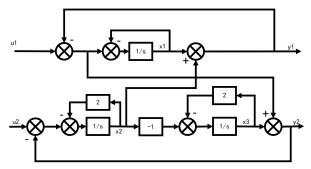
第二章作业参考答案

第一题: 系统的传递函数:
$$T(s) = \frac{KG_1G_2}{KG_1G_2 + s(1+G_1G_2H_1 + G_1G_2H_2 + G_1H_3)}$$

第二题:
$$\frac{V_2(s)}{V_1(s)} = -\frac{(R_2C_2s+1)(R_1C_1s+1)}{R_1C_2s} = -\frac{(0.02s+1)(0.1s+1)}{0.01s}$$

第三题:

方法1、化简上图环节,如下图所示。



$$\begin{split} \dot{x}_1 &= -2x_1 - x_2 + u_1 \\ \dot{x}_2 &= x_1 - x_2 - x_3 - u_1 + u_2 \\ \dot{x}_3 &= -x_2 - 2x_3 \\ y_1 &= x_1 + x_2 \end{split}$$

$$y_2 = -x_1 - x_2 + x_3 + u_1$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} \dot{x}_1 \\ \dot{x}_2 \\ \dot{x}_3 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} -2 & -1 & 0 \\ 1 & -1 & -1 \\ 0 & -1 & -2 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} x_1 \\ x_2 \\ x_3 \end{bmatrix} + \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 \\ -1 & 1 \\ 0 & 0 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} u_1 \\ u_2 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} y_1 \\ y_2 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 1 & 0 \\ -1 & -1 & 1 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} x_1 \\ x_2 \\ x_3 \end{bmatrix} + \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 0 \\ 1 & 0 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} u_1 \\ u_2 \end{bmatrix}$$

代入公式 $C(sI - A)^{-1}B + D$

有传递函数矩阵
$$\frac{1}{(s+2)^2(s+1)}$$
 $\begin{bmatrix} s+1 & (s+2)(s+1) \\ 0 & -(s+2)^2 \end{bmatrix}$ $+$ $D = \begin{bmatrix} \frac{1}{(s+2)^2} & \frac{1}{s+2} \\ 1 & -\frac{1}{s+1} \end{bmatrix}$

方法二、

极点为-2、-1.

$$\begin{array}{lll}
X_{1} = (\mu_{1} - y_{1}) & \xrightarrow{x_{1}} & \xrightarrow{x_{2}} & \xrightarrow{x_{3}} & \xrightarrow{x_{2}} & \xrightarrow{x_{2}}$$

第四题:

$$(1)\frac{C(s)}{R(s)} = \frac{\frac{k_1 k_2 k_3}{s(Ts+1)}}{1 + \frac{k_1 k_2 k_3}{s(Ts+1)}} = \frac{k_1 k_2 k_3}{Ts^2 + s + k_1 k_2 k_3}$$

$$\frac{C(s)}{N(s)} = \frac{G_c(s)\frac{k_1 k_2 k_3}{s(Ts+1)} - \frac{k_3 k_4}{Ts+1}}{1 + \frac{k_1 k_2 k_3}{s(Ts+1)}} = \frac{k_1 k_2 k_3 G_c(s) - k_3 k_4 s}{Ts^2 + s + k_1 k_2 k_3}$$

(2) 根据题意 $\frac{C(s)}{N(s)} = 0$ $\Rightarrow k_1 k_2 k_3 G_c(s) - k_3 k_4 s = 0 \Rightarrow G_c(s) = \frac{k_4 s}{k_1 k_2}$

第五题:

第六题:

根据 KVL 得到
$$LC \frac{d^2v_c}{dt^2} + RC \frac{dv_c}{dt} + v_c = v_i; \quad i = C \frac{dv_c}{dt}$$

(1) 选择储能原件特征变量为系统的状态变量

可得到
$$\dot{x}_1 = \frac{1}{C}i = \frac{1}{C}x_2$$
, $\dot{x}_2 = -\frac{1}{L}x_1 - \frac{R}{L}x_2 + \frac{1}{L}v_i$
 $y = x_1$

列写成标准形式:
$$\begin{bmatrix} \dot{x}_1 \\ \dot{x}_2 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 1/C \\ -1/L & -R/L \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} x_1 \\ x_2 \end{bmatrix} + \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ 1/L \end{bmatrix} v_i$$
$$y = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} x_1 \\ x_2 \end{bmatrix}$$

(2) 选择上述特征变量的线性组合

$$\dot{x}_{2}^{*} = \frac{1}{C}i = \frac{1}{RC}(x_{1}^{*} - x_{2}^{*})$$

$$\dot{x}_{1}^{*} = \dot{x}_{2}^{*} + R\frac{di}{dt} = \frac{1}{RC}(x_{1}^{*} - x_{2}^{*}) + \frac{R}{L}(v_{i} - x_{1}^{*})$$

$$y = x_{2}^{*}$$

列写成标准形式:
$$\begin{bmatrix} \dot{x}_1^* \\ \dot{x}_2^* \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} \frac{R}{C} - \frac{R}{L} & -\frac{1}{RC} \\ \frac{1}{RC} & -\frac{1}{RC} \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} x_1^* \\ x_2^* \end{bmatrix} + \begin{bmatrix} \frac{R}{L} \\ 0 \end{bmatrix} v_i$$
$$y = \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} x_1^* \\ x_2^* \end{bmatrix}$$

第七题:

(1)
$$G_1(s) = \frac{3}{s^3 + 7s^2 + 14s + 8}$$

$$G_2(s) = C(sI - A)^{-1}B$$

$$(sI - A)^{-1} = \begin{bmatrix} s - 1 & -1 & 1 \\ -4 & s - 3 & 0 \\ 2 & -1 & s - 10 \end{bmatrix} - \begin{bmatrix} -1 & 1 \\ -4 & s - 3 & 0 \\ 2 & -1 & s - 10 \end{bmatrix} - \begin{bmatrix} s - 1 & 1 \\ 2 & s - 10 \end{bmatrix} - \begin{bmatrix} s - 1 & 1 \\ 2 & s - 10 \end{bmatrix} - \begin{bmatrix} s - 1 & 1 \\ -4 & 0 & 0 \\ 2 & s - 10 \end{bmatrix} = \frac{\begin{bmatrix} -4 & s - 3 \\ 2 & -1 \end{bmatrix} - \begin{bmatrix} s - 1 & -1 \\ 2 & -1 \end{bmatrix} - \begin{bmatrix} s - 1 & -1 \\ 2 & -1 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} s - 1 & -1 \\ -4 & s - 3 \end{bmatrix}}{s^3 - 14s^2 + 37s + 20}$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} s - 3 & 0 \\ -1 & s - 10 \end{bmatrix} - \begin{bmatrix} -1 & 1 \\ -1 & s - 10 \end{bmatrix} & 3 - s \\ -\begin{bmatrix} -4 & 0 \\ 2 & s - 10 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} s - 1 & 1 \\ 2 & s - 10 \end{bmatrix} & -4 \\ \begin{bmatrix} -4 & s - 3 \\ 2 & -1 \end{bmatrix} - \begin{bmatrix} s - 1 & -1 \\ 2 & s - 10 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} s - 1 & 1 \\ 2 & s - 10 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ 0 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$10s^2 - 60s - 70$$

$$=\frac{10s^2-60s-70}{s^3-14s^2+37s+20}$$

第八题:

$$\begin{bmatrix} \dot{x}_1 \\ \dot{x}_2 \\ \dot{x}_3 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 \\ -8 & -14 & -7 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} x_1 \\ x_2 \\ x_3 \end{bmatrix} + \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ 0 \\ 8 \end{bmatrix} u \quad \begin{bmatrix} \dot{x}_1 \\ \dot{x}_2 \\ \dot{x}_3 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 \\ -8 & -14 & -7 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} x_1 \\ x_2 \\ x_3 \end{bmatrix} + \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ 0 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix} u$$

$$y = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} x_1 \\ x_2 \\ x_3 \end{bmatrix} \qquad y = \begin{bmatrix} 8 & 0 & 0 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} x_1 \\ x_2 \\ x_3 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} \dot{x}_1 \\ \dot{x}_2 \\ \dot{x}_3 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 \\ -8 & -12 & -5 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} x_1 \\ x_2 \\ x_3 \end{bmatrix} + \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ 0 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix} u$$

$$(2) \quad y = \begin{bmatrix} 9 & 6 & 1 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} x_1 \\ x_2 \\ x_3 \end{bmatrix}$$

第九题

$$A = \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 1 \\ 0 & 0 \end{bmatrix} sI - A = \begin{bmatrix} s & -1 \\ 0 & s \end{bmatrix} (sI - A)^{-1} = \frac{1}{s^2} \begin{bmatrix} s & -1 \\ 0 & s \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} \frac{1}{s} & \frac{1}{s^2} \\ 0 & \frac{1}{s} \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\Phi(t) = e^{At} = L^{-1} \left[\left(sI - A \right)^{-1} \right] = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & t \\ 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

因为
$$B = \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix}$$
, $u(t) = I(t)$

$$x(t) = \Phi(t)x(0) + \int_0^t \Phi(t-\tau)Bu(\tau)d\tau$$

$$= \begin{bmatrix} 1 & t \\ 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix} + \int_0^t \begin{bmatrix} 1 & t-\tau \\ 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix} d\tau$$

$$= \begin{bmatrix} t+1 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix} + \int_0^t \begin{bmatrix} t-\tau \\ 1 \end{bmatrix} d\tau$$

$$= \begin{bmatrix} t+1 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix} + \begin{bmatrix} \frac{1}{2}t^2 \\ t \end{bmatrix}$$

$$= \begin{bmatrix} \frac{1}{2}t^2 + t + 1 \\ t+1 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$y = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 \end{bmatrix} x = \frac{1}{2}t^2 + t + 1$$

$$\dot{x} = -(10 + 10K)x + 10Kr$$

$$y = x$$