Image and video processing: From Mars to Hollywood with a stop at the hospital.

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Week #6

1. Q: What shapes have constant Euclidean curvature? o Ellipses. Straight lines and circles. o Only circles Only straight lines. A: The Euclidean curvature is zero for straight lines, and 1/radius for circles. 2. Q: The gradient of a function f(x,y) is Parallel to the level lines of f(x,y). Equal to curvature of the level lines. A scalar function. Perpendicular to the level lines of f(x,y). A: Perpendicular to the level lines of f(x,y). This is shown in the video when we discuss level sets and implicit representations, and we proved such result. 3. Q: Consider the functional ($|\nabla I|p$) for an image I(x,y) and p>0. For which p the Euler-Lagrange of the functional will lead to anisotropic diffusion? \circ p=1. \circ p=0. p=2. This will never lead to anisotropic diffusion.

A: We have seen that for p=1 this gives "curvature motion," a type of anisotropic diffusion. For p=2 this gives the isotropic diffusion or heat flow. For p>2 we also get additional diffusion

across edges instead of reduced diffusion.

4.		Considering a planar curve C embedded as the zero level set of a function $f(x,y)$. The curve oves with constant velocity. Then $f(x,y)$ is deforming according to
	0	$ft= \nabla f $.
	0	$ft= \nabla f 2$.
	0	$ft= \nabla f 1/2$.
	0	ft=1.
		We have demonstrated that the general motion is $ft=V \nabla f $ when the curve is moving with eed V in the normal direction. In this case (constant motion) V=1.
5.		Consider a circle of radius 1/8. What is the relationship between the affine arc-length dv and Euclidean arc-length ds for this circle?
	0	dv=2ds.
	0	dv=ds.
	0	dv=8ds.
	0	dv=18ds.
	A:	We have that $dv=\kappa^{(1/3)}ds$, and since the radius is 1/8, the curvature (kappa) is 8.
6.		Consider a planar shape in an image, with its boundary deforming with only tangential locity. What will happen to the object inside such boundary?
	0	It will not change.
	0	It will get smoothed out.
	0	It will shrink to a point.
	0	It will expand.
	A:	Tangential motion does not change the shape of a curve and its surrounding shape.

- 7. Q: Considering an image with only circular objects of known radius. Which of the following techniques would you use to detect their centers:
 - o Anisotropic diffusion.
 - o Isotropic diffusion.
 - o Hough transform
 - Active contours.

A: While we could use active contours, since the shape of the objects is know, is more appropriate to use the Hough transform.