Assignment - 13

let us consider a sample data set have one ilp (xia) and olp (xia) and no. of samples 4. Develop a simple linear regression model using ADAGRAD optimises:

Sample(i)	X1 a	Yia
1	0.2	3.4
2	0.4	3.8
3	0.6	4.2
4	0.8	4.6

Do mane

$$gc = -(3.4 - (1)(0.2) + 1) = -4.2$$

Step 6:
$$4m = -n$$
 $\sqrt{am+\epsilon}$
 $gm = -0.1$
 $\sqrt{0.7056+00.9}$

= 0.09

Step 7:
$$m = m + \Delta m = 1 + 0.09 = 1.09$$
 $C = C + \Delta C = -1 + 0.09 = 1.09$
 $C = C + \Delta C = -1 + 0.09 = 0.91$

Step 8: Sample = Sample +1

 $= 1 + 1 = 2$

Step 9: $4 (sample > ns) go to step 10$
 $2 > 2$
 $2 > 2$
 $2 > 2$
 $3 > 2$
 $4 : gm = -(3.5 - (1.09)(0.4) + 0.91)0.4 = -1.2$
 $3 > 3 > 4 > (1.09)(0.4) + 0.91) = -4.24$

Step 6: $\Delta m = -0.1$
 $\sqrt{3.5.97 + 10.9}$
 $\Delta C = -0.1$
 $\sqrt{3.5.97 + 10.9}$
 $\Delta C = -0.1$
 $\sqrt{3.5.97 + 10.9}$
 $\Delta C = -0.91 + 0.09 = -0.94$

Step 8: $\Delta mple + 1 = 2 + 1 = 3$

Step 9: $\Delta mple + 1 = 2 + 1 = 3$

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Step 10: "ter+=1 => 1+1=2 step 3; sample =1 step 4: 9m = (-3.4)-(1.17)(0.2)+0.84)0.2 = -0.80 gc= -4.0 step 5: @m= 4-23 ac=51.89 step 6: $\Delta m = -0.1$ $\sqrt{4.23 \times 15^8} \times 0.80 = 0.038$ $\Delta C = -0.1$ $\sqrt{51.84+10.8}$ $\times -4.0 = 0.05$ step 7: m= m+ Am = 1.208 C=C+AC=-0.79 Step 8; if (sample >ns) go. to step 10 else go to step 4 step, q: gm=1.64. 8 c = -4.11 step 5: am = 4.23 + (-1.64)2=6.9 ac = 51.89 + C-9.11) = 68.7

step 6: Am = -0.1 \[\sqrt{6.8 \times 10^{\frac{3}{3}}} \times -1.64 = 0.06 \] step \$: AC = - 0,1 X- 4.11 = 0.04 V68.7+158 step 8: m=m+Am=1.26 C=C+ AC=-0-75 step 9: if (sample > ns) go to step 10 else: 90 to 4 10 : eter + =1 = 2+1=3 11: if (eter > epochs) goto 12 else B step 1 12; m=1-76 , C=-0.75