

第五章

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$$-1. \underline{8} \quad 2. \Phi(x) \quad 3. \Phi\left(\frac{b-np}{\sqrt{np(1-p)}}\right) - \Phi\left(\frac{a-np}{\sqrt{np(1-p)}}\right)$$

$$= -1. \underline{C} \quad 2. \underline{C}$$

$$三. 1. \text{ 设 } X_i = \begin{cases} 1, & \text{第 } i \text{ 件是正品} \\ 0, & \text{第 } i \text{ 件是废品} \end{cases}$$

则 $Y_n = X_1 + X_2 + \dots + X_n$ 表示 n 件中正品数

$$\frac{Y_n - np}{\sqrt{np(1-p)}} = \frac{Y_n - 100 \times 90\%}{\sqrt{100 \times 90\% \times 10\%}} = \frac{Y_n - 90}{3} \sim N(0,1)$$

$$P\{Y_n \geq 95\} = P\left\{\frac{Y_n - 90}{3} \geq \frac{95 - 90}{3}\right\} = 1 - \Phi\left(\frac{5}{3}\right) = 0.0475$$

$$2. \frac{Y_n - np}{\sqrt{np(1-p)}} = \frac{Y_n - 0.9n}{0.3\sqrt{n}} \sim N(0,1)$$

$$P\{Y_n \geq 95\} = P\left\{\frac{Y_n - 0.9n}{0.3\sqrt{n}} \geq \frac{95 - 0.9n}{0.3\sqrt{n}}\right\} = 1 - \Phi\left(\frac{95 - 0.9n}{0.3\sqrt{n}}\right) = 0.99$$

$$\Phi\left(\frac{95 - 0.9n}{0.3\sqrt{n}}\right) = 0.01 \Rightarrow \frac{95 - 0.9n}{0.3\sqrt{n}} = -2.33 \Rightarrow n = 104$$

$$四. \frac{\sum_{k=1}^n X_k - 5000 \times 0.5}{\sqrt{5000} \times 0.5} \sim N(0,1)$$

$$P\left\{\sum_{k=1}^n X_k > 2510\right\} = P\left\{\frac{\sum_{k=1}^n X_k - 2500}{\sqrt{5000} \times 0.5} > \frac{2510 - 2500}{\sqrt{5000} \times 0.5}\right\} = 1 - \Phi(1.41) = 0.0793$$

$$五. P\{0.4n < \sum X_i < 0.6n\} = P\left\{\frac{0.4n - 0.5n}{\sqrt{0.5 \times 0.5 \times n}} < \frac{\sum X_i - 0.5n}{\sqrt{n \times 0.5 \times 0.5}} < \frac{0.6n - 0.5n}{\sqrt{n \times 0.5 \times 0.5}}\right\}$$

$$= P\left\{-\frac{\sqrt{n}}{5} < \frac{\sum X_i - 0.5n}{0.5\sqrt{n}} < \frac{\sqrt{n}}{5}\right\} = 2\Phi\left(\frac{\sqrt{n}}{5}\right) - 1 > 0.9 \Rightarrow \Phi\left(\frac{\sqrt{n}}{5}\right) > 0.95$$

$$\Rightarrow n > 68$$

$$P\{|X - EX| < \varepsilon\} > 1 - \frac{DX}{\varepsilon^2}. \text{ 令 } EX = 0.5n, DX = 0.25n, \varepsilon = 0.1n$$

$$\text{则 } P\{0.4n < X < 0.6n\} > 1 - \frac{0.25n}{0.01n^2} > 0.9 \Rightarrow \frac{0.25n}{0.01n^2} \leq 0.1 \Rightarrow n \geq 250$$



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六. 以 X 表示 200 架飞机中同一时刻使用外线的飞机数, 则 $X \sim B(200, 0.05)$
设 N 为所需外线数,

$$P\{X \leq N\} = 0.9 \Rightarrow P\left\{\frac{X - 200 \times 0.05}{\sqrt{200 \times 0.05 \times 0.95}} \leq \frac{N - 200 \times 0.05}{\sqrt{200 \times 0.05 \times 0.95}}\right\}$$

$$= \Phi\left(\frac{N - 10}{3.08}\right) = 0.9 \Rightarrow \frac{N - 10}{3.08} = 1.29 \Rightarrow N = 14$$

\therefore 至少需要 14 根外线

七. 设抽样产品中 X 件次品, 则 $X \sim B(N, 0.1)$, 其中 N 为样品数

$$P\{X > 10\} = 0.9 \Rightarrow P\left\{\frac{X - N \times 0.1}{\sqrt{N \times 0.1 \times 0.9}} > \frac{10 - N \times 0.1}{\sqrt{N \times 0.1 \times 0.9}}\right\} = 0.9$$

$$\Rightarrow 1 - \Phi\left(\frac{10 - 0.1N}{0.3\sqrt{N}}\right) = 0.9 \Rightarrow \Phi\left(\frac{10 - 0.1N}{0.3\sqrt{N}}\right) = 0.1$$

$$\Rightarrow \frac{10 - 0.1N}{0.3\sqrt{N}} = -1.29 \Rightarrow N = 147$$

\therefore 至少检查 147 件产品

第六章



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$\chi^2(n)$ 定义: X_1, X_2, \dots, X_n 是来自总体 $N(0, 1)$ 的样本, 则
 $\chi^2 = X_1^2 + X_2^2 + \dots + X_n^2 \sim \chi^2(n)$

期望: n 方差: $2n$

$t(n)$ 定义: 设 $X \sim N(0, 1)$ $Y \sim \chi^2(n)$, X 和 Y 独立, 则

$$t = \frac{X}{\sqrt{Y/n}} \sim t(n)$$

$F(m, n)$ 定义: $U \sim \chi^2(m)$ $V \sim \chi^2(n)$, U 和 V 独立, 则

$$F = \frac{U/m}{V/n} \sim F(m, n)$$

Thm1: $\frac{\bar{X} - \mu}{\sigma/\sqrt{n}} \sim N(0, 1)$

Thm2: $\frac{(n-1)s^2}{\sigma^2} \sim \chi^2(n-1)$, s^2 与 \bar{X} 相互独立

Thm3: $\frac{\bar{X} - \mu}{s/\sqrt{n}} \sim t(n-1)$

1. 0.6 0.3 0.24 2. $N(0, 1)$ $t(n-1)$ $\chi^2(n-1)$ $\chi^2(n)$

3. $N(\mu, \sigma^2/n)$ μ σ/\sqrt{n} σ^2 $\frac{26^4}{n-1}$

4. 0.8293 5. $\geq \frac{n}{n-1} \lambda$ 6. 1.645 1.3722 40.646 2.91

7. $F(n, 1)$ 8. 6

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三、(1) $X_i \sim N(0, 0.5^2) \Rightarrow \sqrt{2} X_i \sim N(0, 1) \Rightarrow \sum_{i=1}^{10} (\sqrt{2} X_i)^2 \sim \chi^2(10)$

$$P\left\{\sum_{i=1}^{10} X_i^2 \geq 4\right\} = P\left\{\sum_{i=1}^{10} 4X_i^2 \geq 16\right\} = 0.1$$

(2) $S^2 = \frac{1}{10-1} \sum_{i=1}^{10} (X_i - \bar{X})^2$

$$\frac{(10-1)S^2}{0.5^2} = 4 \sum_{i=1}^{10} (X_i - \bar{X})^2 \sim \chi^2(9)$$

$$P\left\{\sum_{i=1}^{10} (X_i - \bar{X})^2 \geq 2.85\right\} = P\left\{\sum_{i=1}^{10} 4(X_i - \bar{X})^2 \geq 11.4\right\} = 0.25$$

四、设 $X \sim (u, 6^2)$, 则 $Y_1 \sim N(u, 6^2/6)$

$Y_2 \sim (u, 6^2/3)$ 且 Y_1 与 Y_2 相互独立.

$$\frac{2S^2}{6^2} = \frac{(3-1) \frac{1}{3-1} \sum_{i=1}^3 (X_i - Y_2)^2}{6^2} \sim \chi^2(3-1)$$

$$Y_1 - Y_2 \sim N(0, \frac{6^2}{2}) \Rightarrow \frac{\sqrt{2}(Y_1 - Y_2)}{6} \sim N(0, 1)$$

$$\frac{\frac{\sqrt{2}}{6}(Y_1 - Y_2)}{\sqrt{\frac{2S^2}{6^2} \times \frac{1}{2}}} \sim t(2)$$

$$\therefore Z = \frac{\sqrt{2}(Y_1 - Y_2)}{S} \sim t(2)$$



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五. $2\bar{X} \sim (2\mu, 2\sigma^2/n)$

$$X_i + X_{n+1} \sim N(2\mu, 2\sigma^2)$$

$$\therefore \frac{X_i + X_{n+1} - 2\bar{X}}{\sqrt{2\sigma^2(1-\frac{1}{n})}} \sim N(0, 1)$$

$$\frac{1}{2\sigma^2(1-\frac{1}{n})} \sum_{i=1}^n (X_i + X_{n+1} - 2\bar{X})^2 \sim \chi^2(n)$$

$$\begin{aligned} \frac{n}{2\sigma^2(n-1)} E Y &= n \\ E Y &= 2(n-1)\sigma^2 \end{aligned}$$

六. $X_1 + X_2 + X_3 \sim N(0, 3)$

$$\frac{1}{\sqrt{3}}(X_1 + X_2 + X_3) \sim N(0, 1)$$

$$\frac{1}{3}(X_1 + X_2 + X_3)^2 \sim \chi^2(1)$$

同理 $\frac{1}{3}(X_4 + X_5 + X_6)^2 \sim \chi^2(1)$

$$\therefore \frac{1}{3}[(X_1 + X_2 + X_3)^2 + (X_4 + X_5 + X_6)^2] \sim \chi^2(2)$$

$$\Rightarrow \frac{1}{3} Y \sim \chi^2(2)$$

$$\Rightarrow C = \frac{1}{3}$$