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CentOS 利用 Yum 下载软件包

需求:

假如需要下载某些 rpm 软件包,但这些 rpm 软件包已经很难找到下载资源并且很多是存在依赖包,一个一个下载很麻烦,但很多网络 yum 源提是可以直接在线安装,如果用户需要是把 rpm 软件包和依赖包一并下载,这时,使用网络 yum 源下载 rpm 软件包最为方便。

Yum 下载软件包有两种方法: (本教程以阿里云 Yum 源为下载 RPM 软件包)

Linux System Environment

[root@yumserver ~]cat /etc/redhat-release #==》系统版本

CentOS Linux release 7.5.1804 (Core)
[root@yumserver ~]uname - r #==》内核版本

3.10.0-862.el7.x86_64
[root@yumserver ~] uname -m #==》系统架构

x86_64
[root@yumserver ~]echo \$LANG #==》系统字符集
en_US.UTF-8

方法一、使用 yum 源的 downloadonly 插件(Yum 工具自带此插件)

提示:此方法会把 RPM 软件包和相关的依赖包一并下载,但本地系统不会安装下载的软件,推荐使用此方法。

1、配置阿里云 Yum 源

curl -o /etc/yum.repos.d/CentOS-Base.repo http://mirrors.aliyun.com/repo/Centos-7.repo curl -o /etc/yum.repos.d/epel.repo http://mirrors.aliyun.com/repo/epel-7.repo yum makecache

2、使用 yum 源命令下载 createrepo 软件包并指定路径

[root@yumserver ~]# mkdir -p /tmp/yum [root@yumserver ~]# yum -y install createrepo --downloadonly --downloaddir=/tmp/yum Loaded plugins: fastestmirror Loading mirror speeds from cached hostfile * base: mirrors.aliyun.com * extras: mirrors.aliyun.com * updates: mirrors.aliyun.com **Resolving Dependencies** --> Running transaction check ---> Package createrepo.noarch 0:0.9.9-28.el7 will be installed --> Processing Dependency: python-deltarpm for package: createrepo-0.9.9-28.el7.noarch --> Processing Dependency: deltarpm for package: createrepo-0.9.9-28.el7.noarch --> Running transaction check ---> Package deltarpm.x86 64 0:3.6-3.el7 will be installed ---> Package python-deltarpm.x86_64 0:3.6-3.el7 will be installed --> Finished Dependency Resolution Dependencies Resolved ______ =========== Package Arch Version Repository Size ______ _____ Installing: createrepo noarch 0.9.9-28.el7 base 94 k Installing for dependencies: deltarpm x86 64 3.6-3.el7 base 82 k python-deltarpm x86 64 3.6-3.el7 base 31 k **Transaction Summary** _____ Install 1 Package (+2 Dependent packages) Total download size: 207 k Installed size: 558 k Background downloading packages, then exiting: (1/3): createrepo-0.9.9-28.el7.noarch.rpm 94 kB

00:00:00

(2/3): deltarpm-3.6-3.el7.x86_64.rpm | 82 kB 00:00:00 (3/3): python-deltarpm-3.6-3.el7.x86_64.rpm | 31 kB 00:00:00 | 31 kB 00:00 | 31 kB 00:

方法二: 利用 Yum 工具缓存功能

提示: 此方法会把 RPM 软件包和相关的依赖包一并下载,并且本地系统会把下载的软件包一并安装。

1、配置阿里云 Yum 源

curl -o /etc/yum.repos.d/CentOS-Base.repo http://mirrors.aliyun.com/repo/Centos-7.repo curl -o /etc/yum.repos.d/epel.repo http://mirrors.aliyun.com/repo/epel-7.repo yum makecache

2、/etc/yum.conf 配置文件参数说明

[root@yumserver ~]# cat /etc/yum.conf [main] cachedir=/var/cache/yum/\$basearch/\$releasever ##指定 yum 缓存的 RPM 软件包 keepcache=0 ##1 保存已安装的 RPM 软件包, 0 不保存 ##调试级别(0-10) debuglevel=2 logfile=/var/log/yum.log ##记录 yum 下载的软件包记录 exactarch=1 obsoletes=1 ##是否密钥检查 gpgcheck=1 plugins=1 installonly_limit=5 bugtracker_url=http://bugs.centos.org/set_project.php?project_id=23&ref=http://bugs.centos.or g/bug_report_page.php?category=yum distroverpkg=centos-release

3、修改/etc/yum.conf 配置文件将 keepcache=0 改成 keepcache=1,保存退出

```
[root@yumserver ~]# sed -i 's/keepcache=0/keepcache=1/g' /etc/yum.conf
[root@yumserver ~]# cat /etc/yum.conf | grep keepcache
keepcache=1
[root@yumserver ~]# systemctl daemon-reload
[root@yumserver ~]# yum makecache
[root@yumserver ~]# rpm -qa | grep createrepo
[root@yumserver ~]# yum -y install createrepo
[root@yumserver ~]# ls -lrth /var/cache/yum/x86_64/7/base/packages/
total 212K
-rw-r--r-- 1 root root 83K Jul  4  2014 deltarpm-3.6-3.el7.x86_64.rpm
-rw-r--r-- 1 root root 94K Aug 10  2017 createrepo-0.9.9-28.el7.noarch.rp
[root@yumserver ~]# rpm -qa | grep createrepo
createrepo-0.9.9-28.el7.noarch
```