

Insert operation on b-tree

function

insert(int k)

if ~~root~~ == NULL

~~root~~ ^{new}

//allocate memory for root

root → keys[0] = k

root → n = 1

else

if root → n == 2 * t - 1

//allocate memory for new root

s → C[0] = root

s → splitChild(0, root)

int i = 0

if (s → keys[i] < k)

i++

s → C[i] → insertNonFull(k)

root = s

else

root → insertNonFull(k)

function

insertNonFull(k)

int i = n - 1

if leaf == true

while i >= 0 && keys[i] > k

keys[i+1] = keys[i]

keys[i+1] = k

n = n + 1

else
while ($i \geq 0$ and $keys[i] > k$)
 $i--$

if ($C[i+1] \rightarrow n == 2 \times t - 1$)

 SplitChild($i+1$, $C[i+1]$)

 if ($keys[i+1] < k$)
 $i++$

$C[i+1] \rightarrow insertNonFull(k)$

function

SplitChild(i , BTreeNode $*y$) {

 // New node which is going to store $t-1$ keys of y
 $*z = \text{new BTreeNode}(y \rightarrow t, y \rightarrow \text{leaf})$

$z \rightarrow n = t - 1$

 for $j = 0$ to $t-1$; $j++$

$z \rightarrow keys[j] = y \rightarrow keys[j+t]$

 if $y \rightarrow \text{leaf} == \text{false}$

 for $j = 0$ to t ; $j++$

$z \rightarrow C[j] = y \rightarrow C[j+t]$

$y \rightarrow n = t - 1$ // Reducing number of keys in y

 for $j = n$ to $i+1$; $j--$

$C[j+1] = C[j]$

$C[i+1] = z$

 for $j = n-1$ to i ; $j--$

$keys[j+1] = keys[j]$

$keys[i] = y \rightarrow keys[t-1]$; $n = n+1$