

## Assignment-9.

Let us consider a sample data set have  
i/p ( $x_i$ ) & o/p ( $y_i$ ) & no. of samples 4.

Develop a simple linear regression model  
using momentum optimizer.

Sample ( $i$ )	$x_i$	$y_i$
1	0.2	3.4
2	0.4	3.8
3	0.6	4.2
4	0.8	4.6

→ Do manual calculations for 2 iterations with  
1st 2 samples.

step 1:  $[x, y]$ ,  $m=1$ ,  $c=-1$ ,  $\eta=0.1$ , epochs=2,  
 $\gamma=0.9$ ,  $v_m=v_c=0$ ,  $n_s=2$

step 2: iter=1

step 3: sample=1

$$\begin{aligned}\text{step 4: } \frac{\partial E}{\partial m} &= -(y_i - mx_i - c)x_i \\ &= -(3.4 - (1)(0.2) + 1)0.2 \\ &= -0.84\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}\frac{\partial E}{\partial c} &= -(y_i - mx_i - c) \\ &= -(3.4 - 0.2 + 1) \\ &= -4.2\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}\text{step 5: } v_m &= \gamma v_m - \eta g_m \\ &= (0.9)(0) - (-0.1)(-0.84) \\ &= -0.084\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}v_c &= \gamma v_c - \eta g_c \\ &= 0.9(0) - (-0.1)(-4.2) \\ &= -0.42\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}\text{step 6: } m &= m + v_m = 1 + (-0.084) = 0.916 \\ c &= c + v_c = -1 - 0.42 = -1.42\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}\text{step 7: } \text{sample} &= \text{sample} + 1 \\ &= 1 + 1 = 2\end{aligned}$$

step 8: if (sample > ns)  
     True go to next step  
     False go to step 4.

$$\begin{aligned}\text{step 4: } g_m &= \frac{\partial E}{\partial m} = -(3.8 - (0.916)(0.4) \\ &\quad + 1.42)(0.4) \\ &= -1.941\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}g_c &= \frac{\partial E}{\partial c} = -(3.8 - (0.916)(0.4) + 1.42) \\ &= -4.85\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}\text{step 5: } v_m &= \gamma v_m - \eta g_m \\ &= (0.9)(-0.084) - [(-0.1)(-1.941)] \\ &= -0.0756 - 0.1941 \\ &= -0.2697\end{aligned}$$

$$V_c = \gamma V_c - \eta g_c$$

$$= (0.9)(-0.42) - [(-0.1)(-4.83)]$$

$$= -0.378 - 0.48$$

$$= -0.86$$

$$\text{step 6: } m = m + \gamma m = 0.916 + (-0.269) = 0.646$$

$$c = c + \gamma V_c = -1.42 - 0.86 = -2.28$$

$$\text{step 7: } \text{sample} = \text{sample} + 1 = 2 + 1 = 3$$

step 8: if (sample > ns) True go to next step  
False go to step 4

$$\text{step 9: } \text{iter} = \text{iter} + 1$$

$$1 + 1 = 2$$

step 10: if (iter > epochs) True go to next step  
else step 3.

$$\text{step 3: } \text{sample} = 1$$

$$\text{step 4: } g_m = \frac{\partial E}{\partial m} = -[3.4 - (0.64)(0.2) + 2.28] (0.2)$$

$$= -1.11$$

$$g_c = \frac{\partial E}{\partial c} = -(3.4 - (0.64)(0.2) + 2.28)$$

$$= -5.55$$

$$\text{step 5: } V_m = \gamma V_m - \eta g_m$$

$$= (-0.9)(-0.269) - [0.1 \times -1.11]$$

$$= 0.35$$

$$V_c = \gamma V_c - \eta g_c$$

$$= (0.9)(-0.83) - (0.1)(-5.53)$$

$$= -1.332$$

step 6:  $m = m + V_m = 0.646 + (-0.353) = 0.293$

$$c = c + V_c = -2.28 - 1.33 = -3.615$$

step 7:  $sample = sample + 1$   
 $= 1 + 1 = 2$

step 8: if (sample > n\_s)  
     True goto next step  
     else goto step 4.

step 4:  $g_m = -(3.8 - (0.293)(0.4) + 3.615)(0.4)$   
 $= -2.919$

$$g_c = -(3.8 - (0.293)(0.4) + 3.615)(0.4)$$

$$= -7.29$$

step 5:  $V_m = (0.9)(-0.353) - (0.1)(-2.919)$   
 $= -0.609$

$$V_c = (0.9)(-1.332) - (0.1)(-7.29)$$

$$= -1.928$$

step 6:  $m = m + V_m = 0.293 - 0.609 = -0.316$

$$c = c + V_c = -3.615 - 1.928 = -5.54$$



step 7:  $\text{sample} = \text{sample} + 1$   
 $= 2 + 1 = 3$

step 8:  $\text{if}(\text{sample} > n_s)$   
 $3 > 2$  goto step 9  
False go to step 4.

step 9:  $\text{iter} = \text{iter} + 1$   
 $2 + 1 = 3$

step 10:  $\text{if}(\text{iter} > \text{epochs})$   
true go to step 11  
else goto step 3.

step 11: print m & c values

$m = -0.316$ ,  $c = -5.54$ .