



1. (1) $ID(1)=3, OD(1)=0, ID(2)=2, OD(2)=2$
 $ID(3)=1, OD(3)=2, ID(4)=1, OD(4)=3$
 $ID(5)=2, OD(5)=1, ID(6)=2, OD(6)=3$

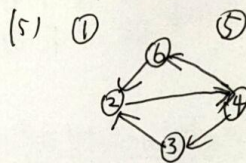
(2)
$$\begin{bmatrix} 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 1 & 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 & 1 & 1 \\ 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 1 & 1 & 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 \end{bmatrix}$$

(3)

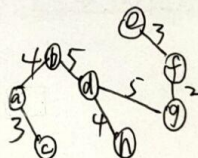
0	1	1
1	2	→ 3 1 → 0 1
2	3	→ 4 1 → 1 1
3	4	→ 5 1 → 1 1 → 2 1
4	5	→ 0 1
5	6	→ 1 1 → 1 1 → 0 1

(4)

0	1	→ 5 1 → 4 1 → 1 1
1	2	→ 5 1 → 2 1
2	3	→ 3 1
3	4	→ 1 1
4	5	→ 5 1 → 3 1
5	6	→ 3 1 → 2 1

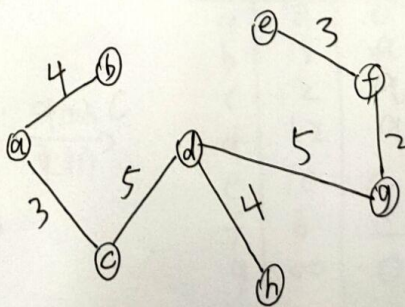


7. (1)
$$\begin{bmatrix} \infty & 4 & 3 & \infty & \infty & \infty & \infty & \infty \\ 4 & \infty & 5 & 5 & 9 & \infty & \infty & \infty \\ 3 & 5 & \infty & 5 & \infty & \infty & \infty & 5 \\ \infty & 5 & 5 & \infty & 7 & 6 & 5 & 4 \\ \infty & 9 & \infty & 7 & \infty & 3 & \infty & \infty \\ \infty & \infty & \infty & 6 & 3 & \infty & 2 & \infty \\ \infty & \infty & \infty & 5 & 4 & \infty & 2 & 6 \\ \infty & \infty & 5 & 4 & \infty & \infty & 6 & \infty \end{bmatrix}$$



(2)

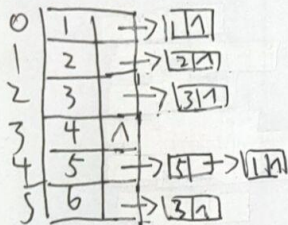
0	a	→ 2 1 → 1 1
1	b	→ 4 1 → 3 1 → 2 1 → 0 1
2	c	→ 7 1 → 3 1 → 1 1 → 0 1
3	d	→ 6 1 → 6 1 → 4 1 → 1 1 → 0 1
4	e	→ 5 1 → 3 1 → 1 1
5	f	→ 6 1 → 4 1 → 3 1
6	g	→ 7 1 → 5 1 → 3 1
7	h	→ 6 1 → 3 1 → 2 1





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7.9 152364, 152634, 156234, 512364, 512634, 516234, 561234



Topological Sort 求得 561234

7.10

	α	A	B	C	D	E	F	G	H	I	J	K	W
V_e	0	1	6	17	3	34	4	3	13	1	31	22	44
V_i	0	20	24	26	19	34	8	3	13	7	31	22	44

	α	A	B	D	F	G	I	A	B	C	D	E	F	H	G	A	I	C	A	B	E	J	E	J	K	J
e	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	6	3	3	3	4	4	3	3	1	17	13	13	34	31	31	22	22	
t	19	18	16	4	0	6	20	24	19	26	25	23	8	23	13	7	26	24	27	13	34	31	32	22	22	

关键路径: α G H K J E W

7.11

初始化

	Dist	Path
a	0	0
b	∞	0
c	∞	0
d	∞	0
e	∞	0
f	∞	0
g	∞	0

54加入a
更新

	Dist	Path
a	0	0
b	15	a
c	2	a
d	12	a
e	∞	0
f	∞	0
g	∞	0

54加入C
更新

	Dist	Path
a	0	0
b	15	a
c	2	a
d	12	a
e	10	c
f	6	c
g	∞	0

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Step 1: Add f, update

	Dist	Path
a	0	a
b	15	a
c	2	a
d	11	a → f
e	10	a → c
f	6	a → c
g	16	a → f

Step 2: Add e, update

	Dist	Path
a	0	a
b	15	a
c	2	a
d	11	a → f
e	10	a → c
f	6	a → c
g	16	a → f

Step 3: Add d, update

	Dist	Path
a	0	a
b	15	a
c	2	a
d	11	a → f
e	10	a → c
f	6	a → c
g	14	a → d

Step 4: Add g, update

	Dist	Path
a	0	a
b	15	a
c	2	a
d	11	a → f
e	10	a → c
f	6	a → c
g	14	a → d

Step 5: Add b, final result

	Dist	Path
a	0	a
b	15	a
c	2	a
d	11	a → f
e	10	a → c
f	6	a → c
g	14	a → d

a到b: 15, a → b
a到c: 2, a → c
a到d: 11, a → c → f → d
a到e: 10, a → c → e
a到f: 6, a → c → f
a到g: 14, a → c → f → d → g



7.13.

$$D^{(-1)} = \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 1 & \infty & 3 \\ \infty & 0 & 1 & \infty \\ 5 & \infty & 0 & 2 \\ \infty & 4 & \infty & 0 \end{bmatrix} \Rightarrow D^{(0)} = \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 1 & \infty & 3 \\ \infty & 0 & 1 & \infty \\ 5 & 6 & 0 & 2 \\ \infty & 4 & \infty & 0 \end{bmatrix} \Rightarrow D^{(1)} = \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 1 & 2 & 3 \\ \infty & 0 & 1 & \infty \\ 5 & 6 & 0 & 2 \\ \infty & 4 & 5 & 0 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\Rightarrow D^{(2)} = \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 1 & 2 & 3 \\ 6 & 0 & 1 & 3 \\ 5 & 6 & 0 & 2 \\ 10 & 4 & 5 & 0 \end{bmatrix} \Rightarrow D^{(3)} = \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 1 & 2 & 3 \\ 6 & 0 & 1 & 3 \\ 5 & 6 & 0 & 2 \\ 10 & 4 & 5 & 0 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$P^{(-1)} = \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 1 & 1 & 1 & 1 \\ 2 & 2 & 2 & 2 \\ 3 & 3 & 3 & 3 \end{bmatrix} \Rightarrow P^{(0)} = \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 1 & 1 & 1 & 1 \\ 2 & 0 & 2 & 2 \\ 3 & 3 & 3 & 3 \end{bmatrix} \Rightarrow P^{(1)} = \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 1 & 1 & 1 & 1 \\ 2 & 0 & 2 & 2 \\ 3 & 3 & 1 & 3 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\Rightarrow P^{(2)} = \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 2 & 1 & 1 & 2 \\ 2 & 0 & 2 & 2 \\ 2 & 3 & 1 & 3 \end{bmatrix} \Rightarrow P^{(3)} = \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 2 & 1 & 1 & 2 \\ 2 & 0 & 2 & 2 \\ 2 & 3 & 1 & 3 \end{bmatrix}$$

$D[0][1] = 1 \Rightarrow A \rightarrow B : 1, A \rightarrow B$
 $D[0][2] = 2, P[0][2] = 1 \Rightarrow A \rightarrow C : 2, A \rightarrow B \rightarrow C$
 $D[0][3] = 3, \Rightarrow A \rightarrow D : 3, A \rightarrow D$
 $D[1][0] = 6, P[1][0] = 2 \Rightarrow B \rightarrow A : 6, B \rightarrow C \rightarrow A$
 $D[1][2] = 1, \Rightarrow B \rightarrow C : 1, B \rightarrow C$
 $D[1][3] = 3, P[1][3] = 2 \Rightarrow B \rightarrow D : 3, B \rightarrow C \rightarrow D$



$D[2][0] = 5 \Rightarrow C \rightarrow A: 5, C \rightarrow A$
 $D[2][1] = 6, P[2][1] = 0 \Rightarrow C \rightarrow B: 6, C \rightarrow A \rightarrow B$
 $D[2][3] = 2 \Rightarrow C \rightarrow D: 2, C \rightarrow D$
 $D[3][0] = 10, P[3][0] = 2 \Rightarrow D \rightarrow A: 10, D \rightarrow B \rightarrow C \rightarrow A$
 $D[3][1] = 4, \Rightarrow D \rightarrow B: 4, D \rightarrow B$
 $D[3][2] = 5, P[3][2] = 1 \Rightarrow D \rightarrow C: 5, D \rightarrow B \rightarrow C$

```
22. int visited[MAX][ZE]; // 指示. 顶点. 是否在当前路径上
    int FindPath(ALGraph G, int i, int j)
    { if (i == j)
        return 1; // 顶点. 可达自身. 递归的终止条件
      visited[i] = 1; // 存 1 表示 i 号顶点. 已收入 路径中.
      for (p = G.vertices[i].firstarc; p; p = p->nextarc) // 遍历以 i 为尾的弧
      { int k;
        k = p->adjvex; // k 为弧指向的顶点
        if (!visited[k] && FindPath(G, k, j))
          return 1; // k 顶点未被访问过. 且存在从 k 到 j 的路径
      }
      return 0; // 未找到 i 到 j 路径
    }
```




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```
23. int visited[MAXSIZE]; // 指示已走路径
    int FindPath-BFS(ALGraph G, int i, int j)
    { InitQueue(Q);
      EnQueue(Q, i);
      while (!QueueEmpty(Q))
      { Dequeue(Q, u); // 出队列
        visited[u] = 1; // 表示 u 号顶点已被访问
        for (p = G.vertices[u].firstarc; p; p = p->nextarc)
        { // 遍历以 u 为尾的弧
          int k = p->adjvex;
          if (k == j)
            return 1; // k = j, u 可达 j
          if (!visited[k]) // u 不可达 j, k 未被访问过
            EnQueue(Q, k); // 则将 k 顶点入队
        }
      }
      return 0; // 没有从 i 到 j 的路径
    }
```



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```
27. int visited[MAXSIZE];  
int FindLenPath (ALGraph G, int i, int j, int len)  
{ if (len < 0)  
    return 0; //不存在长度小于0的路径  
    if (i == j && len == 0)  
        return 1; //顶点到自身距离为0, 递归终止条件  
    visited[i] = 1; //访问i号顶点  
    for (p = G.vertices[i].firstarc; p; p = p->nextarc)  
    { int k = p->adjvex;  
      if (!visited[k] && FindPath(G, k, j, len-1))  
          return 1; //k未被访问且存在从k到j长度为len-1的简单路径  
    }  
    visited[i] = 0; //置该顶点为未访问, 可在下种路径中被访问  
}
```



```
34. int SetNum(ALGraph G, int new[])  
{ //拓扑排序, 结果存入 new 中  
  int indegree[MAXSIZE];  
  FindIndegree(G, indegree); //初始化各顶点入度  
  InitStack(S);  
  for (int i = 0; i < G.vexnum; i++)  
    if (!indegree[i]) //将所有入度为0的顶点入栈  
      Push(S, i);  
  count = 0; //初始化已重新编号顶点数为0  
  while (!StackEmpty(S))  
  { Pop(S, t);  
    new[t] = ++count; //将出栈元素数作为出栈顶点的新编号  
    for (p = G.vertices[t].firstarc; p; p = p->nextarc)  
    { k = p->adjvex;  
      if (!--indegree[k]) //k 的度-1后入度为0  
        Push(S, k);  
    }  
  }  
  if (count == G.vexnum) //全部顶点已重新编号  
    return 1;  
  else  
    return 0;  
}
```




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```
42 void Dijkstra(ALGraph G, int vo, PathMatrix &P, ShortestPathTable &D)
{
    for(i=0; i<G.vexnum; i++)
        D[i] = INFINITY;
    for(p=G.vertices[vo].firstarc; p; p=p->nextarc)
        D[p->adjvex] = *p->info; // 给D数组赋初值
    for(v=0; v<G.vexnum; v++)
    {
        final[v] = 0;
        for(w=0; w<G.vexnum; w++)
            P[v][w] = 0; // 设空路径
        if(D[v] < INFINITY)
        {
            P[v][vo] = 1;
            P[v][v] = 1;
        }
    }
    D[vo] = 0;
    final[vo] = 1;
    for(i=1; i<G.vexnum; i++)
    {
        min = INFINITY;
        for(w=0; w<G.vexnum; w++)
        {
            if(!final[w])
            {
                if(D[w] < min)
                {
                    v = w;
                    min = D[w];
                }
            }
        }
        final[v] = 1;
    }
}
```



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```
for (p = G.vertices[u].firstarc; p; p = p->nextarc)
{
    w = p->adjvex;
    if (!final[w] && (min + (x[p->info]) < D[w])) //更短
    {
        D[w] = min + edglen(G, u, w);
        p[w] = p[u];
        p[w][w] = 1; //构造最短路径
    }
}
```

```
}
}
}
```