marcial calculations:

ster=1

ead dataset(x,y], n=0.1, m=1 c=-1,

epoches = 2, botch-size=2 x/Y

o.2 3.4

ster=2 splitting data into batches

batch 1

batch 2

o.2 3.4

o.6 4.2

o.8 4.6

o.6 4.2

step:3 itex=1

Step:4 batch=1

steris calculate gradient descents

 $\frac{\partial E}{\partial m} = \frac{1}{2} \left[ (3.4 - (1)(0.2) - (-1)(0.2) + (4.6 - (1)(0.8) - (-1)(0.8) \right]$ 

 $= -\frac{1}{2} \left[ (3.4 - 0.2 + 1)(0.2) + (4.6 - 0.8 + 1) \right]$ 

= -2.34

36 = 
$$\frac{1}{2}$$
 [4.2 + 4.8] =  $\frac{1}{2}$  =  $\frac{1}{2}$  [4.2 + 4.8] =  $\frac{1}{2}$  = 0.234,  $\frac{1}{2}$  = 0.45

step 6:  $\frac{1}{2}$  =  $\frac{1}{2}$  = 0.234,  $\frac{1}{2}$  = 0.45

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Step-13: 
$$m = 1.234 + 0.19 + 416 = 1.4314$$
.

 $C = -0.55 + 0.3933 = -0.1567$ 

Step-14: batch = batch + 1 > 2+1 = 3

Step-15: if batch >  $n_b = 3.3.2$ 

goto step 16

Step-16: itex = itex + 1 = t+1 = 2

Step-17: if itex > epoch = 3.2 = 2

false

\$ goto step 4

Step-18: batch = 1

Step-19:  $2 = -1 \times (3.4 - (1.4314)(0.2) + 0.1567)(0.3) +$ 

Step-21: m=m+sm= 1.4314+0.17+16+ = 1.60856 C= C+DC= -0:1564 +0.3441 = 0.1874 Step-22 :batch = batch +1 = H1=2 step-23: if batch > 11b = 272 = false goto step 5 Step-24: 06 = -1 ((3.8-(1.60856)(6.4)-(0-1874/6-4) (0.6)7 (0.6)7 (0.6)] =- 1 ((2.96917)(0.4)+(3.047464)(0.6)) = - [1-18+668+1.8284+8] =-1.5080+  $\frac{\partial E}{\partial c} = -\frac{1}{2} \left[ 6.01663 \right] = -3.00831$ Step-25: - Dm = 0-15080+, DC=0.300831 ster-26: m= 1.60856+ 0.150807=1.45966+

C= 0.1874+0.300831=0.488231

```
ster-2+: batch = 2+1=3
gter-28 = if batch > n6 = 3>2 = 3 gotoster 29
Step-29:-
         ites = ites +1
step-30: if iter > epoch
          => 3>2
          =) goto step 31
Step-31: print (m, ()
          => 1.759067,0.488231
```

Step-30:- mean square exxox = (3.4 - 0.84004) + (3.8 - 1.19185) + (4.2 - 1.54367) + (4.6 - 1.89548)

4

mse = 2.63224