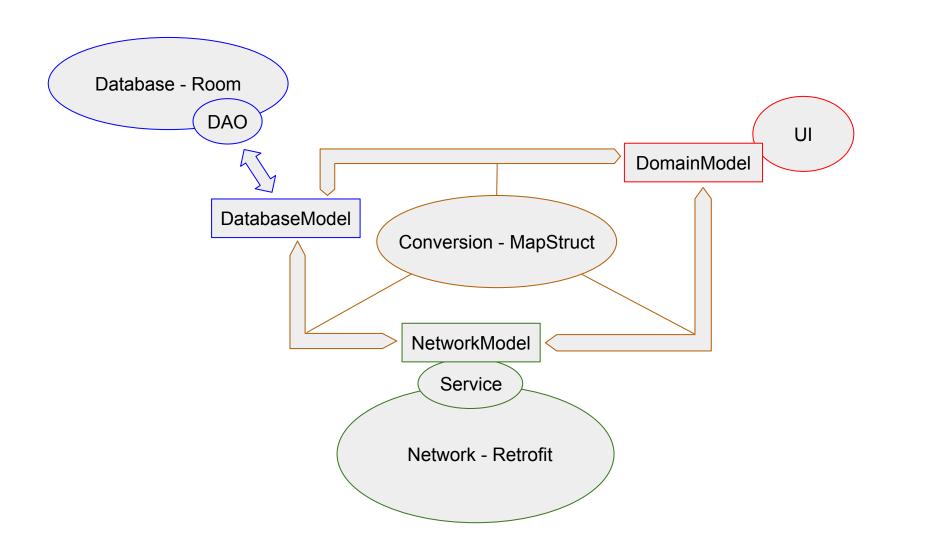
Android

Internet, Datenbank, RecyclerView

Example: Personenliste



Separation of Concerns - Übersicht

Trennung der Zuständigkeiten

Keine Klassen voller Annotationen

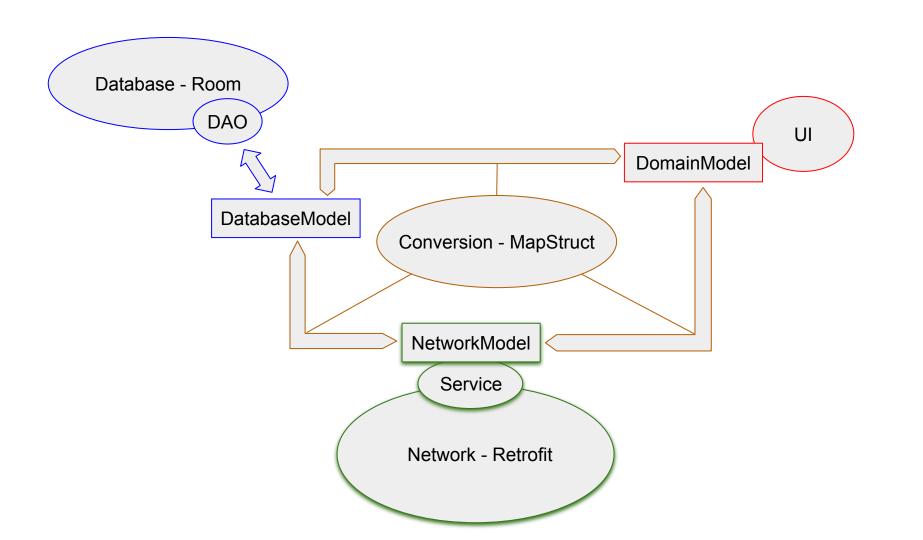
Mehr Ordnung im Code

Höhere Modularität und Austauschbarkeit

Separation of Concerns - Anwendung

Datenmodell für jedes Modul (Network, Database, Domain)

Converter zur Umwandlung zwischen den Modellen



Network - Retrofit



Komponenten

DTOs: Datenklassen für alle Objekte, die abgerufen werden

Services: Interfaces mit HTTP-Annotationen zum Zugriff auf ReST-Schnittstellen

Retrofit: Objekt zur Implementierung der Service-Interfaces

Berechtigung

```
<uses-permission android:name="android.permission.INTERNET" />
```

DTO zum Datenempfang

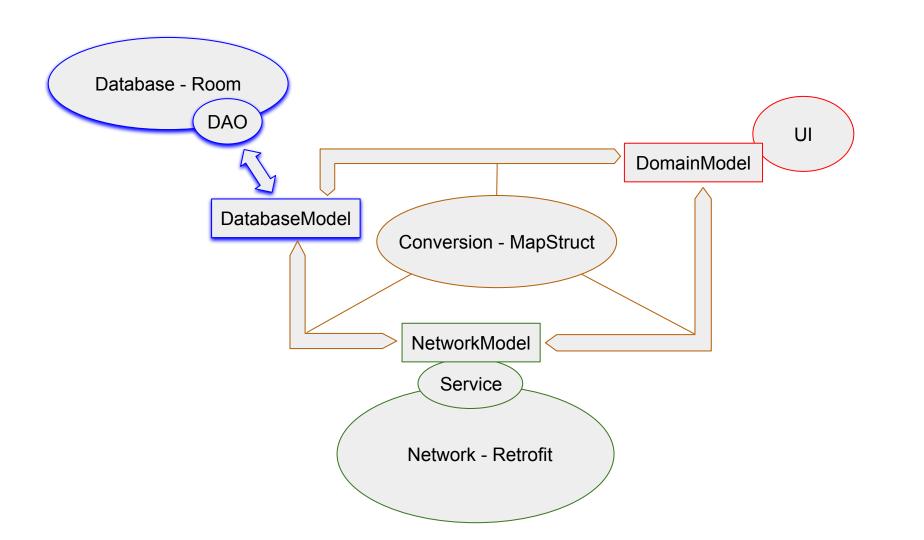
```
@KotlinBuilder
data class NetworkPerson (
    val name: String,
    val username: String
```

Service

```
interface PersonService {
    @GET("/users")
    fun getPersons(): Deferred<List<NetworkPerson>>
}
```

Network-Object mit Retrofit und Adapter

```
object Network {
    private val moshi = Moshi.Builder()
         .add(KotlinJsonAdapterFactory())
         .build()
    private val retrofit = Retrofit.Builder()
         .baseUrl( baseUrl: "https://jsonplaceholder.typicode.com")
         .addConverterFactory(MoshiConverterFactory.create(moshi))
         .addCallAdapterFactory(CoroutineCallAdapterFactory())
         .build()
    val persons = retrofit.create(PersonService::class.java)
}
```



Database - Room



Komponenten

Entitys: Datenklassen für alle Tables

DAOs: Datenzugriffs-Interfaces mit CRUD-Operationen

Database: Database holder, Implementierung der DAOs

Datenbank-Entität und Umwandlung

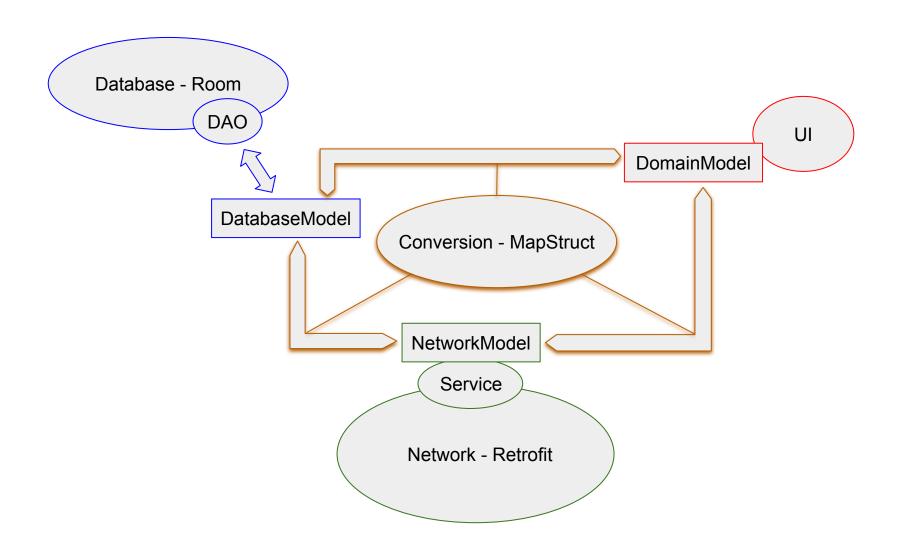
```
@Entity
@KotlinBuilder
data class DatabasePerson (
    val name: String,
    @PrimaryKey val username: String
```

DAO

```
@Dao
interface PersonDao {
    @Query( Value: "select * from databaseperson")
    fun getPersons(): LiveData<List<DatabasePerson>>
    @Insert
    fun insertAll(vararg persons: DatabasePerson)
    @Query( value: "delete from databaseperson")
    fun deleteAll()
```

Datenbank-Singleton

```
@Database(entities = [DatabasePerson::class], version = 2)
abstract class PersonDatabase : RoomDatabase() {
    abstract val personDao: PersonDao
private lateinit var INSTANCE: PersonDatabase
fun qetDatabase(context: Context): PersonDatabase {
    synchronized(PersonDatabase::class.java) {
        if (!::INSTANCE.isInitialized) {
            INSTANCE = Room
                .databaseBuilder(context.applicationContext, PersonDatabase::class.java,
                     name: "persons")
                .fallbackToDestructiveMigration()
                .build()
    return INSTANCE
```



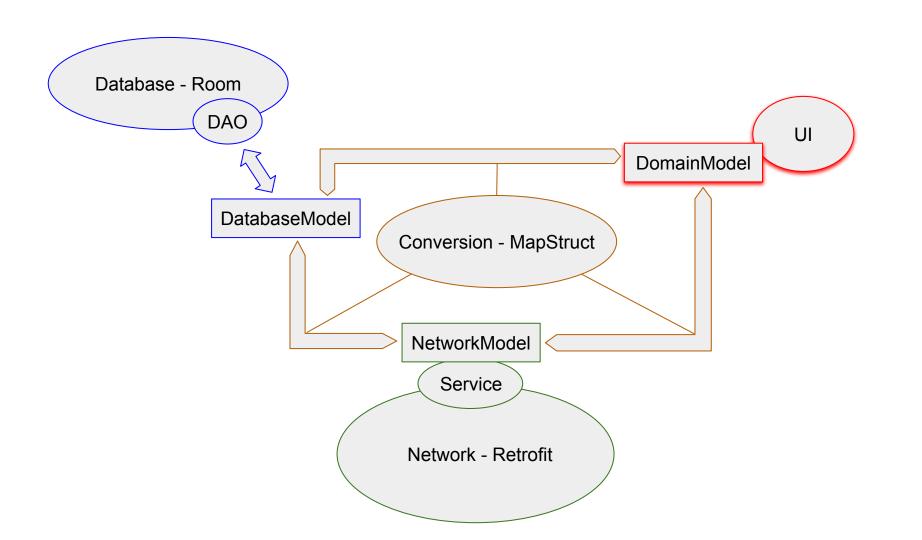
Conversion - MapStruct

app build.gradle

```
implementation "org.mapstruct:mapstruct:$version_mapstruct"
kapt "org.mapstruct:mapstruct-processor:$version_mapstruct"
implementation "com.github.pozo:mapstruct-kotlin:$version_mapstruct_kotlin"
kapt "com.github.pozo:mapstruct-kotlin-processor:$version_mapstruct_kotlin"
```

Converter

```
@Mapper
interface PersonConverter {
   // region Network <> Database
    fun convertToDatabaseModel(person: NetworkPerson) : DatabasePerson
    @InheritInverseConfiguration
    fun convertToNetworkModel(person: DatabasePerson) : NetworkPerson
   // endregion
    Database <> Domain
    Network <> Domain
}
```



UI

Komponenten

Domain Model: Datenklassen für die UI

Repositories: Verwaltung der Datencollections - Refresh, Convert

ViewModels: Abrufen der Daten in den Repositories

Domain Model

```
@KotlinBuilder
data class Person (
    val name: String,
    val username: String
```

Repository zum Refreshen der Daten

```
class PersonRepository(private val database: PersonDatabase)
    val persons: LiveData<List<Person>> = Transformations.map(database.personDao.getPersons()) { list ->
        val converter = Mappers.getMapper(PersonConverter::class.java)
        list.map { it: DatabasePerson
            converter.convertToDomainModel(it)
        } ^map
    suspend fun refreshPersons() {
        withContext(Dispatchers.IO) { this: CoroutineScope
            val persons = Network.persons.getPersons().await()
            val converter = Mappers.getMapper(PersonConverter::class.java)
            val databasePersons = persons.map { it: NetworkPerson
                converter.convertToDatabaseModel(it)
            }.toTypedArray()
            database.personDao.deleteAll()
            database.personDao.insertAll(*databasePersons)
```

ViewModel benutzt Repository

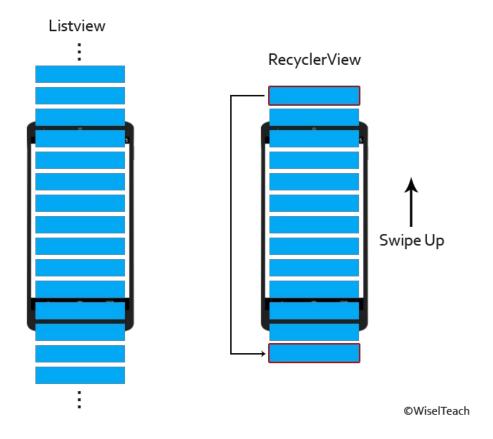
```
class DemoViewModel(application: Application) : AndroidViewModel(application) {
    private val viewModelJob = SupervisorJob()
    private val viewModelScope = CoroutineScope ( context: viewModelJob + Dispatchers.Main)
    private val database = getDatabase(application)
    private val personRepository = PersonRepository(database)
    init {
        viewModelScope.launch { this: CoroutineScope
            personRepository.refreshPersons()
    val persons = personRepository.persons
    class Factory (private val app: Application) : ViewModelProvider.Factory {
        override fun <T : ViewModel?> create(modelClass: Class<T>): T {
            if (modelClass.isAssignableFrom(DemoViewModel::class.java)) {
                @Suppress ( ... names: "UNCHECKED CAST")
                return DemoViewModel(app) as T
            throw IllegalArgumentException("Unable to construct viewmodel")
```

RecyclerView im Fragment

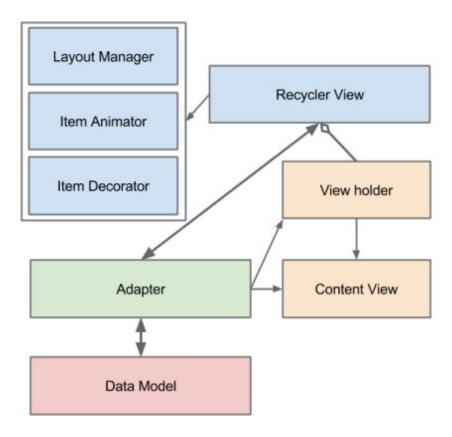
```
<?xml version="1.0" encoding="utf-8"?>
<layout xmlns:android="http://schemas.android.com/apk/res/android"</pre>
    xmlns:app="http://schemas.android.com/apk/res-auto"
    xmlns:tools="http://schemas.android.com/tools"
    tools:context=".ui.DemoFragment">
    <data>
         <variable</pre>
             name="viewModel"
             type="at.htl.demoapplication.viewmodels.DemoViewModel" />
    </data>
    <FrameLayout</pre>
         android: layout width="match parent"
         android: layout height="match parent">
         <androidx.recyclerview.widget.RecyclerView</pre>
             android:id="@+id/recycler view"
             android: layout width="match parent"
             android:layout height="wrap content"
             tools:listitem="@layout/demo item" />
    </FrameLayout>
</layout>
```

Item der RecyclerView

```
<?xml version="1.0" encoding="utf-8"?>
<layout xmlns:android="http://schemas.android.com/apk/res/android"</pre>
    xmlns:app="http://schemas.android.com/apk/res-auto"
    xmlns:tools="http://schemas.android.com/tools">
    <data>
        <variable</pre>
             name="person"
             type="at.htl.demoapplication.domain.Person" />
    </data>
    <com.google.android.material.card.MaterialCardView</pre>
        android:layout width="match parent"
        android: layout height="wrap content"
        app:cardElevation="5dp"
        android:layout marginTop="8dp"
        android:layout marginBottom="16dp">
        <androidx.constraintlayout.widget.ConstraintLayout</pre>
             android: layout width="match parent"
             android: layout height="wrap content">
             <androidx.constraintlayout.widget.Guideline...>
             <androidx.constraintlayout.widget.Guideline...>
             <TextView...>
             <TextView...>
        </androidx.constraintlayout.widget.ConstraintLayout>
    </com.google.android.material.card.MaterialCardView>
</layout>
```



Quelle: https://android.jlelse.eu/understanding-recyclerview-components-part-2-1fd43001a98f

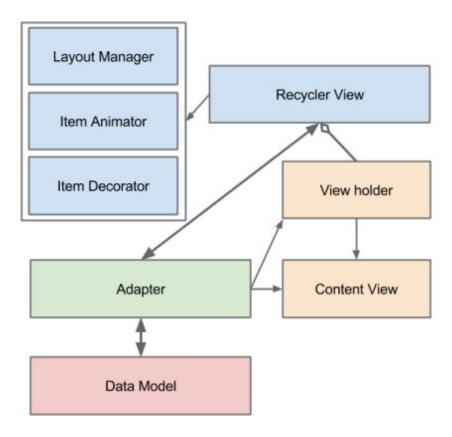


Quelle: https://www.android4dev.com/how-to-display-list-of-data-into-recyclerview-android-kotlin/

ViewHolder

ViewModelAdapter managed Item-Befüllung

```
class DemoAdapter : RecyclerView.Adapter<DemoViewHolder>() {
    var persons: List<Person> = emptyList()
        set(value) {
            field = value
            notifyDataSetChanged()
    override fun onCreateViewHolder(parent: ViewGroup, viewType: Int): DemoViewHolder {
        val withDataBinding: DemoItemBinding = DataBindingUtil.inflate(
            LayoutInflater.from(parent.context),
            DemoViewHolder.LAYOUT.
            parent,
             attachToParent: false
        return DemoViewHolder(withDataBinding)
    override fun getItemCount() = persons.size
    override fun onBindViewHolder(holder: DemoViewHolder, position: Int) {
        holder.viewDataBinding.also { it: DemoltemBinding
            it.person = persons[position]
1}
```



Quelle: https://www.android4dev.com/how-to-display-list-of-data-into-recyclerview-android-kotlin/

Fragment

```
private var viewModelAdapter: DemoAdapter? = null
override fun onActivityCreated(savedInstanceState: Bundle?) {
    super.onActivityCreated(savedInstanceState)
   viewModel.persons.observe(viewLifecycleOwner, Observer<List<Person>> { persons ->
        persons.apply { this: List < Person >!
            viewModelAdapter?.persons = persons
    })
override fun onCreateView(
    inflater: LayoutInflater,
    container: ViewGroup?,
    savedInstanceState: Bundle?
): View? {
   val binding: FragmentDemoBinding = DataBindingUtil.inflate(
        inflater,
        R.layout.fragment demo,
        container,
        attachToParent: false
    binding. lifecycleOwner = viewLifecycleOwner
    binding.viewModel = viewModel
    viewModelAdapter = DemoAdapter()
   binding.root.findViewById<RecyclerView>(R.id.recycler view).apply { this:RecyclerView!
        layoutManager = LinearLayoutManager(context)
        adapter = viewModelAdapter
    return binding.root
```

Android-Demo Leanne Graham Ervin Howell Clementine Bauch

Antonette

Samantha Patricia Lebsack

Karianne

Bret

Mrs. Dennis Schulist Leopoldo_Corkery

Kurtis Weissnat Elwyn.Skiles

Chelsey Dietrich Kamren

Nicholas Runolfsdottir V

Maxime_Nienow

Glenna Reichert Delphine