# Vocabularies

## Berate

## Irate

I feel irate about why you don’t tell me the reason in advance that you will not show up at our dinner dating.

I feel irate about the fact that you didn't inform me in advance about your inability to attend our dinner date.

"Irate" means very angry or annoyed. Here are five idiomatic English sentences using the word "irate":

"The irate customer stormed out of the store after being told they couldn't return the item without a receipt."

This sentence describes a situation where a customer is extremely upset and leaves a store in anger.

"The irate driver honked his horn continuously, expressing his frustration at the traffic jam."

Here, "irate" is used to describe a driver who is very angry due to being stuck in traffic.

"The manager had to deal with an irate caller who was demanding a refund for a defective product."

This sentence illustrates a scenario where a manager must handle a difficult situation involving an angry customer.

"The irate mob gathered outside the company's headquarters, demanding answers to the recent scandal."

In this context, "irate" describes a group of people who are collectively very angry and seeking resolution.

"After waiting for hours without any updates, the irate passengers confronted the airline staff."

This sentence shows passengers who are very angry because of a long wait and their subsequent confrontation with staff.

## Inculcate

My parents always inculcate me not to swim alone and drinking alcohol.

The teacher **inculcated in her students** the importance of good study habits.

Colleges these days aspire to inculcate ethics and morals as well as knowledge.

His father, Fred, inculcated his son with the unshakable belief that his own greatness would lead to enormous wealth.

The movement also aimed to **discourage smoking** and other offensive habits, to **inculcate moral values in children**, and to encourage regular attendance at church services.

Education may inculcate **a greater sense of personal responsibility for** the welfare of children, replacing the more fatalistic approach of the uneducated father

## OBSTINATE

He’s so obstinate that once he makes up his decision, no one can persuade him to change it.√

He's being obstinate about the new strategy; he refuses to consider any alternatives.

他对新策略非常固执，拒绝考虑任何其他选择。

Despite all the evidence, she remained obstinate in her belief that she was right.

尽管有所有的证据，她仍然固执地相信自己是对的。

The obstinate child wouldn't listen to his parents' warnings and ran off into the busy street.

那个固执的孩子不听父母的警告，跑进了繁忙的街道。

It's useless to argue with him; once he's made up his mind, he's obstinate about changing it.

与他争论是无用的；一旦他下定决心，他就会非常固执地不改变。

The negotiations stalled because the other party was obstinate and wouldn't compromise.

谈判陷入了僵局，因为对方非常固执，不愿妥协。

# 20241102

## ~~Cambly AI CORRECTION~~

## Other AI correction

Error: ~~"you are in some place different today."~~

Improved: "you are in a different place today."

Explanation: "Some place different" is incorrect; it should be "a different place."

Error: "tonight I returned to my parents' home, yeah,"

Improved: "I returned to my parents' home tonight,"

Explanation: "Tonight" is more commonly used at the end of the sentence.

Error: ~~"it's a different city, but uh, I just need to spend, uh, take maybe take one and a half hours to get back home, yeah."~~

Improved: "It's a different city, and it takes about an hour and a half to get back home." Explanation: "One and a half hours" should be "an hour and a half," and the sentence is clearer without the filler words.

Error: ~~"uh, good, uh, not good, because, uh, today our company, uh, has a sports meeting,"~~ Improved: "Well, it was a mixed day because our company had a sports meeting today," Explanation: This rephrases the sentence to be more coherent and removes unnecessary "uh."

Error: ~~"and as a new employee, I have to, uh, take part in the, um, show."~~

Improved: "As a new employee, I had to participate in the show."

Explanation: "Take part in" is more commonly replaced with "participate in" for clarity.

Error: ~~"You have to, uh, you have to, uh, rehearse your show for, um, maybe four, four or five times,"~~

Improved: "You had to rehearse your part four or five times,"

Explanation: Removes repetition and unnecessary fillers.

Error: "uh, after you get off work, and"

Improved: "After work,"

Explanation: This corrects the sentence structure and removes "uh."

Error: "this morning, uh, I had to get up 6 a .m."

Improved: "This morning, I had to get up at 6 a.m."

Explanation: Corrects the time expression and removes "uh."

Error: "I, I, I don't, I don't get up early, usually, but I know you get up early, yeah,"

Improved: "I usually don't get up early, but I know you do."

Explanation: Removes unnecessary repetition and "yeah."

Error: ~~"but I usually get up at 8 a .m., so 6 a.m. is too early for me,"~~

Improved: "But I usually wake up at 8 a.m., so 6 a.m. feels too early."

Explanation: "Wake up" is the correct phrasing, and removing "a .m." corrects the time expression.

Error: ~~"So, okay. Did everything go okay during the meeting today?"~~

Improved: "So, how did the meeting go?"

Explanation: This question is more concise and engaging.

Error: ~~"yeah, yeah, I've been okay during the meeting, uh, and I did a plank."~~

Improved: ~~"Yes, the meeting went well, and I played a plank."~~

"Yes, the meeting went well, and I exercised on a plank."

Explanation: "Played a prank" is a more natural way to express this action.

Error: "It will make your stomach or your body shake when you do plank."

Improved: "Playing a plank can make your stomach or body shake."

Explanation: This rephrases the sentence for clarity and removes "do prank."

Error: ~~"Be a nice day today."~~

Improved: "It's been a nice day today."

Explanation: This corrects the sentence structure to express a positive day.

Error: ~~"um, last week you have, you have sent it to me."~~

Improved: "You sent it to me last week."

Explanation: This removes unnecessary "um" and corrects the sentence structure.

Error: ~~"um, yeah, yeah, and what kind of, uh, phrase in this pdf?"~~

Improved: "What types of phrases are included in this PDF?"

Explanation: This question is more direct and clear.

Error: ~~"Is it all the phrases, uh, you think they are all popular?"~~

Improved: "Do you think all the phrases are commonly used?"

Explanation: This rephrases the question for clarity and formality.

Error: ~~"it's difficult to open their eyes,"~~

Improved: "it's difficult for them to broaden their horizons,"

Explanation: This uses a more idiomatic expression.

Error: "and it means that they need to work hard to do that."

Improved: "This means they need to work hard to achieve their goals."

Explanation: This rephrases the sentence for clarity and motivation.

Error: "Yes, I think the odds is more higher than the boy who was born in the poor family," Improved: "Yes, I think the odds are higher for the boy born into a rich family."

Explanation: "The odds is" should be "the odds are" and the sentence structure should be corrected for clarity.

Error: "and I, I, I remember there is a series of, um, how to say that,"

Improved: And I remember there's a series called, um,

Explanation: This corrects the sentence structure and removes unnecessary repetition.

Error: ~~"the name is Seven Years of Life, even though I haven't watched this, this, the researcher documentary,"~~

Improved: "It's called 'Seven Up', and even though I haven't watched it, it's a well-known documentary about children's lives over time."

Explanation: Corrects the title and provides context.

Error: "some research, some scientists, or some social scientists, they do a experiment," Improved: "Various researchers, including social scientists, conducted a longitudinal study(纵向研究)."

Explanation: This corrects the sentence structure and uses a more formal term for the study.

Error: ~~"um, so, if we, if we, we are capable to, um, raise our self or our family,"~~

Improved: "So, if we are able to support ourselves or our family,"

Explanation: This corrects the sentence structure and removes unnecessary repetition.

## Questions（answer them anytime）

Question: "Was your Saturday good?" Answer Direction: Describe how your Saturday was, including any significant events or activities.

Question: "Did everything go okay during the meeting today?" Answer Direction: Report on the outcomes and experiences during the sports meeting, including any personal participation or observations.

Question: "What about you? How is it going?" Answer Direction: Share your current situation, feelings, or any recent updates on your life or work.

Question: "Do you often use that or regularly?" Answer Direction: Discuss the frequency of using certain phrases or concepts, especially those related to the PDF sent.

Question: "Why does this happen?" Answer Direction: Explain the reasons behind intelligence disparities between children of intelligent parents and those of average parents.

Question: "Is it possible that we can teach another person how to be more creative, is that possible?" Answer Direction: Provide insights on whether creativity can be taught and how one might go about teaching it.

Question: "If you were a teacher and you had some students how would you teach them to be more creative?" Answer Direction: Outline your approach to teaching creativity, including methods to inspire and stimulate students' curiosity and interests.

Question: "Does this mean that poor people work harder than rich people, is that true?" Answer Direction: Discuss the relationship between wealth and work ethic, addressing whether economic status necessarily correlates with work effort.

## idiomatic English expressions(1-ai example 2-my example 3-ai correction)

## correction and expanding Expression