

OpenEMS

Open Energy Management System

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1. Introduction

OpenEMS is a modular platform for energy management applications. It was developed around the requirements of controlling, monitoring and integrating energy storage systems together with renewable energy sources and complementary devices and services.

1.1. OpenEMS IoT stack

The OpenEMS 'Internet of Things' stack contains three main components:

- **OpenEMS Edge** runs on site and actually controls the devices
- **OpenEMS UI** is the generic user interface
- **OpenEMS Backend** runs on a (cloud) server, connects the decentralized Edge systems and provides aggregation, monitoring and control via internet

1.2. Features

The OpenEMS software architecture was designed to leverage some features that are required by a modern and flexible Energy Management System:

- Fast, PLC-like control of battery inverters and other devices
- Easily extendable due to the use of modern programming languages and modular architecture
- Wide range of supported devices - (battery) inverters, meters, etc. - and protocols
- Modern web-based real-time user interface

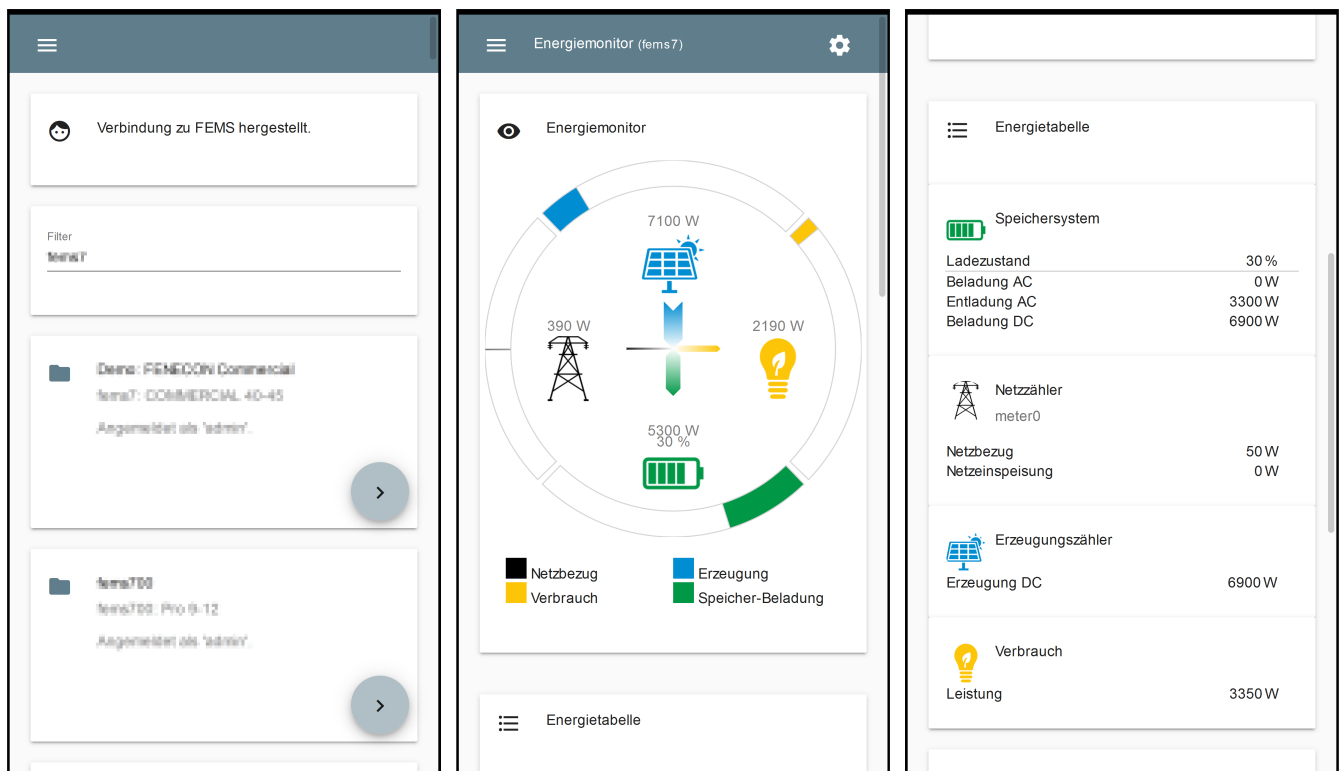


Figure 1. Screenshots of OpenEMS UI

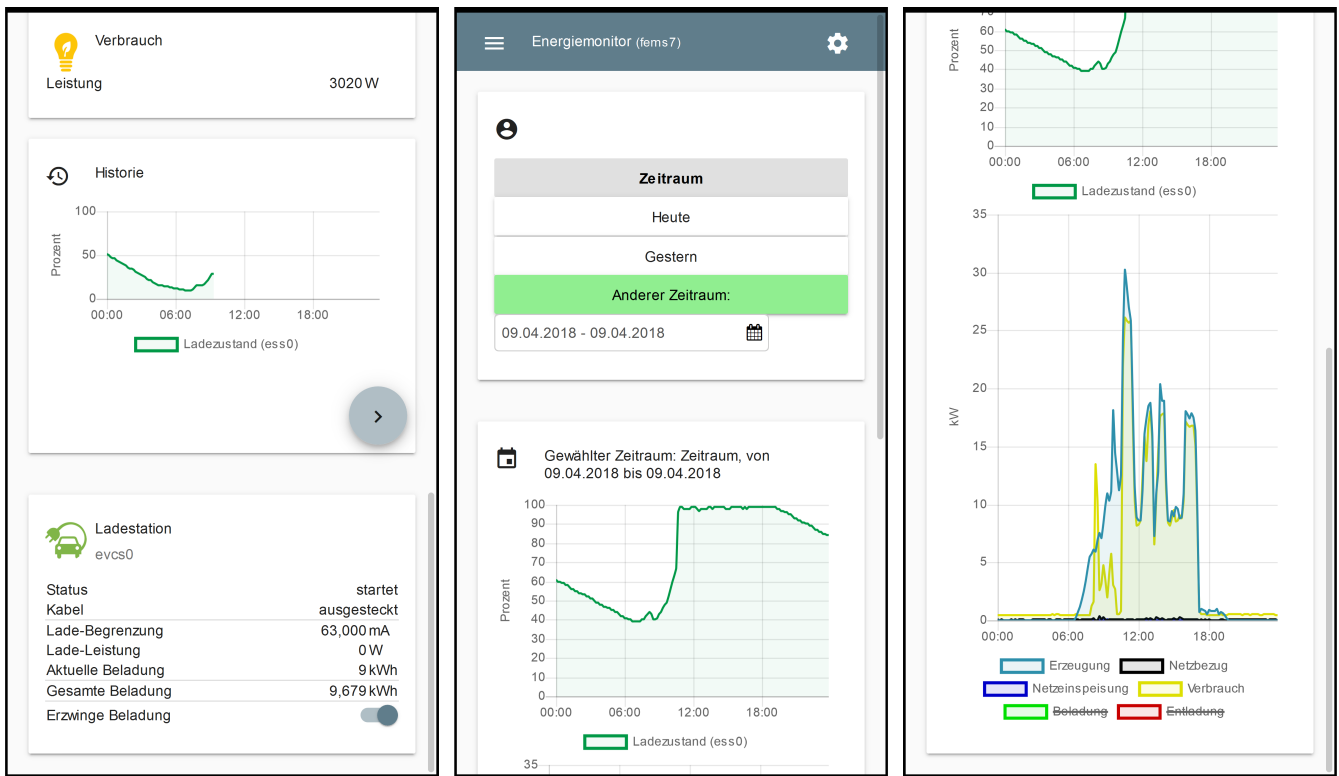


Figure 2. Screenshots of OpenEMS UI

1.3. Open Source philosophy

OpenEMS development was started by [FENECON GmbH](#), a German company specialized in manufacturing and project development of energy storage systems. It is the software stack behind [FEMS - FENECON Energy Management System](#) and widely used in private, commercial and industrial applications.

We are inviting third parties - like universities, hardware manufacturers, software companies, commercial and private owners,... - to use OpenEMS for their own projects and are glad to support them with their first steps. In any case if you are interested in OpenEMS our development team would be glad to hear from you at fems@fenecon.de.

OpenEMS is funded by several federal and EU funding projects. If you are a developer and you would like to get hired by one of the partner companies or universities for working on OpenEMS, please send your motivation letter to fems@fenecon.de.

1.4. License

- OpenEMS Edge
- OpenEMS Backend

Copyright © 2016-2018 FENECON GmbH.

This product includes software developed at FENECON GmbH: you can redistribute it and/or modify it under the terms of the [Eclipse Public License version 2.0](LICENSE-EPL-2.0).

- OpenEMS UI

This product includes software developed at FENECON GmbH: you can redistribute it and/or modify it under the terms of the [GNU Affero General Public License version 3](LICENSE-AGPL-3.0).

1.5. Development guidelines

Development follows the [Agile Manifesto](#) and is driven by the [Scrum](#) methodology. The source code is available online at <http://openems.io> and on [GitHub](#). New versions are released after every Scrum Sprint and [tagged](#) accordingly. Version numbers are built using the pattern **year.number of sprint**, e.g. version **2018.4** is the result of the fourth sprint in 2018. Git development follows the [Gitflow Workflow](#), so the [master branch](#) always holds the stable release, while active development is happening on the [develop branch](#) or in separate feature branches.

For Edge and Backend Java development we recommend the [Eclipse IDE](#). For the UI (TypeScript + Angular.io) we recommend [Visual Studio Code](#). The documentation is generated using [AsciiDoc](#). For handling git we recommend [Sourtree by Atlassian](#).

1.6. System architecture

OpenEMS is generally used in combination with external hardware and software components (the exception is a simulated development environment - see [Getting Started](#)) As a brief overview, this is how OpenEMS is used in production setups:

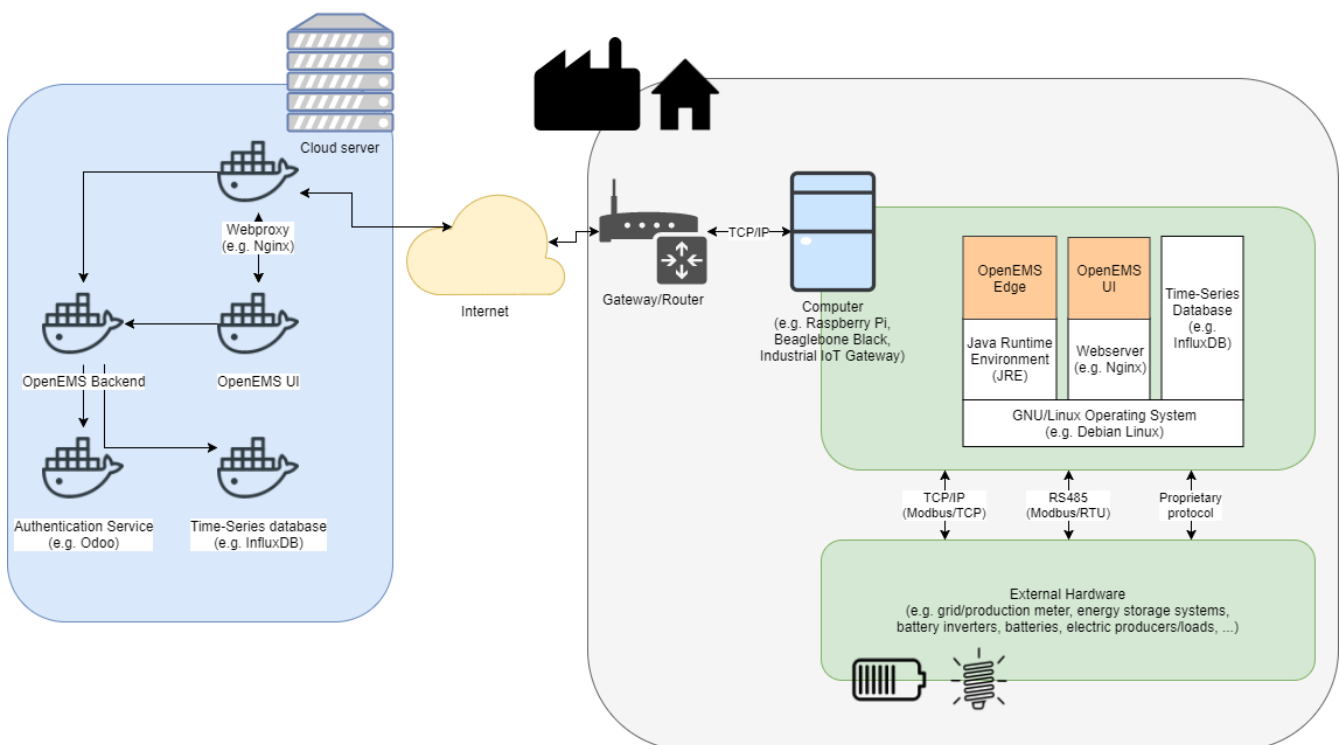


Figure 3. OpenEMS system architecture

2. Getting Started

This quick 'Getting Started' should help you setup up a complete development environment. On

finishing you will have a working instance of OpenEMS Edge, with simulated energy storage and photovoltaic system, as well as an OpenEMS UI for monitoring the simulator inside your web browser.

2.1. Download the source code

1. Download any [git client](#) and install it. Our recommendation is [Sourcetree by Atlassian](#)
2. Clone the OpenEMS git repository
 - a. In Sourcetree:
 - i. press **[File]** → **[Clone]**
 - ii. enter the git repository path <https://github.com/OpenEMS/openems.git>
 - iii. select a target directory, for example `C:\Users\your.user\git\openems`
 - iv. and press **[Clone]**.

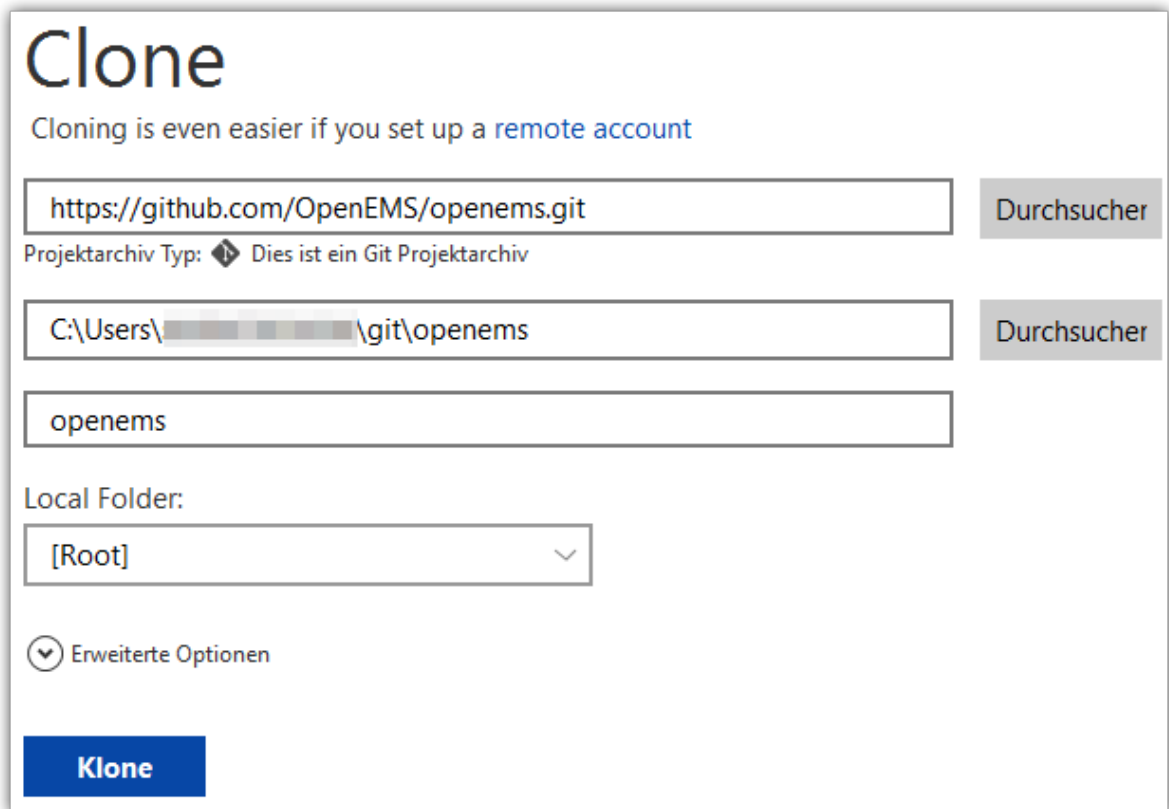


Figure 4. Cloning the git repository using Sourcetree

- b. Alternatively: with the git command line utility
 - i. open a console
 - ii. change to the target directory
 - iii. execute `git clone https://github.com/OpenEMS/openems.git`
3. Git is downloading the complete source code for you.

2.2. Setup Eclipse IDE for OpenEMS Edge and Backend

1. Prepare Eclipse IDE

- a. Download [Eclipse for Java](#), install and start it
- b. On first start you will get asked to create a workspace. Select a directory - for example `C:\Users\your.user\git\openems-workspace` - and press **[Launch]**. *The directory needs to be different from your source code directory selected above.*

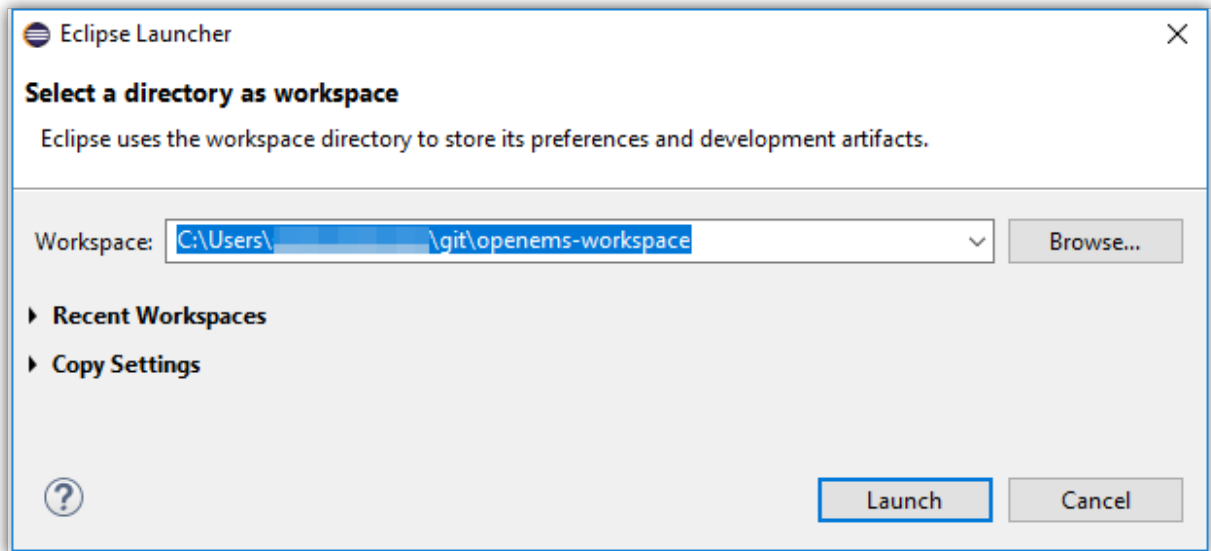


Figure 5. Creating a workspace in Eclipse IDE

- c. Install [BndTools](#) in Eclipse:

Menu: **[Help]** → **[Eclipse Marketplace...]** → **[Find:]** → enter **[Bndtools]** → press **[Install]**

2. Import OpenEMS component projects (OSGi bundles):

Menu: **[File]** → **[Import...]** → **[Bndtools]** → **[Existing Bnd Workspace]** → Root directory: **[Browse...]** → select the directory with the source code - for example `C:\Users\your.user\git\openems` → **[OK]** → **[Finish]** → "Switch to Bndtools perspective?" **[yes]**

3. Eclipse should have successfully built OpenEMS Edge and Backend, showing no entry in Problems.

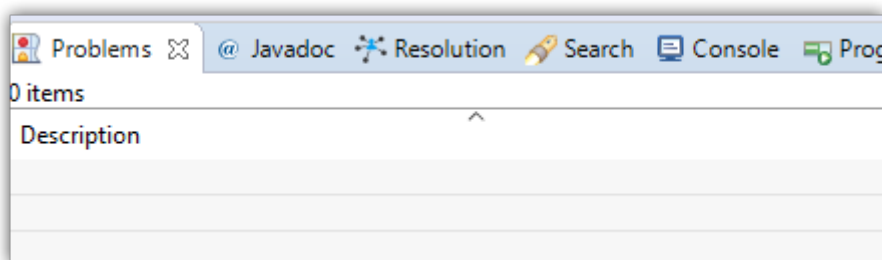


Figure 6. Eclipse IDE showing 'no problems'

2.3. Run OpenEMS Edge and start Simulator

1. Run OpenEMS Edge

- a. In Eclipse IDE open the project **[io.openems.edge.application]** and double click on **[EdgeApp.run]**.

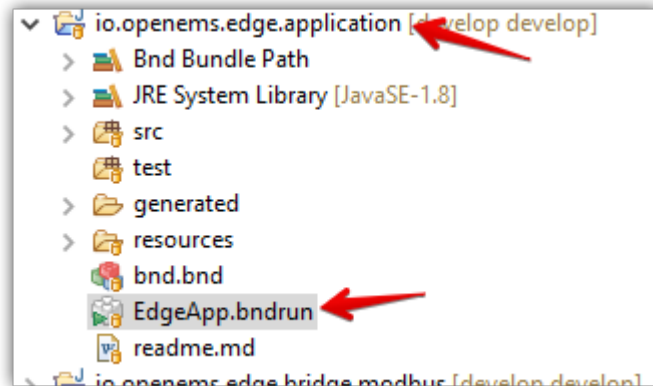


Figure 7. io.openems.edge.application project in Eclipse IDE

- b. Click on **[Resolve]** to resolve all dependencies and accept the 'Resolution Results' popup window with **[Finish]**.

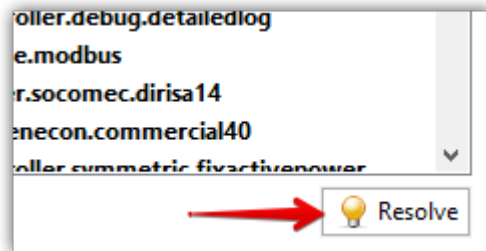


Figure 8. Resolve OSGi in Eclipse IDE

- c. Click on **[Run OSGi]** to run OpenEMS Edge. You should see log outputs on the console inside Eclipse IDE.

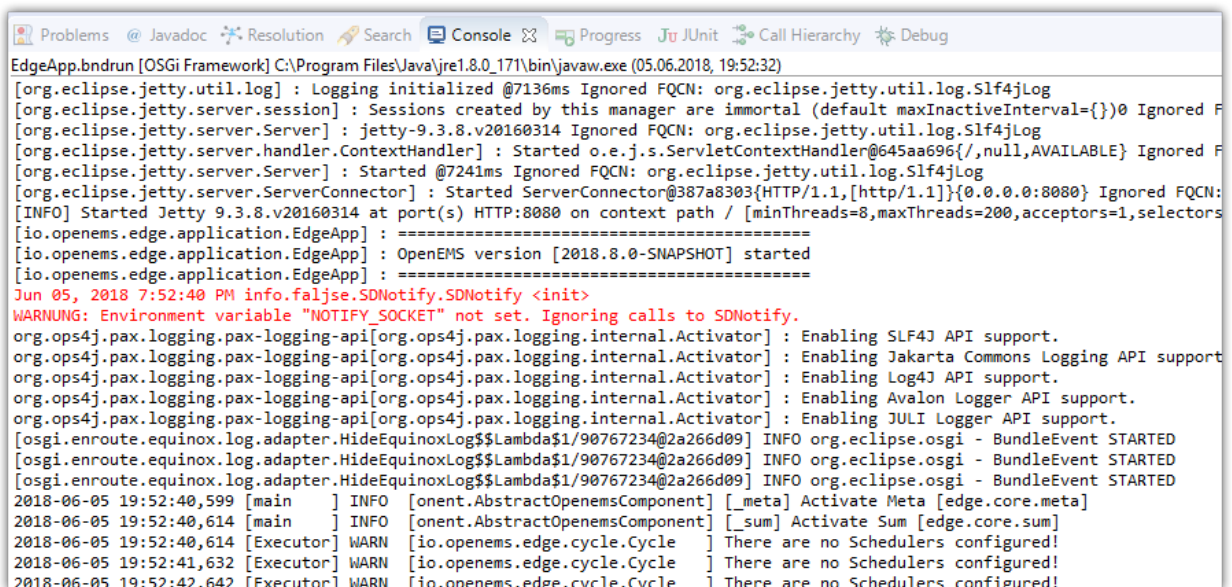


Figure 9. OpenEMS Edge initial log output

2. Configure and start the Simulator

- a. Open the [Apache Felix Web Console Configuration](#)

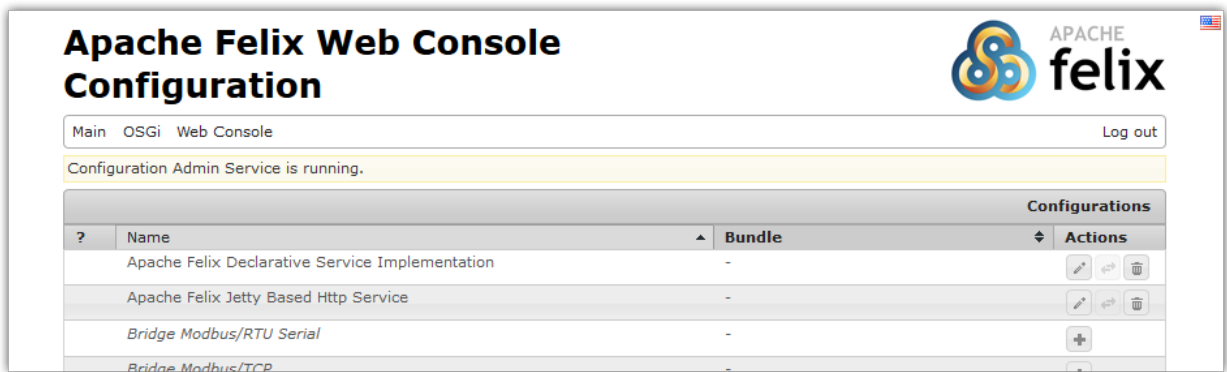


Figure 10. Apache Felix Web Console Configuration

- b. Configure a Scheduler



The Scheduler is responsible for executing the control algorithms (Controllers) and defines the OpenEMS Edge application cycle

- i. Click on "Scheduler All Alphabetically"

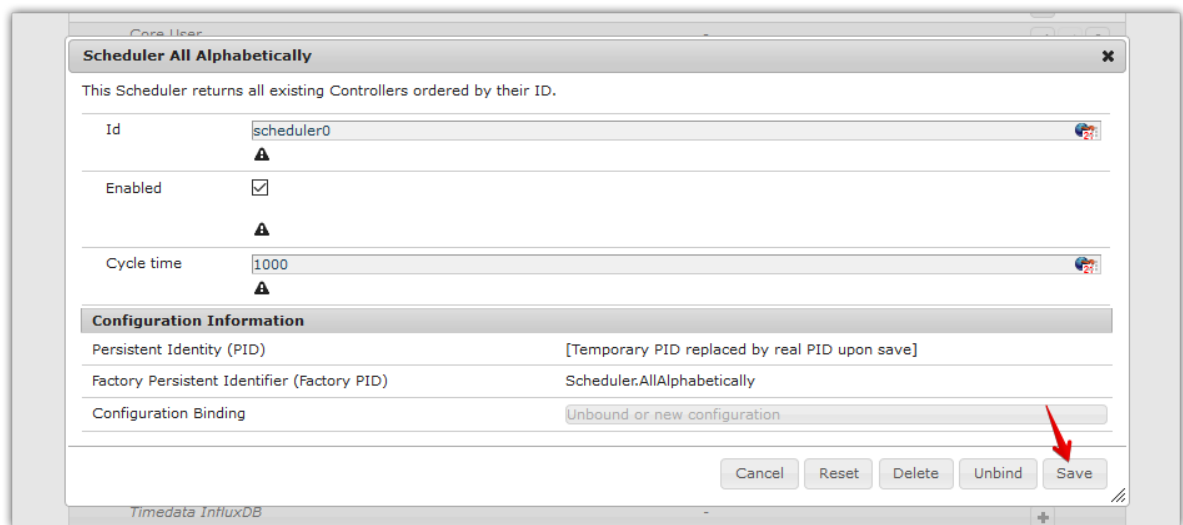


Figure 11. Configuration of All Alphabetically Scheduler

- ii. Accept the default values and click **[Save]**
- iii. You created your first instance of an OpenEMS Component with ID "scheduler0". The log shows:

```
INFO [onent.AbstractOpenemsComponent] [scheduler0] Activate AllAlphabetically [edge.scheduler.allalphabetically]
```

Add any other OpenEMS Components in the same way:

- c. Configure debug outputs on the console: "Controller Debug Log". The default values can be accepted without changes.

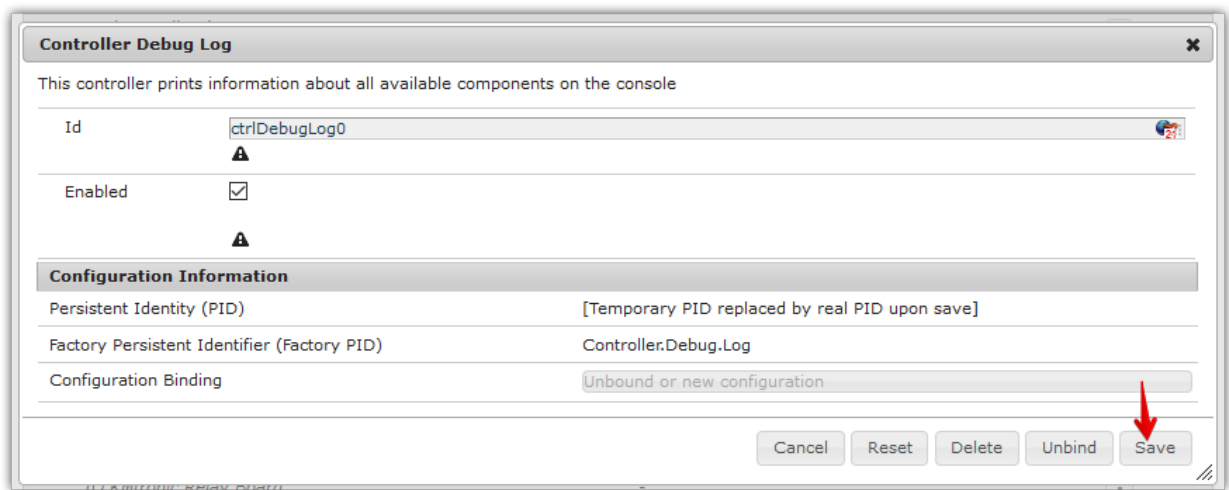


Figure 12. Configuration of Controller Debug Log

The log shows:

```
INFO      [onent.AbstractOpenemsComponent]      [ctrlDebugLog0]      Activate      DebugLog
[edge.controller.debuglog],
```

followed once per second by

```
INFO [e.controller.debuglog.DebugLog] [ctrlDebugLog0] _sum[Ess SoC:0 %|L:0 W Grid L:0 W
Production L:0 W Consumption L:0 W].
```



It is once per second because you accepted the default value of "1000 ms" for "Cycle time" in the Scheduler configuration.

- d. Configure the standard-load-profile datasource: "Simulator DataSource: Standard Load Profile". The default values can be accepted without changes.

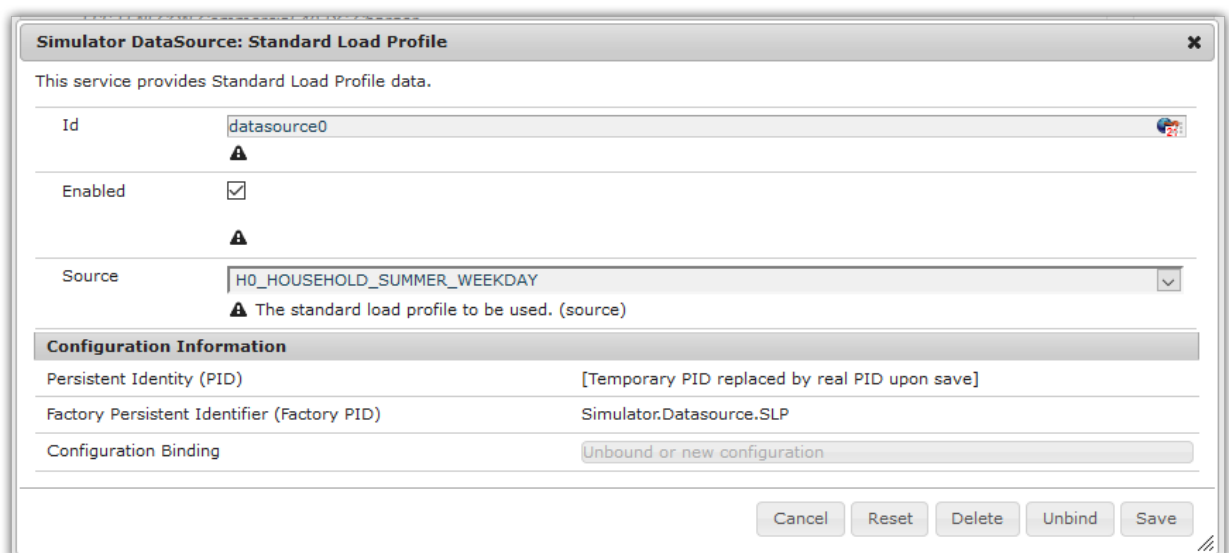


Figure 13. Configuration of Simulator DataSource: Standard Load Profile

The log shows:

```
INFO      [onent.AbstractOpenemsComponent]      [datasource0]      Activate
StandardLoadProfileDatasource [edge.simulator.datasource.standardloadprofile],
```



The data source was configured with the OpenEMS Component ID "datasource0" which will be used in the next step as reference.

- e. Configure a simulated grid meter: "Simulator GridMeter Acting". Configure the Datasource-ID "datasource0" to refer to the data source configured above.

Figure 14. Configuration of Simulator GridMeter Acting

This time some more logs will show up. Most importantly they show, that the Grid meter now shows a power value.

```
INFO [onent.AbstractOpenemsComponent] [meter0] Activate GridMeter
[edge.simulator.meter.grid.acting]
[onent.AbstractOpenemsComponent] [meter0] Deactivate GridMeter
[edge.simulator.meter.grid.acting]
[onent.AbstractOpenemsComponent] [meter0] Activate GridMeter
[edge.simulator.meter.grid.acting]
[e.controller.debuglog.DebugLog] [ctrlDebugLog0] _sum[Ess SoC:0 %|L:0 W Grid
L:1423 W Production L:0 W Consumption L:1423 W] meter0[1423 W]
```



This setup causes the simulated grid-meter to take the standardized load-profiles data as input parameter.



'Acting' refers to the fact, that this meter actively provides data - in opposite to a 'Reacting' device that is reacting on other components: for example the 'Simulator.EssSymmetric.Reacting' configured below.

- f. Configure a simulated reacting energy storage system: "Simulator EssSymmetric Reacting". The default values can be accepted without changes.

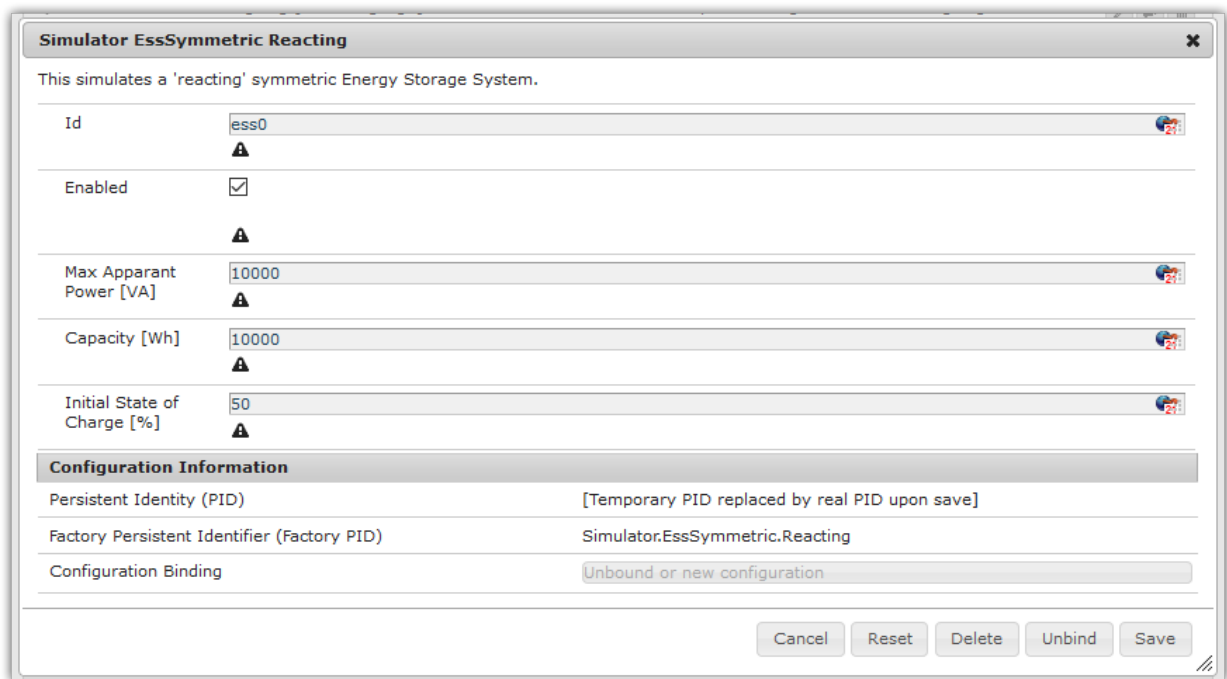


Figure 15. Configuration of Simulator EssSymmetric Reacting

The log shows:

```
INFO [e.controller.debuglog.DebugLog] [ctrlDebugLog0] _sum[Ess SoC:50 %|L:0 W Grid L:864
W Production L:0 W Consumption L:864 W] ess0[SoC:50 %|L:0 W|OnGrid] meter0[864 W]
```

Note, that the DebugLog now shows data for the battery, but the charge/discharge power stays at "0 W" and the state of charge stays at "50 %" as configured. Next step is to configure a control algorithm that tells the battery to charge or discharge.

- g. Configure the self-consumption optimization algorithm: "Controller Balancing Symmetric". Configure the Ess-ID "ess0" and Grid-Meter-ID "meter0" to refer to the components configured above.

Controller Balancing Symmetric

Optimizes the self-consumption by keeping the grid meter on zero.

Id	ctrlBalancing0	
Enabled	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	
Ess-ID	ess0	ID of Ess device. (ess.id)
Ess target filter		This is auto-generated by 'Ess-ID'. (ess.target)
Grid-Meter-ID	meter0	ID of the Grid-Meter. (meter.id)
Grid-Meter target filter		This is auto-generated by 'Grid-Meter-ID'. (meter.target)

Configuration Information

Persistent Identity (PID)	[Temporary PID replaced by real PID upon save]
Factory Persistent Identifier (Factory PID)	Controller.Symmetric.Balancing
Configuration Binding	Unbound or new configuration

Cancel Reset Delete Unbind Save

Figure 16. Configuration of Symmetric Balancing Controller

The log shows:

```
INFO [e.controller.debuglog.DebugLog] [ctrlDebugLog0] _sum[Ess SoC:49 %|L:1167 W Grid L:-39 W Production L:0 W Consumption L:1128 W] ess0[SoC:49 %|L:1167 W|OnGrid] meter0[-39 W]
```



Note, how the Controller now tells the battery to discharge (Ess SoC:49 %|L:1167 W), trying to balance the Grid power to "0 W" (Grid L:-39 W):

- h. Configure the websocket Api Controller: "Controller Api Websocket". The default values can be accepted without changes.

Controller Api Websocket

This controller provides an HTTP Websocket/JSON api. It is required for OpenEMS UI.

Id	ctrlApiWebsocket0	
Enabled	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	
Port	8085	Port on which the Websocket server should listen. (port)
Api-Timeout	60	Sets the timeout in seconds for updates on Channels set by this Api. (apiTimeout)

Configuration Information

Persistent Identity (PID)	[Temporary PID replaced by real PID upon save]
Factory Persistent Identifier (Factory PID)	Controller.Api.Websocket
Configuration Binding	Unbound or new configuration

Cancel Reset Delete Unbind Save

Figure 17. Configuration of Controller Api Websocket

The log shows:

```
INFO [onent.AbstractOpenemsComponent] [ctrlApiWebsocket0] Activate WebsocketApi  
[edge.controller.api.websocket]  
INFO [ler.api.websocket.WebsocketApi] [ctrlApiWebsocket0] Websocket-API started  
on port [8085].
```



The Controller Api Websocket is required to enable access to OpenEMS Edge by a local OpenEMS UI.

2.4. Setup Visual Studio Code for OpenEMS UI

1. Download [node.js LTS](#) and install it.
2. Download [Visual Studio Code](#), install and start it.
3. Open OpenEMS UI source code in Visual Studio Code:

Menu: **[File]** → **[Open directory...]** → Select the **ui** directory inside the downloaded source code (for example **C:\Users\your.user\git\openems\ui**) → **[Select directory]**

4. Open the integrated terminal:

Menu: **[Show]** → **[Integrated terminal]**

5. Install [Angular CLI](#):

```
npm install -g @angular/cli
```

6. Resolve and download dependencies:

```
npm install
```

2.5. Run OpenEMS UI

1. In Visual Studios integrated terminal type...

```
ng serve
```

The log shows:

```
NG Live Development Server is listening on localhost:4200, open your browser on  
http://localhost:4200/
```

2. Open a browser at <http://localhost:4200>
3. You should see OpenEMS UI. Log in as user "guest" by clicking on the tick mark. Alternatively type "admin" in the password field to log in with extended permissions.

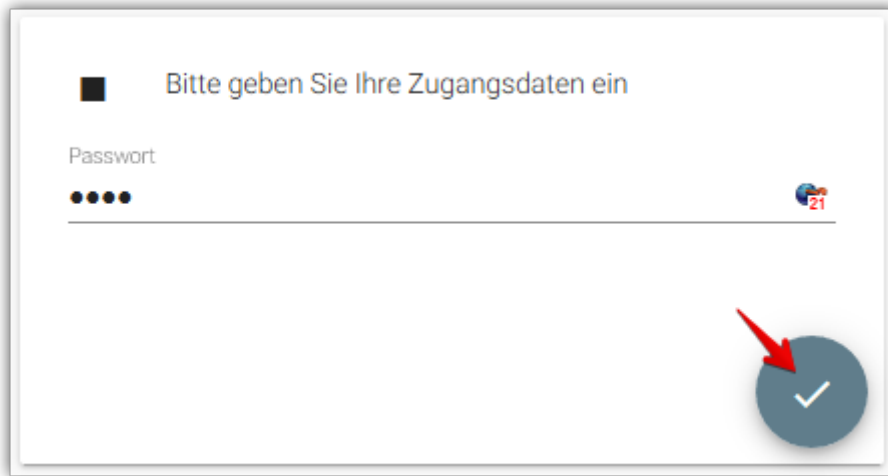


Figure 18. OpenEMS UI Login screen

4. Change to the Energymonitor by clicking on the arrow.



Figure 19. OpenEMS UI Overview screen

5. You should see the Energymonitor showing the same data as the DebugLog output on the console.

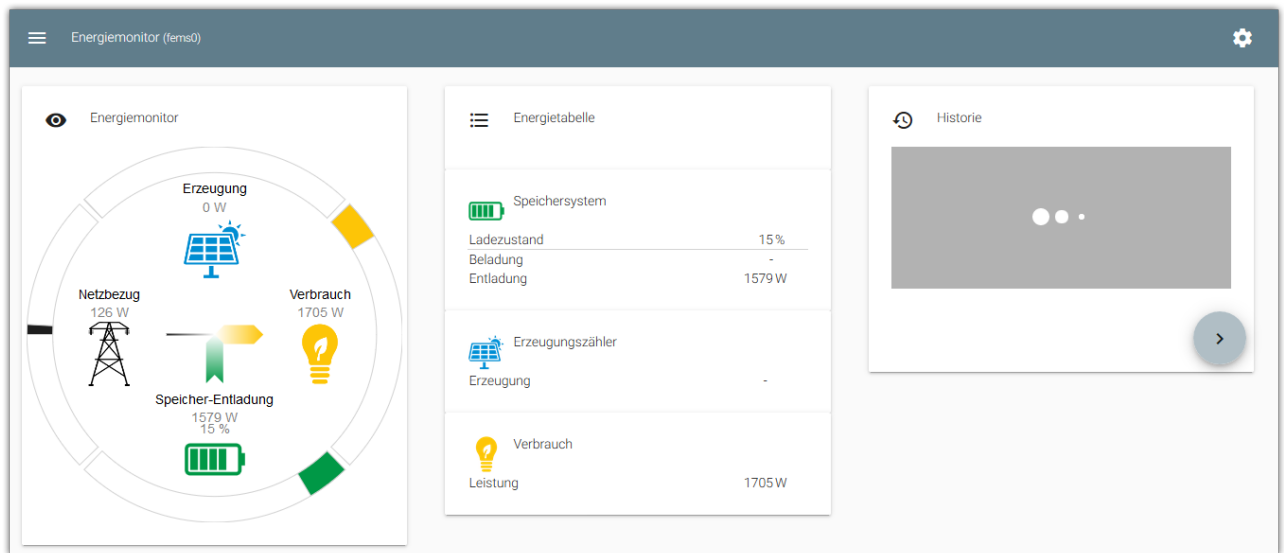


Figure 20. OpenEMS UI Energiemonitor screen



OpenEMS UI will complain that "no timedata source is available". Because of this the historic chart is not yet functional.