## Rajalakshmi Engineering College

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Batch: 2028

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## NeoColab\_REC\_CS23231\_DATA STRUCTURES

REC\_DS using C\_Week 7\_MCQ\_Updated

Attempt : 1 Total Mark : 20 Marks Obtained : 19

Section 1: MCQ

1. Which folding method divides the key into equal parts, reverses some of them, and then adds all parts?

Answer

Folding reversal method

Status: Correct Marks: 1/1

2. Which of the following values of 'm' is recommended for the division method in hashing?

Answer

A prime number

Status: Correct Marks: 171

3. What is the primary disadvantage of linear probing?

Answer

Clustering

Status: Correct Marks: 1/1

4. In the division method of hashing, the hash function is typically written as:

Answer

h(k) = k % m

Status: Correct Marks: 1/1

5. Which of these hashing methods may result in more uniform distribution with small keys?

Answer

Folding

Status: Wrong Marks: 0/1

6. What would be the result of folding 123456 into three parts and summing: (12 + 34 + 56)?

Answer

102

Status: Correct Marks: 1/1

7. In division method, if key = 125 and m = 13, what is the hash index?

Answer

8

Status: Correct Marks: 17

8. Which of the following best describes linear probing in hashing? Answer Resolving collisions by linearly searching for the next free slot Status: Correct Marks: 1/1 9. What is the worst-case time complexity for inserting an element in a hash table with linear probing? Answer O(n)Status: Correct Marks : 1/1 10. Which C statement is correct for finding the next index in linear probing? Answer index = (index + 1) % size;Status: Correct Marks: 1/1 11. What is the output of the mid-square method for a key k = 123 if the hash table size is 10 and you extract the middle two digits of k \* k? **Answer** 1 Status: Correct Marks: 1/1 12. What does a deleted slot in linear probing typically contain? Answer

Status : Correct Marks : 1/1

A special "deleted" marker

240	<ul><li>13. In linear probing, if a collision occurs a checked?</li><li>Answer (i + 1) % table_size</li></ul>	t index i, what is the r	next index
	Status: Correct		Marks : 1/1
	<ul><li>14. Which situation causes clustering in lin</li><li>Answer</li><li>All the mentioned options</li></ul>	near probing?	O.D.
.0	Status: Correct	10801/19	Marks : 1/1
200		2 <sup>AC</sup>	200
	15. What happens if we do not use modular arithmetic in linear probing?		
	Answer		
	Index goes out of bounds		
	Status: Correct		Marks : 1/1
240	16. Which data structure is primarily used  **Answer** Array	in linear probing?	240801794
	Status: Correct		Marks : 1/1
	17. In the folding method, what is the primary reason for reversing alternate parts before addition?		
	Answer		
	To reduce the chance of collisions caused by similar digit patterns		
240	Status: Correct	240801,	Marks : 1/1

18. What is the initial position for a key k in a linear probing hash table?

Answer

k % table\_size

Status: Correct Marks: 1/1

19. In C, how do you calculate the mid-square hash index for a key k, assuming we extract two middle digits and the table size is 100?

**Answer** 

((k \* k) / 100) % 100

Marks : 1/1 Status: Correct

20. Which of the following statements is TRUE regarding the folding method?

Answer

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It divides the key into parts and adds them.

Status: Correct Marks : 1/1