 33"
″03″
                                  "FIELD_FLOAT"
     "var_type"
     "pounce acceleration"
"04"
                                         "FIELD_INTEGER"
"95"
     "var_type"
     "pounce radius"
″05″
     "var type"
                                         "FIELD INTEGER"
                                         "70 140 210 280"
     "pounce damage"
″06″
     "var type"
                                         "FIELD FLOAT"
                                  "3.5"
     "leash_duration"
″07″
     "var_type"
                                         "FIELD INTEGER"
     "leash radius"
```

应该就可以看出对于自定义技能的最基本应用:改变数值。

第二个例子,来自cyborgmatt创作的invoer_meat_ball。

```
// Invoker Wars: Meat Ball
==========
"invoker wars chaos meteor"
     // General
     //-----
     "AbilityBehavior"
                                              "DOTA_ABILITY_BEHAVIOR_POINT |
     DOTA_ABILITY_BEHAVIOR_IGNORE_BACKSWING"
                                               "DAMAGE_TYPE_MAGICAL"
     "AbilityUnitDamageType"
     "BaseClass"
                                                      "invoker_chaos_meteor"
                                        "invoker_wars_chaos_meteor"
     "AbilityTextureName"
     // Stats
                                               "600"
     "AbilityCastRange"
                                               "O"
     "AbilityCastPoint"
                                               "30"
     "AbilityCooldown"
     "AbilityManaCost"
     // Stats
     "AbilityModifierSupportValue" "0.0" // Mainly about damage
     // Special
     //-----
     "AbilitySpecial"
```

```
"01"
                                                                      "FIELD FLOAT"
                          "var type"
                          "land_time"
                                                                      "1.3"
                   }
                   "02"
                   {
                          "var_type"
                                                                      "FIELD_INTEGER"
                                                             "465 615 780 930"
                          "travel_distance"
                   }
                   "03"
                   {
                          "var_type"
                                                                      "FIELD_INTEGER"
                                                              "150"
                          "travel_speed"
                   }
                   "04"
                   {
                          "var_type"
                                                                      "FIELD_INTEGER"
                          "area_of_effect"
                                                     "250"
                   }
                   "05"
                   {
                          "var_type"
                                                                      "FIELD_FLOAT"
                                                             "0.5"
                          "damage_interval"
                   }
                   "06"
                   {
                          "var_type"
                                                                      "FIELD_INTEGER"
                          "vision_distance"
                                                              "500"
                   }
                   "07"
                   {
                          "var_type"
                                                                      "FIELD_FLOAT"
                          "end_vision_duration"
                                                    "3.0"
                   }
                   "08"
                   {
                          "var_type"
                                                                      "FIELD_FLOAT"
                          "main_damage"
                                                              "50 70 90 110"
                   }
                   "09"
                   {
                          "var type"
                                                                      "FIELD FLOAT"
                          "burn_duration"
                                                             "2.0"
                   }
                   "10"
                   {
                                                                      "FIELD_FLOAT"
                          "var_type"
                          "burn_dps"
                                                                      "5 10 15 20"
                   }
            }
      }
对比卡尔的原版技能:
"invoker_chaos_meteor"
             // General
             "ID"
                                                                           "5385"
                                                                                    // unique ID number for this ability.
            Do not change this once established or it will invalidate collected stats. "AbilityBehavior" "DOTA_ABILITY_BEHAVIOR_POINT |
DOTA_ABILITY_BEHAVIOR_HIDDEN | DOTA_ABILITY_BEHAVIOR_NOT_LEARNABLE |
             DOTA_ABILITY_BEHAVIOR_IGNORE_BACKSWING
```

```
"1"
"MaxLevel"
"HotKeyOverride"
                                                       "D"
"AbilityUnitDamageType"
                                                       "DAMAGE_TYPE_MAGICAL"
// Stats
"AbilityCastRange"
"AbilityCastPoint"
"AbilityCooldown"
                                                       "700"
"0"
"55"
"AbilityManaCost"
                                                       "200"
// Stats
"AbilityModifierSupportValue"
                                             "0.0" // Mainly about damage
// Special //----
"AbilitySpecial"
       "01"
              "var_type"
                                                           "FIELD FLOAT"
                                                           "1.3"
             "land time"
      }
"02"
              "var_type"
                                                           "FIELD INTEGER"
             "travel_distance"
"levelkey"
                                                  "465 615 780 930 1095 1245 1410"
                                                            wexlevel´
      }
"03"
                                                           "FIELD_INTEGER"
"300"
              "var_type"
              "travel_speed"
      }
"04"
             "var_type"
"area_of_effect"
                                                            "FIELD INTEGER"
                                                  "275"
      }
"05"
             "var_type"
"damage_interval"
                                                            "FIELD FLOAT"
                                                  "0.5"
      "06"
             "var_type"
"vision_distance"
                                                            "FIELD_INTEGER"
                                                  "500"
      }
"07"
             "var_type"
"end_vision_duration"
                                                            "FIELD_FLOAT"
                                                  "3.0"
      }
"08"
                                                  "FIELD_FLOAT"
"57.5 75 92.5 110 127.5 145 162.5"
"exortlevel"
             "var_type"
"main_damage"
"levelkey"
      }
"09"
              "var_type"
                                                           "FIELD_FLOAT"
                                                           "3.0"
             "burn_duration"
      }
"10"
             "var_type"
"burn_dps"
"levelkey"
                                                           "FIELD_FLOAT"
                                                           "11.5 15 18.5 22 25.5 29 32.5"
"exortlevel"
```

```
对于这个技能,应该主要关注以下几点:
1、如何自定义一个英雄图标?
2、如何使用另一个技能的等级来决定本技能的等级?
3、关于DOTA ABILITY BEHAVIOR HIDDEN的应用。
再之后,则是一个完完全全彻头彻尾的自定义技能的例子:
    // Ability: Summon Undead
     'creature summon undead"
        // General
        "BaseClass"
                                                "ability datadriven"
        //使用一个空技能作为技能类
         "AbilityBehavior"
                                           "DOTA ABILITY BEHAVIOR NO TARGET
        DOTA ABILITY BEHAVIOR CHANNELLED | DOTA ABILITY BEHAVIOR DONT RESUME ATTACK'
        //定义技能类型
         "AbilityTextureName"
                                           "undying soul rip"
        //自定义技能图标//这里的图标调用的是官方图标//上面卡尔调用的是自定义图标,他们都是不需要经过
        声明,就可以直接使用的。
        "precache"
             "particlefile"
                                               "particles/generic age persistent circle
             1. pcf'
             'particlefile"
                   particles/econ/generic/generic_aoe_explosion_sphere_1.pcf"
             "soundfile"
                   scripts/game sounds/ability summon undead.txt"
        //定义预载入的粒子特效,音效
        // Casting
                                           "0"
         "AbilityCastRange
                                           "Õ"
        "AbilityCastPoint"
                                     "AbilityChannelTime"
        "AbilityCastAnimation"
        //定义技能属性,技能动画
        // Time
        "AbilityCooldown"
                                           "10.0 10.0 10.0 10.0"
        //定义冷却时间
        // Cost
        "AbilityManaCost"
                                           "100 100 100 100"
        //定义技能的蓝耗
        "OnSpellStart"
             ApplyModifier"
                 "Target"
                                              "CASTER"
                 "ModifierName"
                                              "channel started"//这个channel started的
                 modifier,在下面有定义,具体应用可以理解为,如何在一个释放技能的单位上,绑上特定的
                 粒子特效。
             "FireSound"
```

```
"EffectName"
                                            "Ability. SummonUndead"
            "Target"
                                                     'CASTER"
"OnChannelSucceeded"
       SpawnUnit"
            -- 当技能释放成功, 便召唤单位:
            "UnitName"
                                            "npc_dota_creature_berserk_zombie"
"%number_of_zombies"
           "UnitCount"
            "UnitLimit"
            "SpawnRadius"
"Target"
                                    "175"
                                            "CASTER"
            "OnSpawn"
                  "AttachEffect"
                                                "generic_aoe_explosion_sphere_1"
"follow_origin"
"TARGET"
                        "EffectName"
                        "EffectAttachType"
"Target"
                        "ControlPoints"
                              "00"
                                              "0 0 0"
                              "01"
"02"
"03"
                                               "50 100 0"
                                              "4 10 .5"
                                              "20 200 0"
                              "04"
"05"
                                              "0 0 0"
"0 0 0"
                  "FireSound"
                                                "Ability.SummonUndeadSuccess"
"CASTER"
                        "EffectName"
                        "Target"
"OnChannelFinish"
      "RemoveModifier"
            "Target"
                                                    "CASTER"
            "ModifierName"
                                                     "channel started"
// Modifiers
"Modifiers"
      "channel_started"
            "OnCreated"
           //在创造这个Modifier的时候,创造一个粒子特效,绑定到Caster的Follow_origin上
                  "AttachEffect"
                                                "generic_aoe_persist_summon_1"
"follow_origin"
"CASTER"
                        "EffectName"
                        "EffectAttachType"
                        "Target"
       summoned units"
```

```
"AttachEffect"
                       "EffectName"
                                         "leshrac_split_earth"
                                         "follow_origin"
"TARGET"
                       "EffectAttachType"
                       "Target"
                       "ControlPoints"
                                        "0 0 0"
                           "00"
                           "01"
                                       "200 0 0"
                           "02"
                                       "0 0 0"
             }
         // Special
         "AbilitySpecial"
             "01"
                                                 "FIELD INTEGER"
                  "var type"
                                           "8"
                  "number_of_zombies"
3, 关于自定义物品npc items custom
    第一个例子来自frostivus的大净化: greater clarity
    // Greater Clarity
    "item greater clarity"
         // General
         //-----
                                                    "1004"
         "ID"
         //首先,关于ID,每个物品从目前对于items custom的研究来说,他的ID并非必须,那究竟哪些地方是需要
         ID的,哪些地方是不需要ID的,还需要进行归类研究,找出他们的本质区别。
                                             "DOTA ABILITY BEHAVIOR UNIT TARGET |
         "AbilityBehavior"
         DOTA_ABILITY_BEHAVIOR_IMMEDIATE | DOTA_ABILITY_BEHAVIOR_DONT_RESUME_ATTACK"
         //AbilityBehavior方面,这个与英雄技能方面并无二致
         "AbilityUnitTargetTeam"
                                        "DOTA UNIT TARGET TEAM FRIENDLY"
         "AbilityUnitTargetType"
                                       "DOTA_UNIT_TARGET_HERO"
         //定义只能对友方英雄使用, 当然, 这个字段对于英雄技能, 同样有效。
                                                          "models/props_gameplay/salve_blue.mdl"
         //这个Model定义的是物品被丢到地上之后的模型,这个模型可以是自定义模型,也可以是官方模型,使
         用方法是一样的。
         "BaseClass"
                                                    "item datadriven"
         //基础类,和上面的Summon Undead一样,使用的是item类的空技能。
         "AbilityTextureName"
                                        "item_greater_clarity"
         //定义物品图标
         "ItemKillable"
         //定义物品能否被丢地上A掉~在WE里面一般是用给物品加一个非常高的血量实现的。
         // Stats
         "AbilityCastRange"
                                              "100"
                                              "0.0"
         "AbilityCastPoint"
         // Item Info
         //-----
         "ItemCost"
                                                    "90"
```

```
"ItemShopTags"
                                     "consumable"
"ItemQuality"
                                     "consumable"
"ItemStackable"
"ItemShareability"
                                     "ITEM_FULLY_SHAREABLE_STACKING"
"ItemPermanent"
                               "1"
"ItemInitialCharges"
                                           "1"
"SideShop"
//这是在物品上独有的,物品花费,归属类型,能否村粗,能否共享,能否在边路商店购买,等等。
//对于一个单纯完全自定义的技能,则需要完全定义他的所有属性,否则,如同上面的英雄技能一样,对
于和父类一样的属性,不用重复定义,能够完全继承。
"OnSpellStart"
{
    "ApplyModifier"
         "Target" "CURSOR_TARGET"
         "ModifierName" "modifier_item_greater_clarity"
         //和英雄技能一样,以ApplyModifier的方式,赋予持续类技能效果,具体Modifier,查看
         Modifiers中的定义:
    }
    "FireSound"
    {
         "Target" "UNIT"
         "EffectName" "DOTA Item.ClarityPotion.Activate"
    "SpendCharge"
    {}
}
"Modifiers"
    "modifier_item_greater_clarity"
         "TextureName" "item_greater_clarity"
         //这是状态栏图标
         "EffectName" "healing_clarity"
         //这是状态的动画
         "EffectAttachType" "follow_origin"
         //动画绑定点
         "Duration" "%buff duration"
         //持续时间
         "Properties"
         {
              "MODIFIER PROPERTY MANA REGEN CONSTANT" "%mana per tick"
              //MODIFIER PROPERTY MANA REGEN CONSTANT,请到V社官方网站查看MODIFIER大全,
              或者,对于你想使用的技能属性,也可以参考类似的技能来编写。
         "OnTakeDamage"
         {
              "RemoveModifier"
                  "Target" "UNIT"
                  "ModifierName" "modifier_item_greater_clarity"
         }//定义受到攻击伤害之后移除回复Modifier
    }
}
// Special
"AbilitySpecial"
```

```
{
         "01"
         {
              "var type"
                                             "FIELD_INTEGER"
              "buff_duration"
                                       "10"
         "02"
         {
              "var_type"
                                              "FIELD_INTEGER"
                                       "150"
              "total mana"
              //这个Total_mana,在技能中并没有使用过,也一样可以写出来,方便以后的修改参考。
         }
         "03"
         {
                                             "FIELD INTEGER"
              "var_type"
                                             "15" // %total_mana / %buff_duration
              "mana_per_tick"
    //定义了在Modifier中使用的变量数值。归出来定义,可以方便修改。
}
接下来让我们介绍一下DOTA2中关于物品合成:
    // Recipe: Arcane Boots
     item recipe arcane boots2"
         "BaseClass"
                                                      "item recipe arcane boots"
         // Item Info
                                                      "0"
          "ItemCost"
         "ItemShopTags"
         // Recipe
         "ItemRecipe"
         "ItemResult"
                                               "item_arcane_boots2"
          'ItemRequirements"
              "01"
                                                    "item_energy_booster;item_arcane_boots"
    //如果玩过frostivus的话,应该就会知道,大秘法鞋,是由一个秘法鞋+一个蓝球合成的,为何又来一个
    //那就要涉及到DOTA2的物品合成系统了,我们来看一个真正需要卷轴合成的物品,夜叉:
         // Recipe: Yasha
"item_recipe_yasha"
              // General
              "ID"
                                                          "169"
                                                                       // unique ID number
              for this item. Do not change this once established or it will invalidate
              collected stats.
              // Item Info
              "ItemCost"
                                                          "600"
              "ItemShopTags"
              // Recipe
```

```
ItemRecipe"
              "ItemResult"
                                                   "item_yasha"
              "ItemRequirements"
                  "01"
                        "item blade of alacrity; item boots of elves"
通过对比,那么我想,非常容易就可以发现,他们的定义,在本质上,几乎是完全一样的。
唯一的区别就是,夜叉的卷轴有价格,大秘法鞋的卷轴价格是0而已。
也就是说,对于任何一个合成物品,在DOTA2中,都会需要定义他的合成卷轴,在合成卷轴中,定义他的所需材
料和最终成品。
4、自定义英雄和自定义单位。
把自定义英雄和自定义单位放到一起说,是因为除了几个关键的字段以外,他们两个可以算得上是毫无分别;
HeroCustom
// HERO: Zuus
"npc_dota_hero_zuus_holdout"
    "override_hero"
                             "npc_dota_hero_zuus"
    "Ability1"
                                   "holdout_arc_lightning"
                                   "holdout_lightning_bolt"
    "Ability2"
    "Ability3"
                                   "holdout_static_field"
    "Ability4"
                                   "zuus_thundergods_vengeance"
    //覆盖四个技能
    "VisionNighttimeRange"
                             "1800"
    //覆盖夜间视野范围
}
而其他的方面,英雄模型什么的,则完全继承他所覆盖的npc_dota_zuus,无需再做定义。
而即使是比较复杂的,定义那个可以分裂的石头人,其实也一样简单
         // Splitter A
         //=======
          'npc_dota_splitter_a'
              // General
             //
"BaseClass"
                                                   "npc dota creature" // Class of entity
             of link to.
              "Model
                    \verb|"models/creeps/neutral_creeps/n_creep_golem_b/n_creep_golem_b. mdl|"
             Model.
                                            "1.2"
              "ModelScale"
             "Level"
                                                         "1"
                                            "0"
              "CanBeDominated"
              // Abilities
             //----
"Ability1"
                                                   "creature split a"
             Ability 1.
    之后是他的分裂技能:
          'creature split a"
              // General
                                                   "ability_datadriven"
"DOTA_ABILITY_BEHAVIOR_PASSIVE"
              'BaseClass"
              'AbilityBehavior"
              "AbilityTextureName"
                                             dark_seer_wall_of_replica′
              "precache"
                  "particlefile"
                                                       "particles/creature splitter.pcf"
```

```
"soundfile"
                                scripts/game sounds/ability split.txt"
               这个技能中的核心是:
               "OnOwnerDied"//当技能所有者死亡之后触发
                         "FireEffect"
                              "Target"
                                                                "CASTER"
                              "EffectName"
                                                         "splitter_a"
                              "EffectAttachType"
                                                         "follow_origin"
                         "FireSound"
                                                         "Ability. SplitA"
                              "EffectName"
                              "Target"
                                                                 'CASTER"
                         "SpawnUnit"//产生三个新的单位
                                                                "npc_dota_splitter_b"
"3"
                              "UnitName"
                              "UnitCount"
                              "SpawnRadius"
"Target"
                                                         "50"
                                                                "CASTER"
                              "GrantsGold"
                                                         "1"
                              "GrantsXP
                              "OnSpawn"
                                   "Knockback"//在新单位诞生的时候,Knockback
                                        "Target"
"Center"
                                                             "TARGET"
                                                            "CASTER"
                                                            "0.75"
"275"
                                        "Duration"
                                        "Distance'
                                                            "200"
                                        "Height'
                              }
                        }
                   }
          继续回到unit定义他的分裂之后的单位:
          "npc_dota_splitter_b"
                    // General
                    "BaseClass"
                                                            "npc_dota_creature" // Class of entity
                    of link to.
                    "Model'
                          \verb|"models/creeps/neutral_creeps/n_creep_golem_b/n_creep_golem_b.mdl|"
                                                      "0.7"
                    "ModelScale"
                    "Level"
                    改变也很简单,无非是将ModelScale从1.2改为0.7,之后再在下面修正了下他们的攻击力等等
                    数值而已。
此外,关于自定义音效:
依然举例:
在abitlities_custom中,关于summon_undead有这么一个定义:
                                        "scripts/game_sounds/ability_summon_undead.txt"
那么,这个ability_summon_undead.txt,就存放在scripts/game_sounds文件夹中,全文如下:
"Ability.SummonUndead"
                         "CHAN_WEAPON"
"1"
     "channel"
     volume'
    "soundlevel"
                         "SNDLVL_90dB"
"95, 105"
    "pitch"
"wave"
                         ")weapons/hero/skeleton_king/mortal_strike_cast.wav"
```

```
"Ability. SummonUndeadSuccess"
      "channel"
                               "CHAN STATIC"
                               "1.0°
      "volume"
      "soundlevel"
                                        SNDLVL 81dB"
      "pitch"
                                        "90, 100'
       rndwave"
            "wave"
                             "weapons/hero/death_prophet/exorcism_impact01.wav"
                             "weapons/hero/death_prophet/exorcism_impact02.wav"
            "wave"
             "wave"
                              weapons/hero/death_prophet/exorcism_impact03.wav
                             "weapons/hero/death_prophet/exorcism_impact03.wav"
             "wave"
                             "weapons/hero/death_prophet/exorcism_impact05.wav"
            "wave"
            "wave"
                             "weapons/hero/death_prophet/exorcism_impact06.wav"
                             "weapons/hero/death_prophet/exorcism_impact07.wav"
"weapons/hero/death_prophet/exorcism_impact08.wav"
"weapons/hero/death_prophet/exorcism_impact09.wav"
"weapons/hero/death_prophet/exorcism_impact09.wav"
             "wave"
             'wave'
             wave"
            "wave"
                             "weapons/hero/death_prophet/exorcism_impact00.wav"
      注意rndwave的用法。
这是技能音效的用法。
而对于环境音效,则在scripts/soundscape_frostivus.txt中有定义,例如整个夜晚时不时响起一声狼叫:
"random.wolf.call"
      "playrandom"
            "volume"
                             ". 6, . 9"
            "pitch'
"time"
                                     "90, 100"
                             "17, 39"
             "position"
                             "random"
            "rndwave"
                  "wave" "ambient/soundscapes/diretide/diretide_wolf_01.wav" wave" "ambient/soundscapes/diretide/diretide_wolf_02.wav"
                  "wave" "ambient/soundscapes/diretide/diretide_wolf_03.wav"
                   wave" "ambient/soundscapes/diretide/diretide_wolf_04.wav"
注意,这里wave调用的,是官方文件ambient中的声音文件,而不是自定义的文件。
而如果是自定义的声音文件呢?
"random.disquiet"
       'playrandom"
             volume"
                              .3,.6"
                                     "90, 110"
            "pitch"
"time"
                             "16, 29"
            "position"
                             "random"
            "rndwave"
                  "wave" "ambient/disquiet01.wav"
"wave" "ambient/disquiet02.wav"
"wave" "ambient/disquiet03.wav"
也是一样直接调用。
```

OK,时间不早,就写这么多吧,粗浅之言,希望能够对大家有所帮助。

