

Caesar cipher

```
#include <stdio.h>
```

```
#include <ctype.h>
```

```
// Function to encrypt the text using Caesar cipher
```

```
void encrypt(char text[], int shift) {  
    for (int i = 0; text[i] != '\0'; i++) {  
        char c = text[i];  
        if (isalpha(c)) {  
            char offset = isupper(c) ? 'A' : 'a';  
            c = (c - offset + shift) % 26 + offset;  
        }  
        text[i] = c;  
    }  
}
```

```
// Function to decrypt the text using Caesar cipher
```

```
void decrypt(char text[], int shift) {  
    for (int i = 0; text[i] != '\0'; i++) {  
        char c = text[i];  
        if (isalpha(c)) {  
            char offset = isupper(c) ? 'A' : 'a';  
            c = (c - offset - shift + 26) % 26 + offset;  
        }  
        text[i] = c;  
    }  
}
```

```
}
```

```
int main() {  
    char text[100];  
    int shift;  
    int choice;  
  
    printf("Enter the text: ");  
    fgets(text, sizeof(text), stdin);  
  
    printf("Enter the shift value: ");  
    scanf("%d", &shift);  
  
    printf("Choose an option:\n1. Encrypt\n2. Decrypt\n");  
    scanf("%d", &choice);  
  
    if (choice == 1) {  
        encrypt(text, shift);  
        printf("Encrypted text: %s\n", text);  
    } else if (choice == 2) {  
        decrypt(text, shift);  
        printf("Decrypted text: %s\n", text);  
    } else {  
        printf("Invalid choice.\n");  
    }  
}
```

```

    return 0;
}

monoalphabetic substitution cipher

#include <stdio.h>
#include <string.h>
#include <ctype.h>

// Function to encrypt the text using a monoalphabetic substitution cipher
void encrypt(char text[], const char key[]) {
    for (int i = 0; text[i] != '\0'; i++) {
        if (isalpha(text[i])) {
            if (islower(text[i])) {
                text[i] = key[text[i] - 'a'];
            } else if (isupper(text[i])) {
                text[i] = toupper(key[text[i] - 'A']);
            }
        }
    }
}

// Function to decrypt the text using a monoalphabetic substitution cipher
void decrypt(char text[], const char key[]) {
    char reverseKey[26];
    for (int i = 0; i < 26; i++) {
        reverseKey[key[i] - 'a'] = 'a' + i;
    }
}

```

```

for (int i = 0; text[i] != '\0'; i++) {
    if (isalpha(text[i])) {
        if (islower(text[i])) {
            text[i] = reverseKey[text[i] - 'a'];
        } else if (isupper(text[i])) {
            text[i] = toupper(reverseKey[text[i] - 'A']);
        }
    }
}
}
}

```

```

int main() {
    char text[100];
    char key[27] = "phqgiumeaylnofdxjkrvstzwb"; // example key

    printf("Enter text: ");
    fgets(text, sizeof(text), stdin);
    text[strcspn(text, "\n")] = '\0'; // remove newline character

    printf("Original text: %s\n", text);

    encrypt(text, key);
    printf("Encrypted text: %s\n", text);

    decrypt(text, key);
}

```

```

printf("Decrypted text: %s\n", text);

return 0;
}

C program for Playfair algorithm

#include <stdio.h>
#include <string.h>
#include <ctype.h>

#define SIZE 5

// Function to create the Playfair matrix
void createMatrix(char key[], char matrix[SIZE][SIZE]) {
    int alphabet[26] = {0};
    int len = strlen(key);
    int x = 0, y = 0;

    for (int i = 0; i < len; i++) {
        if (key[i] == 'j') key[i] = 'i';
        if (alphabet[key[i] - 'a'] == 0) {
            matrix[x][y] = key[i];
            alphabet[key[i] - 'a'] = 1;
            y++;
            if (y == SIZE) {
                y = 0;
                x++;
            }
        }
    }
}

```

```

        }
    }
}

for (char c = 'a'; c <= 'z'; c++) {
    if (c == 'j') continue;
    if (alphabet[c - 'a'] == 0) {
        matrix[x][y] = c;
        alphabet[c - 'a'] = 1;
        y++;
        if (y == SIZE) {
            y = 0;
            x++;
        }
    }
}

}

}

// Function to print the Playfair matrix
void printMatrix(char matrix[SIZE][SIZE]) {
    for (int i = 0; i < SIZE; i++) {
        for (int j = 0; j < SIZE; j++) {
            printf("%c ", matrix[i][j]);
        }
        printf("\n");
    }
}

```

```
}
```

```
// Function to find the position of a letter in the matrix
```

```
void findPosition(char matrix[SIZE][SIZE], char letter, int *row, int *col) {  
    for (int i = 0; i < SIZE; i++) {  
        for (int j = 0; j < SIZE; j++) {  
            if (matrix[i][j] == letter) {  
                *row = i;  
                *col = j;  
                return;  
            }  
        }  
    }  
}
```

```
// Function to prepare the plaintext (inserts 'x' between repeating letters and  
at the end if necessary)
```

```
void prepareText(char text[]) {  
    int len = strlen(text);  
    for (int i = 0; i < len; i++) {  
        if (text[i] == 'j') text[i] = 'i';  
    }  
  
    for (int i = 0; i < len - 1; i++) {  
        if (text[i] == text[i + 1]) {  
            for (int j = len; j > i + 1; j--) {  
                text[j] = text[j - 1];  
            }  
        }  
    }  
}
```

```

    }
    text[i + 1] = 'x';
    len++;
}
}
if (len % 2 != 0) {
    text[len] = 'x';
    text[len + 1] = '\0';
}
}

```

// Function to encrypt the plaintext using the Playfair cipher

```

void encrypt(char text[], char matrix[SIZE][SIZE]) {
    int len = strlen(text);
    for (int i = 0; i < len; i += 2) {
        int row1, col1, row2, col2;
        findPosition(matrix, text[i], &row1, &col1);
        findPosition(matrix, text[i + 1], &row2, &col2);

        if (row1 == row2) {
            text[i] = matrix[row1][(col1 + 1) % SIZE];
            text[i + 1] = matrix[row2][(col2 + 1) % SIZE];
        } else if (col1 == col2) {
            text[i] = matrix[(row1 + 1) % SIZE][col1];
            text[i + 1] = matrix[(row2 + 1) % SIZE][col2];
        } else {

```



```

        text[i] = matrix[row1][col2];
        text[i + 1] = matrix[row2][col1];
    }
}
}

```

// Function to decrypt the ciphertext using the Playfair cipher

```

void decrypt(char text[], char matrix[SIZE][SIZE]) {
    int len = strlen(text);
    for (int i = 0; i < len; i += 2) {
        int row1, col1, row2, col2;
        findPosition(matrix, text[i], &row1, &col1);
        findPosition(matrix, text[i + 1], &row2, &col2);

        if (row1 == row2) {
            text[i] = matrix[row1][(col1 - 1 + SIZE) % SIZE];
            text[i + 1] = matrix[row2][(col2 - 1 + SIZE) % SIZE];
        } else if (col1 == col2) {
            text[i] = matrix[(row1 - 1 + SIZE) % SIZE][col1];
            text[i + 1] = matrix[(row2 - 1 + SIZE) % SIZE][col2];
        } else {
            text[i] = matrix[row1][col2];
            text[i + 1] = matrix[row2][col1];
        }
    }
}
}

```

```
int main() {  
    char key[] = "playfair example";  
    char text[100];  
    char matrix[SIZE][SIZE];  
  
    // Remove spaces and prepare the key  
    int key_len = 0;  
    for (int i = 0; key[i] != '\0'; i++) {  
        if (isalpha(key[i])) {  
            key[key_len++] = tolower(key[i]);  
        }  
    }  
    key[key_len] = '\0';  
  
    createMatrix(key, matrix);  
  
    printf("Playfair Matrix:\n");  
    printMatrix(matrix);  
  
    printf("Enter text: ");  
    fgets(text, sizeof(text), stdin);  
    text[strcspn(text, "\n")] = '\0'; // remove newline character  
  
    prepareText(text);  
}
```

```

printf("Prepared text: %s\n", text);

encrypt(text, matrix);
printf("Encrypted text: %s\n", text);

decrypt(text, matrix);
printf("Decrypted text: %s\n", text);

return 0;
}
Hill cipher
#include <stdio.h>
#include <string.h>
#include <ctype.h>

#define SIZE 2

// Function to multiply two matrices
void multiplyMatrix(int a[SIZE][SIZE], int b[SIZE], int result[SIZE]) {
    for (int i = 0; i < SIZE; i++) {
        result[i] = 0;
        for (int j = 0; j < SIZE; j++) {
            result[i] += a[i][j] * b[j];
        }
        result[i] %= 26;
    }
}

```

```
}
```

```
// Function to find the modular inverse of a number
```

```
int modInverse(int a, int m) {
```

```
    a = a % m;
```

```
    for (int x = 1; x < m; x++) {
```

```
        if ((a * x) % m == 0) {
```

```
            return x;
```

```
        }
```

```
    }
```

```
    return -1;
```

```
}
```

```
// Function to find the determinant of a 2x2 matrix
```

```
int determinant(int matrix[SIZE][SIZE]) {
```

```
    return (matrix[0][0] * matrix[1][1] - matrix[0][1] * matrix[1][0]) % 26;
```

```
}
```

```
// Function to find the inverse of a 2x2 matrix
```

```
void inverseMatrix(int matrix[SIZE][SIZE], int inverse[SIZE][SIZE]) {
```

```
    int det = determinant(matrix);
```

```
    int invDet = modInverse(det, 26);
```

```
    if (invDet == -1) {
```

```
        printf("Matrix is not invertible.\n");
```

```
        return;
```

```
    }
```

```

inverse[0][0] = (matrix[1][1] * invDet) % 26;
inverse[0][1] = (-matrix[0][1] * invDet) % 26;
inverse[1][0] = (-matrix[1][0] * invDet) % 26;
inverse[1][1] = (matrix[0][0] * invDet) % 26;

for (int i = 0; i < SIZE; i++) {
    for (int j = 0; j < SIZE; j++) {
        if (inverse[i][j] < 0) {
            inverse[i][j] += 26;
        }
    }
}

// Function to encrypt the plaintext using the Hill cipher
void encrypt(char text[], int key[SIZE][SIZE]) {
    int len = strlen(text);
    for (int i = 0; i < len; i += SIZE) {
        int vector[SIZE];
        int result[SIZE];
        for (int j = 0; j < SIZE; j++) {
            vector[j] = text[i + j] - 'a';
        }
        multiplyMatrix(key, vector, result);
        for (int j = 0; j < SIZE; j++) {

```

```

        text[i + j] = result[j] + 'a';
    }
}
}

```

// Function to decrypt the ciphertext using the Hill cipher

```

void decrypt(char text[], int key[SIZE][SIZE]) {
    int inverse[SIZE][SIZE];
    inverseMatrix(key, inverse);
    int len = strlen(text);
    for (int i = 0; i < len; i += SIZE) {
        int vector[SIZE];
        int result[SIZE];
        for (int j = 0; j < SIZE; j++) {
            vector[j] = text[i + j] - 'a';
        }
        multiplyMatrix(inverse, vector, result);
        for (int j = 0; j < SIZE; j++) {
            text[i + j] = result[j] + 'a';
        }
    }
}

```

```

int main() {
    int key[SIZE][SIZE] = {{5, 17}, {4, 15}}; // example key
    char text[100];

```

```

printf("Enter text: ");
fgets(text, sizeof(text), stdin);
text[strcspn(text, "\n")] = '\0'; // remove newline character

// Ensure text length is a multiple of SIZE by padding with 'x'
int len = strlen(text);
if (len % SIZE != 0) {
    for (int i = len; i < len + SIZE - (len % SIZE); i++) {
        text[i] = 'x';
    }
    text[len + SIZE - (len % SIZE)] = '\0';
}

printf("Original text: %s\n", text);

encrypt(text, key);
printf("Encrypted text: %s\n", text);

decrypt(text, key);
printf("Decrypted text: %s\n", text);

return 0;
}

```

C program that can perform a letter frequency attack

```
#include <stdio.h>
```

```

#include <string.h>
#include <ctype.h>

#define ALPHABET_SIZE 26

// Function to analyze letter frequency in the ciphertext
void analyzeFrequency(char text[], int freq[]) {
    for (int i = 0; i < strlen(text); i++) {
        if (isalpha(text[i])) {
            freq[tolower(text[i]) - 'a']++;
        }
    }
}

// Function to print letter frequencies
void printFrequencies(int freq[]) {
    for (int i = 0; i < ALPHABET_SIZE; i++) {
        printf("%c: %d\n", 'a' + i, freq[i]);
    }
}

// Function to sort frequencies and map them to the most common English letters
void mapFrequencies(int freq[], char mapping[]) {
    // Frequency order of letters in English (from most frequent to least frequent)
    char frequencyOrder[] = "etaoinshrdlcumwfgypbvkjxqz";

```



```
// Create an array of letter-frequency pairs
```

```
int letter_freq[ALPHABET_SIZE][2];
```

```
for (int i = 0; i < ALPHABET_SIZE; i++) {
```

```
    letter_freq[i][0] = i;
```

```
    letter_freq[i][1] = freq[i];
```

```
}
```

```
// Sort the array by frequency
```

```
for (int i = 0; i < ALPHABET_SIZE - 1; i++) {
```

```
    for (int j = i + 1; j < ALPHABET_SIZE; j++) {
```

```
        if (letter_freq[i][1] < letter_freq[j][1]) {
```

```
            int temp0 = letter_freq[i][0];
```

```
            int temp1 = letter_freq[i][1];
```

```
            letter_freq[i][0] = letter_freq[j][0];
```

```
            letter_freq[i][1] = letter_freq[j][1];
```

```
            letter_freq[j][0] = temp0;
```

```
            letter_freq[j][1] = temp1;
```

```
        }
```

```
    }
```

```
}
```

```
// Map the sorted frequencies to the most common English letters
```

```
for (int i = 0; i < ALPHABET_SIZE; i++) {
```

```
    mapping[letter_freq[i][0]] = frequencyOrder[i];
```

```
}
```

```
}
```

```
// Function to decrypt the ciphertext using the frequency mapping
```

```
void decrypt(char text[], char mapping[]) {  
    for (int i = 0; i < strlen(text); i++) {  
        if (isalpha(text[i])) {  
            char mapped_char = mapping[tolower(text[i]) - 'a'];  
            if (isupper(text[i])) {  
                text[i] = toupper(mapped_char);  
            } else {  
                text[i] = mapped_char;  
            }  
        }  
    }  
}
```

```
int main() {  
    char text[1000];  
    int freq[ALPHABET_SIZE] = {0};  
    char mapping[ALPHABET_SIZE] = {0};  
  
    printf("Enter ciphertext: ");  
    fgets(text, sizeof(text), stdin);  
    text[strcspn(text, "\n")] = '\0'; // Remove newline character  
  
    analyzeFrequency(text, freq);
```

```

printf("\nLetter Frequencies:\n");
printFrequencies(freq);

mapFrequencies(freq, mapping);

printf("\nFrequency Mapping:\n");
for (int i = 0; i < ALPHABET_SIZE; i++) {
    printf("%c -> %c\n", 'a' + i, mapping[i]);
}

decrypt(text, mapping);
printf("\nDecrypted text: %s\n", text);

return 0;
}

```

C program for DES algorithm for decryption

```

#include <stdio.h>
#include <stdlib.h>
#include <string.h>

```

```

#define DES_BLOCK_SIZE 8

```

```

// Initial permutation table

```

```

int IP[] = {
    58, 50, 42, 34, 26, 18, 10, 2,
    60, 52, 44, 36, 28, 20, 12, 4,

```

```
62, 54, 46, 38, 30, 22, 14, 6,  
64, 56, 48, 40, 32, 24, 16, 8,  
57, 49, 41, 33, 25, 17, 9, 1,  
59, 51, 43, 35, 27, 19, 11, 3,  
61, 53, 45, 37, 29, 21, 13, 5,  
63, 55, 47, 39, 31, 23, 15, 7  
};
```

```
// Final permutation table
```

```
int FP[] = {  
    40, 8, 48, 16, 56, 24, 64, 32,  
    39, 7, 47, 15, 55, 23, 63, 31,  
    38, 6, 46, 14, 54, 22, 62, 30,  
    37, 5, 45, 13, 53, 21, 61, 29,  
    36, 4, 44, 12, 52, 20, 60, 28,  
    35, 3, 43, 11, 51, 19, 59, 27,  
    34, 2, 42, 10, 50, 18, 58, 26,  
    33, 1, 41, 9, 49, 17, 57, 25  
};
```

```
// Example key schedule for simplicity
```

```
int key_schedule[16][48];
```

```
// Expansion table
```

```
int E[] = {  
    32, 1, 2, 3, 4, 5,
```

```

    4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9,
    8, 9, 10, 11, 12, 13,
    12, 13, 14, 15, 16, 17,
    16, 17, 18, 19, 20, 21,
    20, 21, 22, 23, 24, 25,
    24, 25, 26, 27, 28, 29,
    28, 29, 30, 31, 32, 1
};

```

```

// S-boxes
int S[8][4][16] = { ... /* S-box values */ ... };

```

```

// P permutation table

```

```

int P[] = {
    16, 7, 20, 21,
    29, 12, 28, 17,
    1, 15, 23, 26,
    5, 18, 31, 10,
    2, 8, 24, 14,
    32, 27, 3, 9,
    19, 13, 30, 6,
    22, 11, 4, 25
};

```

```

// Function to apply a permutation

```

```

void permute(unsigned char *input, unsigned char *output, int *table, int n) {

```

```

for (int i = 0; i < n; i++) {
    int pos = table[i] - 1;
    output[i / 8] |= ((input[pos / 8] >> (7 - (pos % 8))) & 0x01) << (7 - (i % 8));
}
}

```

// Function to perform the DES Feistel function

```

void feistel(unsigned char *right, int *subkey, unsigned char *output) {
    unsigned char expanded[6] = {0};
    unsigned char sbox_input[6] = {0};
    unsigned char sbox_output[4] = {0};
    unsigned char permuted[4] = {0};

```

// Expansion

```

permute(right, expanded, E, 48);

```

// XOR with subkey

```

for (int i = 0; i < 6; i++) {
    sbox_input[i] = expanded[i] ^ subkey[i];
}

```

// S-box substitution

```

for (int i = 0; i < 8; i++) {
    int row = ((sbox_input[i / 6] >> (7 - (i * 6 % 48 + 0))) & 0x01) << 1 |
        ((sbox_input[i / 6] >> (7 - (i * 6 % 48 + 5))) & 0x01);
    int col = ((sbox_input[i / 6] >> (7 - (i * 6 % 48 + 1))) & 0x01) << 3 |

```

```

        ((sbox_input[i / 6] >> (7 - (i * 6 % 48 + 2))) & 0x01) << 2 |
        ((sbox_input[i / 6] >> (7 - (i * 6 % 48 + 3))) & 0x01) << 1 |
        ((sbox_input[i / 6] >> (7 - (i * 6 % 48 + 4))) & 0x01);
    sbox_output[i / 2] |= S[i][row][col] << (4 * (1 - (i % 2)));
}

// P permutation
permute(sbox_output, permuted, P, 32);

// Output
memcpy(output, permuted, 4);
}

// Function to perform DES decryption on a single block
void des_decrypt_block(unsigned char *input, unsigned char *output) {
    unsigned char ip[8] = {0};
    unsigned char fp[8] = {0};
    unsigned char left[4] = {0};
    unsigned char right[4] = {0};
    unsigned char temp[4] = {0};

    // Initial permutation
    permute(input, ip, IP, 64);

    // Split into left and right halves
    memcpy(left, ip, 4);

```

```

memcpy(right, ip + 4, 4);

// 16 rounds of processing
for (int i = 15; i >= 0; i--) {
    memcpy(temp, right, 4);
    feistel(right, key_schedule[i], right);
    for (int j = 0; j < 4; j++) {
        right[j] ^= left[j];
    }
    memcpy(left, temp, 4);
}

// Combine halves
memcpy(fp, right, 4);
memcpy(fp + 4, left, 4);

// Final permutation
permute(fp, output, FP, 64);
}

int main() {
    // Example ciphertext block (64 bits / 8 bytes)
    unsigned char ciphertext[DES_BLOCK_SIZE] = {0x85, 0xE8, 0x13, 0x54, 0x0F,
0x0A, 0xB4, 0x05};

    unsigned char plaintext[DES_BLOCK_SIZE] = {0};

```