### **Quiz 4: JavaScript Events and DOM**

Due Oct 3 at 11:59pm

Points 10

**Questions** 10

Available Sep 29 at 5pm - Oct 3 at 11:59pm

Time Limit 15 Minutes

This quiz was locked Oct 3 at 11:59pm.

### **Attempt History**

	Attempt	Time	Score
LATEST	Attempt 1	15 minutes	9 out of 10

Score for this quiz: **9** out of 10 Submitted Oct 1 at 9:35am This attempt took 15 minutes.

### Question 1 1 / 1 pts

Which of the following statements is false about the Document Object Model (DOM) of a webpage ?

### Correct!

- It remains static throughout the execution of the web application
- 0

Changes to the DOM are often reflected in the rendered web page

- It can be modified from within the JavaScript code
- It's initial state is based on the HTML code

### Question 2 0 / 1 pts

When a timer set using setTimeout expires, when does it execute the associated function handler (assume that no other event is ready in

	the event queue at that time)?	
	Right away, in parallel with the current code	
u Answered	Right away, preempting the current code	
	None of the others	
rrect Answer	Waits until the current code finishes, without preempting it	

# The main advantage of using the DOM 2.0 model (i.e., using addEventListener) compared to the DOM 1.0 model (i.e., using onClick, onLoad etc) is Multiple handlers can be registered with DOM 2.0, without being aware of the other handlers Multiple handlers can be removed in DOM 1.0, in a single function call Multiple handlers can be registered with DOM 1.0, without being aware of the other handler

Correct!

Question 4 1 / 1 pts

	The main reason we use closures in event handlers used in asynchronous events (e.g., timers, event handlers for DOM elements etc.) is
	To make the handler more robust so that it can handle its own exceptions
Correct!	To remember the state at the time of setting up the handler
	To make the handler difficult to invoke as a standalone function
	O None of the others

### When you click on a element in a DOM tree 'e', which is the descendent of an element 'a' in the DOM tree, the order of event handler invocation is (assume all event handlers are registered) Correct! Capture a, e, Bubble a None of the others Capture a, Bubble a, e

### Question 6 1 / 1 pts

Which of the following DOM element selector calls subsumes the other three (i.e., it's possible to achieve the same things as the other ones in a single function call)

	O getElementsByTagName
Correct!	querySelectorAll
	O getElementById
	O getElementsByClassName
l	

## Which of the following is NOT a characteristic of the lists returned by getElementsByTagName and getElementsByClassName The lists may have length 0 if no such element is found in the DOM The lists themselves cannot be modified, though their elements can None of the others The lists are live lists, i.e., they're updated if the DOM changes

	Question 8	/ 1 pts
	Which of the following is a characteristic of textnodes (NodeTy in the DOM tree	ype = 3)
	They cannot be used in headings	
	Their contents are case insensitive	
Correct!	They are terminal nodes	

They must be accessed in a recursive fashion	

	Question 9 1 / 1 pts		
	When you add a new field to a DOM node by treating it as a JavaScript Element object, which of the following is true?		
	None of the others		
Correct!	The field may not be rendered by the browser		
	The field may be only be added if it is already in its prototype		
	The field has to be of primitive type (i.e., non-object)		

Question 10	1 / 1 pts
The main reason(s) it is bad practice to use innerHTML directly to manipulate the DOM is	
It leads to code that is difficult to maintain	
It breaks the DOM abstraction	
It throws away the entire DOM rooted at the node being rep	laced
All of the others	
	The main reason(s) it is bad practice to use innerHTML dire manipulate the DOM is  It leads to code that is difficult to maintain  It breaks the DOM abstraction  It throws away the entire DOM rooted at the node being rep

Quiz Score: 9 out of 10