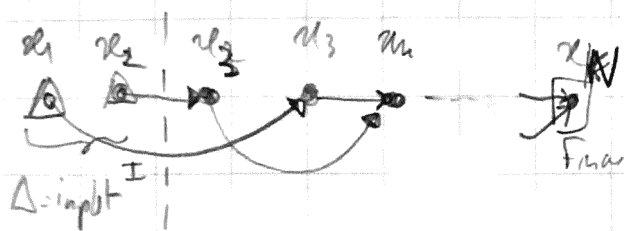


Automatic Differentiation

①

Math formula \swarrow several \searrow implementation \leftrightarrow best \nwarrow very hard



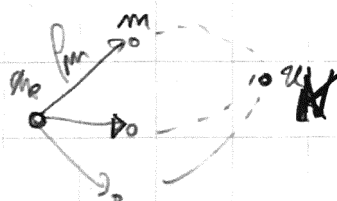
Example: $p(x) = \log x + \sqrt{\log x}$
 $y = \log x$
 $z = \sqrt{y}$
 $p = y + z$

For $k = I+1 \dots N$

$$x_k = f_k(x_1, \dots, x_{k-1})$$

Formula:

$$\frac{\partial x_k}{\partial x_1} = \sum_{l \in \text{Fate}(k)} \left[\frac{\partial x_k}{\partial x_l} \right] \frac{\partial x_l}{\partial x_1}$$



For $k = N-1 \dots I$

$$\frac{\partial x_N}{\partial x_k} = \sum_{\substack{m \in \text{Son}(k) \\ m > k}} \left[\frac{\partial x_N}{\partial x_m} \right] \left(\frac{\partial x_m}{\partial x_k} \right) = \sum_{m \in \text{Son}(k)} \frac{\partial x_N}{\partial x_m} \times \frac{\partial f_m(x_1, \dots, x_m)}{\partial x_k}$$

Need to run first the algo once

For gradient, $x \in \mathbb{R}^n$

$$\nabla_x f = \left[\frac{\partial x_N}{\partial x_k} \right]^T$$

$$\nabla_x f = \sum_{m \in \text{Son}(k)} \left[\frac{\partial f}{\partial x_k}(x_1, \dots, x_m) \right]^T \nabla_{x_m} f$$

→ Simple example $\mathbb{R} \rightarrow \mathbb{R}$

→ Feed Forward $\mathbb{R}^n \rightarrow \mathbb{R}$ (matrix mult)

→ MLP example

→ Res Net

$$f(x) = \log(x) + \sqrt{\log x}$$

$$(x) \rightarrow (y) = \log x \rightarrow (z) = \sqrt{y} \rightarrow (f) = y + z$$

(2)

FWD

$$\frac{\partial x}{\partial x} = 1$$

$$\frac{\partial y}{\partial x} = \frac{\partial y}{\partial x} \cdot \frac{\partial x}{\partial x} = 1 \times 1$$

$$\frac{\partial z}{\partial x} = \frac{\partial z}{\partial y} \cdot \frac{\partial y}{\partial x} = \frac{1}{2\sqrt{y}} \cdot \frac{\partial y}{\partial x}$$

$$\frac{\partial f}{\partial x} = \frac{\partial f}{\partial z} \cdot \frac{\partial z}{\partial x} + \frac{\partial f}{\partial y} \cdot \frac{\partial y}{\partial x} = 1 \cdot \frac{\partial z}{\partial x} + 1 \cdot \frac{\partial y}{\partial x}$$

BWD

$$\frac{\partial f}{\partial z} = \frac{\partial f}{\partial f} \cdot \frac{\partial f}{\partial z} = 1 \times 1$$

$$\frac{\partial f}{\partial y} = \frac{\partial f}{\partial z} \cdot \frac{\partial z}{\partial y} + \frac{\partial f}{\partial y} \cdot \frac{\partial y}{\partial y} = \frac{\partial f}{\partial z} \cdot \frac{1}{2\sqrt{y}} + 1 \times 1$$

$$\frac{\partial f}{\partial x} = \frac{\partial f}{\partial y} \cdot \frac{\partial y}{\partial x} = \frac{\partial f}{\partial y} \cdot 1$$

$$f(x) = \frac{\log(x + \sqrt{x^2 + 1})}{x^2} = \frac{\log^3(x + \sqrt{x^2 + 1})}{\sqrt{x^2 + 1}}$$

$$(x) \rightarrow (y) = x^2 \rightarrow (z) = \sqrt{y+1} \rightarrow (n) = \log(x+z) \rightarrow (t) = n^3 \rightarrow (u) = \frac{t}{z} \rightarrow (f) = s - u$$

$$\frac{\partial x}{\partial x} = 1$$

$$\frac{\partial y}{\partial x} = \frac{\partial y}{\partial x} \cdot \frac{\partial x}{\partial x} = 2x \cdot \frac{\partial x}{\partial x}$$

$$\frac{\partial z}{\partial x} = \frac{\partial z}{\partial y} \cdot \frac{\partial y}{\partial x} = \frac{1}{2\sqrt{y+1}} \cdot \frac{\partial y}{\partial x}$$

$$\frac{\partial n}{\partial x} = \frac{\partial n}{\partial x} \cdot \frac{\partial x}{\partial x} + \frac{\partial n}{\partial z} \cdot \frac{\partial z}{\partial x} = \frac{1}{x+1} \cdot \frac{\partial x}{\partial x} + \frac{1}{x+1} \cdot \frac{\partial z}{\partial x}$$

$$\frac{\partial s}{\partial x} = \frac{\partial s}{\partial z} \cdot \frac{\partial z}{\partial x} + \frac{\partial s}{\partial y} \cdot \frac{\partial y}{\partial x} = \frac{1}{y} \cdot \frac{\partial z}{\partial x} + \frac{1}{y^2} \cdot \frac{\partial y}{\partial x}$$

$$\frac{\partial t}{\partial x} = \frac{\partial t}{\partial n} \cdot \frac{\partial n}{\partial x} = 3n^2 \cdot \frac{\partial n}{\partial x}$$

$$\frac{\partial u}{\partial x} = \frac{\partial u}{\partial t} \cdot \frac{\partial t}{\partial x} + \frac{\partial u}{\partial z} \cdot \frac{\partial z}{\partial x} = \frac{1}{z} \cdot \frac{\partial t}{\partial x} + \frac{t}{z^2} \cdot \frac{\partial z}{\partial x}$$

$$\frac{\partial f}{\partial x} = \frac{\partial f}{\partial s} \cdot \frac{\partial s}{\partial x} + \frac{\partial f}{\partial u} \cdot \frac{\partial u}{\partial x} = 1 \cdot \frac{\partial s}{\partial x} - 1 \cdot \frac{\partial u}{\partial x}$$

FWD mode

$$\frac{\partial f}{\partial f} = 1$$

$$\frac{\partial f}{\partial u} = \frac{\partial f}{\partial f} \cdot \frac{\partial f}{\partial u} = \frac{\partial f}{\partial f} \cdot (-1)$$

$$\frac{\partial f}{\partial t} = \frac{\partial f}{\partial u} \cdot \frac{\partial u}{\partial t} = \frac{\partial f}{\partial u} \cdot \frac{1}{z}$$

$$\frac{\partial f}{\partial s} = \frac{\partial f}{\partial f} \cdot \frac{\partial f}{\partial s} = \frac{\partial f}{\partial f} \cdot (1)$$

$$\frac{\partial f}{\partial n} = \frac{\partial f}{\partial t} \cdot \frac{\partial t}{\partial n} + \frac{\partial f}{\partial s} \cdot \frac{\partial s}{\partial n} = \frac{\partial f}{\partial t} \cdot \frac{1}{z^2} + \frac{\partial f}{\partial s} \cdot \frac{1}{y}$$

$$\frac{\partial f}{\partial z} = \frac{\partial f}{\partial n} \cdot \frac{\partial n}{\partial z} + \frac{\partial f}{\partial s} \cdot \frac{\partial s}{\partial z} = \frac{\partial f}{\partial n} \cdot \frac{1}{2\sqrt{y+1}} + \frac{\partial f}{\partial s} \cdot \frac{1}{y^2}$$

$$\frac{\partial f}{\partial y} = \frac{\partial f}{\partial z} \cdot \frac{\partial z}{\partial y} + \frac{\partial f}{\partial s} \cdot \frac{\partial s}{\partial y} = \frac{\partial f}{\partial z} \cdot \frac{1}{2\sqrt{y+1}} + \frac{\partial f}{\partial s} \cdot \frac{1}{y^2}$$

$$\frac{\partial f}{\partial x} = \frac{\partial f}{\partial y} \cdot \frac{\partial y}{\partial x} + \frac{\partial f}{\partial n} \cdot \frac{\partial n}{\partial x} = \frac{\partial f}{\partial y} \cdot 2x + \frac{\partial f}{\partial n} \cdot \frac{1}{x+1}$$

BWD mode

(3)

Feed Forward : $\overset{\mathbb{R}^{n_1}}{x_1} \xrightarrow{f_1} \overset{\mathbb{R}^{n_2}}{x_2} \xrightarrow{f_2} x_3 \rightarrow \dots \xrightarrow{f_{N-1}} x_N = f(x_1)$

i.e. $f = f_{N-1} \circ f_{N-2} \circ \dots \circ f_2 \circ f_1$

Jacobian : $\partial f(x_1) = \underbrace{\partial f(x_{N-1})}_{A_{N-1}} \times \underbrace{\partial f(x_{N-2})}_{A_{N-2}} \times \dots \times \underbrace{\partial f_2(x_1)}_{A_2} \cdot \underbrace{\partial f_1(x_1)}_{A_1}$

$f : \mathbb{R}^{n_1} \rightarrow \mathbb{R}^{n_{k+1}}$

A_{N-1}
 $\mathbb{R}^{n_{N-1} \times n_{N-1}}$

A_{N-2}
 $\mathbb{R}^{n_{N-1} \times n_{N-2}}$

A_2
 $\mathbb{R}^{n_3 \times n_2}$

A_1
 $\mathbb{R}^{n_2 \times n_1}$

FWD mode.

$A \times B \rightsquigarrow \text{cost } mpq$
 $\mathbb{R}^{m \times p} \quad \mathbb{R}^{p \times q}$

$A_{N-1} \times (A_{N-2} \times (\dots (A_3 \times (A_2 \times A_1)) \dots))$
 $n_N \times n_{N-1} \times n_1$ $n_{N-1} \times n_{N-2} \times n_1$ $n_4 \times n_3 \times n_1$ $n_3 \times n_2 \times n_1$

BWD mode

$((A_{N-1} \times A_{N-2}) \times A_{N-3}) \times \dots \times A_3) \times A_2) \times A_1$
 $n_N \times n_{N-1} \times n_{N-2}$ $n_N \times n_{N-2} \times n_{N-3}$ $n_N \times n_4 \times n_3$ $n_N \times n_3 \times n_2$

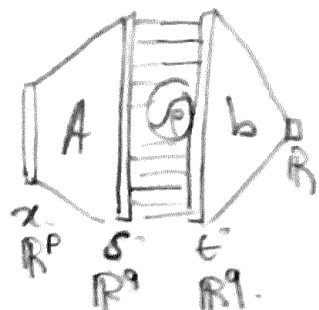
Complexity : $\text{FWD} = n_1 \sum_{k=2}^{N-1} m_k m_{k+1}$ $\text{BWD} = n_N \sum_{k=1}^{N-2} m_k n_{k+1}$

if $n_1 \ll n_N \rightarrow \text{FWD} \ll \text{BWD}$

if $n_1 = 1$: FWD optimal (for any graph)
 $n_N = 1$ (grad. comp^t) : BWD optimal (for any graph)

MLP: $f(x, A, b) = b^T p(Ax)$

$A \in \mathbb{R}^{q \times p}$
 $b \in \mathbb{R}^{1 \times q}$



(4)

$\frac{\partial f}{\partial A} = 0$ $\frac{\partial f}{\partial b} = 0$ $\frac{\partial f}{\partial A} = \frac{\partial}{\partial A} (b^T p(Ax))$

$\frac{\partial f}{\partial A} = \frac{\partial f}{\partial s} \frac{\partial s}{\partial A} + \frac{\partial f}{\partial t} \frac{\partial t}{\partial A} = R \frac{\partial A}{\partial A}$
 $B \in \mathbb{R}^{q \times p} \rightarrow Bx \in \mathbb{R}^q$

$\frac{\partial f}{\partial A} = \frac{\partial f}{\partial s} \frac{\partial s}{\partial A} = \text{diag}(p'(s)) \frac{\partial s}{\partial A}$

$\frac{\partial f}{\partial A} = \frac{\partial f}{\partial b} \frac{\partial b}{\partial A} + \frac{\partial f}{\partial t} \frac{\partial t}{\partial A} = \frac{\partial f}{\partial t} \frac{\partial t}{\partial A}$
 $[t \in \mathbb{R}^q \rightarrow b \in \mathbb{R}]$

$\frac{\partial f}{\partial f} = 1$

$\frac{\partial f}{\partial t} = \frac{\partial f}{\partial p} \frac{\partial p}{\partial t} = \frac{\partial f}{\partial p} b \Rightarrow \nabla_t f = b^T$

$\frac{\partial f}{\partial s} = \frac{\partial f}{\partial t} \frac{\partial t}{\partial s} = \frac{\partial f}{\partial t} \cdot \text{diag}(p'(s)) \Rightarrow \nabla_s f = \text{diag}(p'(s)) \nabla_t f$

$\frac{\partial f}{\partial x} = \frac{\partial f}{\partial s} \frac{\partial s}{\partial x} = \frac{\partial f}{\partial s} A \Rightarrow \nabla_x f = A^T \frac{\partial f}{\partial s}$

$\frac{\partial f}{\partial b} = \frac{\partial f}{\partial p} \frac{\partial p}{\partial b} = 1 \cdot t \Rightarrow \nabla_b f = t^T$

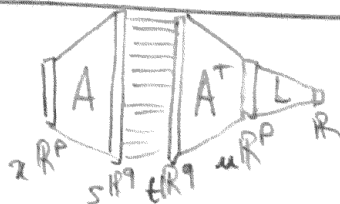
FWD (this is crazy...)

BWD

Directly: $f(x, A+\epsilon, b) = b^T p(Ax + \epsilon x) = b^T p(Ax) + b^T p'(Ax) \odot \epsilon x = f(x, A, b) + \langle b^T p'(Ax) \odot \epsilon x \rangle$
 $= f(x, A, b) + \langle \epsilon, [p'(Ax) \odot b^T] x^T \rangle \Rightarrow \nabla_A f(x, A, b) = [p'(Ax) \odot b^T] x^T$
 $f(x, A, b+\epsilon) = (b+\epsilon)^T p(Ax) = f(x, A, b) + \langle \epsilon, p(Ax) \rangle \Rightarrow \nabla_b f(x, A, b) = p(Ax)^T$

ResNet: $f(x, A) = L(A^T p(Ax) + x)$

$A \rightarrow S = Ax \rightarrow T = p(S) \rightarrow U = A^T T + x \rightarrow f = L(U)$



$\frac{\partial f}{\partial f} = 1$; $\nabla_u L = \text{init}$; $\nabla_t = A \nabla_u$; $\nabla_s = \text{diag}(p'(s)) \nabla_t$

$\nabla_A = \nabla_s x^T + (\nabla_u)^T t$

