

M □ ◐ ——— (S)

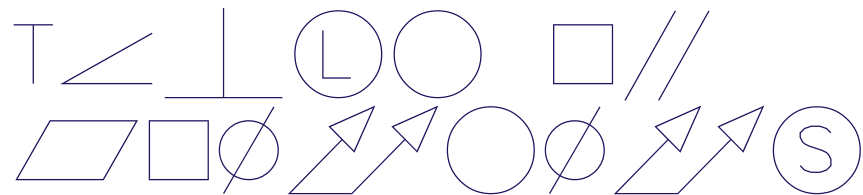
RTU // □ ⊙

A ⊙ ⊙ M

C □ ⊙ ⊘ ⊞ ⊙ ⊙ ⊙ (S)

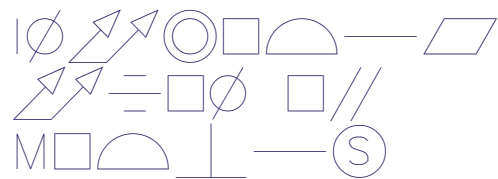
∠ ↗ ↗ ≡ □ ⊙ ⊘

B ≡ : Q ≡ ⊙ □ ⊘ ⊘

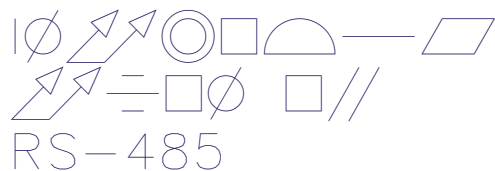


01

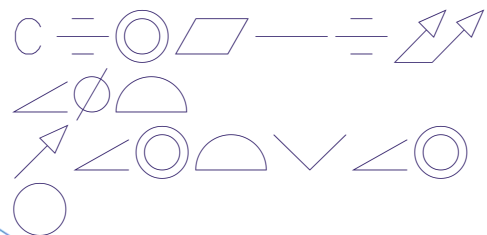
02



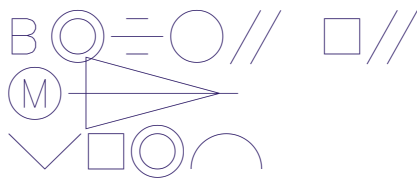
04



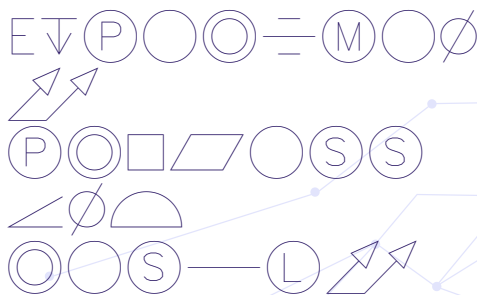
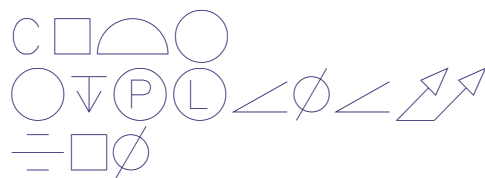
05



03



06

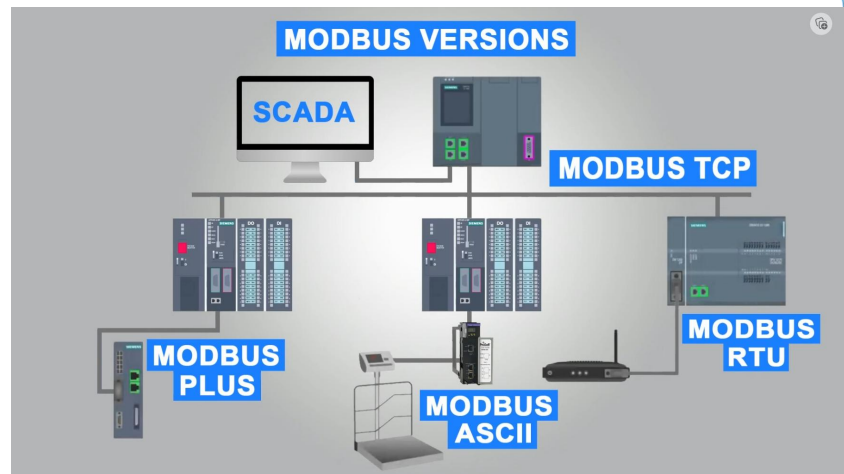


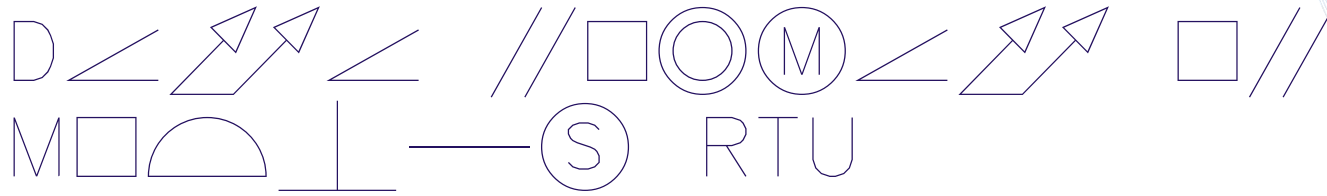


01



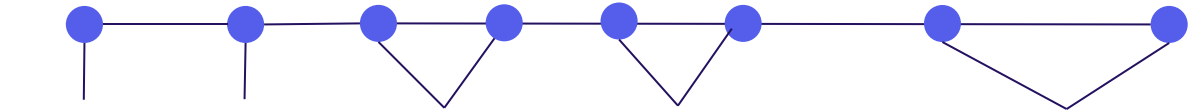
D —   — E    —   .





data

01 03 00 00 00 01 84 0A



Slave ID: 0 is master and slaves usually use 1-127, 128-247 for unusual condition

Function code: There are many different functions in RTU and 03 is for reading holding registers

Data: Recognize the start address and end address of register, for this example means read 40001 address of holding register only.

CRC code: To check if the received data is same with the sent data. CRC code is based on some function to compute and RTU has its own function

MODBUS COMMUNICATIONS



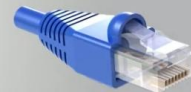
RS-232



RS-485



RS-422



ETHERNET

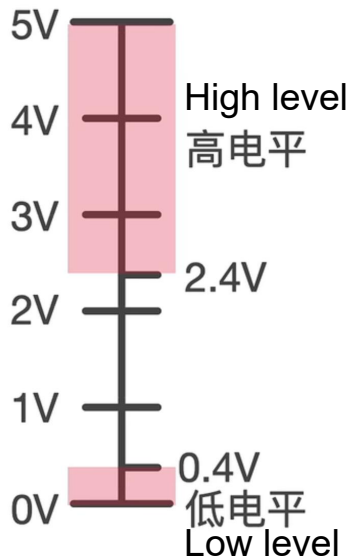
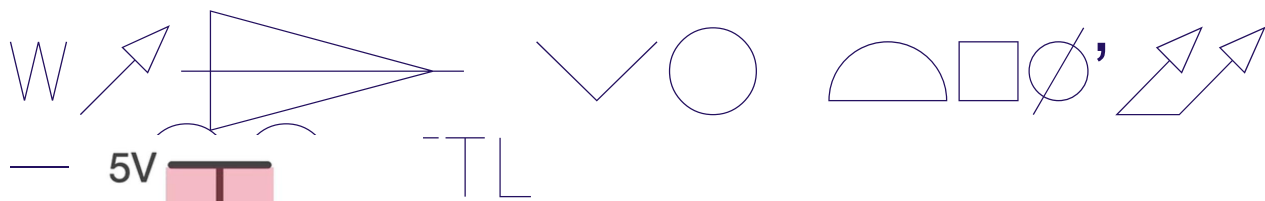




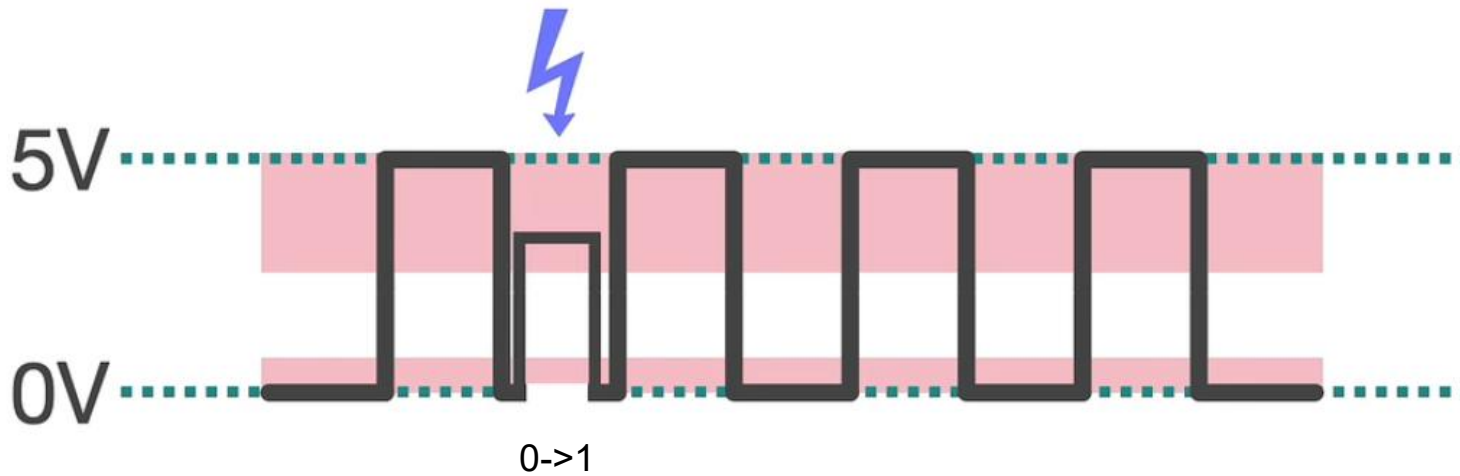
02



RS-485

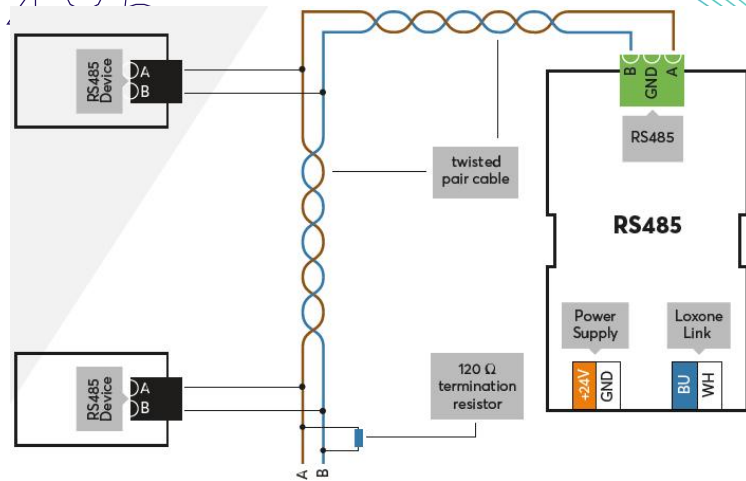


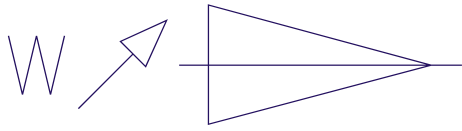
Very poor anti-interference ability



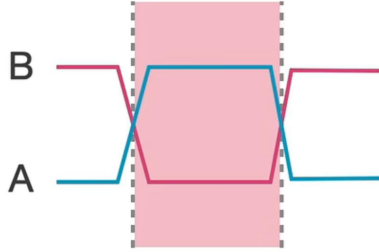
Very poor anti-interference ability

Transfer distance: less than 1 meter

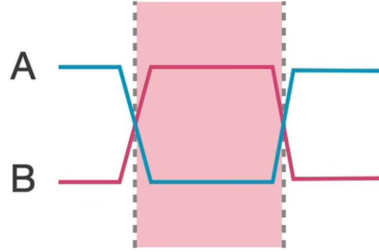




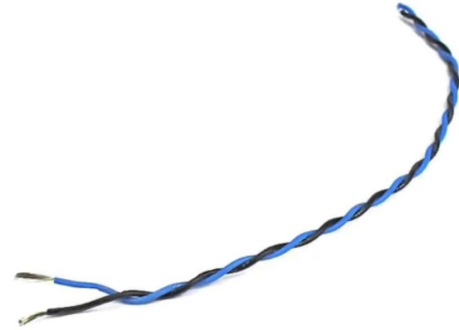
RS-485



Logic 0

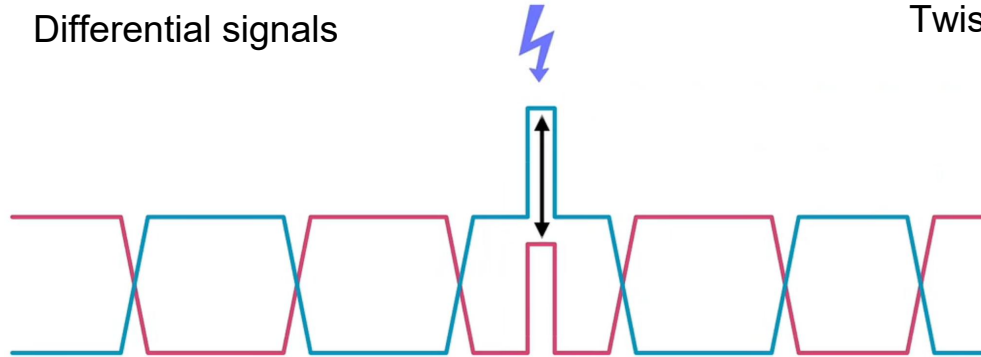


Logic 1



Differential signals

Twisted pair

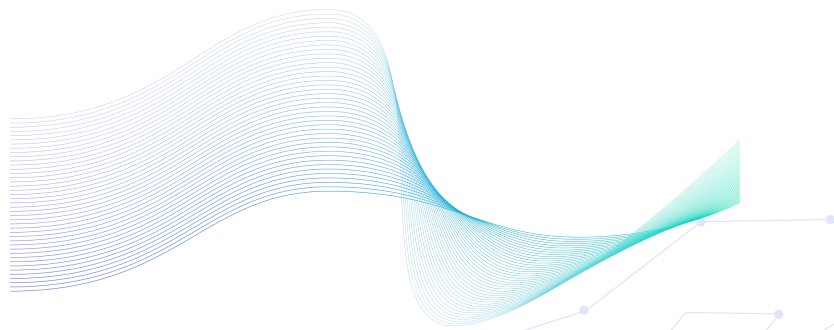
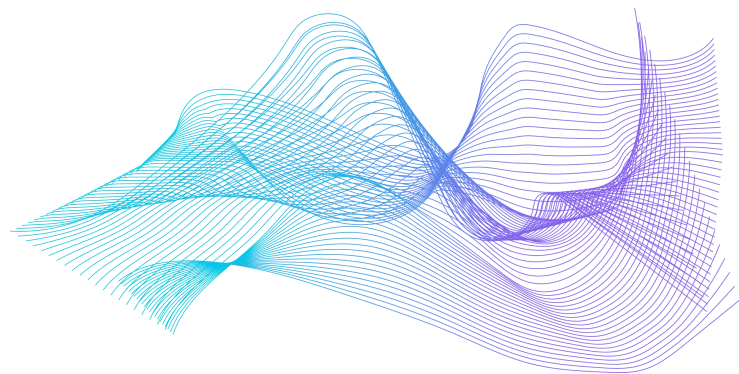


Difference remain the same
Transfer distance form 1m to 1200m!

F□◎ □—◎ P◎□⊕◎ ▯ ↗ ↗

- M□◐ ⊥ —(S) ∠∅◐
 ◎S-485 ∠(L)(L)□✓
 —(S)
 ≡(M)(P)(L)(O)(M)(O)∅ ↗ ↗ 1
 ↗ ↗ □ (M) ∠∅ ⊳
 ▯ □(M)(M)—∅≡ ▯ ∠
 ↗ ↗ ≡ □ ∅

- M□◐ ⊥ —(S) RTU
 ∠(L)(L)□✓ —(S)
 ◐□— ⊥ (L)(O)
 ▯ ↗ ○ ▯ ◐ ↗ ↗ ↗ ↗ ○
 ◐ ∠ ↗ ↗ ⊥ ⊳
 —(S)≡∅/∅ CRC





03

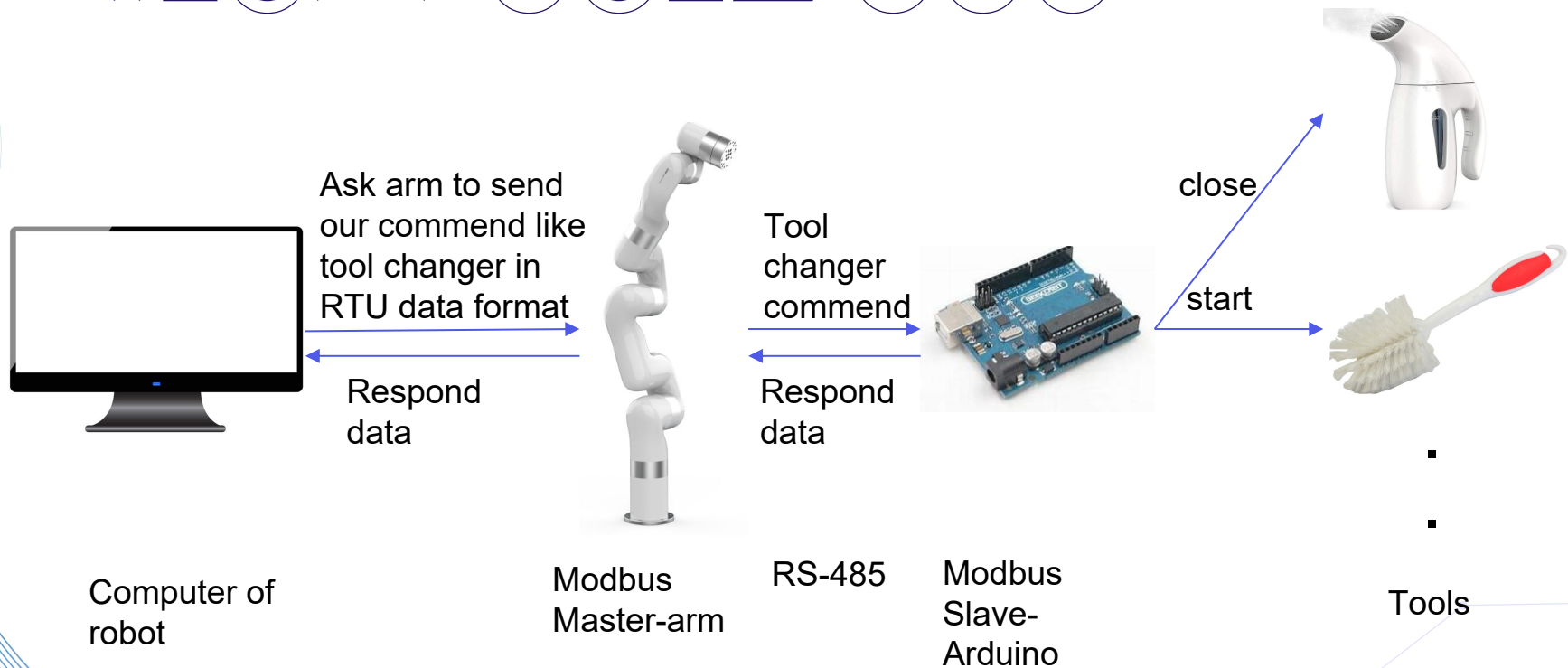
B ⊙ = ○ //

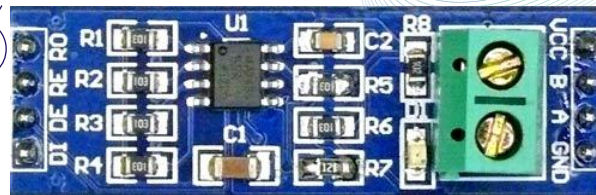
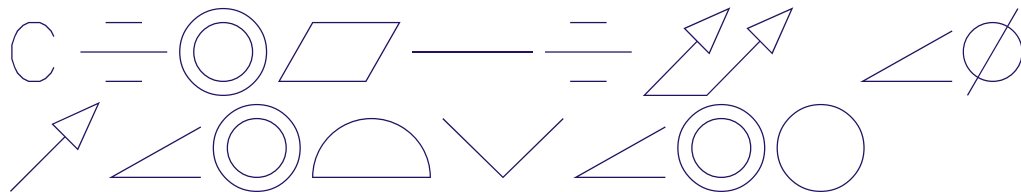
□ //

Ⓜ —▶

√ □ ⊙ ○

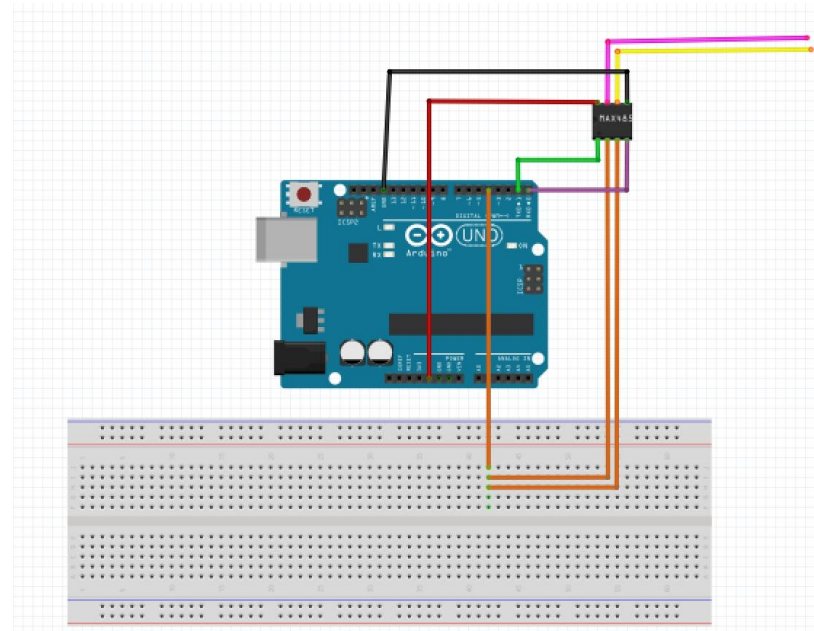
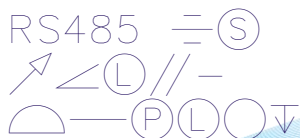
W □ ○ ∩ (P) ○ □ ▯ ○ (S) (S)

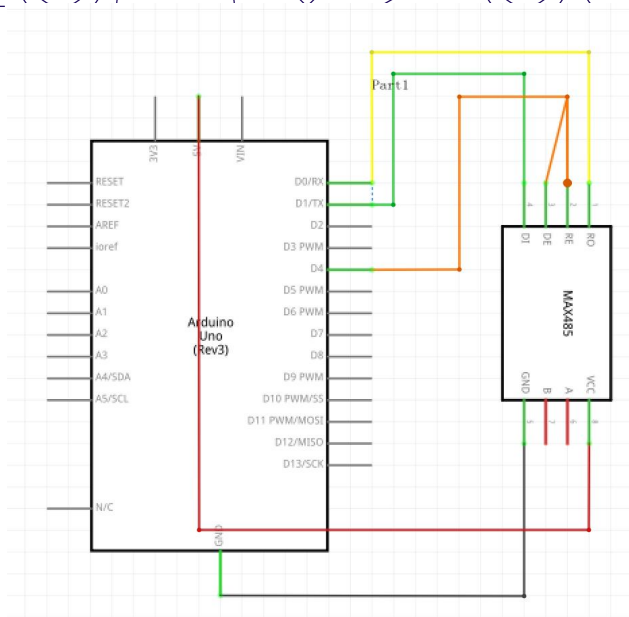
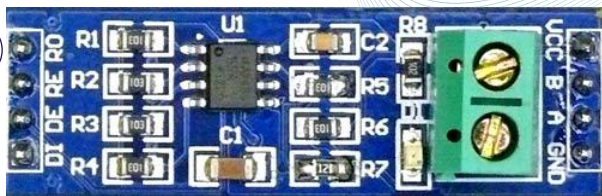
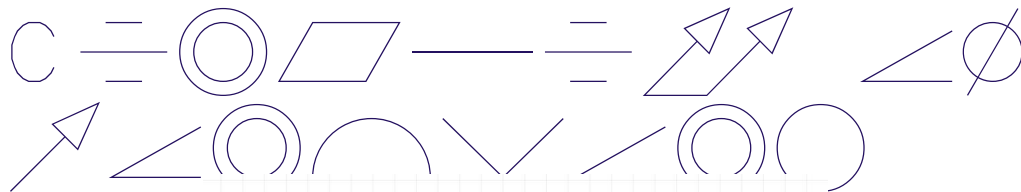




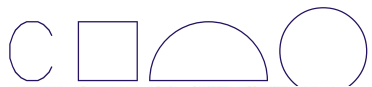
MAX485: 485-TTL

Pin Name	Pin Description
VCC	5V
A	Non-inverting Receiver Input Non-Inverting Driver Output
B	Inverting Receiver Input Inverting Driver Output
GND	GND (0V)
RO	Receiver Out (TX pin)
RE	Receiver Output (LOW-Enable)
DE	Driver Output (HIGH-Enable)
DI	Driver Input (RX pin)





Pin Name	Pin connected
VCC	5V
A	A wire of end-effector
B	B wire of end-effector
GND	GND of Arduino
RO	RX pin of Arduino
RE	Pin 4
DE	Pin 4
DI	TX pin of Arduino



```
#include <ModbusRtu.h>
```

```
// data array for modbus network sharing
```

```
uint16_t aul6data[1] = {  
    3 };
```

```
/**
```

```
 * Modbus object declaration
```

```
 * u8id : node id = 0 for master, = 1..247 for slave
```

```
 * port : serial port
```

```
 * u8txenpin : 0 for RS-232 and USB-FTDI
```

```
 *           or any pin number > 1 for RS-485
```

```
 */
```

```
Modbus slave;
```

```
void setup() {
```

```
    //set up the slave, 1 is ID and second 1 is RS485model, 4 means the enable pin of max485
```

```
    slave=Modbus(1,1,4);
```

```
    //start the slave and set baud rate
```

```
    slave.begin(9600);
```

```
}
```

```
void loop() {
```

```
    slave.poll( aul6data, 1 );
```

```
    //begin the communication, 1 is the length of the array
```

```
}
```

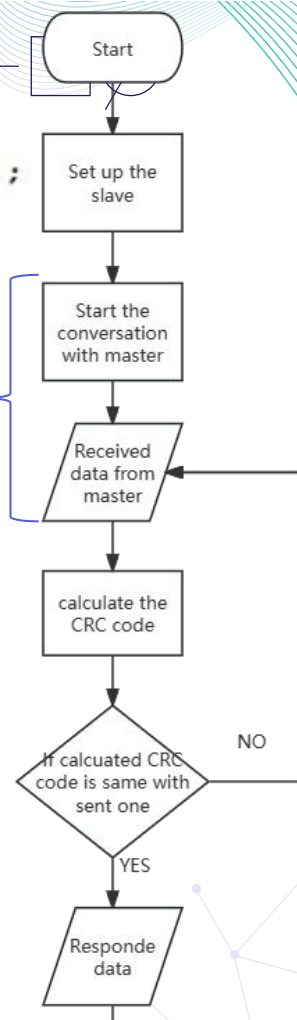


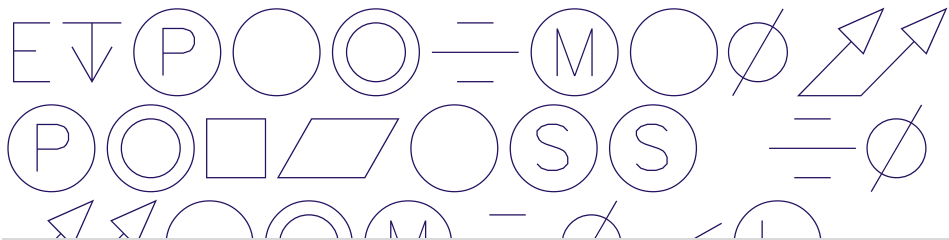
```
slave=Modbus(1,1,4);
```

```
slave.begin(9600);
```

```
slave.poll( aul6data, 1 );
```

```
slave.poll( aul6data, 1 );
```





```
roslaunch xarm_bringup xarm7_server.launch robot_ip:=192.168.1.128 report_type:=normal
```

//Start all xarm server, change the control box ip in real condition

```
rosservice call /xarm/config_tool_modbus 9600 20
```

//Set proper baud rate and timeout(ms) parameters

```
rosservice call /xarm/set_tool_modbus [0x01,0x03,0x00,0x00,0x00,0x01] 5
```

//Set data array to be sent to the modbus tool device, and second is the number of characters to be received as a response from the device. **No need to set CRC code**

ROS — L ↗ ↘

The image shows a ROS environment setup for a robot arm modbus interface. The top part displays a C++ source file with modbus-related code. The bottom part shows a terminal window with ROS service calls and their outputs.

Source Code Snippets:

```
* Recommended Modbus Master: QModbus
* http://qmodbus.sourceforge.net/
*/

#include <ModbusRtu.h>

// data array for modbus network sharing
uint16_t aul6data[1] = {
    3 };

/*
 * Modbus object declaration
 * uSId : node id = 0 for master, = 1..247
 * port : serial port
 * uStxpin : 0 for RS-232 and USB-FTDI
 *          or any pin number > 1 for RS-485
 */
Modbus slave; // this is slave 01 and RS-232

void setup() {
    // baud-rate at 19200
}
```

Tools Configuration:

- Tools: Robot Arm Modbus (selected), Control Box M
- TCP
- I/O
- Safety
- Mounting
- Timed Tasks

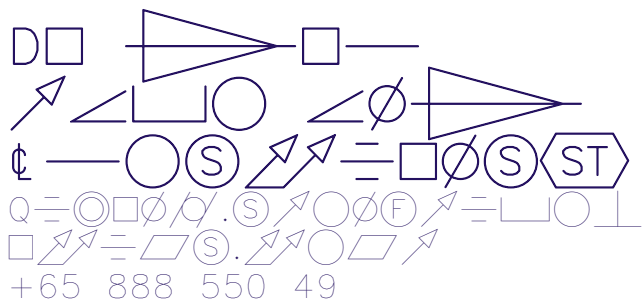
Robot Arm Modbus Debug Log:

- [14:21:18:694]Send--> 0x01,0x03,0x00,0x00,0x00,0x00,0x01
Command error or command format error
- [14:21:21:945]Send--> 0x01,0x03,0x00,0x00,0x00,0x00,0x01
Command error or command format error
- [14:23:11:44]Send--> 0x01,0x03,0x00,0x00,0x00,0x00,0x01
- [14:23:11:54]Receive<-- 01 03 02 00 03
- [14:23:12:536]Send--> 0x01,0x03,0x00,0x00,0x00,0x00,0x01
- [14:23:12:546]Receive<-- 01 03 01 00 03

Terminal Output:

```
hivebotlcs@hivebotlcs-NUC:~$ rosservice call /xarm/set_tool_modbus
DETAIL: s [0x01,0x03,0x00,0x00,0x00,0x00,0x01] 4
ret: 0
message: ''
respond_data: [0, 0, 0, 0]
^[[Ahivebotlcs@hivebotlcs-NUC:~$ rosservice call /xarm/set_tool_modbus
modbus [0x01,0x03,0x00,0x00,0x00,0x00,0x01] 5
ret: 1
message: ''
respond_data: [1, 3, 2, 0, 3]
hivebotlcs@hivebotlcs-NUC:~$
```





CREDITS: T ↗ = S
P ○ ○ S ○ ∅ ↗ ↘ = □ ∅
↗ ↘ ○ M P L ↗ ↘ ○ ∨ < S
□ ○ ○ ↗ ↘ ○ ∅ ⊥ ↗
S L = ∅ ○ S ∅ ∅, ∅ ∅
= ∅ ∅ L = ∅ ○ S = ∅ □ ∅ S ⊥ ↗
F L ↗ ↘ = ∅ □ ∅, ∅ ∅
= ∅ // □ ∅ ∅ < P ↗ = ∅ S >>
= M < ∅ ○ S ⊥ ↗ F ○ ○ ○ P = ∅

10

$$\textcircled{M} = \textcircled{L}$$

