1. Write a program to print numbers from 1 to 100.

Input:Enter a value as a input.

Process: To print numbers from 1 to 100. Output:output the variable Program: #include <stdio.h> int main() { int i; for $(i = 1; i \le 100; i++)$ { printf("%d\n", i); } return 0; } Output: 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21

22 23

IPO

2. Write a program to print even numbers from 1 to 50.

IPO

Input:Enter a value as a input.

Process: To print even numbers from 1 to 50.

Output:output the variable

Program:

#include <stdio.h>

```
int main() {
  int i;
  printf("Even numbers from 1 to 50 are:\n");
  for (i = 1; i \le 50; i++) {
     if (i \% 2 == 0) {
       printf("%d ", i);
    }
  }
  return 0;
}
Output:
  Output
                                                                                      Clear
Even numbers from 1 to 50 are:
2 4 6 8 10 12 14 16 18 20 22 24 26 28 30 32 34 36 38 40 42 44 46 48 50
3. Write a program to find the factorial of a number.
IPO
Input:Enter a value as a input.
Process: To find the factorial of a number.
Output:output the variable
Program:
#include <stdio.h>
int main()
{
  int n,fact,i;
  fact = 1;
  scanf("%d", &n);
  for(i = 1; i \le n; i++)
    fact *= i;
  printf("%ld", fact);
  return 0;
}
```

Output

Enter a number6 720

4. Write a program to calculate the sum of digits of a number.

IPO

Input:Enter a value as a input.

Process: To calculate the sum of digits of a number.

Output:output the variable

```
Program:
#include <stdio.h>
int main()
{
    int num, sum = 0, digit;
    printf("Enter a number: ");
    scanf("%d", &num);
    while (num != 0)
{
        digit = num % 10;
        sum += digit;
        num /= 10;
    }
    printf("Sum of digits = %d\n", sum);
    return 0;
}
```

Output:

Output

```
Enter a number: 1234
Sum of digits = 10
```

5. Write a program to reverse a number.

```
Input:Enter a value as a input.
Process: To reverse a number.
Output:output the variable
Program:
#include <stdio.h>
int main()
  int num, rev = 0, digit;
  printf("Enter a number: ");
  scanf("%d", &num);
  while (num != 0)
  {
    digit = num % 10;
    rev = rev * 10 + digit;
    num /= 10;
  printf("Reversed number = %d\n", rev);
  return 0;
}
Output:
   Output
Enter a number: 9867
Reversed number = 7689
6. Write a program to check whether a number is a palindrome.
IPO
Input:Enter a value as a input.
Process: To check whether a number is a palindrome..
Output:output the variable
Program:
#include <stdio.h>
int main()
{
  int num, original, reversed = 0, digit;
  printf("Enter a number: ");
```

IPO

```
scanf("%d", &num);
  original = num;
  while (num != 0)
     digit = num \% 10;
    reversed = reversed * 10 + digit;
    num /= 10;
  }
  if (original == reversed)
    printf("%d is a palindrome.\n");
    printf("%d is not a palindrome.\n");
  return 0;
}
Output:
    Output
 Enter a number: 121
 121 is a palindrome.
7. Write a program to print multiplication table of a number.
IPO
Input:Enter a value as a input.
Process: To print multiplication table of a number.
Output:output the variable
Program:
#include <stdio.h>
int main()
  int num, i;
  printf("Enter a number: ");
  scanf("%d", &num);
  printf("Multiplication Table of %d:\n", num);
  for(i = 1; i \le 10; i++)
    printf("%d x %d = %d\n", num, i, num * i);
  }
  return 0;
```

```
}
```

```
Enter a number: 5

Multiplication Table of 5:

5 x 1 = 5

5 x 2 = 10

5 x 3 = 15

5 x 4 = 20

5 x 5 = 25

5 x 6 = 30

5 x 7 = 35

5 x 8 = 40

5 x 9 = 45

5 x 10 = 50
```

8. Write a program to count the number of digits in a number.

IPO

Input:Enter a value as a input.

Process: To count the number of digits in a number.

Output:output the variable

```
Program:
#include <stdio.h>
int main()
{
    int num, count = 0;
    printf("Enter a number: ");
    scanf("%d", &num);
    if (num == 0)
    {
        count = 1;
    }
}
```

```
else
{
    while (num != 0)
    {
        num /= 10;
        count++;
    }
}
printf("Number of digits = %d\n", count);
return 0;
}
```

Output Enter a number: 12345 Number of digits = 5

9. Write a program to print the Fibonacci series up to n terms.

```
IPO
```

Input:Enter a value as a input.

Process: To print the Fibonacci series up to n terms.

Output:output the variable

```
Program:
#include <stdio.h>
int main()
{
    int n, i;
    int a = 0, b = 1, next;
    printf("Enter the number of terms: ");
    scanf("%d", &n);
    printf("Fibonacci Series: ");
    for (i = 1; i <= n; i++)
    {
        printf("%d ", a);
        next = a + b;
        a = b;
        b = next;
    }
    return 0;</pre>
```

```
}
```

```
Output:
  Output
Enter the number of terms: 6
Fibonacci Series: 0 1 1 2 3 5
10. Write a program to calculate the sum of the first n natural numbers.
IPO
Input:Enter a value as a input.
Process: To calculate the sum of the first n natural numbers.
Output:output the variable
```

```
Program:
#include <stdio.h>
int main()
{
  int n, sum;
  printf("Enter a positive integer: ");
  scanf("%d", &n);
  sum = n * (n + 1) / 2;
  printf("Sum of first %d natural numbers is %d\n", n, sum);
  return 0;
}
```

Output

Enter a positive integer: 24 Sum of first 24 natural numbers is 300