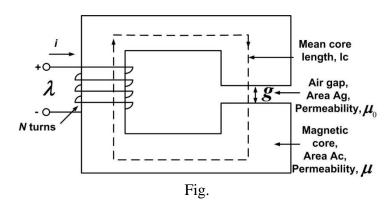
Tutorial Sheet – 05 Magnetic Circuits

1. The magnetic circuit shown in Fig. has dimensions $A_c = A_g = 9$ cm², g = 0.050 cm, $l_c = 30$ cm, and N = 500 turns. Assume the value of the relative permeability, $\mu_r = 70,000$ for core material. (a) Find the reluctances R_c and R_g . For the condition that the magnetic circuit is operating with $B_c = 1.0$ T, find (b) the flux and (c) the current i.

[Ans. (a) $R_c = 3785 \text{ AT/Wb}$, $R_g = 442321.3 \text{ AT/Wb}$ (b) $9 \times 10^{-4} \text{ Wb}$ (c) 0.8 A]



2. A 680 turns coil is wound on the central limb of the cast steel frame as shown in Fig. . A total flux of 1.6 mWb is required in the gap, find what current is required. Assume that the gap density is uniform and that all lines pass straight across the gap. Dimensions are in cms.

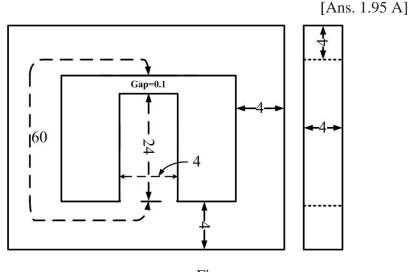
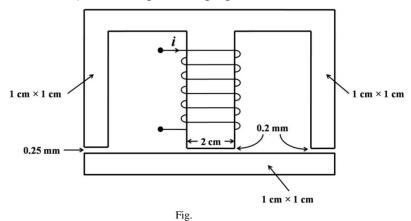


Fig.

3. The mean diameter of a steel ring is 50 cm and a flux density of 1.0 Wb/m² is produced by a field intensity of 40 AT/cm. If the area of cross section of the ring is 20 cm² and if a 500 turn coil is wound around the ring; (a). Find the inductance of the coil in Henry; (b). When an air gap of 1.0 cm is cut in the ring and the exciting current is changed to maintain a flux density of 1.0 Wb/m² then find the new inductance of the coil. Ignore the effects of leakage and fringing.

[Ans. (a) 79.6 mH (b) 35.2 mH]

4. The magnetic circuit of Fig. has a cast steel core with dimensions as shown. It is required to establish a flux of 0.8mWb in the air gap of the central limb. Determine the mmf of the exciting coil, if for the core material $\mu_r = \infty$. Neglect fringing. [Ans: 1343.98 AT].



5. In the magnetic circuit shown in Fig. , the area of cross section of the central limb is 12cm² and that of each outer limb (A to B) is 6 cm². A coil current of 0.5 A produces 0.5 mWb in the air-gap. Find the relative permeability of the core material. [Ans: 7627.51]

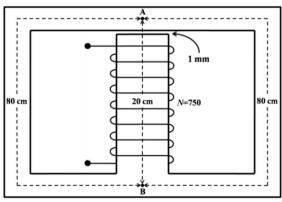


Fig.

6. For the magnetic circuit shown in Fig. , find the self and mutual inductances between the two coils. The relative permeability of the core is 1600. [Ans: L_1 =0.73 H; L_2 =3.55 H; M=0.64 H].

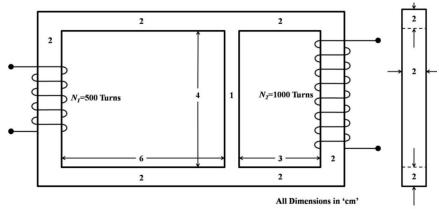


Fig.

7. An iron ring (Fig.) of mean length 30 cm has an air gap of 2 mm and a winding of 200 turns. The iron has a permeability of 1.25×10⁻⁴ and the coil carries 1 A current. What is the flux density in the core? [Ans: 83.77 mWb/m2].

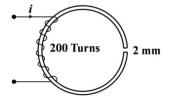
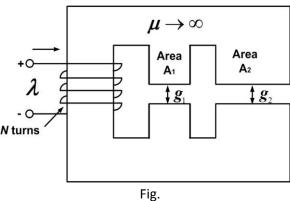


Fig.

8. The magnetic circuit of Fig. consists of an N-turn winding on a magnetic core of infinite permeability with two parallel air gaps of lengths g_1 and g_2 and areas A_1 and A_2 , respectively. Find (a) the inductance of the winding and (b) the flux density B_1 in gap 1 when the winding is carrying a current i. Neglect fringing effects at the air gap.

[Ans. (a)
$$\mu_0 N^2 \left(\frac{A_1}{g_1} + \frac{A_2}{g_2} \right)$$
 b) $\frac{\mu_0 Ni}{g_1}$]



9. A magnetic circuit with a single air gap is shown in Fig. . The core dimensions are: Cross-sectional area $A_c = 1.8 \times 10^{-3}$ m², Mean core length $l_c = 0.6$ m Gap length $g = 2.3 \times 10^{-3}$ m, N = 83 turns. Assume that the core is of infinite permeability and neglect the effects of fringing fields at the air gap and leakage flux. (a) Calculate the reluctance of the core R_c and that of the gap R_g . For a current of i = 1.5 A, calculate (b) the total flux, (c) the flux linkages of the coil, and (d) the coil inductance L.

[Ans. (a) 0, 101.73×10^4 (b) 1.2×10^{-4} Wb (c) 0.01016 WbT (d) 6.78 mH]

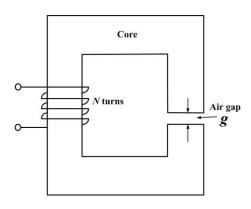


Fig.

10. Two identical inductors 1 H each, are connected in series as shown Fig. Deduce the combined inductance. If a third inductance is similarly connected in series with this combined inductor, with the dots all at the left ends what are the resulting inductances? What do you infer is the relation between number of turns and the inductance of a coil? Assume coefficient of coupling as 1.0.

[Ans. 4H; 9H;]

