# Java多线程基础(三)——Single Threaded Execution模式



Ressmix 发布于 2018-07-07

# 一、定义

Single Threaded Execution 是指"以1个线程执行"的意思,有时也称为Critical Section(临界区)。

# 二、模式案例

### 案例:

假设有三个人,频繁地通过一扇门,规定每次只能通过一个人,当通过一个人时,程序会将通过的总人次加1,同时记录该次通过人的姓名和出生地。

#### 门的定义:

```
public class Gate {
    private int counter = 0;
    private String name = "Nobody";
    private String address = "Nowhere";
    public void pass(String name, String address) {
        this.counter++;
        this.name = name;
        this.address = address;
        check();
    private void check() {
        if (name.charAt(0) != address.charAt(0)) {
            System.out.println("***** BROKEN ***** " + toString());
        }
    public String toString() {
        return "No." + counter + ": " + name + ", " + address;
    }
}
```

### 人的定义:

```
public class UserThread extends Thread {
    private final Gate gate;
    private final String myname;
    private final String myaddress;
    public UserThread(Gate gate, String myname, String myaddress) {
        this.gate = gate;
        this.myname = myname;
        this.myaddress = myaddress;
    }
    public void run() {
        System.out.println(myname + " BEGIN");
        while (true) {
            gate.pass(myname, myaddress);
        }
    }
    *执行: *
```

```
public static void main(String[] args) {
    System.out.println("Testing Gate, hit CTRL+C to exit.");
    Gate gate = new Gate();
    new UserThread(gate, "Alice", "Alaska").start();
    new UserThread(gate, "Bobby", "Brazil").start();
    new UserThread(gate, "Chris", "Canada").start();
}
```

}

#### 结果:

```
Testing Gate, hit CTRL+C to exit.

Alice BEGIN

Bobby BEGIN

Chris BEGIN

***** BROKEN ***** No.3: Chris, Alaska

***** BROKEN ***** No.3: Chris, Alaska

***** BROKEN ***** No.3: Chris, Alaska

***** BROKEN ***** No.6: Alice, Canada

***** BROKEN ***** No.6: Alice, Canada

***** BROKEN ***** No.6: Alice, Canada

***** BROKEN ***** No.9: Bobby, Brazil

***** BROKEN ***** No.10: Bobby, Alaska
```

# 分析:

可以看到,上述Gate类并非线程安全的,因为pass方法会被多个线程同时调用,且该方法中会修改Gate类字段的值。

优化:

```
//将Gate类变为线程安全的类:
public class Gate {
    private int counter = 0;
    private String name = "Nobody";
    private String address = "Nowhere";
    public synchronized void pass(String name, String address) {
        this.counter++;
        this.name = name;
        this.address = address;
        check();
    public synchronized String toString() {
        return "No." + counter + ": " + name + ", " + address;
    private void check() {
        if (name.charAt(0) != address.charAt(0)) {
            System.out.println("***** BROKEN ***** " + toString());
        }
    }
```

# 三、模式讲解

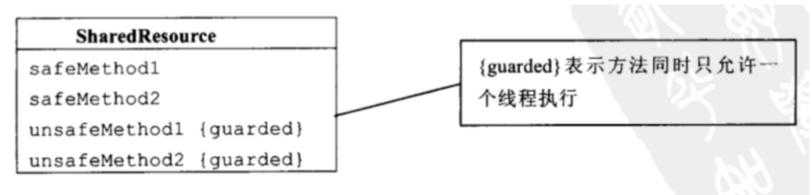
## 角色:

Single Threaded Execution 模式的角色如下:

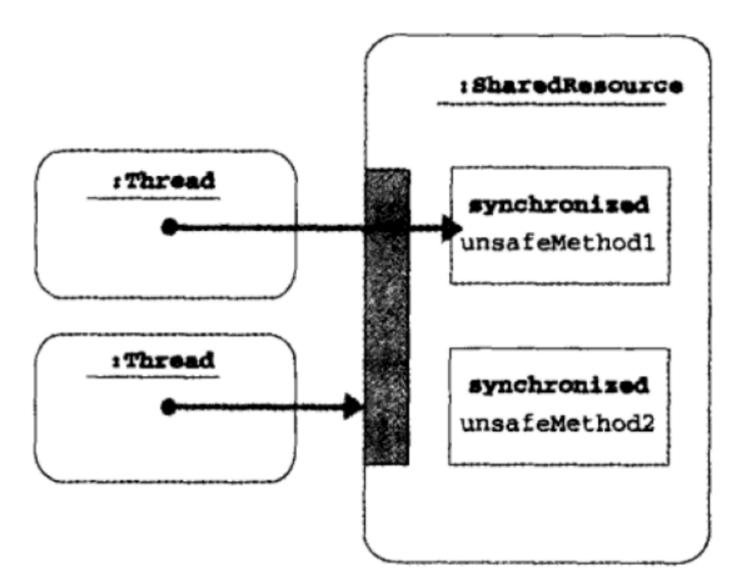
• SharedResource(共享资源)参与者

SharedResource就是多线线程会同时访问的资源类,该类通常具有2类方法:

@SafeMethod—从多个线程同时调用也不会发生问题的方法 @UnsafeMethod—从多个线程同时调用会发生问题,这类方法需要加以防护,指定只能由单线程访问区域,即临界区(critical section)。



Single Threaded Execution Pattern 的类图



Single Threaded Execution Pattern 的时序图

### j<u>ava</u> 多线程

阅读 4.7k • 更新于 2018-08-02

本作品系原创,采用《署名-非商业性使用-禁止演绎 4.0 国际》许可协议



# 透彻理解Java并发编程

Java并发编程是整个Java开发体系中最难以理解但也是最重要的知识点,也是各类开源分布式框架中各...

关注专栏



#### <u>Ressmix</u>

1.2k 声望 1.3k 粉丝