## Reading Quiz #3

① This is a preview of the published version of the quiz

Started: Feb 1 at 11:42am

## **Quiz Instructions**

Read section 5.4 of your textbook. Only one section was assigned this week because (1) the algorithm is a bit tricky and so you will probably need longer to read through the section than you would for some other sections, and (2) test #1 is scheduled for the Tuesday after this quiz is due and you might want time to study for it.

Question 1	1 pts
In the merging step, the algorithm looks at the points that are inside of width $2\delta$ centred on line L. How many of the n points can this strip contain?	•
$\circ$ This strip might contain in $\Omega\left(n ight)$ points.	
$\circ$ At most $O\left(\logn ight)$ points.	
$\bigcirc$ At most $O\left(\sqrt{n} ight)$ points.	
○ No more than 15 points.	

(	Question 2	1 pts
	Can the merging step in "Finding the Closest Pair of Points" problem we set of $m{n}$ points, be done in $m{O(n)}$ time? Why?	vith a
(	No. We have found the closest pair of points in each subproblem. However, should calculate the distance between points which one lies in the left subproblem and the other on the right subproblem too. This takes time $O\left(n^2\right)$ .	/er, we

O Yes. We should	d only compare the distance of closest points in each subprobler
and, report th	e smallest one. This takes constant time.
○ No When mer	rging we should sort the points by increasing y-coordinate. This
$\bigcirc$ No. When mentakes time $O$	rging, we should sort the points by increasing y-coordinate. Thi

Not saved

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