And it can be argued that these “negative data,” far from having little value in science, are actually an integral part of scientific progress that deserve more attention.

可以这样说，这些＂负面数据＂远非对于科学没有任何价值，而实际是科研进步整体中的一部分，理应收到更多重视．

Far farther or further furthest

Far from.

The children don’t go far from home.

孩子们不会离家很远.

+away .

She wants to move as far away from here as possible.

她想尽量搬得离这里远些.

+down．

He lives further down the street.

沿这条街再往前走一点就是他的住处.

At first glance, this may seem a little nonsensical; after all, how can non-confirmatory results help science to progress when they fail to substantiate anything?

乍一看，这显得有些荒谬；毕竟非验证性数据没能证明任何东西．

At a glance ①看一眼便知道.

He saw at a glance what happened.

他一看就知道发生了什么事.

②便于浏览.

Here are our top ten ski resorts at a glance.

这是我们的的十佳滑雪圣地便览.

At first glance 乍一看.

At first glance, the place seemed deserted.

乍一看，这地方似乎空无一人.

As philosopher of science Karl Popper stated: “ Every refutation should be regarded as a great success; not merely a success of the scientist who refuted the theory, but also of the scientist who created the refuted theory and who thus in the first instance suggested, if only indirectly, the refuting experiment.

就像科学哲人卡尔．波普尔所述的那样：＂应当把每一个反驳都看成巨大的成功，不仅是驳倒这一理论的科学家的成功，而且是创造这一被驳倒的理论的科学家，从而也是首先提示（也许只是间接地）这一反驳实验的科学家的成功．

This leads to a situation in which data that support a hypothesis may be perceived in a more positive light and receive more citations than data that only generate more questions and uncertainty.

这导致那些支持假设的数据被更为积极的看待，也比那些只会生成更多问题和不确定性的数据得到更多的引用．

In a good, bad, favorable,etc light

从好的（或坏的，有力的角度）