

Let us consider à sample dataset have one input (xia) and one output (yia) and number of samples 2. Develop à simple linear regression model using RMs prop optimizer.

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Sample (i)	xia:	ptyi910
1	0.2	3.4
2.	0.4	3.8
3	0.6	4.2
4	0.8	4.6

Do manual calculations for 2 iterations with first

two samples.
Step-1;
$$[x,y]$$
, $\eta=0.1$, epoches=2, $m=1$, $C=-1$, $8=6.9$,
 $E_m=E_c=0$, $E=10^8$

Em=Ec=0, &=10⁸

Step-2; itr=1

Step-3: Sample=1

Step-4:
$$g_m = -(3.4 - (1)(0.2) + 1)(0.2) = -0.84$$
 $g_c = -(3.4 - (1)(0.2) + 1) = -4.2$

Step-5:
$$E_{c} = (0.9)(0) + (1-0.9)(-0.84)^{2} = 0.07$$

 $E_{c} = (0.9)(0) + (1-0.9)(-4.2)^{2} = 1.764$

Step-6:
$$\Delta m = \frac{-0.1}{\sqrt{0.07 + 10^{-8}}} * -0.84 = 0.31$$

$$\Delta C = \frac{-0.1}{\sqrt{1.764 + 10^{-8}}} *-4.7 = 0.31$$

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Step-7: m= m+0m = 1+0.31=1.31
C= C+0 C=1-1+0.31=,-0.69
step-8: Sample = Sample +1
= 1+1 = 2
step-9: if (sample >ns) goto step-10
        else goto step-4 Former
Step-4: 3m = - (3.8 - (1.31) (6.4) +0.69) 0.4 = -1.5
       gc = - (3.8 - (1.31) (0.4) +0.69) = -3.9
Step-5: Em = (0.9)(0.07)+(0.1)(-1.5)2=.0.28
        Ec = (0.9)(1.76)+(0.1)(-3.9)2=3.1
Step-6: \Delta m = \frac{-0.1}{\sqrt{0.28 + 16^8}} + \frac{-1.5}{-1.5} = 0.28
          \Delta c = \frac{-0.1}{\sqrt{3.1 + 10^{-8}}} - 3.9 = 0.22
Step-7: m= m+0m=1.31+0.28=1.59
      C= C+AC = -0.69+0.22= -0.47
Step-8: Sample = Sample + (1 = 1) - 8.8) - = 0
step-9: if (sample >n's) (goto istep-10)
        else step-4+1+ 1.0- = ma : 3 que
Step-10; itr=itr+1
Step-11: if (itr>epoches)
        Step-3: Sample = 1
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Step-4:
$$\frac{6}{3}m = -(3.4 - (1.59)(0.2) + 0.47)(0.2) = -0.7$$
 $\frac{6}{3}c = -(3.4 - (1.59)(0.2) + 0.47) = -3.5$
 $\frac{6}{3}c = -(3.4 - (1.59)(0.2) + 0.47) = -3.5$

Step-5: $\frac{6}{3}m = (0.7)(0.26) + (0.1)(-0.7)^2 = 0.3$

Step-6: $\frac{6}{3}m = -0.1$
 $\frac{7}{3}m = 0.77 = 0.12$

Step-6: $\frac{7}{3}m = \frac{7}{3}m =$