

第三章 习题 4

岳宇轩 19020011038



中国海洋大学
OCEAN UNIVERSITY OF CHINA

一、1. $\frac{1}{18}$ $\frac{2}{9}$ $\frac{1}{9}$ 2. $\frac{5}{9}$ $\frac{2}{9}$ 3. $p=0$ 4. 是 5. \pm 6. $\frac{17}{25}$

二、1. D 2. C 3. A $(0 < x < 1)$

三、1. $f_X(x) = \int_0^1 b x^2 y dy = b x^2 \cdot \frac{1}{2} = \frac{1}{2} b x^2$, $f_Y(y) = \int_0^1 b x^2 y dx = y \int_0^1 b x^2 dx = \frac{1}{2} b y$ $(0 < y < 1)$
 $f(x, y) = f_X(x) f_Y(y) \Rightarrow X$ 与 Y 独立

2. $g(x) = \sqrt{\tan x}$ 与 $f(y) = 1 - 2e^{-y}$ 均为连续函数. $\therefore \sqrt{\tan x}$ 与 $1 - 2e^{-y}$ 相互独立

四、1. $\int_{-\infty}^{+\infty} \int_{-\infty}^{+\infty} f(x, y) dx dy = \int_0^1 \left[\int_0^x c(x+y) dy \right] dx = \int_0^1 \left[\frac{1}{2} c \int_0^x (x+y) dy \right] dx$
 $= \int_0^1 \frac{3}{2} c x^2 dx = \frac{1}{2} c = 1 \Rightarrow c = 2$

$f_X(x) = \int_{-\infty}^{+\infty} f(x, y) dy = \int_0^x 2(x+y) dy = 3x^2 \quad (0 \leq x \leq 1)$

$f_Y(y) = \int_{-\infty}^{+\infty} f(x, y) dx = \int_y^1 2(x+y) dx = -3y^2 + 2y + 1 \quad (0 \leq y \leq 1)$

2. $f_{X,Y}(x, y) \neq f_X(x) f_Y(y)$ \therefore 不相互独立

五、1. $f(x, y) = \begin{cases} e^{-(x+y)} & x > 0, y > 0 \\ 0 & \text{其它} \end{cases}$ $F(x, y) = \begin{cases} (1-e^{-x})(1-e^{-y}) & x > 0, y > 0 \\ 0 & \text{其它} \end{cases}$

2. $P\{X \leq 1 | Y > 0\} = \frac{P\{X \leq 1, Y > 0\}}{1 - P\{Y \leq 0\}} = \frac{P\{X \leq 1\} [1 - P\{Y \leq 0\}]}{1 - P\{Y \leq 0\}} = P\{X \leq 1\}$

$= \int_0^1 f_X(x) dx = \int_0^1 e^{-x} dx = 1 - e^{-1}$

六、1. $\int_{-\infty}^{+\infty} \int_{-\infty}^{+\infty} f(x, y) dx dy = \int_0^1 \left[\int_0^2 (x^2 + cxy) dy \right] dx = \int_0^1 \frac{1}{2} c x (x^2 + cxy)^2 \Big|_0^2 dx$
 $= \int_0^1 \frac{1}{2} c x^4 + c^2 x^3 dx = \int_0^1 2x(x+c) dx = \frac{2}{3} + c \Rightarrow c = \frac{1}{3}$

$f_X(x) = \int_{-\infty}^{+\infty} f(x, y) dy = \int_0^2 (x^2 + \frac{1}{3}xy) dy = x^2 \int_0^2 dy + \frac{1}{6} x y^2 \Big|_0^2 = 2x^2 + \frac{1}{3}x \quad (0 \leq x \leq 1)$

$f_Y(y) = \int_{-\infty}^{+\infty} f(x, y) dx = \int_0^1 (x^2 + \frac{1}{3}xy) dx = \int_0^1 x^2 dx + \frac{1}{6} y \int_0^1 x dx = \frac{1}{3} + \frac{1}{12}y \quad (0 \leq y \leq 2)$

$f_{Y|X}(y|x) = \frac{f(x, y)}{f_X(x)} = \begin{cases} \frac{3x+y}{6x+2} & 0 \leq x \leq 1, 0 \leq y \leq 2 \\ 0 & \text{其它} \end{cases}$

$f(x, y) \neq f_X(x) f_Y(y) \therefore X$ 与 Y 不独立



中国海洋大学
OCEAN UNIVERSITY OF CHINA

此

Y\X	-1	0	1	
0	$\frac{1}{4}$	0	$\frac{1}{4}$	$\frac{1}{2}$
1	0	$\frac{1}{2}$	0	$\frac{1}{2}$
	$\frac{1}{4}$	$\frac{1}{2}$	$\frac{1}{4}$	

否 $P\{X=-1, Y=0\} \neq P\{X=-1\} \cdot P\{Y=0\}$



一、

Z	0	1
P	$\frac{1}{4}$	$\frac{3}{4}$

二、

X	-2	-1	0
P	$\frac{5}{12}$	$\frac{2}{12}$	$\frac{5}{12}$

Y	-1	$\frac{1}{2}$	3
P	$\frac{5}{12}$	$\frac{3}{12}$	$\frac{4}{12}$

1.

X+Y	-3	$-\frac{3}{2}$	1	-2	$-\frac{1}{2}$	2	$-\frac{1}{2}$	3
P	$\frac{25}{144}$	$\frac{15}{144}$	$\frac{20}{144}$	$\frac{10}{144}$	$\frac{6}{144}$	$\frac{8}{144}$	$\frac{25}{144}$	$\frac{15}{144}$

2.

X-Y	-1	$-\frac{5}{2}$	-5	0	$-\frac{3}{2}$	-4	$-\frac{1}{2}$	-3
P	$\frac{25}{144}$	$\frac{15}{144}$	$\frac{20}{144}$	$\frac{10}{144}$	$\frac{6}{144}$	$\frac{8}{144}$	$\frac{25}{144}$	$\frac{15}{144}$

3.

X ² +Y-2	1	$\frac{5}{2}$	5	-2	$-\frac{1}{2}$	2	-3	$-\frac{3}{2}$
P	$\frac{45}{144}$	$\frac{15}{144}$	$\frac{20}{144}$	$\frac{10}{144}$	$\frac{6}{144}$	$\frac{8}{144}$	$\frac{25}{144}$	$\frac{15}{144}$

4.

max{X, Y}	-1	$\frac{1}{2}$	3	0
P	$\frac{35}{144}$	$\frac{36}{144}$	$\frac{48}{144}$	$\frac{25}{144}$

三、

Y	0	1
P	$\frac{1}{2}$	$\frac{1}{2}$

Z	-1	0
P	$\frac{1}{4}$	$\frac{3}{4}$

YZ	-1	0	1
P	$\frac{1}{8}$	$\frac{3}{4}$	$\frac{1}{8}$

Z \ Y	0	1
-1	$\frac{1}{8}$	$\frac{1}{8}$
0	$\frac{1}{4}$	$\frac{1}{4}$
1	$\frac{1}{8}$	$\frac{1}{8}$
	$\frac{1}{2}$	$\frac{1}{2}$

$\frac{1}{4}$
 $\frac{1}{2}$
 $\frac{1}{4}$



一、 $N(0, 25)$

二、B

三、1. $f_z(z) = \int_{-\infty}^{+\infty} f_x(x) f_y(z-x) dx = \int_{z-1}^{z+1} \frac{1}{\sqrt{2\pi}} e^{-\frac{x^2}{2}} \cdot \frac{1}{2} dx = \frac{1}{2} [\Phi(z+1) - \Phi(z-1)]$

2. $f_z(z) = \int_{-\infty}^{+\infty} f_x(z-y) f_y(y) dy = \int_{z-1}^z e^{-y} dy = e^{1-z} - e^{-z}$

3. 1. $\forall z = x_1 + x_2$

$x > 0: f_z = \int_{-\infty}^{+\infty} f_{x_1}(x) f_{x_2}(z-x) dx$
 $= \int_0^z x e^{-x} (z-x) e^{-(z-x)} dx$
 $= e^{-z} [z \int_0^z x dx - \int_0^z x^2 dx]$
 $= \frac{1}{6} e^{-z} z^3$

$\therefore f_z = \begin{cases} \frac{1}{6} z^3 e^{-z} & , z > 0 \\ 0 & , \text{其它} \end{cases}$

2. $\forall W = Z + X_3$

$w > 0: f_w = \int_{-\infty}^{+\infty} f_z(z) f_x(w-z) dz$
 $= \int_0^w \frac{1}{6} z^3 e^{-z} (w-z) e^{-(w-z)} dz$
 $= \frac{1}{120} w^5 e^{-w}$

$\therefore f_w = \begin{cases} \frac{1}{120} w^5 e^{-w} & , w > 0 \\ 0 & , \text{其它} \end{cases}$



中国海洋大学
OCEAN UNIVERSITY OF CHINA

$$\begin{aligned} \text{四.1. } P\left\{\frac{X+Y}{2} \leq z\right\} &= P\{X+Y \leq 2z\} = \iint_{\frac{x+y}{2} \leq z} f(x,y) dx dy \\ x>0, y>0: \text{上式} &= \iint_{\substack{x+y \leq 2z \\ x>0, y>0}} e^{-(x+y)} dx dy = \int_0^{2z} \left(\int_0^{2z-y} e^{-x} dx \right) e^{-y} dy \\ &= \int_0^{2z} (1 - e^{-(2z-y)}) e^{-y} dy = 1 - e^{-2z} \\ \therefore F_Z(z) &= \begin{cases} 1 - e^{-2z}, & z > 0 \\ 0, & \text{其它} \end{cases} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{2. } P\{Z \leq z\} &= P\{X+Y \leq z\} = \iint_{x+y \leq z} f(x,y) dx dy \\ x>0, y>0 \Rightarrow z>0: \text{上式} &= \iint_{\substack{x+y \leq z \\ x>0, y>0}} 2e^{-x-y} dx dy = 2 \int_0^z \left(\int_0^{z-x} e^{-y} dy \right) e^{-x} dx \\ &= \int_0^z (1 - e^{-(z-x)}) e^{-x} dx = 1 - e^{-z} - ze^{-z} \\ F_Z(z) &= \begin{cases} 1 - e^{-z} - ze^{-z}, & z > 0 \\ 0, & \text{其它} \end{cases} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{五. } F_Z(z) &= P(Z \leq z) = P(X+Y \leq z) = P(X=1, X+Y \leq z) + P(X=2, X+Y \leq z) \\ &= P(X=1)P(X+Y \leq z | X=1) + P(X=2)P(X+Y \leq z | X=2) = P(X=1)P(Y \leq z-1) + P(X=2)P(Y \leq z-2) \\ &= \frac{3}{10} \int_{-\infty}^{z-1} f(y) dy + \frac{7}{10} \int_{-\infty}^{z-2} f(y) dy \end{aligned}$$