CSA0672 - DAA - DAY 2

M.Satheesh 192011140

7. Write a program to generate all the reverse of a prime should be prime

(for example 907 is prime and reverse 709 is also prime)
Generate all the no's upto N and estimate time complexity.

```
#include<stdio.h>
                      int
main() {
           int c=0;
                      int
n,n1,f,i,j,k,r,p[100],f1; int
sum=0,b=0,rev=0;
                    c++;
c++; c++; printf("Enter
number:");
scanf("%d",&n);
for(j=3;j<=n;j++)
  \{ c++;
f=0; c++;
for(i=2;i<j;i++)
    {
c++; c++;
if(i\%i == 0)
        f=f+1; c++;
      }
c++;
             c++;
if(f==0)
                 {
n1=j;
      c++;
```

```
rev=0; c++;
while (n1!=0)
         c++;
r=n1%10; c++;
rev=(rev*10)+r; c++;
n1=n1/10; c++;
     } c++;
f1=0; c++;
for(k=2;k<rev;k++)
c++; c++;
if(rev%k==0)
      {
f1++; c++;
       }
     c++;
c++;
if(f1==0)
     {
printf("%d\n",j);
   }
    } } c++; printf("Time
Complexity: %d",c); }
```

```
"C:\Users\Admin\Documents\daa11-Reverse prime.exe"

Enter number:100
3
5
7
11
13
17
31
37
71
73
79
97
Time Complexity: 12920
Process returned 0 (0x0) execution time: 4.608 s
Press any key to continue.
```

8. Compute the program to find the GCD of two numbers. And also find the finf of time Recursion used to estimate time complexity.

```
#include<stdio.h> int main() { int c=0; int a,b,af[100],bf[100],cf[100],a1,b1,c1,i,j,g; printf("Enter 1st number : "); scanf("%d",&a); printf("Enter 2nd number : "); scanf("%d",&b); a1=-1; c++; for(i=1;i<=a;i++) { c++; c++; if(a%i==0)
```

```
\{a1=a1+1;
c++; af[a1]=i;
c++;
 }
 c++; b1=-
1; c++;
for(i=1;i<=b;i++)
{
  c++;
c++;
if(b\%i==0)
  {
     b1=b1+1; c++;
bf[b1]=i; c++;
  } } c++;
c1=-1; c++;
for(i=0;i<a1+1;i++)
  { c++;
for(j=0;j< b1+1;j++)
 { c++;
c++;
if(af[i]==bf[j])
g=af[i]; c++;
     } c++; }
c++; printf("GCD : %d\n",g);
printf("Time Complexity : %d",c); }
```

C:\Users\Admin\Documents\daa12-gcd.exe

Enter 1st number : 24 Enter 2nd number : 30

GCD : 6

Time Complexity : 294

Process returned 0 (0x0) execution time : 10.329 s

Press any key to continue.

9. Generate a program for Pascal triangle.

Estimate the time complexity for the row=5

```
    1
    1

    1
    2
    1

    1
    3
    3
    1
    1

    4
    6
    4
    1
```

```
#include<stdio.h> int main() {
int c=0;
              int n,i,j,k,s,c1;
printf("Enter no of rows :");
scanf("%d",&n); k=n; c++;
for(i=0;i< n;i++)
  {
        c++;
k=k-1; c++;
for(s=0;s<k;s++)
 {
c++;
printf(" ");
    }
        c++;
for(j=0;j<=i;j++)
       c++;
c++;
if(j==0)
c1=1; c++;
       }
else
                 c1=c1*(i-
       {
j+1)/j; c++;
```

```
}
printf("%d ",c1);
} c++;
printf("\n");
} c++; printf("Time
Complexity: %d",c); }
```

```
Enter no of rows :5

1
11
121
1331
14641
Time Complexity : 77
Process returned 0 (0x0) execution time : 3.030 s
Press any key to continue.
```

10. Write a program to find the largest element value in an array. Estimate the time complexity and no of comparison for the given set of values.

```
#include<stdio.h> int main() {
  int c=0;    int
  com=0,i,j,k,a[100],n;    c++;
  printf("Enter no of elements:");
  scanf("%d",&n);    printf("Enter
  elements:\n");
  for(i=0;i<n;i++)
    {     c++;
    scanf("%d",&a[i]);
}</pre>
```

```
c++;
for(i=0;i<n;i++)
  {
        c++;
for(j=0;j<n;j++)
           c++;
com++; c++;
c++;
if(a[i]>a[j])
                k=a[i];
              a[i]=a[j];
c++;
                 a[j]=k;
c++;
c++;
             }
                   c++; } c++;
printf("Largest value : %d\n",a[0]);
printf("Comparisions : %d\n",com);
printf("Time complexity : %d\n",c); }
```

```
C:\Users\Admin\Documents\daa16-largestnum.exe

Enter no of elements:6

Enter elements:
3
8
5
9
2
11

Largest value: 11

Comparisions: 36

Time complexity: 165

Process returned 0 (0x0) execution time: 13.408 s

Press any key to continue.
```

11. Write a program to find the factorial (fact)of a number and to estimate time complexity.

Condition such as i. n=0, return 1 otherwise fact (n-1) * n

```
#include<stdio.h> int fact(int n); int
c=0; int main() {
                    int n;
printf("Enter Number : ");
scanf("%d",&n); fact(n);
printf("Factorial : %d\n",fact(n));
printf("Time Complexity : %d\n",c);
return 0;
} int fact(int
n)
  int f;
c++;
if(n \le 1)
         f=1;
  {
c++;
  }
else {
     f= n*fact(n-1); c++;
   }
  return f;
```

C:\Users\Admin\Documents\daa17-fact.exe

Enter Number : 6

Factorial : 720

Time Complexity : 24

Process returned 0 (0x0) execution time : 1.755 s

Press any key to continue.

12. Write a program to print the first n perfect numbers. (Hint Perfect number means a positive integer that is equal to the sum of its proper divisors)

Sample Input:

N = 3

Sample Output:

First 3 perfect numbers are: 6, 28, 496 Test

Cases:

```
1.
    N = 0
2. N = 5
3. N = -2
4. N = -5
N = 0.2
Program:
#include<stdio.h>
int main() { int
c=0;
  int i,j,sum,n,a[20],k=0;
c++; printf("Enter N:");
scanf("%d",&n); c++;
if(n<1) {
printf("Invalid Input");
  }
  else
    for(i=6;i<10000;i++)
    {
            c++;
sum=0; c++;
for(j=1;j< i-1;j++)
      {
c++;
           c++;
if(i%j==0)
           sum=sum+j; c++;
```

```
}
} c++;
c++;
if(i==sum)
     {
a[k++]=i; c++;
     }
       }c++;
for (i=0;i<n;i++)
   { c++;
printf("%d\n",a[i]);
   }c++;
 printf("Time Complexity : %d",c); }
  C:\Users\Admin\Documents\daa18-perfect.exe
 Enter N:4
 28
 496
 8128
 Time Complexity : 100073621
 Process returned 0 (0x0) execution time: 1.965 s
 Press any key to continue.
```

13. Write a C program to check whether is a given input is a palindrome Program:

```
#include<stdio.h>
                     int
main() { int c=0; int
n,r,rev=0,a;
                   c++;
printf("Enter number:");
scanf("%d",&n);
                    a=n;
c++; while (n!=0)
  {
      c++;
r=n%10; c++;
rev=(rev*10)+r; c++;
n=n/10; c++;
  } c++;
c++;
if(rev==a)
    printf("Palindrome Number");
else
     {
```

```
printf("
Not
Palindr
ome
Number
");
}
printf("\nTime Complexity: %d\n",c);
}

C:\Users\Admin\Documents\daa19-palindrome.exe
Enter String:malayalam
Palindrome Number
Time Complexity: 2

Process returned 0 (0x0) execution time: 4.878 s
Press any key to continue.
```

14. Write a program to perform Bubble sort and estimate time Complexity Program:

```
#include<stdio.h> int main() {
int c=0; int
com=0,i,j,k,a[100],n; c++;
printf("Enter no of elements:");
scanf("%d",&n); printf("Enter
elements:\n");
for(i=0;i<n;i++)
  {
    c++;
scanf("%d",&a[i]);
  c++;
for(i=0;i<n;i++)
  \{ c++;
for(j=0;j<n;j++)
         c++;
com++; c++;
c++;
if(a[i] < a[i])
              k=a[i];
              a[i]=a[j];
c++;
                a[j]=k;
c++;
c++;
             }
       }
                   c++;
} c++; printf("Bubble
```

```
Sort :\n");
for(i=0;i<n;i++)
 { c++;
printf("%d\n",a[i]);
 } c++; printf("Time
complexity: %d\n",c);
  C:\Users\Admin\Documents\daa20-bubble.exe
 Enter no of elements:6
 Enter elements :
Bubble Sort :
 Time complexity: 166
 Process returned 0 (0x0) execution time : 9.104 s
 Press any key to continue.
```

15. Write a program to print the reverse of a string. And estimate the time complexity Program:

```
#include<stdio.h> int
main()
{    int c=0,l,i;    char s[20];
printf("Enter String:");
scanf("%s",&s);
l=strlen(s);    c++;
printf("Reverse String: ");
for(i=l-1;i>-1;i--)
    {        c++;
printf("%c",s[i]);
    }
c++;
printf("\nTime Complexity: %d\n",c);
}
```

```
C:\Users\Admin\Documents\daa21-rev.str.exe

Enter String:Luffy

Reverse String : yffuL

Time Complexity : 1

Process returned 0 (0x0) execution time : 3.408 s

Press any key to continue.
```

16. Write a program to check sub string is there in a string or not.

```
#include<stdio.h> int main() {
                                         int
c=0,11,12,i,cnt=0;
                                        char
s[100],sub[20],os[20],at='@',sub1[20]; c++;
printf("Enter String:");
                            scanf("%s",&s);
printf("Enter
                     Sub
                                   String:");
scanf("%s",&sub);
                        11=strlen(s):
                                       c++;
12=strlen(sub); c++; strncat(sub,&at,1); c++;
for(i=0;i<=11+1-12;i++)
        c++;
strncpy(os,s+i,12); c++;
c++;
if(strcmp(sub,os)==0)
cnt++; c++;
    } } c++;
printf("Count : %d",cnt);
printf("\nTime Complexity
: %d\n",c);
```

}

C:\Users\Admin\Documents\daa22-substr.exe

Enter String:asdfasdfjklasdfasdf

Enter Sub String:sd

Count : 4

Time Complexity : 66

Process returned 0 (0x0) execution time : 9.362 s

Press any key to continue.

1. Write a C program to merge sort using divide and Conquer Program:

```
#include<stdio.h> void mergesort(int
a[],int i,int j); void merge(int a[],int i1,int
j1,int i2,int j2); int main() { int a[30],n,i;
printf("Enter no of elements:");
scanf("%d",&n); printf("Enter array
elements:\n"); for(i=0;i< n;i++)
{ scanf("%d",&a[i]);
} mergesort(a,0,n-1);
printf("Merge Sort : \n");
for(i=0;i<n;i++)
{ printf("%d\n",a[i]);
} return
0;
void mergesort(int a[],int i,int j)
{ int
mid;
if(i < j)
{
mid=(i
+j)/2;
merges
ort(a,i,
mid);
merges
ort(a,m
id+1,j);
```

```
merge(
a,i,mid,
mid+1,j
);
  }
} void merge(int a[],int i1,int j1,int i2,int
j2)
   int temp[50]; int
i,j,k; i=i1; j=i2;
k=0; while(i<=j1 &&
j <= j2
  {
if(a[i] < a[j])
     {
       temp[k++]=a[i++];
     }
else
       temp[k++]=a[j++];
     }
  while(i<=j1)
    temp[k++]=a[i++];
  while(j \le j2)
    temp[k++]=a[j++];
```

```
}
for(i=i1,j=0;i<=j2;i++,j++)
{
a[i]=temp[j];
}</pre>
```

```
Enter no of elements:6
Enter array elements:

2
4
.7
.5
.9
.8
.Merge Sort :
.2
.4
.7
.7
.5
.9
.8
.9
.Process returned 0 (0x0) execution time : 6.943 s
.Press any key to continue.
```

2. Write a C program to find max-min using divide and

Conquer

```
#include<stdio.h> void mergesort(int
a[],int i,int j); void merge(int a[],int i1,int
j1,int i2,int j2);
int main()
{
   int a[30],n,i;
```

```
printf("Enter no of elements:");
scanf("%d",&n);
  printf("Enter array elements:\n");
for(i=0;i<n;i++)
     scanf("%d",&a[i]);
  mergesort(a,0,n-1);
printf("\nMin : %d",a[0]);
printf("\nMax : %d",a[n-1]);
  return 0;
}
void mergesort(int a[],int i,int j)
    int mid;
              if(i < j)
mid=(i+j)/2;
mergesort(a,i,mid);
mergesort(a,mid+1,j);
     merge(a,i,mid,mid+1,j);
  }
void merge(int a[],int i1,int j1,int i2,int j2)
temp[50];
int i,j,k;
i=i1; j=i2;
  k=0;
  while(i<=j1 && j<=j2)
    if(a[i] < a[j])
       temp[k++]=a[i++];
else
       temp[k++]=a[j++];
  while(i<=j1)
```

```
temp[k++]=a[i++];
}
while(j<=j2)
{
  temp[k++]=a[j++];
}
for(i=i1,j=0;i<=j2;i++,j++)
{
  a[i]=temp[j];
}</pre>
```

```
"C:\Users\Admin\Documents\daa14-min max.exe"

Enter no of elements:6
Enter array elements:
2
8
6
4
9
2
Min : 2
Max : 9
Process returned 0 (0x0) execution time : 5.114 s
Press any key to continue.
```