

Assignment -13

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Let us consider a sample dataset have one input (x_i^a) and one output (y_i^a) and number of sample 4. Develop a simple linear regression model using ADAGRAD optimizer.

Sample (i)	x_i^a	y_i^a
1	0.2	3.4
2	0.4	3.8
3	0.6	4.2
4	0.8	4.6

Do manual calculations for 2 iterations with first two samples.

Step 1: $[x, y]$, epochs = 2, $m=1$, $C=-1$, $G_m=0$, $G_c=0$, $\eta=0.1$, $\epsilon=10^{-8}$

Step 2: itr = 1

Step 3: sample = 1

Step 4: $g_m = -(3.4 - (1)(0.2) + 1)0.2 = -0.84$
 $g_c = -(3.4 - (1)(0.2) + 1) = -4.2$

Step 5: $G_m = 0 + (-0.84)^2 = 0.7056$

$G_c = 0 + (-4.2)^2 = 17.64$

Step 6: $\Delta m = \frac{-\eta}{\sqrt{G_m + \epsilon}} g_m$

$$= \frac{-(0.1)}{\sqrt{0.7056 + 10^{-3}}} \times -0.84$$

$$\Delta c = \frac{-(0.1)}{\sqrt{17.64 + 10^{-8}}} \times -4.2 \Rightarrow 0.09$$

Step 7: $m = m + \Delta m = 1 + 0.09 = 1.09$
 $c = c + \Delta c = -1 + 0.09 = -0.91$

Step 8: Sample = sample + 1

$$= 1 + 1$$

$$= 2$$

Step 9: if (sample > ns) goto step -10

$$2 > 2$$

else

Step -4

Step 4: $g_m = -(3.8 - (1.09)(0.4) + 0.91)0.4 = -1.7$

$$g_c = -(3.8 - (1.09)(0.4) + 0.91) = -4.27$$

Step 5: $G_m = 0.7056 + (-1.7)^2 = 3.59$

$$G_c = 17.64 + (-4.22)^2 = 35.87$$

Step 6: $\Delta m = \frac{-0.1}{\sqrt{3.59 + 10^{-8}}} \times (-1.7) = 0.08$

$$\Delta c = \frac{-0.1}{\sqrt{35.87 + 10^{-8}}} \times (-4.27) = 0.07$$

Step 7: $m = m + \Delta m = 1.09 + 0.08 = 1.17$

$$c = c + \Delta c = -0.91 + 0.07 = -0.84$$

Step 8: Sample = Sample + 1

$$= 2 + 1 = 3$$

Step 9: if (sample > ns) goto step 10

$$3 > 2$$

else

goto step 4

Step 10: itr = itr + 1

$$= 1 + 1$$

$$= 2$$

Step 11: if (itr > epochs) goto step-12

$$2 > 2$$

else

goto step 3

Step 3: Sample = 1

$$\text{Step 4: } g_m = -(3.4 - (1.17)(0.2) + 0.84)0.2 = -0.80$$

$$g_c = -(3.4 - (1.17)(0.2) + 0.84) = -4.0$$

$$\text{Step 5: } G_m = 3.59 + (-0.80)^2 = 4.23$$

$$G_c = 35.89 + (-4.0)^2 = 51.89$$

$$\text{Step 6: } \Delta m = \frac{-0.1}{\sqrt{4.23 + 10^{-8}}} * (-0.80) = 0.038$$

$$\Delta c = \frac{-0.1}{\sqrt{51.89 + 10^{-8}}} * (-4.0) = 0.05$$

$$\text{Step 7: } m = m + \Delta m = 0.038 + 1.17 = 1.208$$

$$c = c + \Delta c = -0.84 + 0.05 = -0.79$$

$$\text{Step 8: } \text{Sample} = \text{Sample} + 1$$

$$= 1 + 1 = 2$$

Step 9: if (Sample > ns) goto step 10

$$2 > 2$$

else

goto step-4

$$\text{Step 4: } g_m = -(3.8 - (1.20)(0.4) + 0.79)^* 0.4 = -1.64$$

$$g_c = -(3.8 - (1.20)(0.4) + 0.79) = -4.11$$

$$\text{Step 5: } G_m = 4.23 + (-1.64)^2 = 6.9$$

$$G_c = 51.89 + (-4.11)^2 = 68.7$$

$$\text{Step 6: } \Delta m = \frac{-0.1}{\sqrt{6.9 + 10^{-8}}} * (-1.64) = 0.06$$

$$\Delta C = \frac{-0.1}{\sqrt{68.7 + 10^{-8}}} * (-4.11) = 0.04$$

$$\text{Step 7: } m = m + \Delta m = 1.208 + 0.06 = 1.26$$

$$C = C + \Delta C = -0.79 + 0.04 = -0.75$$

$$\text{Step 8: } \text{sample} = \text{sample} + 1 \\ = 2 + 1 = 3$$

$$\text{Step 9: if (sample} > n_s)$$

$$3 > 2$$

go to step 10

else

go to step 4

$$\text{Step 10: } \text{itr} = \text{itr} + 1$$

$$= 2 + 1 = 3$$

$$\text{Step 11: if (itr} > \text{epochs)}$$

$$3 > 2$$

go to step 12

else

go to step 3

$$\text{Step 12: } m = 1.26$$

$$C = -0.75$$