

# Lab #3

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## Shared object access protection

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**Note:** All the software and documents are stored at <http://www.irccyn.ec-nantes.fr/~bechenne/trampoline>

### 1 Goal

To show resources usage, we will use a bad program that allow to corrupt a shared global variable which is not protected for concurrent write. This has been presented in the course. This lab will show different ways to prevent this wrong behavior by using resources (standard and internal) or other solutions (preemption and priority).

Go into the `trampoline/labs/lab3` directory. The function needed in Question 8 is in `lab3.c`.

### 2 Application requirements

The application has 3 tasks and 2 global variables: `val` and `activationCount` as shown in figure 1:

- a background task called `bgTask`, active at start (`AUTOSTART = TRUE`) that never ends. In an infinite loop this task increments then decrements the global variable `val`. This task has a priority equal to 1.
- a periodic task called `periodicTask` that runs every 100ms<sup>1</sup>. This periodic task increments the global variable `activationCount`. If `activationCount` is odd, `val` is incremented, otherwise it is decremented.

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<sup>1</sup>a counter gets a tick every 10ms

- a periodic task `displayTask` that runs every second and prints on the standard output `val` and `activationCount`.

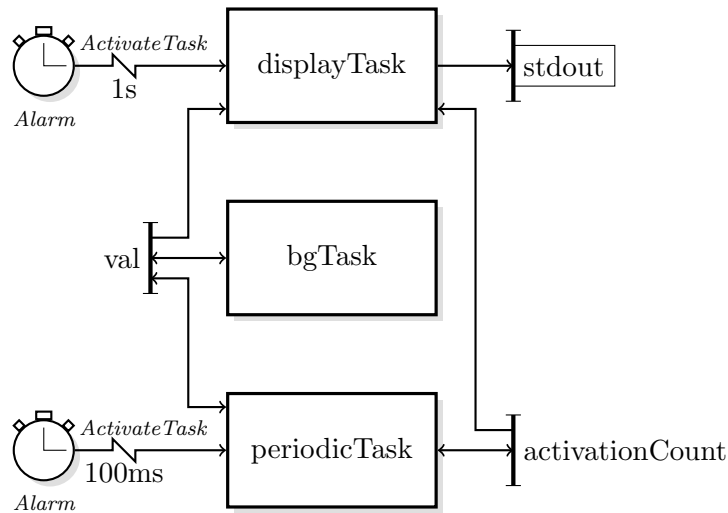


Figure 1: Application diagram

**Question 1** Before programming the application, gives the values that should be displayed for `val` on the standard output.

Describe the application in OIL and program it in C.

**Question 2** Does the behavior correspond to what you expect ? Why ?

Compile again your application but add a `CFLAGS = "-O3"` in the OIL file. This flag makes the C compiler optimize the assembly code.

**Question 3** Is it the same behavior as in previous question ? Why ?

### 3 Global variable protection

Remove the `CFLAGS = "-O3"` from the OIL file. As shown in the course, we must protect the access to the global variable.

**Question 4** Update the OIL file and the C program to protect the access to the global variable `val`. Use a resource to do it.

The resource priority is automatically computed by goil according to the priorities of the tasks which use it.

**Question 5** What priority will be given to the resource ?

The OIL compiler (goil) generates many files in the directory bearing the same name as the oil file (less the .oil suffix). Among them 3 are interesting:

- `tpl_app_define.h`
- `tpl_app_config.h`
- `tpl_app_config.c`

The file `tpl_app_config.c` contains the tasks' descriptors as long as all other data structures. These structures are commented.

**Question 6** *For each task, find the priority computed by goil and the identifier. Is it the same as defined in the OIL file? if not is it a problem?*

**Question 7** *What is the priority of the resource? Is it consistent?*

PCP rule requires the task priority is raised to the resource priority when the resource is taken. We will show this behavior by displaying the priority of the currently running task. Since OSEK does not have a function to do that, we use the following function:

```
void displayIdAndCurrentPriority()
{
    TaskType id;
    GetTaskID(&id);
    if (id >= 0)
    {
        tpl_priority prio = tpl_dyn_proc_table[id]->priority;
        printf("Id=%d_Prio=%d\n", id, prio);
    }
}
```

And you have to add the following line at start of your C file:

```
#include "tpl_os_task_kernel.h"
```

Call the function from your tasks when the resource is not taken and when it is taken.

**Question 8** *Is the behavior ok? Explain.*

## 4 Protection with an internal resource

An internal resource is automatically taken when the task gets the CPU. Replace the standard resource by an internal resource in the OIL file. Remove the `GetResource` and `ReleaseResource` in the C file.

**Question 9** *What happens? Why?*

Modify the task `bgTask`: instead of infinite loop, use a `ChainTask` to the `bgTask` (ie: the task chains to itself).

**Question 10** *Question 10 What happen ? Explain.*

## **5 Protection using same priority tasks**

Keep the version with the `ChainTask` instead of the infinite loop. Modify the OIL file: remove the resource and change the priorities to insure no task me be preempted.

**Question 11** *What happen ? Why ?*