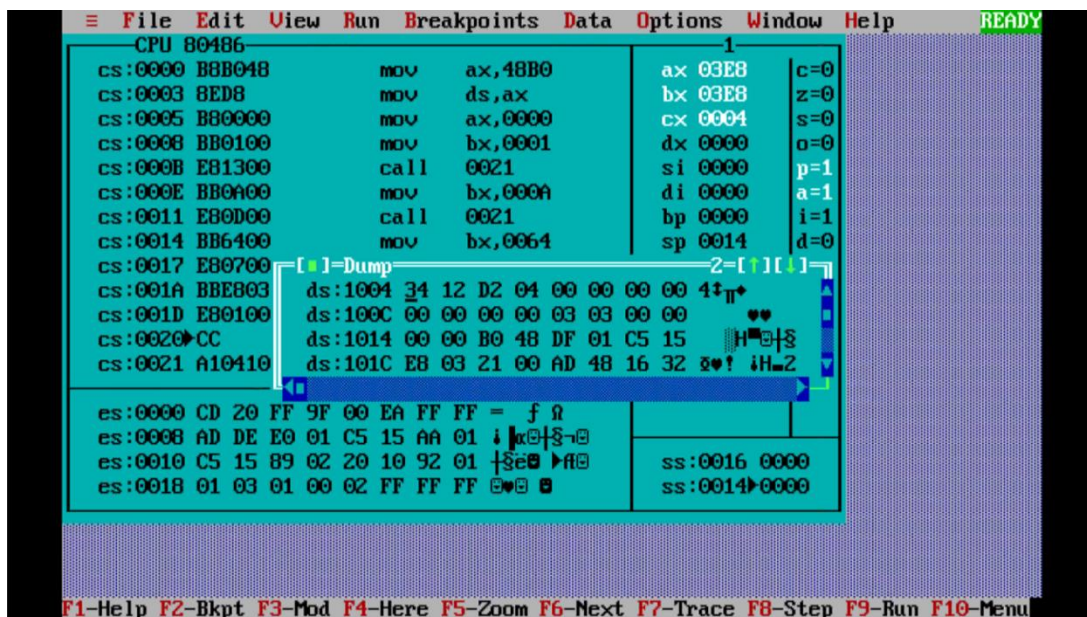


Lab 4

P1: Write a program to convert 4-digit BCD number to HEXADECIMAL number and store the result in memory.

```

P1.  .MODEL SMALL
      .STACK 20
      .DATA
      ORG 1006H
      BCD DW 1234H
      HEX DW 0
      .CODE
      START:
      MOV AX, @DATA
      MOV DS, AX
      MOV AX, 0000H
      MOV BX, 0001H
      CALL BCD2BIN
      MOV BX, 000AH
      CALL BCD2BIN
      MOV BX, 0064H
      CALL BCD2BIN
      MOV BX, 03E8H
      CALL BCD2BIN
      INT 3
      BCD2BIN PROC NEAR
      MOV AX, BCD
      AND AX, 000FH
      MUL BX
      ADD HEX, AX
      MOV CL, 04
      ROR BCD, CL
      RET
      BCD2BIN ENDP
      END START
  
```



DS: 1004H

Output at 1006H, 1234 in hexadecimal is 4D2

P2: Write a program to input two single-digit hex numbers from keyboard and display their product on the screen.

```

P2. .MODEL SMALL
.STACK 20
.CODE
START:
CALL READKB
MOV BL, AL
CALL NXTLINE
CALL READKB
MUL BL
MOV BL, AL
CALL NXTLINE
CALL DISP
MOV AH, 4CH
INT 21H

READKB PROC NEAR
MOV AH, 01
INT 21H
CALL ASCHEX
RET
READKB ENDP

ASCHEX PROC NEAR
CMP AL, 3AH
JL SUB30
SUB AL, 07H
SUB30:
SUB AL, 30H
AND AL, 0FH
RET
ASCHEX ENDP
    
```

```

NXTLINE PROC NEAR
MOV AH, 2
MOV DL, 0AH
INT 21H
MOV DL, 0DH
INT 21H
RET
NXTLINE ENDP

DISP PROC NEAR
MOV AL, BL
AND AL, 0F0H
ROR AL, 4
CALL HEXASC
MOV DL, AL
MOV AH, 02
INT 21H
MOV AL, BL
AND AL, 0FH
CALL HEXASC
MOV DL, AL
MOV AH, 02
INT 21H
RET
DISP ENDP
    
```

```

HEXASC PROC NEAR
CMP AL, 0AH
JB NUM
ADD AL, 07
NUM:
ADD AL, 30H
RET
HEXASC ENDP
END START
    
```

```

C:\TASM>lab4_2.exe
f
3
2D
C:\TASM>_
    
```

N1 = F ie (15)₁₀

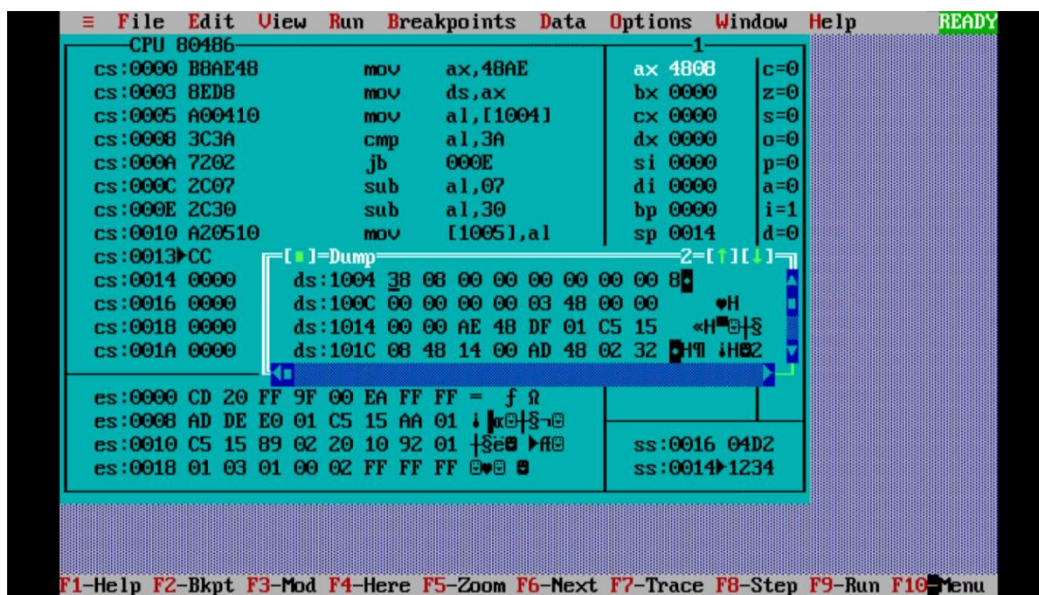
N2=3

N1*N2 = 2D ie (45)₁₀

P3: Write a program to convert the given HEXADECIMAL digit to ASCII byte and store the result in memory.

```

P3. .MODEL SMALL
    .STACK 20
    .DATA
    ORG 1000H
    Hex_Digit DB 38H
    ASCII DB ?
    .CODE
    START:
    MOV AX, @DATA
    MOV DS, AX
    MOV AL, Hex_Digit
    CMP AL, 3AH
    JC SUB30
    SUB AL, 07H
    SUB30:
    SUB AL, 30H
    MOV ASCII, AL
    INT 3
    END START
    
```



DS:1004H

Output given 08 at 1005

P4: Write a program to display the hexadecimal byte 45H on the screen using DOS interrupts. Previous program is HEXASC (HEX TO ASCII), refer for the HEXASC procedure.

```
P4 .MODEL SMALL
.STACK 20
.CODE
START:
MOV AL, 45H
MOV BL, AL
AND AL, 0F0H
ROR AL, 4
CALL HEXASC
MOV DL, AL
MOV AH, 02
INT 21H

MOV AL, BL
AND AL, 0FH
CALL HEXASC
MOV DL, AL
MOV AH, 02
INT 21H

MOV AH, 4CH
INT 21H

HEXASC:
CMP AL, 0AH
JB NUM
ADD AL, 07
NUM:
ADD AL, 30H
RET
END START
```

```
C:\TASM>TASM LAB4_4.ASM
Turbo Assembler Version 3.0 Copyright (c) 1988, 1991 Borland International

Assembling file: LAB4_4.ASM
Error messages: None
Warning messages: None
Passes: 1
Remaining memory: 476k

C:\TASM>TLINK LAB4_4.OBJ
Turbo Link Version 2.0 Copyright (c) 1987, 1988 Borland International

C:\TASM>LAB4_4.EXE
45
C:\TASM>
```

45 displayed on DOS windows

Ex 2: Write a program to accept a character from keyboard and display its ASCII equivalent value on the screen.

```

Ex2 .MODEL SMALL
.STACK 20
.CODE
START:
CALL READKB
MOV BL, AL
CALL NXTLINE
CALL DISP
MOV AH, 4CH
INT 21H

READKB PROC NEAR
MOV AH, 01
INT 21H
RET
READKB ENDP

NXTLINE PROC NEAR
MOV AH, 2
MOV DL, 0AH
INT 21H
MOV DL, 0DH
INT 21H
RET
NXTLINE ENDP
    
```

```

HEXASC PROC NEAR
CMP AL, 0AH
JB NUM
ADD AL, 07
NUM:
ADD AL, 30H
RET
HEXASC ENDP

DISP PROC NEAR
MOV AL, BL
AND AL, 0F0H
ROR AL, 4
CALL HEXASC
MOV DL, AL
MOV AH, 02
INT 21H
MOV AL, BL
AND AL, 0FH
CALL HEXASC
MOV DL, AL
MOV AH, 02
INT 21H
RET
DISP ENDP
END START
    
```

```

Assembling file: LAB4_EX.ASM
Error messages: None
Warning messages: None
Passes: 1
Remaining memory: 476k

C:\TASM>TLINK LAB4_EX.OBJ
Turbo Link Version 2.0 Copyright (c) 1987, 1988 Borland International

C:\TASM>LAB4_EX.EXE
F
46
C:\TASM>LAB4_EX.EXE
C
43
C:\TASM>edit lab4_3.asm
    
```

Displays the ASCII value of F ie 46 and C ie 43