

(1)

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* Knapsack problem using dynamic programming.

$$\text{table}[i, j] = \text{maximum} \{ \text{table}[i-1, j], v_i + \text{table}[i-1, j-w_i] \}$$

if $j \geq w_i$

or

$$\text{table}[i-1, j] \text{ if } j < w_i$$

ex. For the given instance of problem obtain the optimal solution for the knapsack.

item	weight	value
1	2	3
2	3	4
3	4	5
4	5	6

The capacity of knapsack is $w = 5$.

Solⁿ → Initially, $\text{table}[i, 0] = 0$ & $\text{table}[0, j] = 0$.

	0	1	2	3	4	5
0	0	0	0	0	0	0
1	0					
2	0					
3	0					
4	0					

(2)

$$\text{table}[i, j] = \begin{cases} \max\{\text{table}[i-1, j], v_i + \text{table}[i-1, j-w_i]\} & \text{if } j \geq w_i \\ 0 & \text{if } j < w_i \end{cases}$$

table[1, 1] with $i=1, j=1, w_i=2$ and $v_i=3$
 As $j < w_i$, we will obtain table[1, 1] as.

$$\begin{aligned} \text{table}[1, 1] &= \text{table}[i-1, j] \\ &= \text{table}[0, 1] \end{aligned}$$

$$\therefore \boxed{\text{table}[1, 1] = 0}$$

table[1, 2] with $i=1, j=2, w_i=2$ and $v_i=3$

As $j \geq w_i$, we will obtain table[1, 2] as

$$\begin{aligned} \text{table}[1, 2] &= \max\{\text{table}[i-1, j], v_i + \text{table}[i-1, j-w_i]\} \\ &= \max\{\text{table}[0, 2], 3 + \text{table}[0, 0]\} \\ &= \max\{0, 3+0\} \\ &= \max\{0, 3\} \end{aligned}$$

$$\therefore \boxed{\text{table}[1, 2] = 3}$$

table[1, 3] with $i=1, j=3, w_i=2$ and $v_i=3$

As $j \geq w_i$, we will obtain table[1, 3] as

$$\begin{aligned} \text{table}[1, 3] &= \max\{\text{table}[i-1, j], v_i + \text{table}[i-1, j-w_i]\} \\ &= \max\{\text{table}[0, 3], 3 + \text{table}[0, 1]\} \\ &= \max\{0, 3+0\} \end{aligned}$$

$$\therefore \boxed{\text{table}[1, 3] = 3}$$

(3)

table [1,4] with $i=1$, $j=4$, $w_i=2$ and $v_i=3$.

As $j \geq w_i$, we will obtain table [1,4] as

$$\begin{aligned} \text{table}[1,4] &= \max \{ \text{table}[i-1, j], v_i + \text{table}[i-1, j-w_i] \} \\ &= \max \{ \text{table}[0,4], 3 + \text{table}[0,2] \} \\ &= \max \{ 0, 3+0 \} \end{aligned}$$

$$\therefore \boxed{\text{table}[1,4] = 3}$$

table [1,5] with $i=1$, $j=5$, $w_i=2$ and $v_i=3$.

As $j \geq w_i$, we will obtain table [1,5] as

$$\begin{aligned} \text{table}[1,5] &= \max \{ \text{table}[i-1, j], v_i + \text{table}[i-1, j-w_i] \} \\ &= \max \{ \text{table}[0,5], 3 + \text{table}[0,3] \} \\ &= \max \{ 0, 3+0 \} \end{aligned}$$

$$\therefore \boxed{\text{table}[1,5] = 3}$$

The table with these values can be

	0	1	2	3	4	5
0	0	0	0	0	0	0
1	0	0	3	3	3	3
2	0					
3	0					
4	0					

Now, let's fill up next row of the table.

table [2,1] with $i=2$, $j=1$, $w_i=3$ and $v_i=4$

As $j < w_i$, we will obtain table [2,1] as

$$\begin{aligned} \text{table}[2,1] &= \text{table}[i-1, j] \\ &= \text{table}[1,1] \\ &= 0 \end{aligned}$$

$$\therefore \boxed{\text{table}[2,1] = 0}$$

table [2,2] with $i=2, j=2, w_i=3$ and $v_i=4$.

As $j < w_i$, we will obtain table [2,2] as
$$\text{table}[2,2] = \text{table}[i-1, j]$$
$$= \text{table}[1, 2]$$

$$\therefore \boxed{\text{table}[2,2] = 3}$$

table [2,3] with $i=2, j=3, w_i=3$ and $v_i=4$.

As $j \geq w_i$, we will obtain table [2,3] as

$$\begin{aligned}\text{table}[2,3] &= \max\{\text{table}[i-1, j], v_i + \text{table}[i-1, j-w_i]\} \\ &= \max\{\text{table}[1, 3], 4 + \text{table}[1, 0]\} \\ &= \max\{3, 4 + 0\}\end{aligned}$$

$$\therefore \boxed{\text{table}[2,3] = 4}$$

table [2,4] with $i=2, j=4, w_i=3$ and $v_i=4$.

As $j \geq w_i$, we will obtain table [2,4] as

$$\begin{aligned}\text{table}[2,4] &= \max\{\text{table}[i-1, j], v_i + \text{table}[i-1, j-w_i]\} \\ &= \max\{\text{table}[1, 4], 4 + \text{table}[1, 1]\} \\ &= \max\{3, 4 + 0\}\end{aligned}$$

$$\therefore \boxed{\text{table}[2,4] = 4}$$

table [2,5] with $i=2, j=5, w_i=3$ and $v_i=4$

As $j \geq w_i$, we will obtain table [2,5] as

$$\begin{aligned}\text{table}[2,5] &= \max\{\text{table}[i-1, j], v_i + \text{table}[i-1, j-w_i]\} \\ &= \max\{\text{table}[1, 5], 4 + \text{table}[1, 2]\} \\ &= \max\{3, 4 + 3\}\end{aligned}$$

$$\therefore \boxed{\text{table}[2,5] = 7}$$

The table with there computed values will be

	0	1	2	3	4	5
0	0	0	0	0	0	0
1	0	0	3	3	3	3
2	0	0	3	4	4	7
3	0					
4	0					

Now, let's fill up next row of the table
table [3,1] with $i=3, j=1, w_i=4$ and $v_i=5$

As $j < w_i$, we will obtain table [3,1] as

$$\text{table}[3,1] = \text{table}[i-1, j]$$

$$= \text{table}[2,1]$$

$$= 0$$

$$\therefore \boxed{\text{table}[3,1] = 0}$$

table [3,2] with $i=3, j=2, w_i=4$ and $v_i=5$

As $j < w_i$, we will obtain table [3,2] as

$$\text{table}[3,2] = \text{table}[i-1, j]$$

$$= \text{table}[2,2]$$

$$= 3$$

$$\therefore \boxed{\text{table}[3,2] = 3}$$

table [3,3] with $i=3, j=3, w_i=4$ and $v_i=5$.

As $j < w_i$, we will obtain table [3,3] as

$$\text{table}[3,3] = \text{table}[i-1, j]$$

$$= \text{table}[2,3]$$

$$= 4$$

$$\therefore \boxed{\text{table}[3,3] = 4}$$

table [3,4] with $i=3, j=4, w_i=4$ and $v_i=5$

As $j \geq w_i$; we will obtain table [3,4] as

$$\text{table}[3,4] = \max\{\text{table}[i-1, j], v_i + \text{table}[i-1, j-w_i]\}$$

$$= \max\{\text{table}[2,4], 5 + \text{table}[2,0]\}$$

$$= \max \{4, 5+0\}$$

$$= 5$$

$$\therefore \boxed{\text{table}[3,4] = 5}$$

table [3,5] with $i=3, j=5, w_i=4$ and $v_i=5$

As $j \geq w_i$, we will obtain table [3,5] as

$$\text{table}[3,5] = \max \{ \text{table}[i-1, j], v_i + \text{table}[i-1, j-w_i] \}$$

$$= \max \{ \text{table}[2,5], 5 + \text{table}[2,1] \}$$

$$= \max \{ 7, 5+0 \}$$

$$= 7$$

$$\therefore \boxed{\text{table}[3,5] = 7}$$

The table with these computed values will be

	0	1	2	3	4	5
0	0	0	0	0	0	0
1	0	0	3	3	3	3
2	0	0	3	4	4	7
3	0	0	3	4	5	7
4	0					

Now, let's fill up next row of the table.

table [4,1] with $i=4, j=1, w_i=5$ and $v_i=6$.

As $j < w_i$, we will obtain table [4,1] as

$$\text{table}[4,1] = \text{table}[i-1, j]$$

$$= \text{table}[3,1]$$

$$= 0$$

$$\therefore \boxed{\text{table}[4,1] = 0}$$

table [4,2] with $i=4, j=2, w_i=5$ and $v_i=6$

As $j < w_i$, we will obtain table [4,2] as

$$\text{table}[4,2] = \text{table}[i-1, j]$$

$$= \text{table}[3,2]$$

$$= 3$$

$$\therefore \boxed{\text{table}[4,2] = 3}$$

table $[4, 3]$ with $i=4, j=3, w_i=5$ and $v_i=6$

As $j < w_i$, we will obtain table $[4, 3]$ as

$$\begin{aligned} \text{table}[4, 3] &= \text{table}[i-1, j] \\ &= \text{table}[3, 3] \end{aligned}$$

$$\therefore \boxed{\text{table}[4, 3] = 4}$$

table $[4, 4]$ with $i=4, j=4, w_i=5$ and $v_i=6$

As $j < w_i$, we will obtain table $[4, 4]$ as

$$\begin{aligned} \text{table}[4, 4] &= \text{table}[i-1, j] \\ &= \text{table}[3, 4] \\ &= 5 \end{aligned}$$

$$\therefore \boxed{\text{table}[4, 4] = 5}$$

table $[4, 5]$ with $i=4, j=5, w_i=5$ and $v_i=6$

As $j \geq w_i$, we will obtain table $[4, 5]$ as

$$\begin{aligned} \text{table}[4, 5] &= \max\{\text{table}[i-1, j], v_i + \text{table}[i-1, j-w_i]\} \\ &= \max\{\text{table}[3, 5], 6 + \text{table}[3, 0]\} \\ &= \max\{7, 6 + 0\} \\ &= 7 \end{aligned}$$

$$\therefore \boxed{\text{table}[4, 5] = 7}$$

Thus the table can be binary as given below.

	0	1	2	3	4	5
0	0	0	0	0	0	0
1	0	0	3	3	3	3
2	0	0	3	4	4	7
3	0	0	3	4	5	7
4	0	0	3	4	5	7

→ This is the total value of selected items.

How to find actual Knapsack items?

→ Following steps are used repeatedly to select actual Knapsack item.

```

Let,  $i = n$  and  $K = W$  then
while ( $i > 0$  and  $K > 0$ )
{
    if (table  $[i, K] \neq$  table  $[i-1, K]$ ) then
        mark  $i^{\text{th}}$  item as in knapsack
         $i = i-1$  and  $K = K - W_i$  // selection of  $i^{\text{th}}$  item
    else
         $i = i-1$  // do not select  $i^{\text{th}}$  item
}
    
```

Let us apply these steps to the above given problem, as we have obtained the final table as.

	0	1	2	3	4	5
0	0	0	0	0	0	0
1	0	0	3	3	3	3
2	0	0	3	4	4	7
3	0	0	3	4	5	7
4	0	0	3	4	5	7

→ Start from here

Here, $i = 4$ and $K = 5$

i.e., table $[4, 5] =$ table $[3, 5]$

∴ Do not select i^{th} item, i.e. 4^{th} item

	0	1	2	3	4	5
0	0	0	0	0	0	0
1	0	0	3	3	3	3
2	0	0	3	4	4	7
3	0	0	3	4	5	7
4	0	0	3	4	5	7

Now, set $i = i - 1$

$$i = 3$$

	0	1	2	3	4	5
0	0	0	0	0	0	0
1	0	0	3	3	3	3
2	0	0	3	4	4	7
3	0	0	3	4	5	7
4	0	0	3	4	5	7

As $\text{table}[i, k] = \text{table}[i-1, k]$
 i.e. $\text{table}[3, 5] = \text{table}[2, 5]$

\therefore Do not select i^{th} item. i.e. 3^{rd} item.

	0	1	2	3	4	5
0	0	0	0	0	0	0
1	0	0	3	3	3	3
2	0	0	3	4	4	7
3	0	0	3	4	5	7
4	0	0	3	4	5	7

Now set $i = i - 1 = 2$

As $\text{table}[i, k] \neq \text{table}[i-1, k]$

i.e. $\text{table}[2, 5] \neq \text{table}[1, 5]$

\therefore select i^{th} item. That is select 2^{nd} item.
 Now, set $i = i - 1$ and $K = K - w_i$ (\because Here $w_i = 3$)
 i.e. $i = 1$ and $K = 5 - 3 = 2$.

	0	1	2	3	4	5
0	0	0	0	0	0	0
✓ 1	0	0	3	3	3	3
✓ 2	0	0	3	4	4	7
3	0	0	3	4	5	7
4	0	0	3	4	5	7

As table $[i, K] \neq$ table $[i-1, K]$
 i.e. table $[1, 2] \neq$ table $[0, 2]$

\therefore select i^{th} item, that is select 1^{st} item.
 Now, set $i = i - 1$ and $K = K - w_i$. (\because Here $w_i = 2$)
 i.e. $i = 0$ and $K = 2 - 2 = 0$.

Thus we have selected item 1 and item 2 for the Knapsack. This solution can also be represented by solution vector $(1, 1, 0, 0)$.

$$\begin{aligned} \text{Here, Total Profit} &= \text{value of item 1} + \text{value of item 2} \\ &= 3 + 4 \\ &= 7 // \end{aligned}$$

* Algorithm of Dynamic Knapsack Problem.

Algorithm Dynamic-Knapsack ($n, W, w[], v[]$)

for ($i \leftarrow 0$ to n) do

{

for ($j \leftarrow 0$ to W) do

{

table [$i, 0$] = 0

table [$0, j$] = 0

}

}

for ($i \leftarrow 0$ to n) do

{

for ($j \leftarrow 0$ to W) do

{

if ($j < w[i]$) then

table [i, j] \leftarrow table [$i-1, j$]

else if ($j \geq w[i]$) then

table [i, j] \leftarrow max (table [$i-1, j$], ($v[i] +$ table [$i-1, j-w[i]$]))

}

}

return table [n, W].