

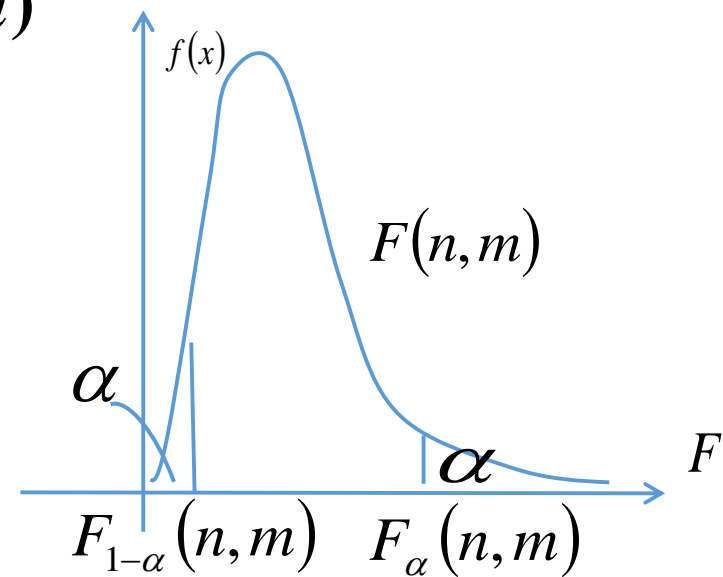
4.F分布

(1) 定义: $U \sim \chi^2(n), V \sim \chi^2(m), U$ 与 V 独立, 则称 $F = \frac{U/n}{V/m}$

服从自由度为 (n, m) 的 F 分布, 记为 $F(n, m)$

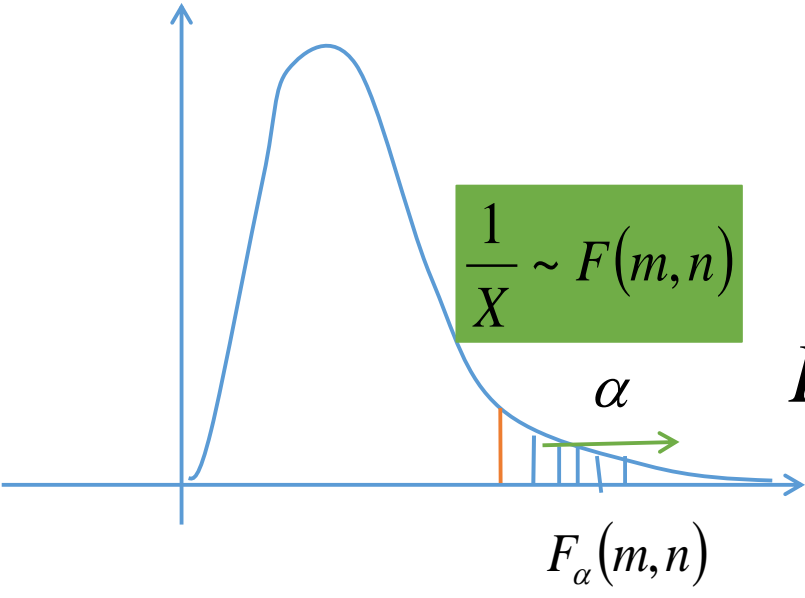
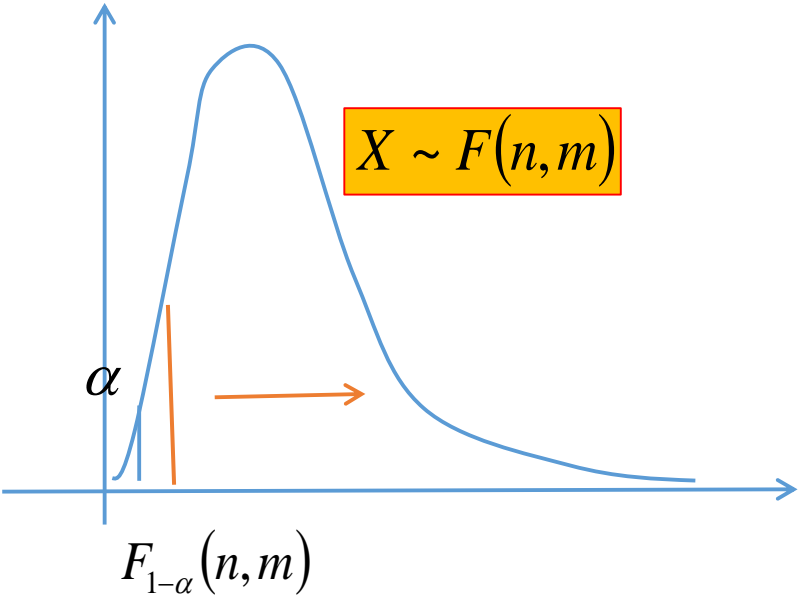
(2) 性质: i) 若 $X \sim F(n, m)$, 则 $\frac{1}{X} \sim F(m, n)$;

$$\text{ii) } F_{1-\alpha}(n, m) = \frac{1}{F_{\alpha}(m, n)};$$



iii) 若 $t \sim t(n)$, 则 $t^2 = \left(\frac{X}{\sqrt{Y/n}}\right)^2 = \frac{X^2/1}{Y/n} \sim F(1, n)$

简单了解



$$F_{1-\alpha}(n, m) = \frac{1}{F_{\alpha}(m, n)}$$

$$P(X > F_{1-\alpha}(n, m)) = 1 - \alpha$$

$$P\left(\frac{1}{X} < \frac{1}{F_{1-\alpha}(n, m)}\right) = 1 - P\left\{\frac{1}{X} \geq \frac{1}{F_{1-\alpha}(n, m)}\right\} = 1 - \alpha$$

$$P\left\{\frac{1}{X} \geq \frac{1}{F_{1-\alpha}(n, m)}\right\} = \alpha,$$

$$\text{又有 } P\left\{\frac{1}{X} \geq F_{\alpha}(m, n)\right\} = \alpha$$

$$F_{\alpha}(m, n) = \frac{1}{F_{1-\alpha}(n, m)}$$

(3) 分位点：（以 $\alpha=0.05$ 维离）

1) 双侧分位点： $F_{0.975}(n, m) = 1/F_{0.025}(m, n)$ 及 $F_{0.025}(n, m)$

非小概率事件区间： $\{1/F_{0.025}(m, n), F_{0.025}(n, m)\}$

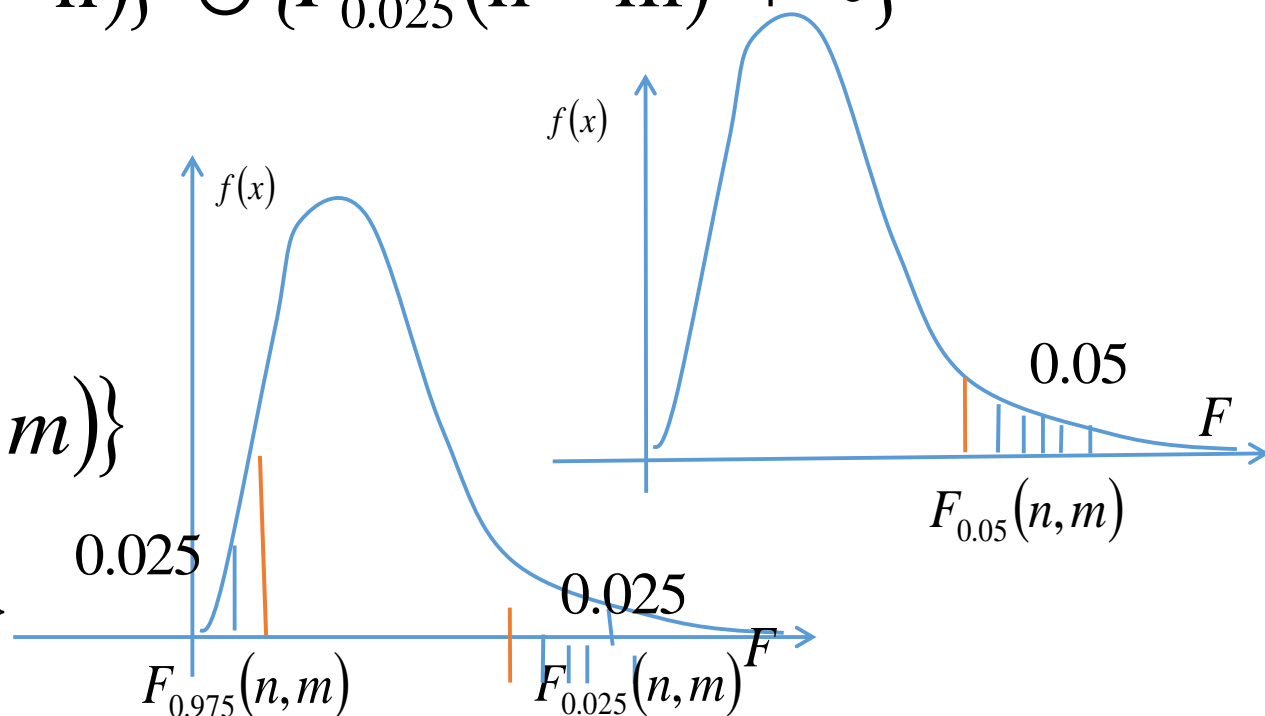
小概率事件区间： $\{0, 1/F_{0.025}(m, n)\} \cup \{F_{0.025}(n, m), +\infty\}$

2) 单侧分位点：

单侧上限分位点： $F_{0.05}(n, m)$

非小概率事件区间： $\{0, F_{0.05}(n, m)\}$

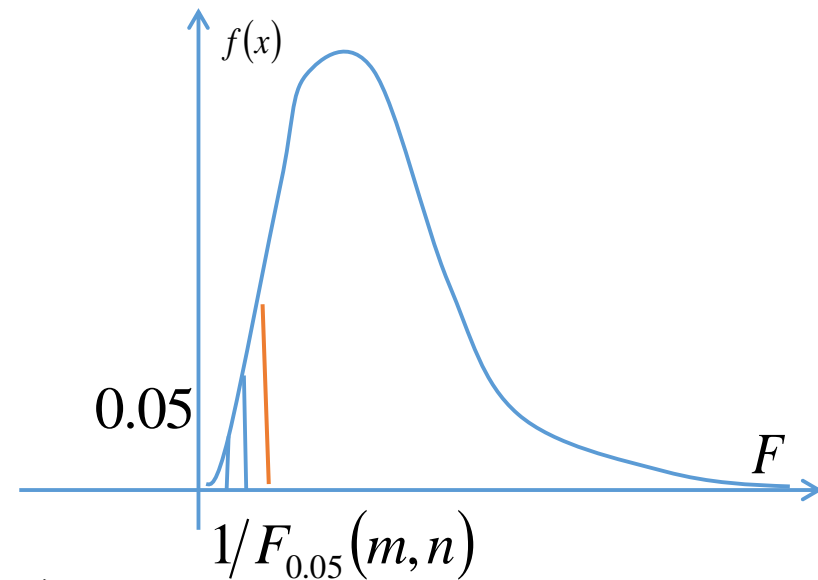
小概率事件区间： $\{F_{0.05}(n, m), +\infty\}$



单侧上限分位点（过低异常）： $F_{0.95}(n, m) = 1/F_{0.05}(m, n)$

非小概率事件区间： $(1/F_{0.05}(m, n), +\infty)$

小概率事件区间： $(0, 1/F_{0.05}(m, n))$



例1. (1) 当 $\alpha=0.05$ ，求 $X \sim F(9,15)$ 双侧分位点。

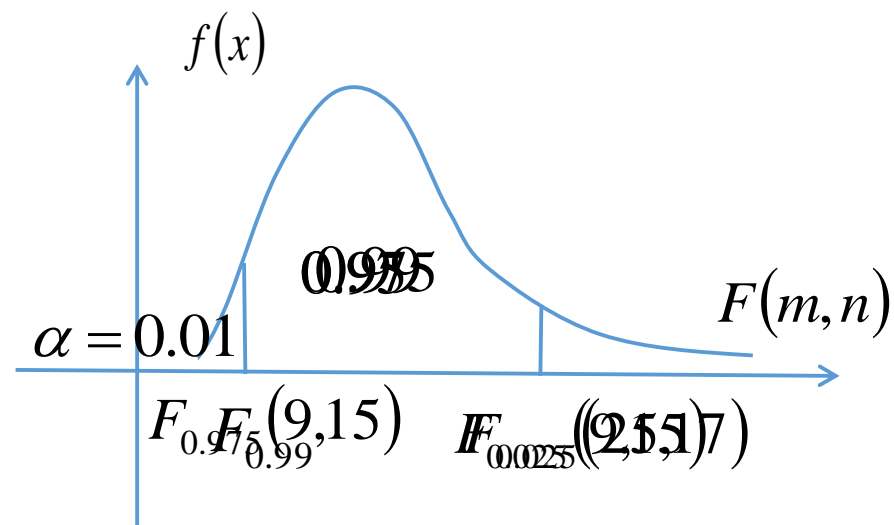
(2) 当 $\alpha=0.01$ ，求 $X \sim F(13,11)$ 单侧下限分位点。

(3) 当 $\alpha=0.025$ ，求 $X \sim F(25,17)$ 单侧上限分位点。

解： (1) 当 $\alpha=0.05$, $F(9,15)$ 双

$$F_{0.025}(9,15) = 3.12$$

$$F_{0.975}(9,15) = \frac{1}{F_{0.025}(15,9)} = \frac{1}{3.77}$$



(2) 当 $\alpha=0.01$, $F(13,11)$ 下

$$F_{0.99}(13,11) = \frac{1}{F_{0.01}(11,13)} = \frac{2}{4.1 + 3.96}$$

(3) 当 $\alpha=0.025$, $F(25,17)$ 上 $F_{0.025}(25,17) = 2.56$

例1. 总体 $X \sim N(0,1)$, $X_1, X_2 \cdots X_n$ 是简单随机样本, 下列统计量各服从什么分布?

$$(1) \quad X_1^2 + X_2^2 \quad (2) \quad \frac{X_1 - X_2}{\sqrt{X_3^2 + X_4^2}} \quad (3) \quad \frac{X_2}{|X_6|} \quad (4) \quad \frac{\left(\frac{n}{3} - 1\right) \sum_{i=1}^3 X_i^2}{\sum_{i=4}^n X_i^2}$$

解 (1) $X_1^2 + X_2^2 \sim \chi^2(2)$

(2) $X_1 - X_2 \sim N(0, 2), \frac{X_1 - X_2}{\sqrt{2}} \sim N(0, 1), \quad X_3^2 + X_4^2 \sim \chi^2(2)$

$X_1, X_2 \cdots X_n$ 相互独立, 则 $\frac{(X_1 - X_2)/\sqrt{2}}{\sqrt{X_3^2 + X_4^2}/2} = \frac{X_1 - X_2}{\sqrt{X_3^2 + X_4^2}} \sim t(2)$

$$(3) \quad \frac{X_2}{|X_6|}, \quad X_2 \sim N(0 \text{ } 1), \quad X_6^2 \sim \chi^2(1), \quad \frac{X_2}{\sqrt{X_6^2/1}} = \frac{X_2}{|X_6|} \sim t(1)$$

$$(4) \quad \frac{\left(\frac{n}{3}-1\right)\sum_{i=1}^3 X_i^2}{\sum_{i=4}^n X_i^2}, \quad \sum_{i=1}^3 X_i^2 \sim \chi^2(3), \quad \sum_{i=4}^n X_i^2 \sim \chi^2(n-3),$$

$$\frac{\sum_{i=1}^3 X_i^2 / 3}{\sum_{i=4}^n X_i^2 / (n-3)} = \frac{\left(\frac{n}{3}-1\right)\sum_{i=1}^3 X_i^2}{\sum_{i=4}^n X_i^2} \sim F(3 \text{ } , n-3)_{\circ}$$