Quiz 2: JavaScript Objects and Prototypes

Due Sep 19 at 11:59pm

Points 10

Questions 10

Available Sep 15 at 5pm - Sep 19 at 11:59pm

Time Limit 15 Minutes

Instructions

This covers parts 1-5 of JavaScript Objects and Prototypes

This quiz was locked Sep 19 at 11:59pm.

Attempt History

	Attempt	Time	Score
LATEST	Attempt 1	13 minutes	10 out of 10

Score for this quiz: **10** out of 10 Submitted Sep 15 at 5:14pm This attempt took 13 minutes.

Question 1	1 / 1 pts

	The type system deployed by JavaScript is commonly known as	
	A. Static typing	
	B. No typing	
	C. Duck Typing	
	D. None of the above	
Correct!	⊙ C	
	O A	
	Ов	
	О D	
L		
	Question 2 1/1 pts	
	Consider the following JavaScript code, "var p = new Person();"	
	where Person is a constructor function. The value of the 'this' variable inside the constructor function is	
	inside the constructor function is	
	inside the constructor function is A. Null	
	inside the constructor function is A. Null B. Undefined	
Correct!	inside the constructor function is A. Null B. Undefined C. Person function	
Correct!	inside the constructor function is A. Null B. Undefined C. Person function D. New object	
Correct!	inside the constructor function is A. Null B. Undefined C. Person function D. New object	

Question 3 1 / 1 pts

Which of the following is true about the constructor function in JavaScript, in order for the code to be correct (i.e., not throw an exception or result in a runtime error)?

- A. The constructor function must explicitly return the new object created
- B. The constructor function must use 'this' to initialize the new object's fields
- C. The constructor function must be called in a stand-alone fashion (i.e., not from another function)
- D. The constructor function's name's first letter must be capitalized (i.e., upper-case)

Correct!

B			
ОА			
Ос			
O D			

Question 4 1 / 1 pts

Which of the following statements distinguishes JavaScript objects from their counterparts in more traditional OO languages (e.g., Java)

- A. JavaScript objects can be created without any corresponding classes
- B. JavaScript objects can be passed as references to functions
- C. JavaScript objects need not contain any methods in them
- D. JavaScript objects can support runtime reflection

Correct!	A	
	Ов	
	O C	
	○ D	
	Question 5 1 / 1 pts	
	In JavaScript, an object that is created using a constructor function 'foo' and the new operator ("new foo()"),	
	A. Has the prototype property set to Object.prototype with the constructor field set to foo	
	B. Has the prototype property set to foo.prototype with the constructor field set to foo	
	C. Has the prototype property set to foo, with the constructor field set to null	
	D. None of the above	
Correct!		
	O A	
	O C	
	O D	

Correct!

1 / 1 pts **Question 6**

When a method 'foo' is invoked on an object 'O', which of the following is the order in which the method name is looked up?

A. O alone	
B. O's prototype alone	
C. O followed by O's prototype	
D. O's prototype followed by O	
● C	
O A	
Ов	
O D	
Question 7	1 / 1 pts
When you want to inherit from a constructor function 'Ob classical inheritance (as we did in the lecture), you need .prototype property of the constructor function of the inherited.prototype) to which of the following ?	to set the
classical inheritance (as we did in the lecture), you need .prototype property of the constructor function of the inheritance.	to set the
classical inheritance (as we did in the lecture), you need .prototype property of the constructor function of the inhe (Inherited.prototype) to which of the following ?	to set the
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classical inheritance (as we did in the lecture), you need .prototype property of the constructor function of the inhe (Inherited.prototype) to which of the following ? A. Obj B. Obj.prototype	to set the
classical inheritance (as we did in the lecture), you need .prototype property of the constructor function of the inherited.prototype) to which of the following? A. Obj B. Obj.prototype C. Object.getPrototypeOf(Obj)	to set the
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	B. O's prototype alone C. O followed by O's prototype D. O's prototype followed by O C A B

Consider a constructor function 'Point' from which you instantiate a new object as follows: "var p = new Point();". Which of the following expressions will return false?

A. p instanceof Point

B. p instanceof Object

C. Object.getPrototypeOf(p) instanceof Object

D. Object.getPrototypeOf(p) instanceof Point

C

B

Correct!

D

Object.hasOwnProperty() returns a boolean indicating whether the property is present in the object itself or anywhere in the prototype chain of the object starting from the object's prototype object True False

Question 10 1 / 1 pts

When you attempt to retrieve a property of an object in JavaScript

	that has not been defined in either the object or its prototype chain, which of the following happens ?
	A. The property is added to the object and initialized to the default value, which is returned
	B. The property is not added to the object, but its default value is returned
	C. The property is not added to the object, and the value Undefined is returned
	D. A runtime exception occurs
Correct!	● C
	O A
	Ов
	O D

Quiz Score: 10 out of 10