

02.1 Char VS Varchar

```
CREATE TABLE IF NOT EXISTS TestChar (  
    name CHAR(5)  
);  
  
INSERT INTO TestChar (name)  
VALUES  
('nikhil');
```

```
-- Create or replace the table  
CREATE TABLE IF NOT EXISTS TestChar (  
    name CHAR(5)  
);  
  
INSERT INTO TestChar (name)  
VALUES  
('nikhil');
```

Statistics 1 ×

SQL Error [1406] [22001]: Data truncation: Data too long for column 'name' at row 1

- **CHAR**: Suitable for fixed-length data like codes, identifiers, or values that will always be of a specific length.
- **VARCHAR**: Suitable for variable-length data like names, descriptions, or textual content where the length may vary.