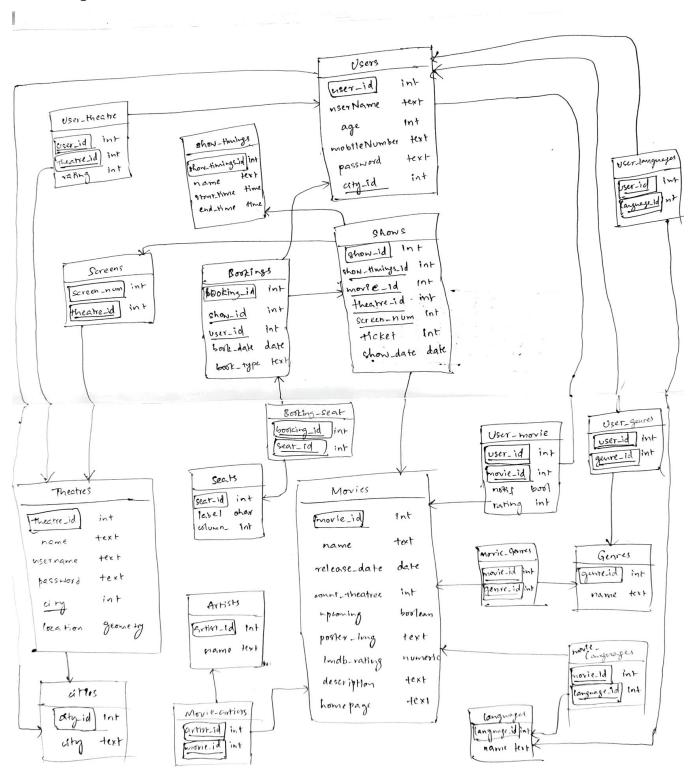
## **Project Design Document**

## a. Logical Schema:



## a. Integrity Constraints:

## 1. Movies:

- a. Movie\_id primary key
- b. name not NULL
- c. count\_theatres>=0: Number of theatres in which the movie is being aired can only be greater than or equal to 0
- d. imdb\_rating>=0 and imdb\_rating<=10: Imdb rating of movie must lie between 0 and 10</li>
- e. Release\_date can be NULL NULL value of release\_date means we do not have its value available
- f. Poster\_img can be NULL NULL means Poster image of the movie is not available
- g. Imdb\_rating can be NULL NULL means IMDB rating of movie isn't available

#### 2. Cities:

- a. city id primary key
- b. city not NULL

## 3. Theatres:

- a. Theatre\_id primary key
- b. name not NULL
- c. username unique not NULL
- d. Password not NULL
- e. City can be NULL NULL means city info isn't available
- f. City Foreign key references cities

## 4. Users:

- a. User\_id primary key
- b. userName not NULL
- c. age>0
- d. mobileNumber unique not NULL
- e. mobileNumber not like '%[^0-9]%' and LENGTH(mobileNumber)=10 mobile number must be of length 10 and must contain digits only
- f. Password not NULL
- g. City\_id can be NULL NULL means city info of user isn't available

## 5. Show timings:

- a. Show timings id primary key
- b. name in('Morning','Afternoon','First Show','Second Show') name can be one of these only
- c. end time>start time

#### 6. Artists:

- a. Artist id primary key
- b. Name not NULL

## 7. Movie Artists:

- a. Artist\_id, Movie\_id primary key
- b. Artist id foreign key references artist
- c. Movie\_id foreign key references movie

#### 8. Genres:

- a. Genre\_id primary key
- b. Name not NULL

## 9. Languages:

- a. Language\_id -primary key
- b. Name not NULL

## 10. Movie genres:

- a. Movie\_id, genre\_id primary key
- b. Movie id foreign key references movie
- c. Genre\_id foreign key references genre

## 11. Movie\_languages:

- a. Movie id, language id primary key
- b. Movie\_id foreign key references movie
- c. Language\_id foreign key references language

#### 12. Screens:

- a. Screen\_num, theatre\_id primary key
- b. Screen num not NULL
- c. Theatre\_id foreign key references theatre

## 13. Seats:

- a. Seat\_id primary key
- b. label like '%[A-M]%' and LENGTH(label)=1 label must be a letter between A and M
- c. column\_ in (1,2,3,4,5,6,7,8,9,10)
- d. UNIQUE (label,column ) {label,column } is a candidate key

#### 14. Shows:

- a. Show id primary key
- b. ticket>0
- c. Show date not NULL
- d. Show timings id foreign key references show timings
- e. Movie\_id foreign key references movie
- f. screen\_num, theatre\_id foreign key references screen
- g. UNIQUE (show timings id, movie id, screen num, theatre id, show date)

## 15. Bookings:

- a. (booking id, seat id) primary key
- b. user\_id foreign key references users
- c. show id foreign key references shows
- d. set (booking id, show id, user id) has to be unique
- e. book\_type can either be 'online' or 'offline'

#### 16. Booking seat:

- a. Primary key booking\_id, seat\_id
- b. booking id foreign key references bookings
- c. show\_id foreign key references seats

## 17. User languages:

- a. primary key user id, language id
- b. language\_id foreign key references languages

c. user id foreign key references users

## 18. User genres:

- a. primary key (user id,genre id)
- b. genre\_id foreign key references genres
- c. user\_id foreign key references users

## 19. User movie:

- a. (rating>=1 and rating<=5) or rating is null(when movie is upcoming)
- b. primary key (user id, movie id)
- c. notif not null when upcoming movie and subscribed for notification by user either 0 or 1
- d. user\_id foreign key references users
- e. movie\_id foreign key references movies

## 20. User\_theatre:

- a. rating>=1 and rating<=5
- b. user id, theatre id primary key
- c. user\_id foreign key references users
- d. theatre id foreign key references theatres

## c. Views

```
CREATE view all_bookings AS

SELECT show_id, user_id, bookings.booking_id, book_date, book_type, COUNT(*)
seats_booked

FROM bookings, booking_seat

WHERE bookings.booking_id = booking_seat.booking_id

GROUP BY show id, user id, bookings.booking id, book date, book type
```

Created a view for "Number of seats for each booking id" - this is used because it is used multiple times in "viewing Analytics" use cases

## d and f. Transactions

## SET 1

# 1 Sign up for application transaction -

checks if entry of user with entered phone number is present in users if(success){

insert entry into users
Get id of user created
Get id of language\_entry
Get id of genre entry
Get id of city entry

```
190050050 - Ilindra Sai Lakshmi Shreya, 190050061 - Konda Renu
, 190050078 - Palti Ramyasri, 190050082 - Penta Rahul Krishna
  insert entry into user language if language entry not empty
  insert entry into user_genre if genre entry not empty
}
queries -
SELECT COUNT(*) FROM users WHERE mobileNumber= mobile_entry
INSERT INTO users (userName, age, mobileNumber, password, city id)
VALUES(username entry, age entry, mobile entry, pswd entry, city id entry)
INSERT INTO user languages (user id, language id) VALUES(user id, language id)
INSERT INTO user genres (user id, genre id) VALUES(user id, genre id)
4 Edit Profile
Get city id entry from city entry
Get genre id entry from genre entry
Get language id entry from language entry
Update values in users, user_language, user_genre
Queries-
UPDATE users SET city id = city_id_entry WHERE user_id = user_id_entry
UPDATE users SET age = age entry WHERE user id = user id entry
UPDATE users SET userName = userName_entry WHERE user_id = user_id_entry
UPDATE user languages SET language id =language id entry WHERE user id =
user id entry
UPDATE user genres SET genre id = genre id entry WHERE user id = user id entry
10 Booking available seats for a show
Insert entries into bookings, seat booking(Multiple inserts)
Queries -
INSERT INTO bookings (show id, user id, book date, book type) VALUES(show id entry,
user id emtry, book Date entry, 'online')
INSERT INTO booking seat VALUES(booking id, seat id entry)
SET2
4. Register a Theatre
INSERT INTO theatres(name, city, location) values(name entry, city entry, location entry)
INSERT INTO screens values (screen num entry, theatre id)
5 Add a movie
Get movie id entry from movie entry
```

Get genre id entries from genre\_entries

Get language id entries from language\_entries Insert entries into movie, movie\_genre, movie\_language, cast\_

#### Queries -

INSERT INTO movies (name, release\_date, count\_theatres, upcoming, poster\_img, imdb\_rating, description, homepage) VALUES(movie\_name\_entry, release\_date\_entry, 0, 1, img\_entry, NULL, description\_entry, homepage\_entry)

13 Change availability of seats
Insert entries into bookings, seat\_booking

## Queries-

INSERT INTO bookings (show\_id, user\_id, book\_date, book\_type) VALUES(show\_id\_entry, user\_id\_emtry, book\_Date\_entry, 'offline')
INSERT INTO booking seat VALUES(booking id, seat id entry)

## 14 Add movie shows

Insert multiple entries of movie show timings in shows table

## Queries-

SELECT \* from shows where show\_date BETWEEN today\_date AND today\_date+7days AND theatre\_id = theatre\_id\_entry AND movie\_id = movie\_id\_entry AND screen\_num = screen\_num\_entry

INSERT INTO shows (show\_timings\_id, movie\_id, theatre\_id, screen\_num, ticket, show\_date) values(show\_timings\_id\_entry, movie\_id\_entry, theatre\_id\_entry, screen\_num\_entry, ticket\_entry, show\_date\_entry)

15 Extend an already airing movie of a screen to 7 more days Insert multiple entries of movie show timings in show table

## Queries -

SELECT \* from shows where show\_date BETWEEN today\_date AND today\_date+7days AND theatre\_id = theatre\_id\_entry AND movie\_id = movie\_id\_entry AND screen\_num = screen\_num\_entry

INSERT INTO shows (show\_timings\_id, movie\_id, theatre\_id, screen\_num, ticket, show\_date) values(show\_timings\_id\_entry, movie\_id\_entry, theatre\_id\_entry, screen\_num\_entry, ticket\_entry, show\_date\_entry)

## Non - Transaction Use cases:

SET 1

2. Select city NO sql query

3. View Profile (get user\_id from logged in user)

SELECT userName, age, mobileNumber, city\_id from users where user\_id = user\_id\_entry SELECT name from genres where genre\_id in (SELECT genre\_id from user\_genre where user\_id = user\_id\_entry)

SELECT name from languages where language\_id in (SELECT language \_id from user\_language where user\_id = user\_id\_entry)
SELECT city from cities where city id = city id entry

5. View movies being aired in a city

SELECT name from movies where movie\_id in (SELECT distinct movie\_id from shows where theatre\_id in (SELECT theatre\_id from theatres where city = city\_id\_entry) )

6. Click a movie and view its info

SELECT \* from movies where movie\_id = movie\_id\_entry

SELECT distinct name from artist WHERE artist\_id in (SELECT artist\_id from movie\_artists where movie id = movie id entry)

7. View artist profile in the artist page

SELECT \* FROM movie\_artists WHERE artist\_id = artist\_id\_entry

8. View movies being aired in a theater

SELECT \* from shows where theatre\_id in (SELECT theatre\_id from theatre where city\_id = city\_id\_entry) AND movie\_id = movie\_id\_entry

9. View available seats for a show

SELECT seat\_id FROM booking\_seat WHERE booking\_id IN
(SELECT booking\_id FROM bookings WHERE show\_id IN
(SELECT show\_id FROM shows WHERE movie\_id = movie\_id\_entry AND theatre\_id = theatre\_id\_entry AND screen\_num = screen\_num\_entry AND show\_date = show\_date\_entry AND show timings id = show timings id entry))

11 Rate a movie

Get movie\_id\_entry for movie\_entry

Insert rating entry in user\_movie table

(notif and rating cannot be non null values simultaneously. When upcoming movie is subscribed by user, entry is created in user\_movie with notif as 1 and rating as NULL. When upcoming

movie is released in theatres, entrie for the user\_id is removed from user\_movie. When movi is atched by user, rating can be gien only once and can be given only when movie is watched by user. Entry is created with notif as null and rating as rating entry by user)

#### Queries -

INSERT INTO user movie VALUES(user id entry, movie id entry, NULL, rating entry)

12. View upcoming movies

SELECT name from movies where upcoming = TRUE

13 Info of Upcoming movie (get upcoming\_movie\_id\_entry)
SELECT \* FROM movies WHERE movie id = upcoming movie id entry

14 Set a notification preference for movie tickets release update INSERT INTO user\_movie VALUES(user\_id\_entry, movie\_id\_entry, 1, NULL)

#### 15. Showing Recommendations

SELECT name from movies where movie\_id in (SELECT movie\_id from movie\_genres NATURAL FULL OUTER JOIN movie\_languages where genre\_id in (SELECT genre\_id from user\_genres where user\_id = user\_id\_entry) and language\_id in (SELECT lanuguage\_id from user\_languages where user\_id = user\_id\_entry)) SORT BY imdb\_rating DESC LIMIT 5

#### 16 View available theatres

SELECT city\_id FROM users WHERE user\_id = user\_id\_entry SELECT name FROM theatres WHERE city = city\_id\_entry

17 View shows available in a theater SELECT \* FROM shows WHERE theatre\_id = theatre\_id\_entry

movie languages WHERE language id = language id entry)

18 Rate a theatre
Get theatre\_id\_entry for theatre\_entry
Insert rating entry in user\_theatre table

## Queries -

INSERT INTO user theatre VALUES(user id entry, theatre id entry, rating entry)

19 Filter out movies based on genre, language (get genre\_id\_entry and language\_id\_entry)
SELECT name FROM movies WHERE movie\_id IN (SELECT movie\_id FROM movie\_genres
WHERE genre\_id = genre\_id\_entry)
SELECT name FROM movies WHERE movie\_id IN (SELECT movie\_id FROM

20 View theatres available within a selected range of distance from a selected location SELECT name FROM theatres WHERE ST\_Distance(location, selected\_location) < threshold (all theatres within given threshold would be shown to user)

## 21 View history of bookings

SELECT name, booking\_id, book\_date, book\_type, label, column\_ FROM movies, shows, booking\_seat, seats

(SELECT \* FROM bookings WHERE user\_id = user\_id\_entry) user\_bookings WHERE user\_bookings.booking\_id = booking\_seat.booking\_id AND user\_bookings.show\_id = shows.show\_id AND shows.movie\_id = movies.movie\_id AND booking\_seat.seat\_id = seats.seat\_id

## SET 2:

## 1.Logging on to the system

SELECT count(\*) from users WHERE mobileNumber = mobile\_number\_entry AND password = password\_entry

## 2.Reset Password

UPDATE users SET password = password\_entry WHERE user\_id = user\_id\_entry

## 3. Logging out of System

No sql queries

## 6 Add an artist

INSERT INTO artists (name) VALUES(artist\_name\_entry)

## 7 Admin Analytics

SELECT theatre\_id, theatres.name, show\_online\_offline.book\_type,
SUM(show\_online\_offline.seats\_booked) sum\_seats
FROM theatres, shows,
(SELECT book\_type, show\_id, SUM(seats\_booked) seats\_booked\_ FROM all\_bookings
GROUP BY book\_type, show\_id) show\_online\_offline
WHERE theatres.theatre\_id = shows.theatre\_id AND shows.show\_id =

show\_online\_offline.show\_id
GROUP BY theatre id, theatres.name, show online offline.book type

8 View movies being aired in a theater

SELECT movie\_id, name from movie WHERE movie\_id in (SELECT movie\_id FROM shows WHERE theatre\_id = theatre\_id\_entry)

9 Theatre Analytics - Live vs Online Bookings

SELECT count(seat\_id) from booking\_seat where booking\_id in (SELECT booking\_id FROM bookings WHERE book\_type = 'online' and show\_id in (SELECT show\_id from shows WHERE theatre\_id = theatre\_id\_entry))

SELECT count(seat\_id) from booking\_seat where booking\_id in (SELECT booking\_id FROM bookings WHERE book\_type = 'offline' and show\_id in (SELECT show\_id from shows WHERE theatre\_id = theatre\_id\_entry))

10 Theatre Analytics - Percentage of Audience (get movie\_id\_entry from movie\_entry by user) SELECT seats\_for\_show.theatre\_id, theatres.name, SUM(seats\_for\_show.seats\_booked) audience FROM theatres, shows,

(SELECT show\_id, SUM(seats\_booked) seats\_booked\_ FROM all\_bookings GROUP BY show id) seats for show

WHERE theatres.theatre\_id = seats\_for\_show.theatre\_id AND shows.movie\_id = movie\_id\_entry AND shows.show\_id = seats\_for\_show.show\_id GROUP BY seats\_for\_show.theatre\_id, theatres.name

11 Theatre Analytics - Choices of Audience

Genre -

SELECT genres.genre\_id, genres.name, SUM(seats\_for\_show.seats\_booked)

FROM movies, movie\_genres, shows, genres,

(SELECT show\_id, SUM(seats\_booked) seats\_booked\_ FROM all\_bookings GROUP BY show\_id) seats\_for\_show

WHERE movies.movie\_id = movie\_genres.movie\_id AND shows.movie\_id = movies.movie\_id AND shows.show\_id = seats\_for\_show.show\_id AND genres.genre\_id = movie\_genres.genre\_id

GROUP BY genres.genre id, genres.name

## Language -

SELECT languages.language\_id, languages.name, SUM(seats\_for\_show.seats\_booked) FROM movies, movie\_languages, shows, languages,

(SELECT show\_id, SUM(seats\_booked) seats\_booked\_ FROM all\_bookings GROUP BY show\_id) seats\_for\_show

WHERE movies.movie\_id = movie\_languages.movie\_id AND shows.movie\_id = movies.movie\_id AND shows.show\_id = seats\_for\_show.show\_id AND languages.language\_id = movie\_languages.language\_id

GROUP BY languages.language id, languages.name

12 Theatre Analytics - View Ratings
Movies airedSELECT movies.movie\_id, movies.name, AVG(rating)
FROM user\_movie, movies
GROUP BY movies.movie\_id, movies.name

Theatres - SELECT theatres.theatre\_id, theatres.name, AVG(rating) FROM user\_theatre, theatres GROUP BY theatres.theatre\_id, theatres.name

## e. DDL.sql and InsertData.sql

DDL.sql, InsertData.sql

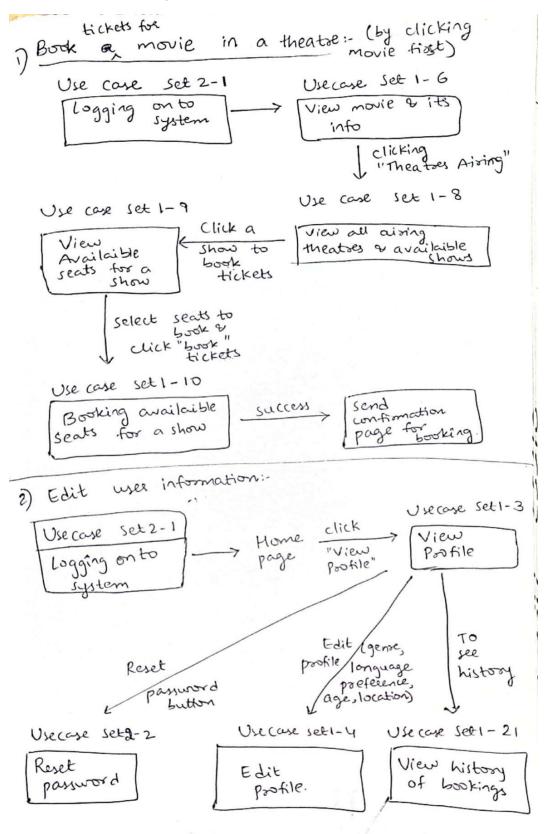
## g. Indices

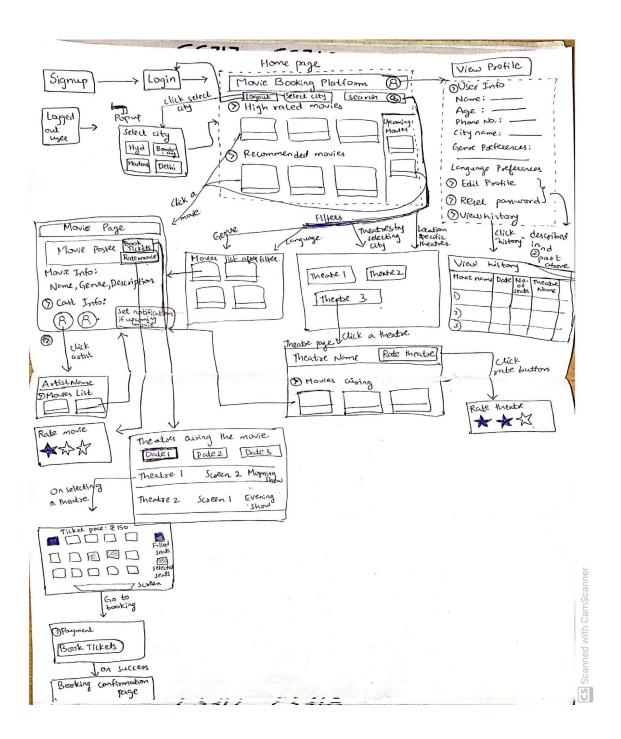
Index on show\_date in shows table helps in increase in the performance Most of the other queries use ids of the entities as predicates, which are already indices, so no additional indices needed.

## h. Forms

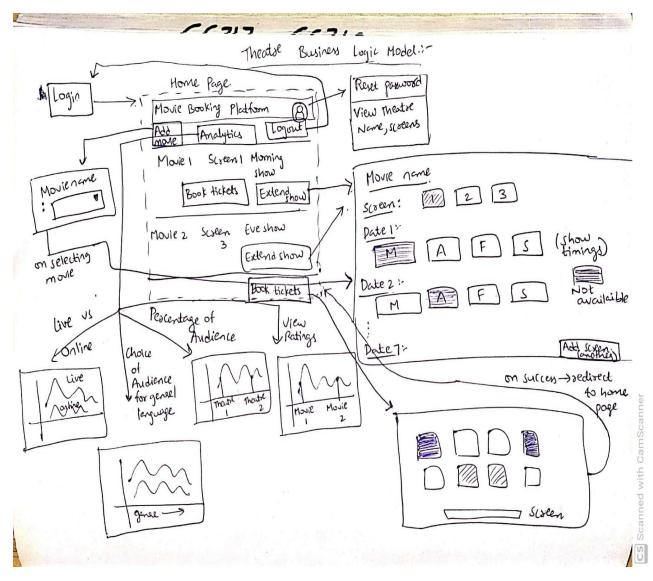
Link: https://drive.google.com/file/d/1S13lysIETUOYacBkeiNZ2xVBGgfgJbWj/view?usp=sharing

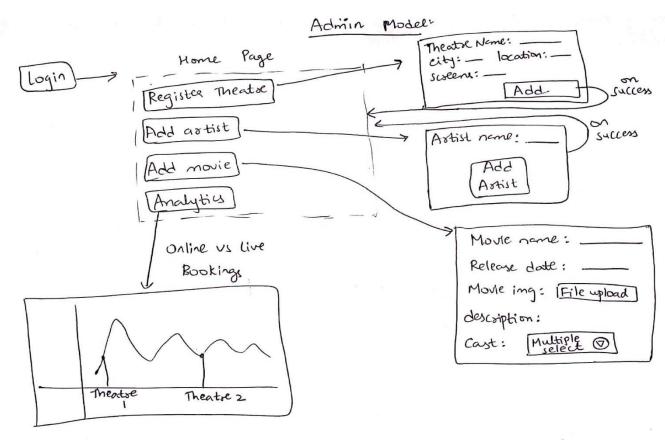
i. Business Logic Controller





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