

HOT & SPICY PIZZA



50%
OFF

ORDER
NOW!

WWW.REALLYGREATSITE.COM

PIZZA SALES REPORT



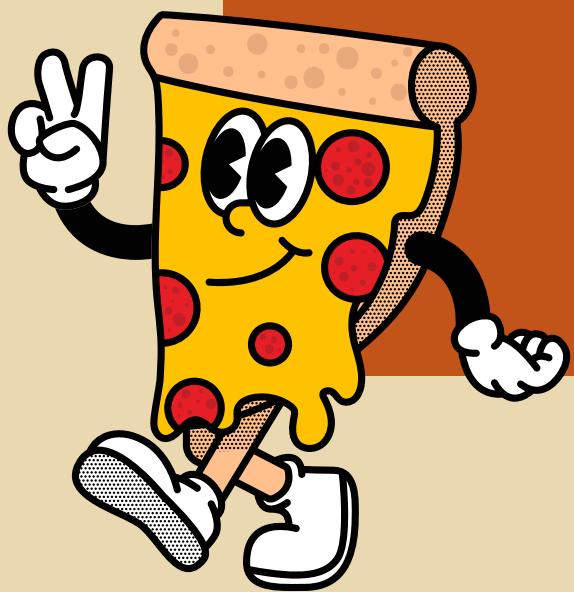
In this project, we analyze the sales data of a fictional pizza shop using SQL to gain insights into business performance.

The data set includes information on pizza types, orders, order details, and customer demographics, allowing for a comprehensive examination of sales trends, customer behavior, and product popularity.

1) Retrieve the total number of orders placed.



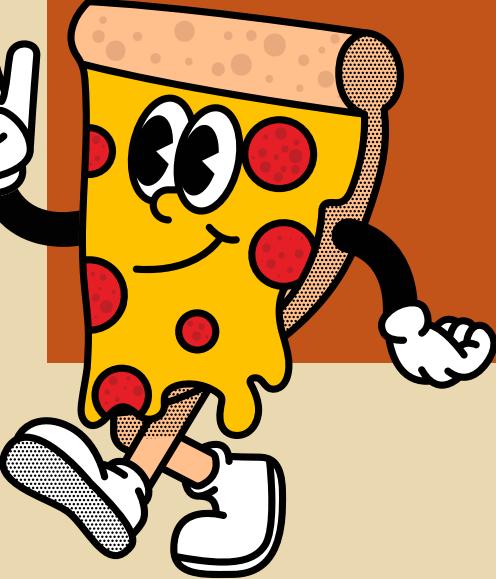
```
CREATE DATABASE pizzhut  
USE pizzhut  
SELECT COUNT(order_id) FROM orders;
```



2)Calculate the total revenue generated from pizza sales.



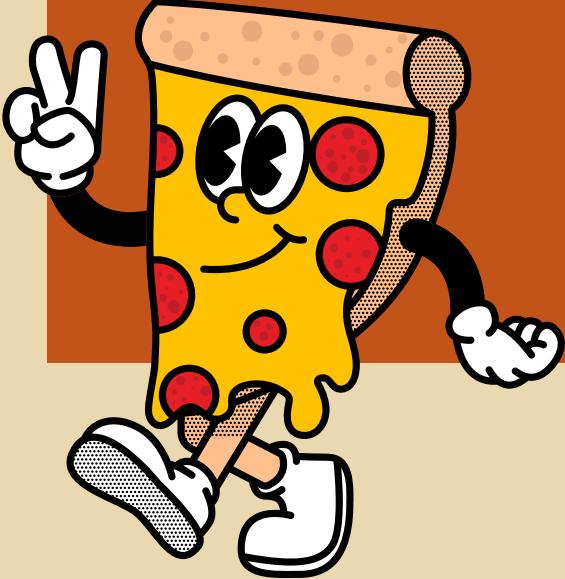
```
SELECT ROUND(SUM(pizzas.price * order_details.quantity),2) AS  
      Total_sales  
  FROM pizzas  
 LEFT JOIN order_details  
    ON pizzas.pizza_id = order_details.pizza_id;
```



Identify the highest-priced pizza.



```
SELECT pizza_types.name, pizzas.price  
      FROM pizza_types  
INNER JOIN pizzas  
ON pizza_types.pizza_type_id = pizzas.pizza_type_id  
ORDER BY pizzas.price DESC LIMIT 1;
```



4) Identify the most common pizza size ordered.



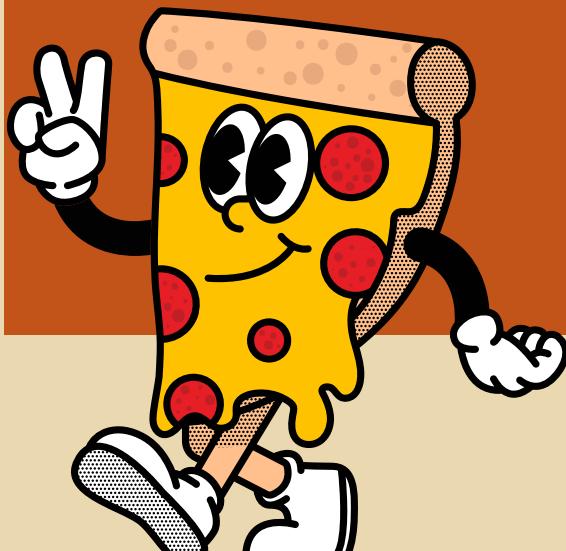
```
SELECT COUNT(order_details.order_details_id), pizzas.size  
      FROM pizzas
```

```
      LEFT JOIN order_details
```

```
          ON pizzas.pizza_id = order_details.pizza_id
```

```
      GROUP BY pizzas.size
```

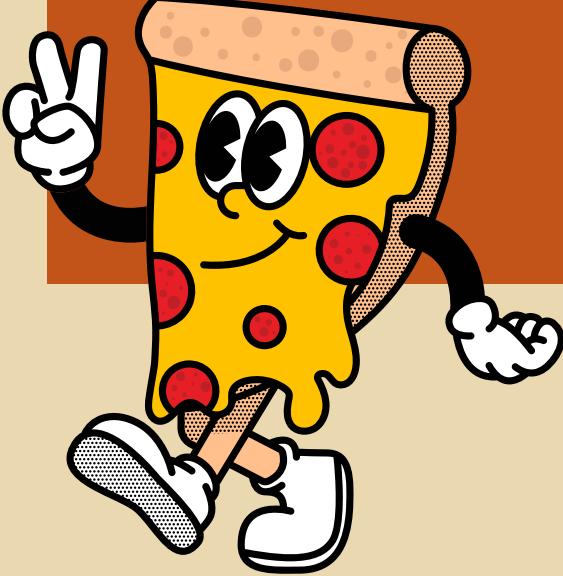
```
ORDER BY COUNT(order_details.order_details_id) DESC LIMIT 1;
```



5) List the top 5 most ordered pizza types along with their quantities.



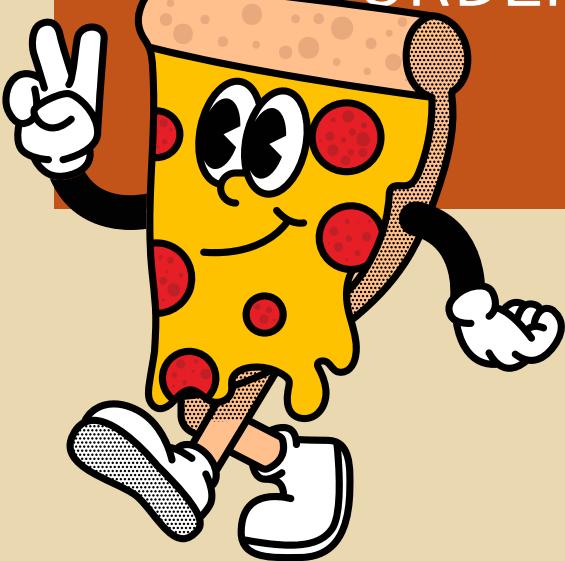
```
SELECT SUM(order_details.quantity) , pizza_types.name
      FROM (( pizzas
              INNER JOIN pizza_types
            ON pizzas.pizza_type_id = pizza_types.pizza_type_id)
              INNER JOIN order_details
            ON pizzas.pizza_id = order_details.pizza_id)
              GROUP BY pizza_types.name
              ORDER BY COUNT(order_details.quantity)
              LIMIT 5 ;
```



6) Join the necessary tables to find the total quantity of each pizza category ordered.



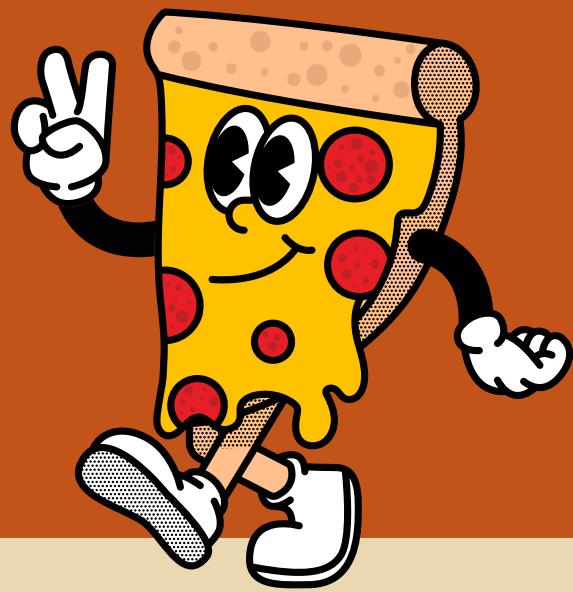
```
SELECT SUM(order_details.quantity) , pizza_types.category  
      FROM (( pizzas  
              INNER JOIN pizza_types  
              ON pizzas.pizza_type_id = pizza_types.pizza_type_id)  
              INNER JOIN order_details  
              ON pizzas.pizza_id = order_details.pizza_id)  
              GROUP BY pizza_types.category  
              ORDER BY SUM(order_details.quantity) DESC ;
```



7) Determine the distribution of orders by hour of the day.



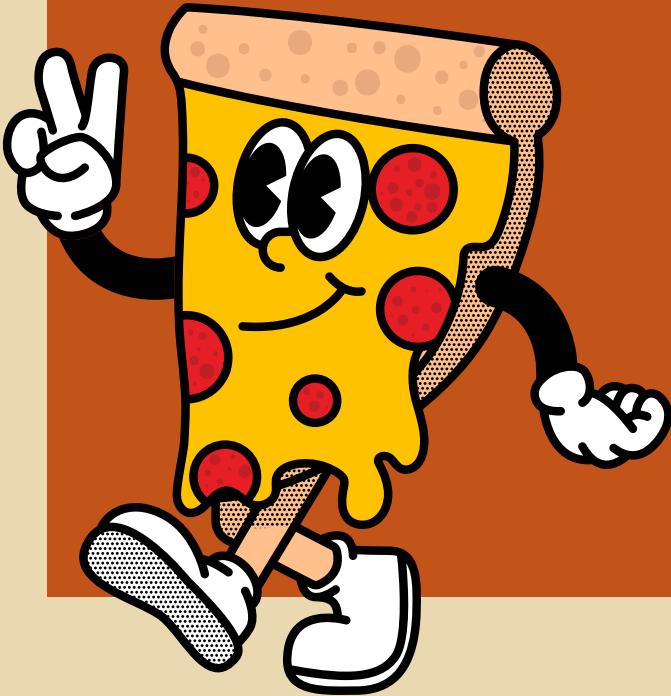
```
SELECT hour(time), COUNT(order_id)  
      FROM orders  
  GROUP BY hour(time);
```



8) Join relevant tables to find the category-wise distribution of pizzas.



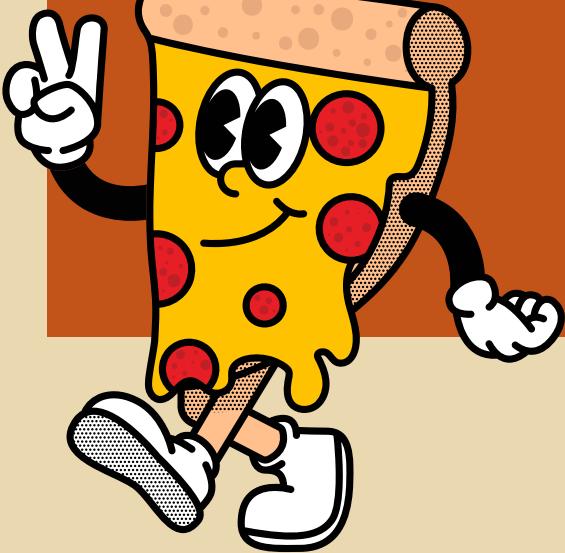
```
SELECT category ,COUNT(name)
  FROM pizza_types
 GROUP BY category;
```



9) Group the orders by date and calculate the average number of pizzas ordered per day.



```
SELECT ROUND(AVG(quantity),0) FROM(  
SELECT orders.date ,SUM(order_details.quantity) AS quantity  
FROM orders  
LEFT JOIN order_details  
ON orders.order_id = order_details.order_id  
GROUP BY orders.date) AS order_quantity;
```



10) Determine the top 3 most ordered pizza types based on revenue.



```
SELECT pizza_types.name ,  
SUM(pizzas.price*order_details.quantity) AS Total_Revenue  
FROM ((pizza_types  
LEFT JOIN pizzas  
ON pizza_types.pizza_type_id = pizzas.pizza_type_id)  
LEFT JOIN order_details  
ON pizzas.pizza_id = order_details.pizza_id)  
GROUP BY pizza_types.name  
ORDER BY Total_Revenue DESC LIMIT 3;
```



11) Calculate the percentage contribution of each pizza type to total revenue.



```
SELECT pizza_types.category ,  
ROUND(SUM(pizzas.price*order_details.quantity) / ( SELECT  
          (SUM(pizzas.price*order_details.quantity) )  
          FROM pizzas  
          LEFT JOIN order_details  
          ON pizzas.pizza_id = order_details.pizza_id)*100,2) AS Revenue  
          FROM ((pizza_types  
          LEFT JOIN pizzas  
          ON pizza_types.pizza_type_id = pizzas.pizza_type_id)  
          LEFT JOIN order_details  
          ON pizzas.pizza_id = order_details.pizza_id)  
          GROUP BY pizza_types.category  
          ORDER BY Revenue DESC;
```



12) Analyze the cumulative revenue generated over time.



```
SELECT pizza_types.category ,  
ROUND(SUM(pizzas.price*order_details.quantity) / ( SELECT  
          (SUM(pizzas.price*order_details.quantity) )  
          FROM pizzas  
          LEFT JOIN order_details  
          ON pizzas.pizza_id = order_details.pizza_id)*100,2) AS Revenue  
          FROM ((pizza_types  
          LEFT JOIN pizzas  
          ON pizza_types.pizza_type_id = pizzas.pizza_type_id)  
          LEFT JOIN order_details  
          ON pizzas.pizza_id = order_details.pizza_id)  
          GROUP BY pizza_types.category  
          ORDER BY Revenue DESC;
```

