废话不多说先上代码!!!

简单的服务端和客户端代码,5个服务端监听了5个端口,都注册在Selector中,每一个服务端都接受客户端访问,将已连接通道都注册到selector

服务端

```
public class NioTest12 {
   public static void main(String[] args) throws Exception {
   int[] ports = new int[5];
4
5 \text{ ports}[0] = 5000;
6 ports[1] = 5001;
   ports[2] = 5002;
   ports[3] = 5003;
   ports[4] = 5004;
10
11
   Selector selector = Selector.open();
12
13 // System.out.println(SelectorProvider.provider().getClass());
14 // System.out.println(sun.nio.ch.DefaultSelectorProvider.create().getCla
ss());
15
   for (int i = 0; i < ports.length; i++) {</pre>
    ServerSocketChannel serverSocketChannel = ServerSocketChannel.open();
16
17
    serverSocketChannel.configureBlocking(false);//调整阻塞模式,false不阻塞
    InetSocketAddress address = new InetSocketAddress(ports[i]);
18
    serverSocketChannel.bind(address);//监听端口
19
    //注册accept事件到selector
20
    serverSocketChannel.register(selector, SelectionKey.OP_ACCEPT);
21
22
    System.out.println("监听端口: " + ports[i]);
24
   }
   while (true){
25
    int numbers = selector.select();//获取所有selectKey键
26
    System.out.println("number:" + numbers);
27
28
    Set<SelectionKey> selectionKeys = selector.selectedKeys();
29
    System.out.println("selectionKeys:" + selectionKeys);
30
31
    Iterator<SelectionKey> iterator = selectionKeys.iterator();
32
    while (iterator.hasNext()){
    SelectionKey selectionKey = iterator.next();
34
```

```
if(selectionKey.isAcceptable()){
    ServerSocketChannel serverSocketChannel = (ServerSocketChannel) selecti
36
onKey.channel();
    SocketChannel socketChannel = serverSocketChannel.accept();//等待连接连
上
    socketChannel.configureBlocking(false);
38
39
    socketChannel.register(selector, SelectionKey.OP_READ);//将连接注册到sel
40
ector上, 关注事件是读
41
    iterator.remove();//事件用完必须要移除掉,不然会异常
42
43
    System.out.println("获得客户端连接: " + socketChannel);
44
    }else if(selectionKey.isReadable()){//读事件被选取
45
    SocketChannel socketChannel = (SocketChannel) selectionKey.channel();
    //进行读操作
47
    int bytesRead = 0;
48
    while (true){
49
    ByteBuffer byteBuffer = ByteBuffer.allocate(512);
50
51
    byteBuffer.clear();
52
54
    int read = socketChannel.read(byteBuffer);
55
    if(read <= 0){</pre>
    break;
57
    }
58
59
    byteBuffer.flip();
60
61
    socketChannel.write(byteBuffer);
62
63
    bytesRead += read;
64
    }
65
    System.out.println("读取" + bytesRead + ", 来自于" + socketChannel);
67
    iterator.remove();//事件用完必须要移除掉
68
69
   }
70
71
    }
72
73
```

客户端

```
1 public class NioTest12_Client {
   public static void main(String[] args) throws Exception{
  try {
3
   SocketChannel socketChannel = SocketChannel.open(new
InetSocketAddress("localhost", 5000));
   socketChannel.configureBlocking(false);
   ByteBuffer byteBuffer = ByteBuffer.allocate(512);
   byteBuffer.put("hello,server! I am client.".getBytes(Charset.defaultChar
set()));
   byteBuffer.flip();
   socketChannel.write(byteBuffer);
   }finally {
10
11
   }
12
13 }
```

第二种服务端

只有一个线程接受客户端多连接,互发消息

```
public class NioServer {
  private static Map<String, SocketChannel> clientMap = new HashMap<>();//
维护所有客户端对信息
3
   public static void main(String[] args) throws Exception {
   //固定模板代码
   ServerSocketChannel serverSocketChannel = ServerSocketChannel.open();
6
   serverSocketChannel.configureBlocking(false);
   ServerSocket serverSocket = serverSocketChannel.socket();
9
   serverSocket.bind(new InetSocketAddress(8899));
10
   //服务端注册到选择器
   Selector selector = Selector.open();
11
    serverSocketChannel.register(selector, SelectionKey.OP_ACCEPT);
12
13
   //服务端监听
14
15
   while (true){
   try {
16
    selector.select();//这种调用在没有通道就绪时将无限阻塞,有感兴趣事件发生时通
17
过
18
   Set<SelectionKey> selectionKeys = selector.selectedKeys();//获取selectic
19
nKeys集合
```

```
20
    selectionKeys.forEach(selectionKey -> {
   final SocketChannel client;
21
22
   try {
   if(selectionKey.isAcceptable()){//判断是否有客户端连接
23
    ServerSocketChannel server = (ServerSocketChannel)
24
selectionKey.channel();//获得server对象
    client = server.accept();//获取对应的客户端对象client
25
    client.configureBlocking(false);//配置成非阻塞
26
    client.register(selector, SelectionKey.OP_READ);//注册到selector, 感兴趣
事件为读
   // client.register(selector, SelectionKey.OP_WRITE);
29
    String key = "[" + client.getRemoteAddress() + "]";//设置地址为键
    System.out.println(key + "已连接");
    clientMap.put(key, client);//放入map
    }else if(selectionKey.isReadable()){//读事件触发
    client = (SocketChannel)selectionKey.channel();//获取client对象
    ByteBuffer byteBuffer = ByteBuffer.allocate(1024);
36
    int count = client.read(byteBuffer);//读取
    if(count > 0){
38
    byteBuffer.flip();
39
40
41
    String receiveMessage =
String.valueOf(Charset.defaultCharset().decode(byteBuffer).array());//获取返
回消息
42
    System.out.println(client + ":" + receiveMessage);
43
    String senderKey = "[" + client.getRemoteAddress() + "]";//组织返回消息的
44
key
45
    clientMap.entrySet().forEach(entry -> {
46
    ByteBuffer wirteBuffer = ByteBuffer.allocate(1024);
47
    String sendMessage = "来自" + senderKey + "的消息: " + receiveMessage;//
48
组织返回消息
   wirteBuffer.put(sendMessage.getBytes(Charset.defaultCharset()));
49
    wirteBuffer.flip();
50
51
    SocketChannel curClient = entry.getValue();//获取当前被选中的client
52
    try {
54
    curClient.write(wirteBuffer);//写入
```

```
} catch (IOException e) {
    e.printStackTrace();
58
   }
   });
   }
60
61
   }catch (Exception e){
62
    e.printStackTrace();
63
    }
64
65
    });
    selectionKeys.clear();//当次循环完,清空集合
66
67
   }catch (Exception e){
68
   e.printStackTrace();
69
70
71
   }
72
   }
73 }
```

第二种客户端

```
1 public class NioClient {
   public static void main(String[] args) {
3
 try {
  SocketChannel socketChannel = SocketChannel.open();
   socketChannel.configureBlocking(false);
6
   Selector selector = Selector.open();
   socketChannel.register(selector, SelectionKey.OP_CONNECT);//注册
8
9
    socketChannel.connect(new InetSocketAddress("localhost", 8899));
10
11
   while (true){
12
   selector.select();
13
    Set<SelectionKey> selectionKeys = selector.selectedKeys();
14
15
    selectionKeys.forEach(selectionKey -> {
16
    if(selectionKey.isConnectable()){
17
    SocketChannel client = (SocketChannel)selectionKey.channel();//获取clier
18
t对象
    if(client.isConnectionPending()){//判断连接是否就绪
19
    try {
```

```
client.finishConnect();//完成连接
    ByteBuffer writeBuffer = ByteBuffer.allocate(1024);
22
    writeBuffer.put((LocalDateTime.now()+"已经连接").getBytes(Charset.defaul
23
tCharset()));
   writeBuffer.flip();
24
25
   client.write(writeBuffer);
   //JDK5自带线程池,单个线程
26
    ExecutorService executorService = Executors.newSingleThreadExecutor(Exe
27
cutors.defaultThreadFactory());
    executorService.submit(()->{
28
   while (true){
29
   try {
30
    writeBuffer.clear();
31
32
    InputStreamReader inputStream = new InputStreamReader(System.in);
    BufferedReader br = new BufferedReader(inputStream);
    String sendMessage = br.readLine();
34
    writeBuffer.put(sendMessage.getBytes(Charset.defaultCharset()));
    writeBuffer.flip();
36
    client.write(writeBuffer);
    }catch (Exception e){
38
    e.printStackTrace();
   }
40
    }
41
   });
42
43
44
45
    } catch (IOException e) {
    e.printStackTrace();
46
47
48
   }
   try {
49
    client.register(selector, SelectionKey.OP_READ);//注册read事件
50
    } catch (ClosedChannelException e) {
51
    e.printStackTrace();
52
53
    }
    }else if(selectionKey.isReadable()){
    SocketChannel client = (SocketChannel) selectionKey.channel();
55
56
    ByteBuffer readBuffer = ByteBuffer.allocate(1024);
58
59
    try {
```

```
int count = client.read(readBuffer);
61 if(count > 0){
   String receiveMessage = new String(readBuffer.array(), 0, count);
62
   System.out.println(receiveMessage);
64
   } catch (IOException e) {
66
   e.printStackTrace();
   }
67
   }
68
   });
69
   selectionKeys.clear();//循环结束清空selectionKeys
70
71
  }catch (Exception e){
72
  e.printStackTrace();
73
  }
74
   }
75
76 }
```