

Android Malware Reverse Engineering

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Welcome!

Who am I? Axelle Apvrille

- Security researcher at Fortinet, Fortiguard Labs
- ► Topic: malware for smart devices (phones, IoT...)
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- Twitter: @cryptax
- ► GPG: 5CE9 C366 AFB5 4556 E981 020F 9EAA 42A0 37EC 490C



Agenda

- Contents of an APK
- ► Static analysis
- Dynamic analysis
- ► De-obfuscation

2+1 hour workhop This is a training. You're going to work :=)

For the labs



Copy the contents of the USB key, and pass to your neighbour!

Thanks!

Requirements: install either Docker or VirtualBox



https://www.docker.com/ products/overview



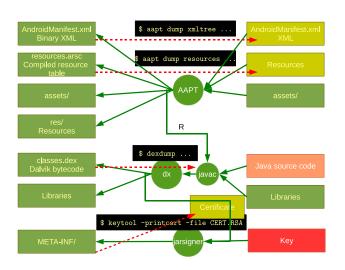
https://www.virtualbox.org/ wiki/Downloads

What's an APK?

It is a Zip!

```
Taken from Android/Spitmo.C!tr.spy
$ unzip criptomovil.apk
Archive: criptomovil.apk
  inflating: res/layout/main.xml
  inflating: AndroidManifest.xml
 extracting: resources.arsc
 extracting: res/drawable-hdpi/icon.png
 extracting: res/drawable-ldpi/icon.png
 extracting: res/drawable-mdpi/icon.png
  inflating: classes.dex
  inflating: META-INF/MANIFEST.MF
  inflating: META-INF/CERT.SF
  inflating: META-INF/CERT.RSA
```

APK - Android Packages





Apktool - all in 1 tool

https://ibotpeaches.github.io/Apktool/

Apktool and (most) other tools are already installed on the images for the lab

\$ java -jar apktool.jar d YOURPACKAGE.apk -o OUTPUTDIR

- ▶ **d** is for decoding
- ▶ Will retrieve Android manifest, resources and smali code

Converting binary XML

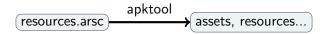


java -jar AXMLPrinter2.jar AndroidManifest.binary.xml

Alternatives:

- aapt: aapt dump xmltree yourpack.apk
 AndroidManifest.xml
- Androaxml.py from Androguard
- ► Apktool: all in one tool

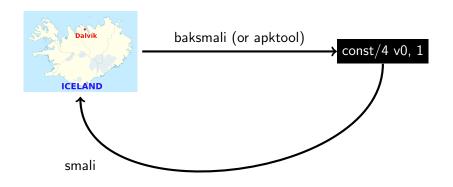
How to read resources?



What if apktool does not work?

- aapt dump resources works, but output not excellent
- ► Layouts only: use AXMLPrinter, androaxl to convert binary XML to XML

Dalvik Executables (.dex)



- ▶ Dalvik Exexutable (DEX): similar to .class for Java
- smali means assembler in icelandic

What if apktool fails to produce smali?

- Baksmali java -jar baksmali.jar -o output-dir classes.dex
- Androguard: androdd -i classes.dex -o output or
 \$ androlyze -s
 d, dx = AnalyzeDex("classes.dex")
 d.create_python_export()
- ▶ Use your favorite disassembler (if it supports it): IDA Pro, Radare2

You don't like smali? Use a decompiler!

- Androguard embeds a good decompiler.
 - a, d, dx = AnalyzeAPK('sample.apk.vpk',decompiler='dad')
 d.CLASS_xxxx.METHOD_yyy.source()
- ▶ JADX jadx -d output-dir classes.dex
- Convert to jar using dex2jar and then use a Java decompiler (Krakatau, Procyon, CFR, JD, ClassyShark...)
- ▶ Dedexer produces .ddx files ≈ Jasmin w/ Dalvik opcodes
- ▶ DED Decompiler or Dare
- ▶ JEB Decompiler: not free but excellent. Trial version exists.

Lab 1 and Lab 2



Samples are located in /data Tools are located in /opt You have a work dir in /workshop

Understanding Smali

AdminService class, inheriting from Service. Source file name is missing:

```
.class public AdminService
.super Service
.source ""
```

- ► Dalvik is registered based, not stack based
- ▶ Java signatures for methods: V for void, B for byte, Z for boolean...
- ▶ Dalvik instructions: const/4, sput-object...

Understanding smali 2/2

- ▶ p0 is for this, p1 is first argument of method
- naming is not always provided!

Calls

```
invoke-virtual {v0, v1, p1}, L.../TinyDB;
   ->putInt(Ljava/lang/String;I)V
```

Means to this.putInt(v1, p1);

Guidelines





1 First glance matters - The they trying to hide something? What's the name of the package? What abes the certificate say? Where did I find it?

2 Disassemble it



const-v The code says it all!

get ill Don't be lazy of and read it in depth.

3 Still don't understand?

Run it in an emulator, display logs and capture network traffic.



Never use your own phone.
Do not provide any personal data
(name,IMEI, phone number...)



THE CODE DOES NOT MAKE SENSE?

Maybe it's heavily obfuscated or packed.

THERE'S NOTHING SUSPICIOUS ?

Good © Check the assets and resources directory for Javascript or ARM executables.

Taken from Android/Spitmo.C!tr.spy

► Identify the main entry point



Taken from Android/Spitmo.C!tr.spy

- ► Identify the main entry point
- ► Background services

```
<service android:enabled="true" android:name=".KavService">
</service>
```

Taken from Android/Spitmo.C!tr.spy

- ▶ Identify the main entry point
- Background services
- ▶ Receivers: called when events occur

Taken from Android/Spitmo.C!tr.spy

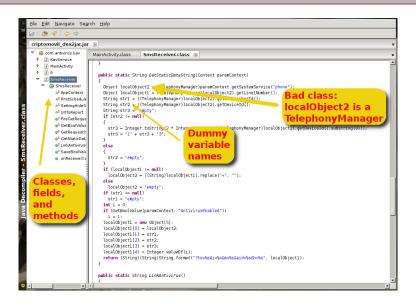
- ► Identify the main entry point
- Background services
- Receivers: called when events occur
- Permissions

```
<uses-permission android:name="android.permission.READ_SMS">

</uses-permission>

<uses-permission android:name="android.permission.RECEIVE_SMS">
```

Decompiled Java source code - at a glance



Who's using this method/field?

- ► Good news: smali are text files. You can grep etc.
- Androguard: show_xref(), show_dref()
- ▶ **JEB**: Ctrl-X
- Radare: axt, axf

Beware

Inheritance, interfaces, events "break" the call tree :(

Lab 3: Static analysis





Patching an APK

Modify the smali code

- 1. Baksmali to get the smali
- 2. Modify the small source
- 3. Smali to re-create the DEX
- 4. Zip the DEX with resources
- 5. Sign it (if necessary create keys before)

Patch to insert logs

```
const-string v0, "Hello there"
const-string v6, "MY TAG: "
invoke-static {v6, v0},
  Landroid/util/Log;->v(Ljava/lang/String;
  Ljava/lang/String;)I
```

Lab 4: Patching a package





Dynamic analysis

- ► Make sure you won't be sending data to the malware authors
- ► Some malware perform anti-emulator tricks

Dynamic analysis: SpyBanker in (safe) action!





Androguard: quick start

- ► Launch androlyze with interactive shell: androlyze -s. Python shell.
- Analyze the APK: a, d, dx = AnalyzeAPK('your.apk', decompiler='dad')
- Perform actions on the package through object a. Use completion (Tab). Example: a.get_main_activity(), a.get_receivers(), a.get_services()
- Actions on the code: use d.CLASS, then use completion (Tab). To specify a method add _METHOD and use completion. Call source() to see decompiled code, or use completion.
- Method cross references: use CLASS_xxx.METHOD_yyy.show_xref().
- Field cross references: CLASS_xxx.FIELD_yyy.show_dref()
- ► List used permissions: show_Permissions(dx)



Lab 6: Using Androguard





Counter anti-emulator tricks

IMEI

Very common check in malware.

Get the value:

- Program: getDeviceId()
- ► Emulator <Android 5: adb shell dumpsys iphonesubinfo
- ► Emulator ≥ Android 5: adb shell service call iphonesubinfo code 5.1.1: code = 1

Set the value: search for +CGSN

More anti-emulator tricks (and solutions)

IMSI

Get the value:

- Program: getSubscriberId()
- Emulator: same as IMEI, except service code is 7 (Android 5.1.1).

Set the value: search for +CIMI

Geographic location

Common especially in Adware.

Set the value: adb emu geo fix longitude latitude altitude

Get the value: adb shell dumpsys location? (does not work on emulator)

Lab 7: Patching the emulator



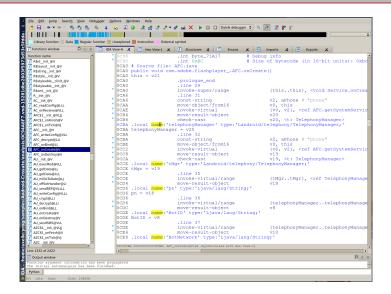


Dalvik disassembly with Radare

http://www.radare.org

- ▶ It works on the classes.dex. Automatic detection of Dalvik. (If not, use r2 -a dalvik file).
- List classes, methods and fields: ic, or list functions: af1
- ▶ List imports: ii
- ► List strings: iz (method names in there too)
- Cross references: axt (references TO this address) or axf (from)
- ► Search for string http: f http or / http
- ▶ Disassemble: pd LINES @ ADDR

Dalvik in IDA Pro



Obfuscation...

- ▶ Obfuscators. Generic term. Proguard, Dexguard, Allatori,
- ► **Protectors**. e.g. anti-debugging, anti-emulator techniques ApkProtect
- ▶ Packers. Executable 'compressor'. Decompression stub decompresses sample *in place* (dump memory) or *on disk* (inspect /data/data for example). Pangxie, LIAPP, Bangcle

Solutions to obfuscated malware 1/5

1. **Understand** how it is obfuscated and write code/scripts to de-obfuscate Identification of packers with APKiD

```
[!] APKiD 0.9.3 :: from RedNaga :: rednaga.io
[*] 2164084.apk
|-> packer : Ijiami
[*] 2164084.apk!classes.dex
|-> compiler : dexlib 2.x
[*] 2164084.apk!assets/ijm_lib/armeabi/libexec.so
|-> packer : Ijiami (UPX)
[*] 2164237.apk
|-> packer : Jiangu
[*] 2164237.apk!classes.dex
|-> compiler : dexlib 2.x
[*] 2164332.apk!classes.dex
```

Lab 8: De-obfuscating Obad strings

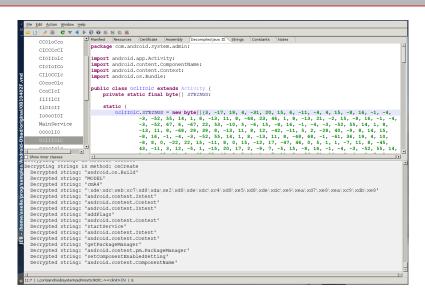




Solutions to obfuscated malware 2/5

- Understand how it is obfuscated and write code/scripts to de-obfuscate
- 2. Use off-the-shelf tools that already do the work ;P
 - ► d2j-decrypt-string.sh
 - ► DexHunter: Android 4.4.3
 - Simplify
 - ► JEB plugins

JEB scripts to decrypt strings



Lab 9: Using JEB Plugins





Lab 10: Unpacking Pangxie





Solutions to obfuscated malware 3/5

- Understand how it is obfuscated and write code/scripts to de-obfuscate
- 2. Use off-the-shelf tools that already do the work ;P
- 3. Modify the sample and print the de-obfuscated string/class etc.

Solutions to obfuscated malware 4/5

- Understand how it is obfuscated and write code/scripts to de-obfuscate
- 2. Use off-the-shelf tools that already do the work ;P
- 3. Modify the sample and print the de-obfuscated string/class etc.
- 4. Debug the sample and set a breakpoint where you want to see the obfuscated data.
 - ► JEB2
 - CodeInspect

Solutions to obfuscated malware 5/5

- Understand how it is obfuscated and write code/scripts to de-obfuscate
- 2. Use off-the-shelf tools that already do the work ;P
- 3. Modify the sample and print the de-obfuscated string/class etc.
- 4. Debug the sample and set a breakpoint where you want to see the obfuscated data.
- Dump memory of the phone and search for de-obfuscated data
 - ▶ GDB
 - kisskiss

Lab 11: Unpacking LIAPP





References

- ▶ Dalvik Opcodes
- ► Collection of Android tools
- ► Using Androguard for RE
- ► Emacs smali mode: Tim Strazzere
- Obfuscation in Android malware and to fight back
- ► Android App "Protection"
- My own publications

Thank You!

Thank you for attending! Special thanks to Ruchna Nigam, Tim Strazzere CodeInspect and JEB for providing free licenses

Please bring the USB keys back :)



Like the slides? Thanks. This is LATEX