

Assignment 11

let consider a sample dataset have 1 input (x_i^a) and one output (y_i^a) and number of samples 4. Develop a simple linear regression model using Nesterov Accelerated Gradient (NAG) optimizer

sample (i)	x_i^a	y_i^a
1	0.2	3.4
2	0.4	3.8
3	0.6	4.2
4	0.8	4.6

⇒ Do manual calculations for 2 iterations with first 2 samples.

Step 1:- $[x, y]$, $m=1$, $c=-1$, $\eta=0.1$, epochs=2, $\gamma=0.9$

$$V_m = V_c = 0, n_s = 2$$

Step 2:- iter=1

Step 3:- sample=1

Step 4

$$\begin{aligned} g_m &= \frac{\partial E}{\partial m} = -(y_i - (m + \gamma v_m)) x_i - (c + \gamma v_m) x_i \\ &= -(3.4 - (1 + (0.9)(0)) 0.2 - (-1 + (0.9)(0)) 0.2 \\ &= -0.84 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} g_c &= \frac{\partial E}{\partial c} = -(y_i - (m + \gamma v_c)) x_i - (c + \gamma v_c) x_i \\ &= -(3.4 - (1 + 0.9 \times 0) 0.2 - (-1 + (0.9)(0)) 0.2 \\ &= -4.2 \end{aligned}$$

Step 5:

$$\begin{aligned} v_m &= \gamma v_m - \eta g_m \\ &= (0.9)(0) - (-0.1) \times (-0.84) \\ &= 0 - 0.084 \\ &= -0.084 \end{aligned}$$

for v_c :

$$\begin{aligned} v_c &= \gamma v_c - \eta g_c \\ &= (0.9)(0) - (-0.1)(-4.2) \\ &= -0.42 \end{aligned}$$

Step 6

$$m = m + v_m = 1 - 0.084 = 0.916$$

$$c = c + v_c = -1 - 0.42 = -1.42$$

$$\underline{\text{Step 1}} :- \text{sample} = \text{sample} + 1 \\ = 1 + 1 \\ = 2$$

$$\underline{\text{Step 3}} :- \text{if } \left(\frac{\text{sample}}{2} > 2 \right) \quad \text{goto step 9} \\ \text{else} \quad \text{step 4}$$

$$\underline{\text{Step 4}} :- g_m = \frac{\partial E}{\partial m}$$

$$g_m = - \left[3.8 - [0.916 + (0.9x - 0.084)] \right] 0.4 - (-1.42 + (0.9x - 0.084)) 0.4 \\ = -1.983$$

$$g_c = \frac{\partial E}{\partial c} = -4.959$$

$$\underline{\text{Step 5}} :- v_m = \eta v_m - \eta g_m \\ = (0.9x - 0.084) - (-0.1x - 1.983) \\ = -0.2739 \\ v_c = (0.9x - 0.42) - (-0.1x - 4.959) \\ = -0.8739$$

$$\underline{\text{Step 6}} :- m = m + v_m = 0.916 - 0.2739 = 0.6421 \\ c = c + v_c = -1.42 - 0.8739 = -2.2939$$

$$\underline{\text{Step 7}} :- \text{sample} = \text{sample} + 1 \\ = 2 + 1 \\ = 3$$

Step 8 :- if (Sample > ns) goto step 9
 else goto step 4

Step 9 :- iter = iter + 1
 = 1 + 1 = 2

Step 10 :- if (iter > epochs) goto step 11
 else goto step 3

Step 3 :- Sample 1

Step 4 :-

$$\frac{\partial E}{\partial m} = - \left(3.4 - (0.642 + (0.9 \times -0.273)) \times 0.2 - (-2.293 + (0.9 \times -0.273)) \right)$$

$$g_m = -1.171$$

$$\frac{\partial E}{\partial c} = -5.859 = g_c$$

Step 5 :- $v_m = g_m v_m - \eta g_m$

$$= [(0.9) \times -0.273] - (-0.1 \times -1.171)$$

$$= -0.2457 - 0.1171$$

$$= -0.3627$$

$$V_c = \delta v_c - \eta q_c$$

$$= (0.9)(-0.873) - (-0.1)(-5.859)$$

$$= -0.7857 - 0.5859$$

$$= -1.3707$$

step 6 :- $m = m + v_m = 0.6421 + (-0.3627) = 0.2794$

$$c = c - v_c = -2.2939 - 1.3707 = -3.6646$$

step 7 : sample = sample + 1 = 1 + 1 = 2.

step 8 : if (sample > ns)
3 > 2 goto step 9

else goto step 4

step 4 :-

$$\frac{\partial E}{\partial m} = -(3.8 - (0.2794(0.9 \times -0.3627)) \times 0.4 - (-3.6646 + (0.9 \times -0.3627))) \times 0.4$$

$$q_m = -2.985$$

$$\frac{\partial E}{\partial c} = -7.4645 = q_c$$

step 5 :- $x_m = [0.9 \times -0.3627] - [-0.1 \times -2.985]$

$$= 0.9 \times -0.3627$$

$$v_c = [0.9 \times -1.3707] - [-0.1 \times -7.4645]$$

$$= -1.9800$$

Step 6 :- $m = m + v_m = 0.2974 + (-0.6249) = -0.3275$

$$c = c + v_c = -3.6646 - 1.9800 = -4.6446.$$

Step 7 :- $sample = sample + 1$
 $= 2 + 1$
 $= 3$

Step 8 :- if (sample > ns)
3 > 2 goto step 9

else goto step 4

Step 9 :- $iter = iter + 1 = 2 + 1 = 3$

Step 10 :- if (iter > epochs) goto step 4
3 > 2

else goto step 3

Step 11 :- print m, c

$$m = -0.3275$$

$$c = -4.6446$$