

DATASTRUCTURES

7/08/24

1.INSERTION SORT:

PROGRAMME

```
#include <stdio.h>

void insertionSort(int arr[], int n)
{
    int i, key, j;
    for (i = 1; i < n; i++)
    {
        key = arr[i];
        j = i - 1;
        while (j >= 0 && arr[j] > key) {
            arr[j + 1] = arr[j];
            j = j - 1;
        }
        arr[j + 1] = key;
    }
}

void printArray(int arr[], int size) {
    int i;
    for (i = 0; i < size; i++)
        printf("%d ", arr[i]);
    printf("\n");
}

int main() {
```

```

int arr[] = {12, 11, 13, 5, 6};

int n = sizeof(arr) / sizeof(arr[0]);

printf("Original array: \n");

printArray(arr, n);

insertionSort(arr, n);

printf("Sorted array: \n");

printArray(arr, n);

return 0;
}

```

OUTPUT:

Original array:

12 11 13 5 6

Sorted array:

5 6 11 12 13

2.MERGE SORT:

```

#include <stdio.h>

#include <stdlib.h>

void merge(int arr[], int l, int m, int r) {

    int n1 = m - l + 1; // Size of the left subarray

    int n2 = r - m; // Size of the right subarray

    int *L = (int *)malloc(n1 * sizeof(int));

    int *R = (int *)malloc(n2 * sizeof(int));

    for (int i = 0; i < n1; i++)

        L[i] = arr[l + i];

```

```
for (int j = 0; j < n2; j++)
```

```
    R[j] = arr[m + 1 + j];
```

```
int i = 0;
```

```
int j = 0;
```

```
int k = l;
```

```
while (i < n1 && j < n2) {
```

```
    if (L[i] <= R[j]) {
```

```
        arr[k++] = L[i++];
```

```
    } else {
```

```
        arr[k++] = R[j++];
```

```
    }
```

```
}
```

```
while (i < n1) {
```

```
    arr[k++] = L[i++];
```

```
}
```

```
while (j < n2) {
```

```
    arr[k++] = R[j++];
```

```
}
```

```
free(L);
```

```
free(R);
```

```
}
```

```
void mergeSort(int arr[], int l, int r) {
```

```
    if (l < r) {
```

```
        int m = l + (r - l) / 2;
```

```

        mergeSort(arr, l, m);
        mergeSort(arr, m + 1, r);
        merge(arr, l, m, r);
    }
}

void printArray(int arr[], int size) {
    for (int i = 0; i < size; i++)
        printf("%d ", arr[i]);
    printf("\n");
}

int main() {
    int arr[] = {12, 11, 13, 5, 6, 7};
    int arr_size = sizeof(arr) / sizeof(arr[0]);

    printf("Original array: \n");
    printArray(arr, arr_size);

    mergeSort(arr, 0, arr_size - 1);

    printf("Sorted array: \n");
    printArray(arr, arr_size);
    return 0;
}

```

OUTPUT:

Original array:

12 11 13 5 6 7

Sorted array:

5 6 7 11 12 13