het us consider a sample dataset have one input (xi) and one output (yia) and number of samples H. Develop a simple binear reggression model using Stochastri gradient descent oplinique.

chase 1		
Sample (i)	x;a	y; a
•	0.2	3·H
2	0·H	3.8
, 3	0-6	u.2
ч	0.7	4.6
	1.15.00	In two

. Do manual calculations for two iterations with first

. Write the python code to build simple linear

regression model using sho optimizer

step 2: 7,4, m =1, c=-1, 7=0.1, epochus=2, rus=2

nep2: it 6=1 stepu: = -(9.4-(1))(02) - (-1))0.2 = -0.84step 3: - sample = 1

$$\frac{\partial \mathcal{E}}{\partial m} = -(9.4(1))(0.2+1) = -42$$

$$\frac{\partial \mathcal{E}}{\partial c} = -(9.4(1))(0.2+1) = -42$$

Am=(0.1) (-0.84) = 0.084 AC= -(0-1) (-U-2) = 0.42

```
Slep 6:- m: m+ am
            =1+0.08n =1.06A
         C= c+ OC = -1+0.42 = -0-58.
Step 7: dample + = 1 = 1+1=2
steps: y (sample 700)
         gote step-9
goto step-4
Stant: dt = - (3.8 - (1.084) (0.4) + 0.58) 0.4 = -1.5785
        JE = - (3.8 - (1.084) (0.4) 40.58) = -3.9464
steps. Am = -(0.1)(-1.57 85) = 0.1578
         1(= co.1)(-3.9464)=0.3946.
stept - sample +=1
21=3
Step 6: m= m+ Am = 1.084 +0.1578 = 1.2418
         C-0+0C=-0.58 +0.3946 = -0.1854.
step 8. y (sample 7 rs)
       goto step 9
goto step-4
 step9 - Ur +=1 , 1+1 =2
```

sup 10- y (41 > 4poches) 272

goto step-11

du goto step-12

step 3: sample =1

step 4:
$$\frac{1}{2}$$
 = $-(3\cdot 4 - (12)(02) + 0\cdot 12)02$

= $-(3\cdot 4 - (12)(02) + 0\cdot 12)02$

= $-(3\cdot 4 - (12)(02) + 0\cdot 12)$

step 5: $Am = -(6\cdot 1)(-0\cdot 66) = 0\cdot 066$

step 6: $m = m + am = 1\cdot 24 + 0\cdot 066 = 1\cdot 3$
 $c = c + ac = 0\cdot 12 + 0\cdot 066 = 1\cdot 3$

step 8: y (Sample 70s) 272

goto step-9

dn

goto step-9

dn

goto step-9

dn

 $\frac{36}{30} = -(3\cdot 3 - (13)(0\cdot 4) - 0\cdot 15)0\cdot 4$
 $\frac{36}{30} = -(3\cdot 3 - (13)(0\cdot 4) - 0\cdot 15)0\cdot 4$
 $\frac{36}{30} = -(3\cdot 3 - (13)(0\cdot 4) - 0\cdot 15) = -3\cdot 13$
 $\frac{36}{30} = -(0\cdot 1)(-1\cdot 25) = 0\cdot 12$
 $\frac{36}{30} = -(0\cdot 1)(-3\cdot 12) = 0\cdot 13$
 $\frac{36}{30} = -(0\cdot 1)(-3\cdot 12) = 0\cdot 13$
 $\frac{36}{3$

Step 19: - y (sample 7rs)

goto step -9

cln

quto step -4

Step 10: - it = itr +1 2+1=3

Step 10: - y (itr > epoches) 372

goto step -1

cln

goto step -1

cln

goto step -3

Step 11: - print m & C

m = 1-42, C=0.46