UE19CS304 – DBMS LABORATORY

SRN: PES1UG19CS545

Name: Tushar Y S

Week6: SQL – Aggregate functions.

- Creating Database and inserting data:

```
:\Program Files\PostgreSQL\13\bin>psql -U postgres -f C:\Users\LENOVO\Desktop\companyddl.sql
assword for user postgres:
DROP DATABASE
CREATE DATABASE
You are now connected to database "company" as user "postgres".
CREATE TABLE
CREATE TABLE
CREATE TABLE
CREATE TABLE
CREATE TABLE
REATE TABLE
ALTER TABLE
C:\Program Files\PostgreSQL\13\bin>psql -U postgres -f C:\Users\LENOVO\Desktop\company_insert.sql
Password for user postgres:
ou are now connected to database "company" as user "postgres".
ALTER TABLE
INSERT 0 1
```

- 1. Show the resulting salaries if every employee working on the 'ProductX' project is given a 10% raise.
- SELECT Fname, Minit, Lname, 1.1*Salary from employee as E, project as P, works_on as W where P.Pname='ProductX' and P.Pnumber=W.Pno and W.Essn=Ssn;

- 2. Find the sum of the salaries of all employees of the 'Research' department, as well as the maximum salary, the minimum salary, and the average salary in this department.
- SELECT sum(Salary),max(Salary),min(Salary),avg(Salary) from employee as E, department as D where D.Dname='Research' and D.Dnumber=E.Dno;

- 3. Count the number of distinct salary values in the database.
- SELECT count(distinct Salary) from employee;

```
tushar_cs545=# SELECT count (distinct Salary) from employee;
count
------
6
(1 row)
```

- 4. Retrieve the names of all employees who have two or more dependents.
- SELECT Fname, Minit, Lname from employee as E where (SELECT count(*) from dependent as D where D.Essn=E.Ssn)>=2;

- 5. For each department, retrieve the department number, the number of employees in the department, and their average salary.
- SELECT Dno,count(*),avg(Salary) from employee group by Dno;

- 6. Retrieve the names of employees who make at least \$10,000 more than the employee who is paid the least in the company.
- SELECT Fname, Minit, Lname from employee as E where (Select min(Salary)+1000 from employee) < Salary;

- 7. Retrieve the names of all employees who work in the department that has the employee with the highest salary among all employees.
- -SELECT Fname, Minit, Lname from employee as E where E.Dno= (Select E.Dno from employee as E where Salary= (select max(Salary) from employee));

- 8. Count the total number of employees whose salaries exceed \$40,000 in each department.
- SELECT Dno,count(*) from employee where Salary > 40000 group by Dno;

```
tushar_cs545=# SELECT Dno,count(*) from employee where Salary > 40000 group by Dno;

dno | count
----+-----
4 | 1
1 | 1
(2 rows)
```