

## Assignment - 13

Let us consider a sample dataset have one input ( $x_i^a$ ) and one output ( $y_i^a$ ) and number of sample 4. Develop a simple linear regression model using ADAGRAD optimiser.

Sample(i)	$x_i^a$	$y_i^a$
1	0.2	3.4
2	0.4	3.8
3	0.6	4.2
4	0.8	4.6

Do manual calculation for 2 iteration with first 2 sample

Step 1:  $[x, y]$ , epochs=2,  $m=1$ ,  $c=-1$ ,  $G_m=0$ ,  $G_c=0$ ,  $\eta=0.1$ ,  $\epsilon=10^{-8}$ .

Step 2:  $\eta=1$

Step 3: Sample=1

Step 4:  $g_m = -(3.4 - (1)(0.2) + 1)0.2 = -0.84$

$$g_c = -(3.4 - (1)(0.2) + 1) = -4.2$$

Step 5:  $G_m = 0 + (-0.84)^2 = 0.7056$

$$G_c = 0 + (-4.2)^2 = 17.64$$

Step 6:

$$\Delta m = \frac{\eta}{\sqrt{G_m + \epsilon}} g_m$$

$$= \frac{-(0.1)}{\sqrt{0.7056 + 10^{-8}}} \times -0.84 = 0.09$$

$$\Delta c = \frac{-(0.1)}{\sqrt{17.64 + 10^{-8}}} \times -4.2$$

$$= 0.09$$

Step 2:

$$m = m + \Delta m = 1 + 0.09 = 1.09$$

$$c = c + \Delta c = -1 + 0.09 = -0.91$$

Step 3:

$$\text{Sample} = \text{Sample} + 1$$

$$= 1 + 1 = 2$$

Step 4: IF (Sample > ns) goto step 10  
2 > 2

else

step 4

$$\text{Step 4: } g_m = -(3.8 - (1.09)(0.4) + 0.91) 0.4 = -1.7$$

$$g_c = -(3.8 - (1.09)(0.4) + 0.91) = -4.27$$

$$\text{Step 5: } G_m = 0.7056 + (-1.7)^2 = 3.59$$

$$G_c = 17.64 + (-4.27)^2 = 35.87$$

$$\text{Step 6: } \Delta m = \frac{-0.1}{\sqrt{3.59 + 10^{-8}}} \times -1.7 = 0.08$$

$$\Delta c = \frac{-0.1}{\sqrt{35.87 + 10^{-8}}} \times -4.27 = 0.07$$

$$\text{Step 2: } m = m + \Delta m = 1.09 + 0.08 = 1.17$$

$$c = c + \Delta c = -0.91 + 0.07 = -0.84$$

$$\text{Step 8: } \text{Sample} = \text{Sample} + 1 = 2 + 1 = 3$$

$$\text{Step 9: } \text{if (Sample} > \text{ns)} \text{ goto Step 10}$$

$$3 > 2$$

$$\text{else goto Step 4}$$

$$\text{Step 10: } \text{iter} = \text{iter} + 1 = 1 + 1 = 2$$

$$\text{Step 11: } \text{if (iter} > \text{epochs)} \text{ goto Step 12}$$

$$2 > 2$$

$$\text{else goto Step 3}$$

$$\text{Step 3: } \text{Sample} = 1$$

$$\text{Step 4: } g_m = -(3.4 - (1.17)(0.2) + 0.84)0.2 = -0.80$$

$$g_c = -(3.4 - (1.17)(0.2) + 0.84) = -4.0$$

$$\text{Step 5: } G_m = 3.59 + (-0.80)^2 = 4.23$$

$$G_c = 35.89 + (-4.0)^2 = 51.89$$

$$\text{Step 6: } \Delta m = \frac{-0.1}{\sqrt{4.23 + 10^{-8}}} * -0.80 = 0.038$$

$$\Delta c = \frac{-0.1}{\sqrt{51.89 + 10^{-8}}} * -4.0 = 0.05$$

Step 7:

$$m = m + \Delta m = 0.038 + 1.17 = 1.208$$

$$c = c + \Delta c = -0.84 + 0.05 = -0.79$$

Step 8:  $Sample = Sample + 1 = 1 + 1 = 2$

Step 9: if  $(Sample > ns)$  goto step 10  
 $2 > 2$

else  
 goto step 4

Step 4:  $q_m = -(3.8 - (1.20)(0.4) + 0.79) * 0.4 = -1.64$

$q_c = -(3.8 - (1.20)(0.4) + 0.79) = -4.11$

Step 5:  $G_m = 4.23 + (-1.64)^2 = 6.9$

$G_c = 51.89 + (-4.11)^2 = 68.7$

Step 6:  $\Delta m = \frac{-0.1}{\sqrt{6.9 + 10^{-8}}} * -1.64 = 0.06$

$\Delta c = \frac{-0.1}{\sqrt{68.7 + 10^{-8}}} * -4.11 = 0.04$

Step 7:

$m = m + \Delta m = 1.208 + 0.06 = 1.26$

$c = c + \Delta c = -0.79 + 0.04 = -0.75$

Step 8:

$Sample = Sample + 1 = 2 + 1 = 3$

Step 9: if  $(Sample > ns)$  goto step 10  
 $3 > 2$

else  
 goto step 4

Step 10:  $iter = iter + 1 = 2 + 1 = 3$

Step 11: if  $(iter > maxiter)$  goto step 12  
 $3 > 2$

else goto step 3

Step 12:

$$m = 1.26$$

$$C = -0.75 \text{ t}$$