

## Assignment 9

Let us consider a sample dataset have 1 input ( $x_i$ ) and 1 output ( $y_i$ ) and number of samples 4. Develop a simple linear regression model using momentum optimiser.

Sample ( $i$ )	$x_i^a$	$y_i^a$
1	0.2	3.4
2	0.4	3.8
3	0.6	4.2
4	0.8	4.6

→ Do manual calculations for a 2 iterations with first 2 samples.

step 1 :-  $[x, y]$ ,  $m=1$ ,  $c=-1$ , epochs=2,  $\eta=0.9$ ,  $v_m=v_c=0$ ,  $n_s=2$

step 2 : iter = 1

step 3 : sample = 1

$$\begin{aligned}\text{step 4 : } g_m &= \frac{\partial E}{\partial m} = -(y_i - mx_i - c) x_i \\ &= -(2.4 - (1)(0.2) + 1)(0.2) \\ &= -0.84\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}g_c &= \frac{\partial E}{\partial c} = -(y_i - mx_i - c) \\ &= -(2.4 - 1(0.2) + 1) \\ &= -1.2\end{aligned}$$

step 5 :-  $v_m = \eta v_m + \eta g_m$

$$\begin{aligned}&= (0.9)0 + (-0.1)(-0.84) \\ &= 0 + 0.084 = 0.084\end{aligned}$$

$$v_c = \eta v_c - \eta g_c$$

$$= 0.9 \times 0 - (-0.1)(-4.2)$$

$$= -0.42$$

$$\text{step 6: } m = m + \Delta m = 1 + (-0.916) = -0.916$$

$$c = c + v_c = -1 - 0.42 = -1.42$$

$$\text{step 7: } \text{sample} = \text{sample} + 1$$

$$= 1 + 1 = 2$$

$$\text{step 8: if (sample} > n_s) : \text{ goto step 9}$$

$$\text{else : } \overset{2 > 4}{\text{ goto step 4}}$$

$$\text{step 4: } g_m = \frac{\partial E}{\partial m} = -(3.8 - (0.916)(0.4) + 1.42)0.4$$

$$= -1.941$$

$$g_c = \frac{\partial E}{\partial c} = -4.853$$

$$\text{step 5: } \Delta m = \eta v_m - \eta g_m$$

$$= (0.9)(-0.084) - [0.1 \times -1.941]$$

$$= -0.2697$$

$$v_c = \eta v_c - \eta g_c$$

$$= (0.9)(-0.42) - [-0.1 \times -4.853]$$

$$= -0.863$$

$$\text{step 6: } m = m + \Delta m = 0.916 + (-0.2697) = 0.6463$$

$$= 0.6463$$

$$c = c + v_c = -1.42 - 0.863 = -2.283$$

$$\text{step 7: } \text{sample} = \text{sample} + 1$$

$$= 2 + 1$$

$$= 3$$

step 8 : if (sample > ns) : goto step 9  
else : goto step 4

step 9 : iter = iter + 1  
= 1 + 1 = 2

step 10 : if (itr > epochs) goto step 4  
else goto step 3

step 3 : sample = 1

step 4 :  $g_m = \frac{\partial E}{\partial m} = -(3.4 - (0.646)(0.2) + 2 \cdot 283)(0.2)$   
= -1.110

$$g_c = \frac{\partial E}{\partial c} = -(3.4 - (0.646)(0.2) + 2 \cdot 283)$$
$$= -5.553$$

step 5 :  $v_m = \eta v_m = \eta g_m$

$$= (0.9)(-0.2697) - [-0.1 \times -1.110]$$
$$= -0.353$$

$v_c = \eta v_c = \eta g_c$

$$= (0.9)(-0.863) - [-0.1 \times -5.53]$$
$$= -1.332$$

step 6 :  $m = m + v_m \Rightarrow 0.6463 + (-0.353) = 0.293$

$$c = c + v_c \Rightarrow -2.283 - 1.332 = -3.615$$

step 7 : sample = sample + 1

$$= 1 + 1$$
$$= 2$$

step 8: if (sample  $\geq$  ns) goto step 9  
else goto step 4

$$\text{step 4: } g_m = -(3.8 - (0.293)(0.4) + 3.615)(0.4)$$

$$= -2.919$$

$$g_c = -(3.8 - (0.293)(0.4) + 3.615)$$

$$= -7.297$$

$$\text{step 5: } v_m = (0.9)(-0.353) - [-0.1x - 2.919]$$

$$= -0.6096$$

$$v_c = (0.9)(-1.332) - [-0.1x - 7.297]$$

$$= -1.9285$$

$$\text{step 6: } m = m + v_m \Rightarrow 0.293 - 0.609 = -0.316$$

$$c = c + v_c \Rightarrow -3.615 - 1.928 = -5.543$$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{step 7: } \text{sample} &= \text{sample} + 1 \\ &= 2 + 1 \\ &= 3 \end{aligned}$$

step 8: if (sample  $\geq$  ns) : goto step 9  
else goto step 4

$$\begin{aligned} \text{step 9: } \text{iter} &= \text{iter} + 1 \\ &= 2 + 1 = 3 \end{aligned}$$

step 10: if (iter > epochs) · goto step 11  
else goto step 3

step 11: print m, c

$m = -0.316$  ,  $c = -5.543$