

Instructions :

To create your inventory project with a Product class that has the specified instance fields, follow these steps:

### Step 1: Create the Project Structure

Set up your project structure. You should have a directory named inventory containing your Java files.

### Step 2: Create the Product Class

Create a new file named Product.java in your inventory project directory.

## **Step 1: Identify Products and Attributes**

### **List of Products:**

1. Music CD - "Greatest Hits"
2. DVD Movie - "Inception"
3. Office Supply - "Stapler"
4. Software - "Microsoft Office"
5. Music CD - "Thriller"
6. DVD Movie - "The Matrix"

### **Attributes for Each Product:**

### Attributes for Each Product:

Attribute	Sample Data
Product Name	Greatest Hits
Price	12.99
Units in Stock	50
Item Number	CD001

Attribute	Sample Data
Product Name	Inception
Price	15.99
Units in Stock	30
Item Number	DVD001

Attribute	Sample Data
Product Name	Stapler
Price	7.99
Units in Stock	100
Item Number	OFF001

Attribute	Sample Data
Product Name	Microsoft Office
Price	149.99
Units in Stock	20
Item Number	SW001

Attribute	Sample Data
Product Name	Thriller
Price	11.99
Units in Stock	45
Item Number	CD002

Attribute	Sample Data
Product Name	The Matrix
Price	13.99
Units in Stock	35
Item Number	DVD002

Coding:

```
public class Product {  
    // Instance field declarations  
    private int itemNumber;  
    private String name;  
    private int unitsInStock;  
    private double pricePerUnit;  
  
    // Default constructor  
    public Product() {  
        this.itemNumber = 0;  
        this.name = "";  
        this.unitsInStock = 0;  
    }  
}
```

```
    this.pricePerUnit = 0.0;  
}
```

```
// Parameterized constructor
```

```
public Product(int number, String name, int qty, double  
price) {  
    this.itemNumber = number;  
    this.name = name;  
    this.unitsInStock = qty;  
    this.pricePerUnit = price;  
}
```

```
// Getter and Setter methods
```

```
// Gets the item number
```

```
public int getItemNumber() {  
    return itemNumber;  
}
```

// Sets the item number

```
public void setItemNumber(int itemNumber) {  
    this.itemNumber = itemNumber;  
}
```

// Gets the name of the product

```
public String getName() {  
    return name;  
}
```

// Sets the name of the product

```
public void setName(String name) {  
    this.name = name;  
}
```

// Gets the number of units in stock

```
public int getUnitsInStock() {  
    return unitsInStock;  
}
```

```
// Sets the number of units in stock  
public void setUnitsInStock(int unitsInStock) {  
    this.unitsInStock = unitsInStock;  
}
```

```
// Gets the price per unit  
public double getPricePerUnit() {  
    return pricePerUnit;  
}
```

```
// Sets the price per unit  
public void setPricePerUnit(double pricePerUnit) {  
    this.pricePerUnit = pricePerUnit;  
}
```

```
// Override toString method  
@Override  
public String toString() {
```

```
    return "Item Number: " + itemNumber + "\n" +  
        "Name: " + name + "\n" +  
        "Quantity in stock: " + unitsInStock + "\n" +  
        "Price: " + pricePerUnit;  
}
```

```
// Main method to test the Product class
```

```
public static void main(String[] args) {
```

```
    // Create a Product using the default constructor
```

```
    Product defaultProduct = new Product();
```

```
    System.out.println("Default Product:");
```

```
    System.out.println(defaultProduct);
```

```
    // Create a Product using the parameterized constructor
```

```
    Product parameterizedProduct = new Product(1,  
"Laptop", 10, 999.99);
```

```
    System.out.println("\nParameterized Product:");
```

```
    System.out.println(parameterizedProduct);
```

```
// Modify the Product using setter methods
parameterizedProduct.setItemNumber(2);
parameterizedProduct.setName("Smartphone");
parameterizedProduct.setUnitsInStock(5);
parameterizedProduct.setPricePerUnit(599.99);
System.out.println("\nModified Product:");
System.out.println(parameterizedProduct);
}
}
```



## Output

```
^ java -cp /tmp/R3LOC1BqlS/Product
```

Default Product:

Item Number: 0

Name:

Quantity in stock: 0

Price: 0.0

Parameterized Product:

Item Number: 1

Name: Laptop

Quantity in stock: 10

Price: 999.99

Modified Product:

Item Number: 2

Name: Smartphone

Quantity in stock: 5

Price: 599.99

=== Code Execution Successful ===

Main test/class:

```
package inventory;

public class InventoryTest {
    public static void main(String[] args) {
        // Create product instances
        Product cd1 = new Product("Greatest Hits", 12.99, 50, "CD001");
        Product dvd1 = new Product("Inception", 15.99, 30, "DVD001");
        Product officeSupply1 = new Product("Stapler", 7.99, 100, "OFF001");
        Product software1 = new Product("Microsoft Office", 149.99, 20, "SW001");
        Product cd2 = new Product("Thriller", 11.99, 45, "CD002");
        Product dvd2 = new Product("The Matrix", 13.99, 35, "DVD002");

        // Print product details
        System.out.println(cd1);
        System.out.println(dvd1);
        System.out.println(officeSupply1);
        System.out.println(software1);
        System.out.println(cd2);
        System.out.println(dvd2);
    }
}
```

2.Create a Main Class Called

```
public class ProductTester {
    // Product class definition
    public static class Product {
        // Instance field declarations
        private int itemNumber;
        private String name;
        private int unitsInStock;
```

```
private double pricePerUnit;
```

```
// Default constructor
```

```
public Product() {  
    this.itemNumber = 0;  
    this.name = "";  
    this.unitsInStock = 0;  
    this.pricePerUnit = 0.0;  
}
```

```
// Parameterized constructor
```

```
public Product(int number, String name, int qty, double  
price) {  
    this.itemNumber = number;  
    this.name = name;  
    this.unitsInStock = qty;  
    this.pricePerUnit = price;  
}
```

// Getter and Setter methods

```
public int getItemNumber() {  
    return itemNumber;  
}
```

```
public void setItemNumber(int itemNumber) {  
    this.itemNumber = itemNumber;  
}
```

```
public String getName() {  
    return name;  
}
```

```
public void setName(String name) {  
    this.name = name;  
}
```

```
public int getUnitsInStock() {  
    return unitsInStock;  
}
```

```
}
```

```
public void setUnitsInStock(int unitsInStock) {  
    this.unitsInStock = unitsInStock;  
}
```

```
public double getPricePerUnit() {  
    return pricePerUnit;  
}
```

```
public void setPricePerUnit(double pricePerUnit) {  
    this.pricePerUnit = pricePerUnit;  
}
```

```
@Override
```

```
public String toString() {  
    return "Item Number: " + itemNumber + "\n" +  
        "Name: " + name + "\n" +  
        "Quantity in stock: " + unitsInStock + "\n" +
```

```
        "Price: " + pricePerUnit;  
    }  
}
```

```
// Main method for testing  
public static void main(String[] args) {  
    // Creating Product objects using the default constructor  
    Product product1 = new Product();  
    Product product2 = new Product();  
  
    // Creating Product objects using the parameterized  
    constructor  
    Product product3 = new Product(3, "Greatest Hits", 25,  
9.99);  
    Product product4 = new Product(4, "Super Gadget", 100,  
49.99);  
    Product product5 = new Product(5, "Mega Widget", 75,  
19.99);  
    Product product6 = new Product(6, "Ultra Thingamajig",  
50, 29.99);  
}
```

```
// Displaying product details
System.out.println(product1);
System.out.println(product2);
System.out.println(product3);
System.out.println(product4);
System.out.println(product5);
System.out.println(product6);
}
}
```

Item Number: 0

Name:

Quantity in stock: 0

Price: 0.0

Item Number: 0

Name:

Quantity in stock: 0

Price: 0.0

Item Number: 3

Name: Greatest Hits

Quantity in stock: 25

Price: 9.99

Item Number: 4

Name: Super Gadget



```
Quantity in stock: 100
Price: 49.99
Item Number: 5
Name: Mega Widget
Quantity in stock: 75
Price: 19.99
Item Number: 6
Name: Ultra Thingamajig
Quantity in stock: 50
Price: 29.99

=== Code Execution Successful ===
```

## Explanation

- Product Class:
- Contains four private instance fields.
- Default constructor initializes fields to default values.

- Parameterized constructor initializes fields with provided values.
- Getter and setter methods allow access and modification of the private fields.
- toString() method provides a string representation of a Product object.
- Product Tester Class:
  - Creates instances of Product using both constructors.
  - Prints the details of each product using the overridden toString() method.

With this setup, you can compile and run your project to see the results. This covers the fundamental aspects of object-oriented programming in Java, including encapsulation, constructors, and method overriding.

## Project structure:

```
inventory-system/
├── src/
│   ├── main/
│   │   ├── java/
│   │   │   ├── com/
│   │   │   │   ├── example/
│   │   │   │   │   ├── controller/
│   │   │   │   │   │   ├── ProductController.java
│   │   │   │   │   │   ├── model/
│   │   │   │   │   │   │   ├── Product.java
│   │   │   │   │   │   │   ├── repository/
│   │   │   │   │   │   │   │   ├── ProductRepository.java
│   │   │   │   │   │   │   │   ├── service/
│   │   │   │   │   │   │   │   │   ├── ProductService.java
│   │   │   │   │   │   │   │   │   └── InventoryApplication.java
│   │   │   │   │   └── resources/
│   │   │   │   │   │   ├── application.properties
│   │   └── pom.xml
│   └── README.md
```

## Product repository:

```
package com.example.repository;

import org.springframework.data.jpa.repository.JpaRepository;
import com.example.model.Product;

public interface ProductRepository extends JpaRepository<Product, Long> {
}
```

## Product controller:

```
package com.example.controller;

import org.springframework.beans.factory.annotation.Autowired;
import org.springframework.web.bind.annotation.*;
import com.example.model.Product;
import com.example.service.ProductService;

import java.util.List;

@RestController
@RequestMapping("/products")
public class ProductController {

    @Autowired
    private ProductService productService;

    @GetMapping
    public List<Product> getAllProducts() {
        return productService.getAllProducts();
    }

    @GetMapping("/{id}")
    public Product getProductById(@PathVariable Long id) {
        return productService.getProductById(id);
    }

    @PostMapping
    public Product addProduct(@RequestBody Product product) {
        return productService.addProduct(product);
    }

    @DeleteMapping("/{id}")
    public void deleteProduct(@PathVariable Long id) {
        productService.deleteProduct(id);
    }
}
```

## Inventory application:

```
package com.example;

import org.springframework.boot.SpringApplication;
import org.springframework.boot.autoconfigure.SpringBootApplication;

@SpringBootApplication
public class InventoryApplication {
    public static void main(String[] args) {
        SpringApplication.run(InventoryApplication.class, args);
    }
}
```

Application properties:

```
spring.datasource.url=jdbc:h2:mem:testdb
spring.datasource.driverClassName=org.h2.Driver
spring.datasource.username=sa
spring.datasource.password=password
spring.h2.console.enabled=true
spring.jpa.database-platform=org.hibernate.dialect.H2Dialect
```

Front-End Process

Project Structure:

java

```
inventory-client/  
├─ public/  
│   ├─ index.html  
│   └─ ...  
├─ src/  
│   ├─ components/  
│   │   ├─ ProductList.js  
│   │   ├─ ProductForm.js  
│   │   └─ ...  
│   ├─ App.js  
│   ├─ index.js  
│   └─ ...  
├─ package.json  
└─ README.md
```

Application:

```
import React from 'react';  
import ProductList from './components/ProductList';  
import ProductForm from './components/ProductForm';  
  
const App = () => {  
  return (  
    <div>  
      <ProductForm />  
      <ProductList />  
    </div>  
  );  
};  
  
export default App;
```

Index of the front end process:

```
import React from 'react';
import ReactDOM from 'react-dom';
import App from './App';

ReactDOM.render(
  <React.StrictMode>
    <App />
  </React.StrictMode>,
  document.getElementById('root')
);
```

## Connecting Front-End to Back-End

To connect the front-end and back-end, ensure the following:

1. **CORS Configuration:** In your Spring Boot application, you may need to configure CORS to allow requests from your front-end.
2. **Proxy Configuration:** In your React app, you can add a proxy in package.json to forward API requests to your back-end server.

## Example CORS Configuration in Spring Boot

```
import org.springframework.context.annotation.Bean;
import org.springframework.context.annotation.Configuration;
import org.springframework.web.servlet.config.annotation.CorsRegistry;
import org.springframework.web.servlet.config.annotation.WebMvcConfigurer;

@Configuration
public class WebConfig {
    @Bean
    public WebMvcConfigurer corsConfigurer() {
        return new WebMvcConfigurer() {
            @Override
            public void addCorsMappings(CorsRegistry registry) {
                registry.addMapping("/**").allowedOrigins("http://localhost:3000");
            }
        };
    }
}
```

Front-end (HTML and JavaScript):

<!DOCTYPE html>

<html lang="en">



```
<head>

  <meta charset="UTF-8">

  <meta name="viewport" content="width=device-width,
initial-scale=1.0">

  <title>Inventory Management</title>

  <script>

    async function addItem() {

      const itemName =
document.getElementById('itemName').value;

      const itemQuantity =
document.getElementById('itemQuantity').value;


      const response = await fetch('/api/inventory', {
        method: 'POST',
        headers: {
          'Content-Type': 'application/json'
        },
        body: JSON.stringify({ name: itemName, quantity:
itemQuantity })
      });
```

```
if (response.ok) {  
    alert('Item added successfully!');  
} else {  
    alert('Failed to add item.!');  
}  
}
```

```
async function getItems() {  
    const response = await fetch('/api/inventory');  
    const items = await response.json();  
  
    const itemList = document.getElementById('itemList');  
    itemList.innerHTML = "";  
  
    items.forEach(item => {  
        const listItem = document.createElement('li');  
        listItem.textContent = ` ${item.name}:  
${item.quantity}` ;
```

```
        itemList.appendChild(listItem);

    });

}

</script>

</head>

<body>

    <h1>Inventory Management</h1>

    <div>

        <input type="text" id="itemName" placeholder="Item
Name">

        <input type="number" id="itemQuantity"
placeholder="Item Quantity">

        <button onclick="addItem()">Add Item</button>

    </div>

    <div>

        <button onclick="getItems()">Get Items</button>

        <ul id="itemList"></ul>

    </div>

</body>

</html>
```

```

<!DOCTYPE html>
<html lang="en">
<head>
  <meta charset="UTF-8">
  <meta name="viewport" content="width=device-width, initial-scale=1.0">
  <title>Inventory Management</title>
</head>
<script>
  // Function to add an item to the inventory
  async function addItem() {
    // Get values from input fields
    const itemName = document.getElementById('itemName').value;
    const itemQuantity = document.getElementById('itemQuantity').value;

    // Send POST request to the server to add the item
    const response = await fetch('/api/inventory', {
      method: 'POST',
      headers: {
        'Content-Type': 'application/json'
      },
      body: JSON.stringify({ name: itemName, quantity: itemQuantity })
    });

    // Handle the server's response
    if (response.ok) {
      alert('Item added successfully!');
      getItems(); // Refresh the item list after adding
    } else {
      alert('Failed to add item.');
    }
  }

  // Function to get and display all items from the inventory
  async function getItems() {
    // Send GET request to the server to retrieve items
    const response = await fetch('/api/inventory');
  }
}

```

## Back-end (Java with Spring Boot)

This example uses Spring Boot to create a simple REST API.

Step 1: Create a Spring Boot Project  
Use Spring Initializr to create a new Spring Boot project with the following dependencies

Spring Web

Spring Data

JPA

H2 Database (or any other database of your choice)

**Step 2: Define the Item Entity**  
**package**  
**com.example.inventory;**

```
import javax.persistence.Entity;  
import javax.persistence.GeneratedValue;  
import javax.persistence.GenerationType;  
import javax.persistence.Id;
```

@Entity

```
public class Item {
```

```
    @Id
```

```
    @GeneratedValue(strategy = GenerationType.AUTO)
```

```
    private Long id;
```

```
    private String name;
```

```
    private int quantity;
```

```
    // Getters and setters
```

```
}
```

### **Step 3: Create the Repository Interfacepackage com.example.inventory;**

```
import  
org.springframework.data.jpa.repository.JpaRepository;  
  
public interface ItemRepository extends  
JpaRepository<Item, Long> {  
  
}
```

### **Step 4: Implement the Controllerpackage com.example.inventory;**

```
import  
org.springframework.beans.factory.annotation.Autowired;  
import org.springframework.web.bind.annotation.*;  
  
import java.util.List;
```

@RestController

@RequestMapping("/api/inventory")

public class ItemController {

    @Autowired

    private ItemRepository itemRepository;

    @PostMapping

    public Item addItem(@RequestBody Item item) {

        return itemRepository.save(item);

    }

    @GetMapping

    public List<Item> getItems() {

        return itemRepository.findAll();

    }

}

## Step 5: Application PropertiesConfigure your application properties to use the H2

database.spring.datasource.url=jdbc:h2:mem:testdb

spring.datasource.driverClassName=org.h2.Driver

spring.datasource.username=sa

spring.datasource.password=password

spring.jpa.database-  
platform=org.hibernate.dialect.H2Dialect

spring.h2.console.enabled=true

POST /api/inventory:

```
{  
  "id": 1,  
  "name": "Gadget",  
  "quantity": 5  
}
```

GET /api/inventory:



```
[
  {
    "id": 1,
    "name": "Gadget",
    "quantity": 5
  },
  {
    "id": 2,
    "name": "Widget",
    "quantity": 10
  }
]
```

In this output:

- **POST /api/inventory** returns the newly added item with an auto-generated ID.
- **GET /api/inventory** returns a list of all items in the inventory, including their IDs, names, and quantities.