HTTPS

证书

openssl x509 -in 证书文件名 -noout -text

Data: Serial Num er:

证书

- 版本号
- 序列号
- 签名算法
- 颁发者
- 证书有效期
 - 此日期前无效
 - 此日期后无效
- 主题
- 主题公钥信息
 - 公钥算法
 - 主题公钥
- 颁发者唯一身份信息(可选项)
- 主题唯一身份信息(可选项)
- 扩展信息 (可选项)
- 证书签名算法
- 数字签名

```
03:40.25. re.fd:e8.04:7c:02:a3:49:c7:5c:c2:9e:96
Signature Algorithm: sha256WithRSAEncryption
  Issuer: C=CN, O=TrustAsia Technologies, Inc., OU=Domain Validated SSL, CN=TrustAsia TLS RSA CA
  Validity
    Not Before: Aug 20 00:00:00 2018 GMT
    Not After: Oct 19 12:00:00 2019 GMT
  Subject: CN=blog.devmgr.cn
  Subject Public Key Info:
    Public Key Algorithm: rsaEncryption
      Public-Key: (2048 bit)
      Modulus:
         00:98:8a:3a:bb:44: ... 5f:89
      Exponent: 65537 (0x10001)
  X509v3 extensions:
    X509v3 Authority Key Identifier:
      keyid:7F:D3:99:F3:A0:47:0E:31:00:56:56:22:8E:B7:CC:9E:DD:CA:01:8A
    X509v3 Subject Key Identifier:
      36:7C:F4:A3:08:88:66:92:88:31:DB:72:A6:AC:F8:00:2F:92:A1:D5
    X509v3 Subject Alternative Name:
      DNS:blog.devmgr.cn
    X509v3 Key Usage: critical
      Digital Signature, Key Encipherment
    X509v3 Extended Key Usage:
      TLS Web Server Authentication, TLS Web Client Authentication
    X509v3 Certificate Policies:
      Policy: 2.16.840.1.114412.1.2
        CPS: https://www.digicert.com/CPS
      Policy: 2.23.140.1.2.1
    Authority Information Access:
      OCSP - URI:http://ocsp2.digicert.com
      CA Issuers - URI:http://cacerts.digitalcertvalidation.com/TrustAsiaTLSRSACA.crt
    X509v3 Basic Constraints:
      CA:FALSE
    1.3.6.1.4.1.11129.2.4.2:
      .....w..+\.....F0D. \...;YK......h.>F!u."..~.N..... h...s{....GSf.....9....L.0....c
```

Signature Algorithm: sha256WithRSAEncryption

40:5e:a03:ae:67:b73:99:a3: ... :c7:2d:86

证书编码格式

PEM Privacy Enhanced Mail

Linux/Unix Apache NGNIX openssl x509 -in certificate.pem -text -noout

DER Distinguished Encoding Rules

Java Windows

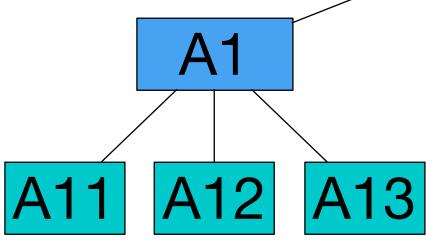
openssl x509 -in certificate.der <u>-inform der</u> -text -noout

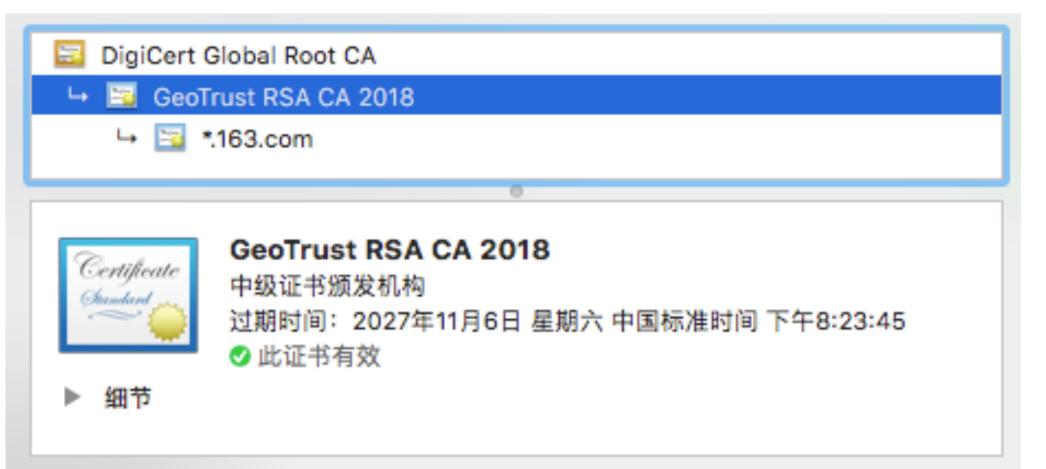
证书文件扩展名

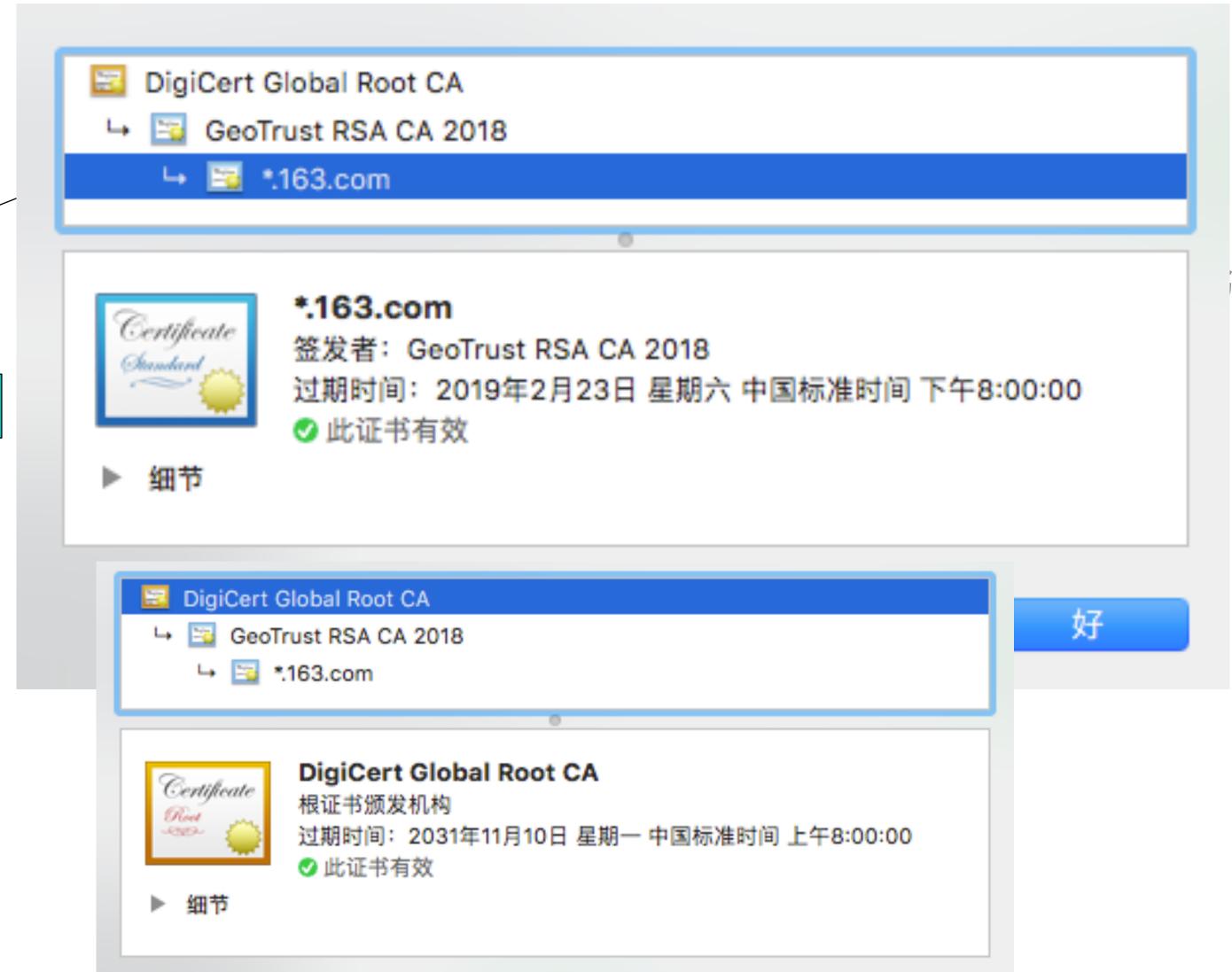
- CRT 证书, Linux/Unix下常用, 大多为PEM编码
- CER 证书, windows下常用, 大多为DER编码
- CSR 不是证书,Certificate Signing Request,制作证书前的数据,包含信息和公钥
- PFX 包含证书和私钥,IIS使用这种格式,浏览器也可使用
- P12 包含证书和私钥,客户端浏览器证书一般用这种格式
- JKS Java Key Storage,利用jdk的keytool工具可以把PFX格式转成JKS格式, tomcat中使用这种格式

证书链

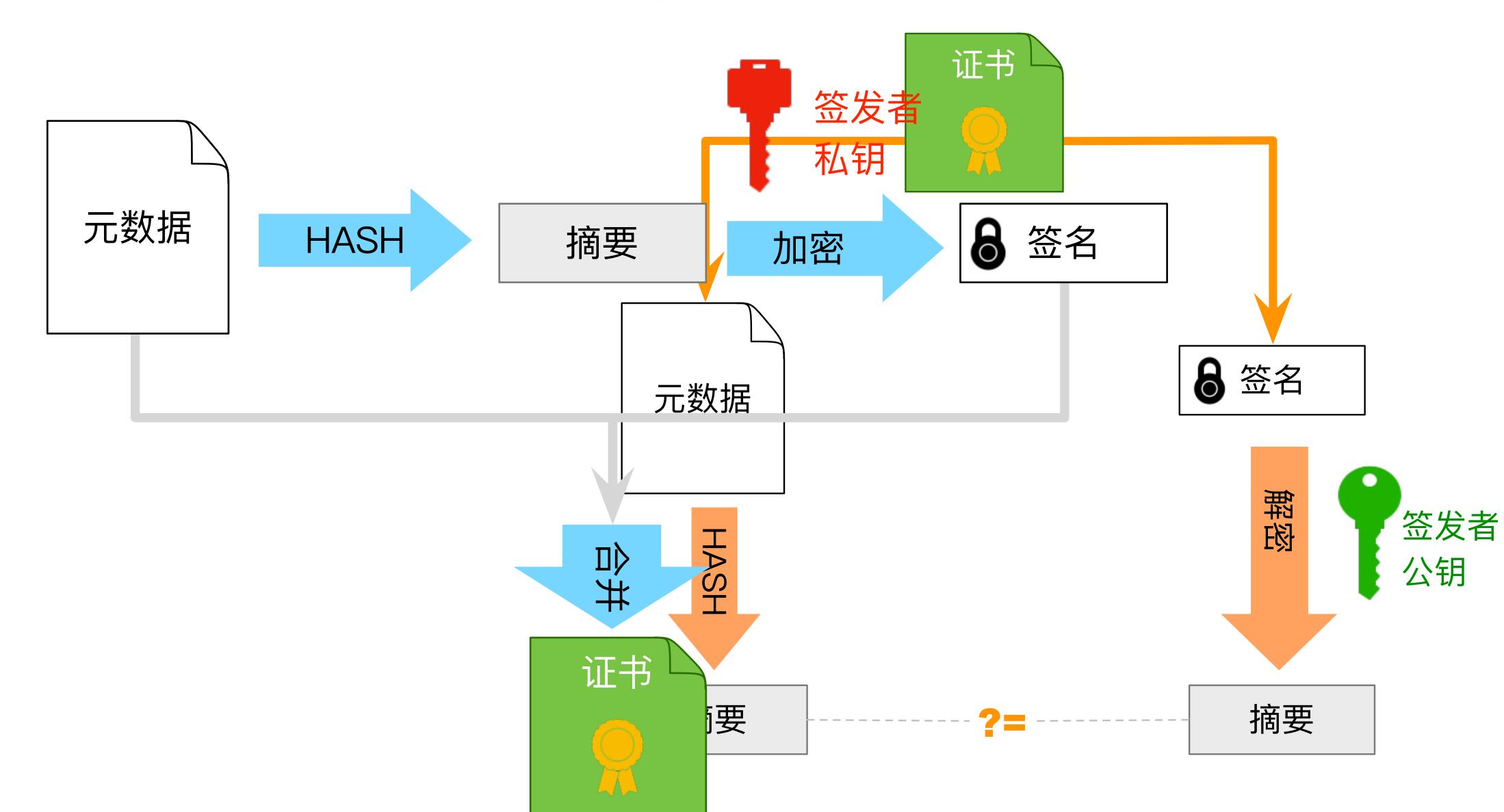
• 朋友的朋友还是朋友





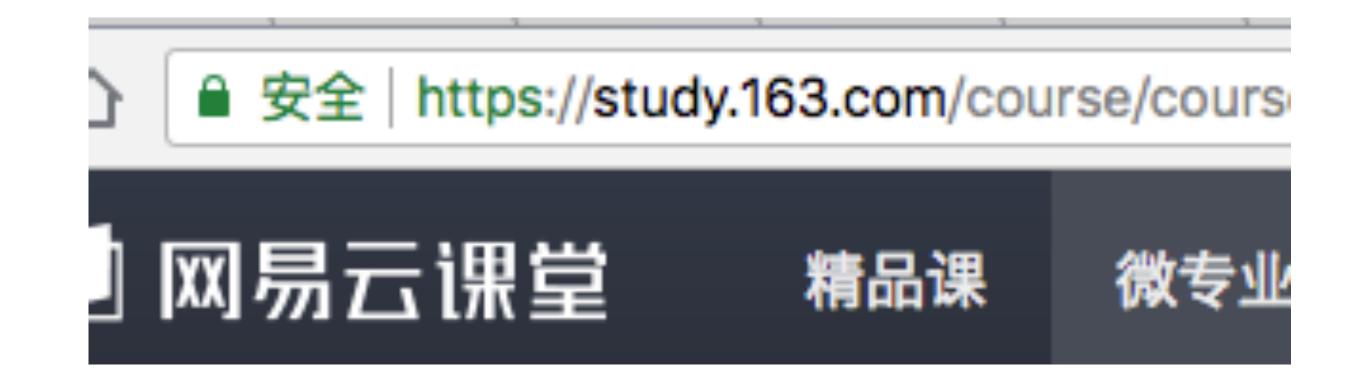


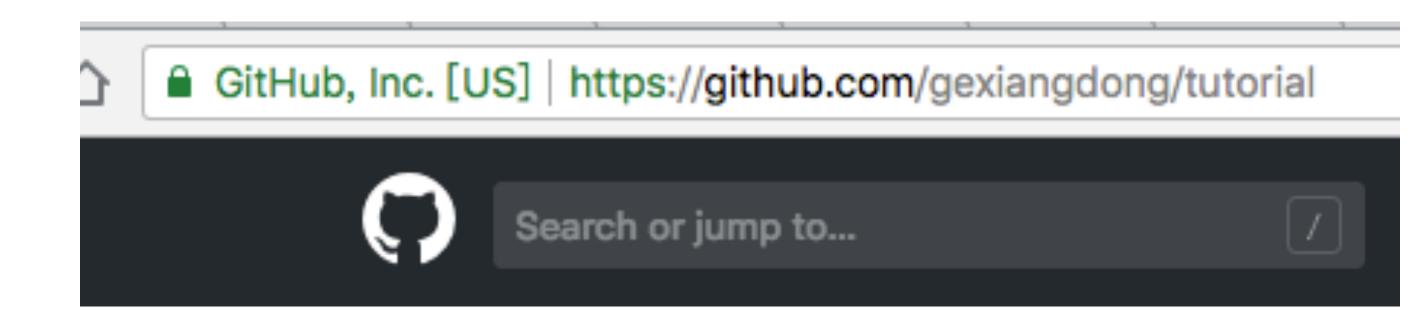
证书的签发与验证



SSL证书的分类

- 域名验证型 DV
- 组织验证型 OV
- 扩展验证型 EV





证书的制作

- 自制
 - 工具: OpenSSL
 - 缺点:浏览器不信任,需要每个客户端手工添加自己的CA
 - 可用于小规模,特别是客户端证书
- 购买或申请免费证书