# API design and implementation principles

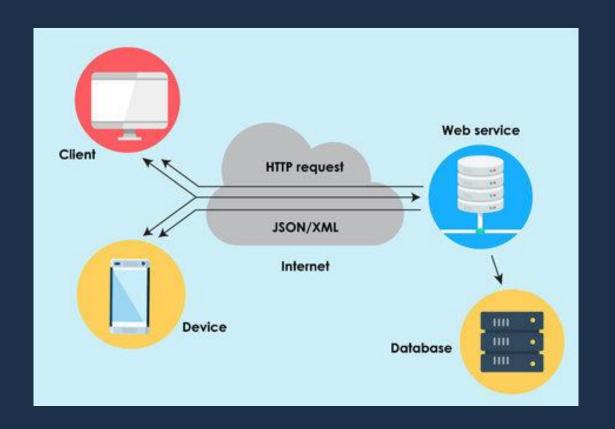


APIs are a big topic –
These are just some core ideas,
specifically for CAMD
government leads



### **Application Programming Interface**





### The usual software "-ilities" apply:

- Consistency
- Flexibility
- Usability
- Agility
- Performance
- Security



### 1/ API First Design

- 1. Your API is the first user interface of your application
- 2. Your API comes first, then the implementation
- 3. Your API is described (and maybe even self-descriptive)

### 2/ REST vs everything else



thriftly.io protocol comparlson	First released	Formatting type	Key strength
SOAP	Late 1990s	XML	Widely used and established
REST	2000	JSON, XML, and others	Flexible data formatting
JSON- RPC	mid-2000s	JSON	Simplicity of implementation
gRPC	2015	Protocol buffers by default; can be used with JSON & others also	Ability to define any type of function
GraphQL	2015	JSON	Flexible data structuring
Thrift	2007	JSON or Binary	Adaptable to many use cases

# 3/ Tools that can help: OpenAPI and Postman

#### 4/ Monolithic vs Microservice



#### **Monolithic services**

- 1. Designed, developed and deployed as a single unit.
- 2. Has to be scaled as a single application and difficult to scale with conflicting resource requirements
- 3. One unstable service can bring the whole application down.

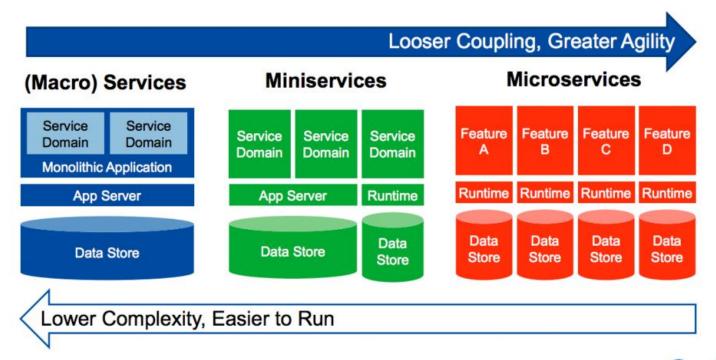
#### **Microservices**

Suite of small and independent services that are running in its own process, developed and deployed independently.

#### **Microservices**

- 1. Independently deployable and scalable executable
- 2. Have a single business responsibility
- 3. Be loosely coupled

#### Think Multigrained, Not Just "Micro"



**Gartner** 

# 5/ API governance & Conway's law

### Primary goal of API governance: Consistency

"organizations which design systems ...
are constrained to produce designs which
are copies of the communication
structures of these organizations."

### A "must read" presentation:

https://matthewreinbold.com/2017/12/07/ConwayAndAPIDesign/

3 Ways Conway's Law Affects API Governance

Matthew Reinbold, @libel\_vox #APIStrat, November 3rd, 2016

#### Other governance goals:

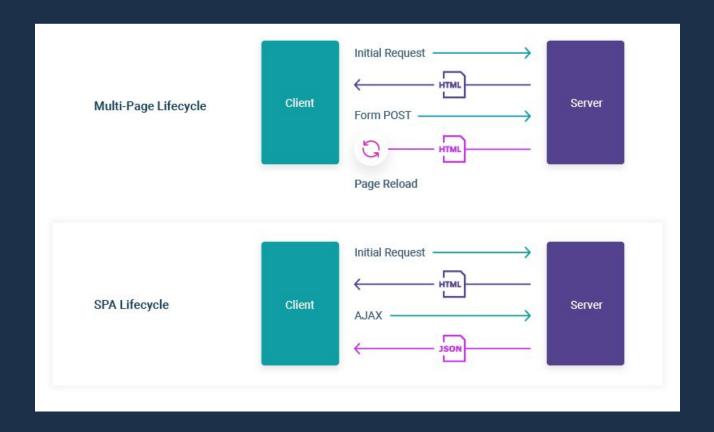
- 1. Centralization for security policies and enforcement
- 2. API discovery
- 3. Deprecation policy

### 6/ Ligtening round



# Single Page Application vs traditional web app





### Use OpenID Connect for authentication



### Logic in API service (middle tier), not database



### State in database, not API service (middle tier)



### Comments, questions?



#### **Resources:**

https://blog.thriftly.io/know-your-api-protocols

https://www.guru99.com/comparison-between-web-services.html

http://www.melconway.com/Home/Conways Law.html

https://learning.getpostman.com/docs/postman/mock\_servers/intro\_to\_mock\_servers/

https://12factor.net/

https://thenewstack.io/miniservices-a-realistic-alternative-to-microservices/

https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/active-directory/develop/v1-protocols-openid-connect-code

https://github.com/katopz/best-practices/blob/master/best-practices-for-building-a-microservice-architecture.md

https://medium.com/microservices-in-practice/microservices-in-practice-7a3e85b6624c

https://dzone.com/articles/10-best-practices-for-microservice-architectures

https://3factor.app/

https://12factor.net/

https://cloud.google.com/blog/products/api-management/api-design-best-practices-common-pitfalls