

# Advanced Sequencing Technologies & Applications

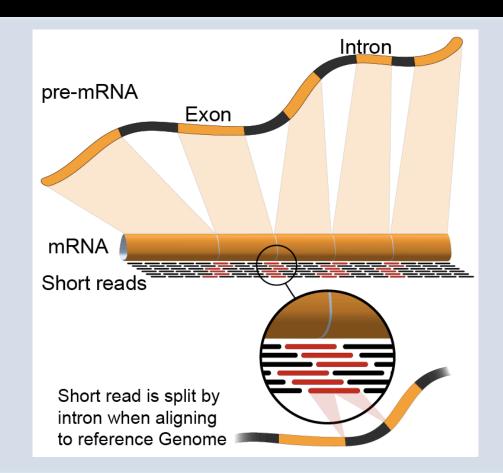
http://meetings.cshl.edu/courses.html



Cold Spring Harbor Laboratory

## Module 4 Expression and Differential Expression (tutorial)

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### **Learning Objectives of Tutorial**

- Generate gene/transcript expression estimates with cufflinks
- Perform differential expression analysis with cuffmerge and cuffdiff
- Summarize and visualize results
  - cummeRbund
  - Old school R methods

### 4-i. Generate expression estimates

- The alignment SAM/BAM files generated in the previous step will now be used by cufflinks to calculate expression estimates
  - For all transcripts on the target chromosome
- For this step an option, confusingly also called '-G' is used
  - Forces cufflinks to calculate expression values for known transcripts
  - To discover novel transcripts with Cufflinks you should:
    - Not use the '-G' option. De novo transcript assembly and estimation will be performed. (we will try this in Module 4) OR ...
    - Use the '-G' option along with the '-g' option. Known transcripts will be used as a 'guide', but novel transcripts will also be predicted
- This step will generate one isoform and one gene expression file for each library
  - Expression values are reported as 'FPKM', or 'Fragments Per Kilobase of exon per million fragments Mapped'
  - Where each 'fragment' corresponds to a read-pair mapped to the genome

# 4-i. Generate expression estimates (Optional Alternatives)

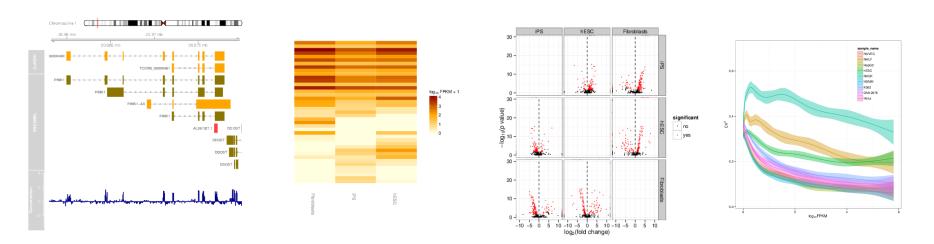
- The Alignment SAM/BAM files generated from STAR can also be used in cufflinks to generate expression estimates exactly as above
- Another alternative we will explore is a count-based method
  - We will use a program called htseq-count
    - Requires name-sorted SAM file
    - We will count at the gene level (transcript-level is also possible)
- In the end we will have three expression estimates for each sample
  - Tophat/cufflinks
  - STAR/cufflinks
  - Tophat/Htseq-count

#### 4-ii. Perform differential expression analysis

- In this step we will use cuffmerge and cuffdiff to:
  - Combine expression estimates from our 4 libraries into more convenient files
  - Combine expression estimates across replicates
  - Compare tumor vs. normal and identify significantly differentially expressed genes and isoforms (transcripts)
- Note that these commands can get quite complicated when you have replicates
  - The positioning of spaces and commas, and grouping of libraries matters!
- Comparisons
  - Compare Tumor vs. Normal using all replicates, for known (reference only mode) transcripts

#### 4-iii. Summarize and visualize results

- In this step we will run the R package cummeRbund to visualize our expression and differential expression results from Cuffdiff.
  - See online tutorial for details
  - <a href="http://compbio.mit.edu/cummeRbund/">http://compbio.mit.edu/cummeRbund/</a>
  - http://compbio.mit.edu/cummeRbund/manual\_2\_0.html



### Post-process output files (optional)

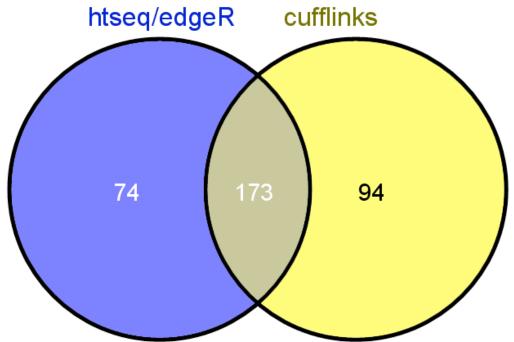
- Cufflinks and Cuffdiff output various file formats
  - .fpkm\_tracking, transcrips.gtf, and .diff files
- In this step, we will explore the content of these files at the linux command line before importing them into R for more advanced summarization, plotting, etc.
  - If you are unfamiliar with R, this is an interactive statistical programming interface that can also be used for graphing and file data manipulation (i.e. an alternative to 'excel')
  - <a href="http://cran.r-project.org/">http://cran.r-project.org/</a>

## Summarize and visualize results (optional)

- In this step we will use R to summarize and visualize the results of the previous steps
- Explanation of the R commands is provided in the online wiki
- Examples of the tasks performed:
- Examine the expression estimates
  - How reproducible are the technical replicates?
  - How well do the different library construction methods correlate?
  - Visualize the differences between/among replicates, library prep methods and tumor versus normal
- Examine the differential expression estimates
  - Visualize the expression estimates and highlight those genes that appear to be differentially expressed according to cuffdiff
  - Generate a list of the top differentially expressed genes

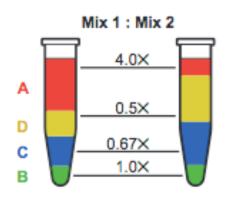
## Perform differential expression analysis with edgeR using htseq output (optional)

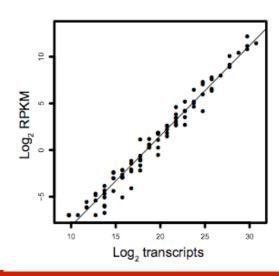
- Make use of raw counts generated by htseq-count
- Load into R and process with edgeR package
- Compare significantly differentially expressed genes from two methods

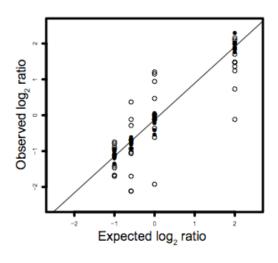


## Analysis of ERCC spike-in expression and differential expression (optional)

- https://tools.lifetechnologies.com/content/sfs/manuals/ cms 086340.pdf
- Lower Limit of Detection
- Dynamic Range (dose response)
- Fold-change response (DE)







## **Break**