

ASSIGNMENT-9

18K4LA0586

Let us consider a sample dataset have 1 input (x_i) and one output (y_i) and number of samples 4. Develop simple linear regression model using momentum optimiser.

sample(i)	x_i^a	y_i^a
1	0.2	3.4
2	0.4	3.8
3	0.6	4.2
4	0.8	4.6

do manual calculations for 2 iterations with 1st 2 samples.

Step 1: $[x, y] m=1, c=1, \eta=0.1, \text{epochs}=2, \theta=0.9, \theta_m=\theta_c=0, ns=2$

Step 2: $\text{itr}=1$

Step 3: $\text{sample}=1$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{Step 4: } g_m &= \frac{\partial E}{\partial m} = -(y_i - m x_i - c) x_i \\ &= -(3.4 - (1)(0.2) + 1)(0.2) \\ &= -0.84 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} g_c &= \frac{\partial E}{\partial c} = -(y_i - m x_i - c) \\ &= -(3.4 - 0.2 + 1) \\ &= -4.2 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{Step 5: } \theta_m &= \theta_m - \eta g_m \\ &= (0.9)0 - (-0.1)(-0.84) \\ &= 0 - 0.84 \\ &= -0.84 \\ \theta_c &= \theta_c - \eta g_c \\ &= 0.9 \times 0 - (-0.1)(-4.2) \\ &= -0.42 \end{aligned}$$

$$\text{step 6: } m = m + \sqrt{m}$$

$$= 1 + (-0.84)$$

$$= -0.916$$

$$c = c + \sqrt{c}$$

$$= -1 - 0.92$$

$$= -1.42$$

$$\text{step 7: sample } t = 1$$

$$1 + 1 = 2$$

$$\text{step 8: if (sample} > \text{ns)}$$

$$\text{goto step 9}$$

$$272$$

$$\text{else}$$

$$\text{goto step 4}$$

$$\text{step 4: } q_m = \frac{\partial E}{\partial m} = -(3.8 - 10.916)(0.4) + 1.12(0.4)$$

$$= -1.941$$

$$\text{step 5: } q_c = \frac{\partial E}{\partial c} = -4.853$$

$$\hookrightarrow \Delta m = \eta q_m$$

$$= (0.9)(-0.084) - [-0.1 \times -1.941]$$

$$= -0.2697$$

$$\Delta c = \eta q_c$$

$$= (0.9)(-0.42) - [-0.1 \times 4.853]$$

$$= -0.863$$

$$\text{step 6: } m = m + \Delta m$$

$$= 0.916 + (-0.2697)$$

$$= 0.6463$$

$$c = c + \Delta c$$

$$= -1.42 - 0.863$$

$$= -2.283$$

step 7: sample = sample + 1

$$= 2 + 1 = 3$$

step 8: if (sample > ns)

go to step-9

else

go to step-4

step 9: itr + = 1

$$1 + 1 = 2$$

step 10: if (itr > epochs)

go to step-4

else

go to step-3

step-3: sample = 1

$$\begin{aligned}\text{step-4: } g_m &= \frac{\partial E}{\partial m} = -(3.4 - (0.646)(0.2) + 2.283)(0.2) \\ &= -1.110\end{aligned}$$

$$\text{step-5: } J_m = 2J_m - \eta g_m$$

$$= (0.9)(-0.2697) - [-0.1 \times -1.110]$$

$$= -0.353$$

$$J_c = 2J_c - \eta g_c$$

$$= (0.9)(-0.863) - [-0.1 \times -5.53]$$

$$= -1.332$$

$$\text{step 6: } m = m + J_m$$

$$= 0.6463 + (-0.353)$$

$$= 0.293$$

$$c = c + J_c$$

$$= -2.283 - 1.332$$

$$= -3.615$$

step 7: sample + = 1

$$1 + 1 = 2$$

Step 8: if (sample > ns)

2 > 2 goto step-9

else

goto step-4

$$\text{Step 4: } q_m = -(3.8 - (0.293)(0.4) + 3.615)(0.4)$$

$$= -2.919$$

$$q_c = -(3.8 - (0.293)(0.4) + 3.615)$$

$$= -7.297$$

$$\text{Step 5: } v_m = (0.9)(-0.353) - [0.1 \times -2.919]$$

$$= -0.6076$$

$$v_c = (0.9)(-1.332) - [0.1 \times -7.297]$$

$$= -1.9285$$

(Step 6: $m_t = 1$)

$$0.293 - 0.609 = 0.316$$

$$c_t = v_c$$

$$-3.615 - 1.928 = -5.543$$

Step 7: sample + 1

$$2 + 1 = 3$$

Step 8: if (sample > ns)

goto step-9

else

goto step-4

Step 9: itr + 1

$$2 + 1 = 3$$

Step 10: if (itr > epochs)

go to step-1)

else

goto step-3

Step-11: print m, c

$$m = -0.316, c = -5.543$$