# Trampoline (OSEK/VDX OS) Test Plan - Version 1.0

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## 1 Introduction

This document contains the test plan for the conformance test of the operating system. This means definition of the test cases, which are used to certify conformance of an OS implementation. For more information about what is a test plan and his link to the conformance methodology previously defined, see OSEK Test Plan 2.0 [1]. Unlike OSEK Test Plan 2.0 which is based from OSEK OS 2.0 [3], this test plan is defined from OSEK OS 2.2.3 [2] and the internal communication of OSEK Communication 3.0.3 [4] .

#### 2 Test cases

This chapter contains the test cases which will be used to test an implementation of an operating system to be OSEK conform. Thus, they are developed on the basis of the OSEK OS specification, according to figure 12-1 API service restrictions from OSEK/VDX OS v2.2.3. The internal communication comes from CCCB conformance class ([4] p.59).

As we said earlier, this test plan is defined from the OSEK OS version 2.2.3, and to better see the differences

between this version and the old one (OSEK Test Plan 2.0), we will explain those differences in each section.

ISR1 does not use an operating system service since after the ISR1 is finished, processing continues exactly at the instruction where the interrupt has occurred, i.e. the interrupt has no influence on task management. Thus, **ISR** can't be tested.

Stack Monitoring, from AUTOSAR OS, is not a functional test. It has to be tested in every target because it's depending on the portage. Stack Monitoring OS Requirements (OS067, OS068, OS396) are therfore not included in this report.

Idem for Protecting the Hardware.

Meanwhile, *Memory Protection* OS Requirements (OS026, OS027, OS044, OS081, OS083, OS086, OS087, OS195, OS196, OS198, OS207, OS208, OS209, OS355, OS356) are tested (see 2.14).

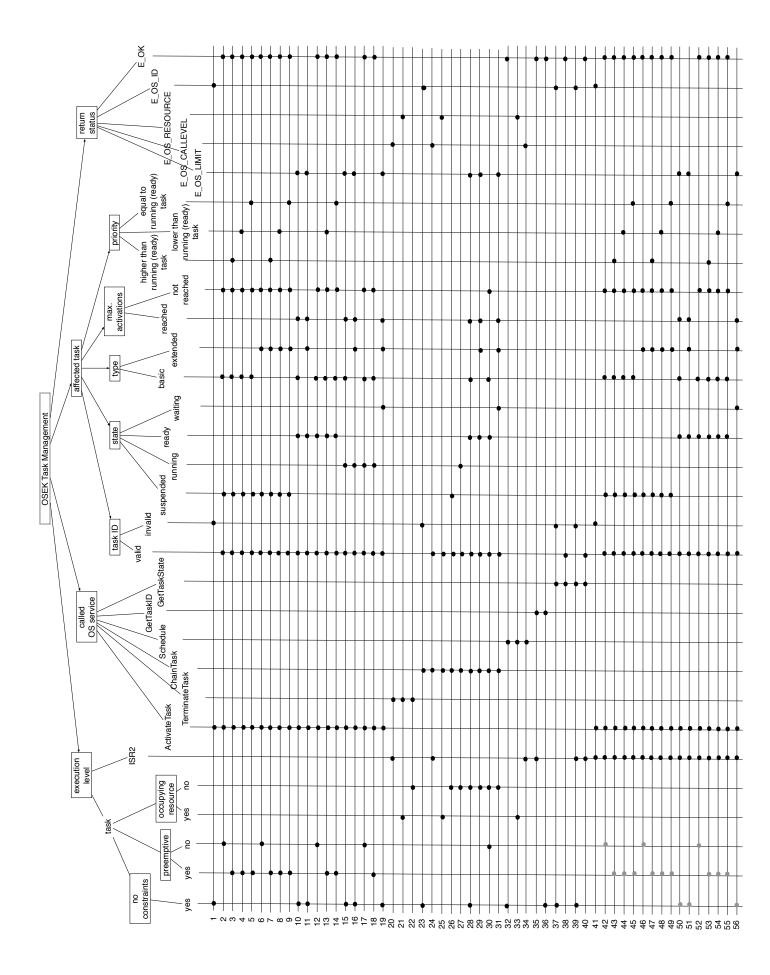
### 2.1 Task management

Since Schedule() returns E\_OS\_RESSOURCE from a task or an interrupt when a resource is occupied, test case 33 appears.

Since GetTaskID returns E\_OK from an interrupt, test case 35 appears.

Category 3 interrupts have been removed.

Test Case No.	Action	Expected Result
1	Call ActivateTask() from task-level with invalid task ID (task does not exist)	Service returns E_OS_ID
2	Call ActivateTask() from non-preemptive task on suspended basic task	No preemption of running task. Activated task becomes ready. Service returns E_OK
3	Call ActivateTask() from preemptive task on suspended basic task which has higher priority than running task.	Running task is preempted. Activated task becomes running. Service returns E_OK
4	Call ActivateTask() from preemptive task on suspended basic task which has lower priority than running task.	No preemption of running task. Activated task becomes ready. Service returns E_OK
5	Call ActivateTask() from preemptive task on suspended basic task which has equal priority as running task.	No preemption of running task. Activated task becomes ready. Service returns E_OK
6	Call ActivateTask() from non-preemptive task on suspended extended task	No preemption of running task. Activated task becomes ready and its events are cleared. Service returns E_OK
7	Call ActivateTask() from preemptive task on suspended extended task which has higher priority than running task.	Running task is preempted. Activated task becomes running and its events are cleared. Service returns E_OK
8	Call ActivateTask() from preemptive task on suspended extended task which has lower priority than running task.	No preemption of running task. Activated task becomes ready and its events are cleared. Service returns E_OK
9	Call ActivateTask() from preemptive task on suspended extended task which has equal priority as running task.	No preemption of running task. Activated task becomes ready and its events are cleared. Service returns E_OK
10	Call ActivateTask() on ready basic task which has reached max. number of activations	Service returns E_OS_LIMIT
11	Call ActivateTask() on ready extended task	Service returns E_OS_LIMIT
12	Call ActivateTask() from non-preemptive task on ready basic task which has not reached max. number of activations	No preemption of running task. Activation request is queued in ready list. Service returns E_OK



Test	Action	Expected Result
Case		Empowed Result
No.		
13	Call ActivateTask() from preemptive task on	No preemption of running task. Activation request is queued in
	ready basic task which has not reached max.	ready list. Service returns E_OK
	number of activations and has lower priority	
	than running task1	
14	Call ActivateTask() from preemptive task on	No preemption of running task. Activation request is queued in
1	ready basic task which has not reached max.	ready list. Service returns E_OK
	number of activations and has equal priority	Today nov corvice results 2-011
	as running task	
15	Call ActivateTask() on running basic task	Service returns E_OS_LIMIT
	which has reached max. number of activations	
16	Call ActivateTask() on running extended task	Service returns E_OS_LIMIT
17	Call ActivateTask() from non-preemptive task	No preemption of running task. Activation request is queued in
	on running basic task which has not reached	ready list. Service returns E_OK
	max. number of activations	
18	Call ActivateTask() from preemptive task on	No preemption of running task. Activation request is queued in
	running basic task which has not reached max.	ready list. Service returns E_OK
	number of activations	
19	Call ActivateTask() on waiting extended task	Service returns E_OS_LIMIT
20	Call TerminateTask() from ISR category 2	Service returns E_OS_CALLEVEL
21	Call TerminateTask() while still occupying a	Service returns E_OS_RESOURCE
	resource Running task is not terminated.	
22	Call TerminateTask()	Running task is terminated and ready task with highest priority
	V	is executed
23	Call ChainTask() from task-level. Task-ID is	Service returns E_OS_ID
	invalid (does not exist).	
24	Call ChainTask() from ISR category 2	Service returns E_OS_CALLEVEL
25	Call ChainTask() while still occupying a re-	Running task is not terminated. Service returns
	source	E_OS_RESOURCE
26	Call ChainTask() on suspended task	Running task is terminated, chained task becomes ready and
		ready task with highest priority is executed
27	Call ChainTask() on running task	Running task is terminated, chained task becomes ready and
		ready task with highest priority is executed
28	Call ChainTask() on ready basic task which	Running task is not terminated. Service returns E_OS_LIMIT
	has reached max. number of activations	
29	Call ChainTask() on ready extended task	Running task is not terminated. Service returns E_OS_LIMIT
30	Call ChainTask() from non-preemptive task	Running task is terminated, activation request is queued in ready
	on ready basic task which has not reached	list and ready task with highest priority is executed
	max. number of activations	
31	Call ChainTask() on waiting extended task	Service returns E_OS_LIMIT
32	Call Schedule() from task.	Ready task with highest priority is executed. Service returns
		E_OK
33	Call Schedule() while still occupying a re-	Service returns E_OS_RESOURCE
	source	
34	Call Schedule() from ISR category 2	Service returns E_OS_CALLEVEL
35	Call GetTaskID() from ISR category 2	Service returns E_OK
36	Call GetTaskID() from task	Return task ID of currently running task. Service returns E_OK
37	Call GetTaskState() with invalid task ID (task	Service returns E_OS_ID
	does not exist)	
38	Call GetTaskState() Return state of queried	Service returns E_OK
	task.	

Test	Action	Expected Result
Case		*
No.		
39	Call GetTaskState() from ISR2 with invalid	Service returns E_OS_ID
	task ID (task does not exist)	
40	Call GetTaskState() from ISR2. Return state	Service returns E_OK
	of queried task.	
41	Call ActivateTask() from ISR2 with invalid	Service returns E_OS_ID
	task ID (task does not exist)	
42	Call ActivateTask() from ISR2 (in non-	Activated task becomes ready. Service returns E_OK
	preemptive mode) on suspended basic task.	
43	Call ActivateTask() from ISR2 (in preemp-	Activated task becomes ready and first. Service returns E_OK
	tive mode) on suspended basic task which has	
	higher priority than last running task.	
44	Call ActivateTask() from ISR2 (in preemp-	Activated task becomes ready. Service returns E_OK
	tive mode) on suspended basic task which has	
	lower priority than last running task.	
45	Call ActivateTask() from ISR2 (in preemp-	Activated task becomes ready. Service returns E_OK
	tive mode) on suspended basic task which has	
	equal priority as last running task.	
46	Call ActivateTask() from ISR2 (in non-	Activated task becomes ready and its events are cleared. Service
	preemptive mode) on suspended extended	returns E_OK
	task	
47	Call ActivateTask() from ISR2 (in preemptive	Activated task becomes ready and first and its events are cleared.
	mode) on suspended extended task which has	Service returns E_OK
4.0	higher priority than last running task.	
48	Call ActivateTask() from ISR2 (in preemptive	Activated task becomes ready and its events are cleared. Service
	mode) on suspended extended task which has	returns E_OK
40	lower priority than last running task.	A 1 . 1 . 1 . 1 . 1 . 1 . 1 . 1 .
49	Call ActivateTask() from ISR2 (in preemptive	Activated task becomes ready and its events are cleared. Service
	mode) on suspended extended task which has	returns E_OK
50	equal priority as last running task.  Call ActivateTask() from ISR2 on ready ba-	Service returns E_OS_LIMIT
50	sic task which has reached max. number of	Service returns E_OS_LIMIT
	activations	
51	Call ActivateTask() from ISR2 on ready ex-	Service returns E_OS_LIMIT
01	tended task	Service returns E_OS_Envir
52	Call ActivateTask() from ISR2 (in non-	Activation request is queued in ready list. Service returns E_OK
02	preemptive mode) on ready basic task which	regivation request is queded in ready list. Service returns E_OR
	has not reached max. number of activations	
53	Call ActivateTask() from ISR2 (in preemp-	Activation request is queued in ready list on first place. Service
	tive mode) on ready basic task which has not	returns E_OK
	reached max. number of activations and has	
	higher priority than last running	
54	Call ActivateTask() from ISR2 (in preemp-	Activation request is queued in ready list. Service returns E_OK
	tive mode) on ready basic task which has not	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,
	reached max. number of activations and has	
	lower priority than last running task1	
55	Call ActivateTask() from ISR2 (in preemp-	Activation request is queued in ready list. Service returns E_OK
	tive mode) on ready basic task which has not	
	reached max. number of activations and has	
	equal priority as last running task	

Test	Action	Expected Result
Case		
No.		
56	Call ActivateTask() from ISR2 on waiting ex-	Service returns E_OS_LIMIT
	tended task	

### 2.2 Interrupt processing

New routines appear (EnableAllInterrupts, DisableAllInterrupts, SuspendOSInterrupts, ResumeAllInterrupts, SuspendOSInterrupts, ResumeOSInterrupts), test cases 1 to 19 are new ones.

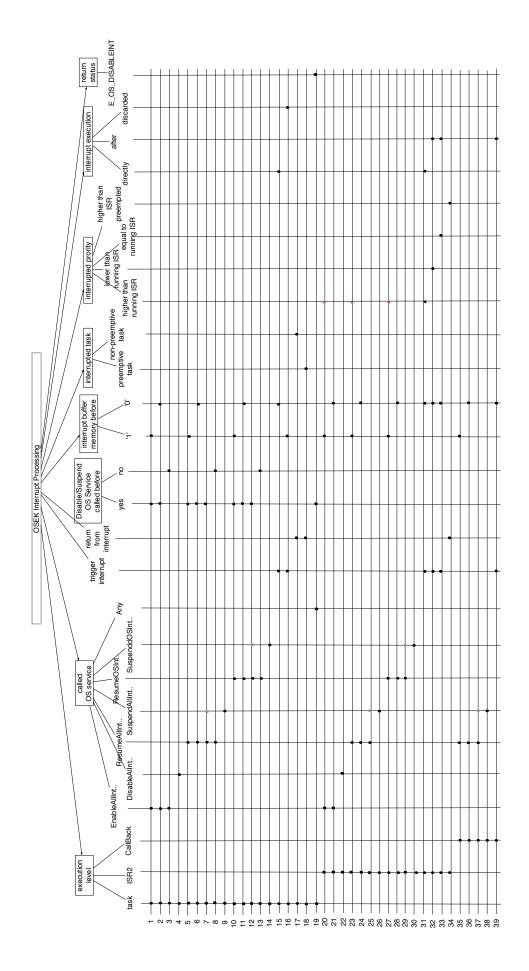
Category 3 interrupts have been removed.

Maximum number of activation of ISR2 can't be more than 1.

EnableAllInterrupts, ResumeAllInterrupts and ResumeOSInterrupts from ISR2 are only tested with an interrupt trigged with a priority higher than running ISR2.

SuspendAllInterrupts and ResumeAllInterrupts are the only ones functions allowed in callback routines.

Test	Action	Expected Result
Case		
No.		
1	Call EnableAllInterrupts() from task. An in-	The Interrupt is executed. Running task become ready
	terrupt has been trigged in disable mode	
2	Call EnableAllInterrupts() from task	Enable all interrupts
3	Call EnableAllInterrupts() from task without	The service is not performed
	calling DisableAllInterrupts()	
4	Call DisableAllInterrupts() from task	Disable all interrupts
5	Call ResumeAllInterrupts() from task. An in-	The Interrupt is executed. Running task become ready
	terrupt has been trigged in disable mode	
6	Call ResumeAllInterrupts() from task	Resume all interrupts
7	Call ResumeAllInterrupts() from task as many	Resume all interrupts
	times as SuspendAllInterrupts() is previously	
	called	
8	Call ResumeAllInterrupts() from task without	The service is not performed
	calling SuspendAllInterrupts()	
9	Call SuspendAllInterrupts() from task	Suspend all interrupts
10	Call ResumeOSInterrupts() from task. An in-	The Interrupt is executed. Running task become ready
	terrupt has been trigged in disable mode	
11	Call ResumeOSInterrupts() from task	Resume OS interrupts
12	Call ResumeOSInterrupts() from task as	Resume OS interrupts
	many times as SuspendOSInterrupts() is pre-	
	viously called	
13	Call ResumeOSInterrupts() from task without	The service is not performed
1.4	calling SuspendOSInterrupts()	
14	Call SuspendOSInterrupts() from task	Suspend OS interrupts
15	Interruption of running task	Interrupt is executed
16	Interruption of running task with the same in-	Interrupt is discarded
	terrupt already trigged (activation count = ac-	
	tivation max)	
17	Return from ISR2. Interrupted task is non-	Execution of interrupted task is continued
1.0	preemptive	
18	Return from ISR2. Interrupted task is pre-	Ready task with highest priority is executed (Rescheduling)
	emptive	



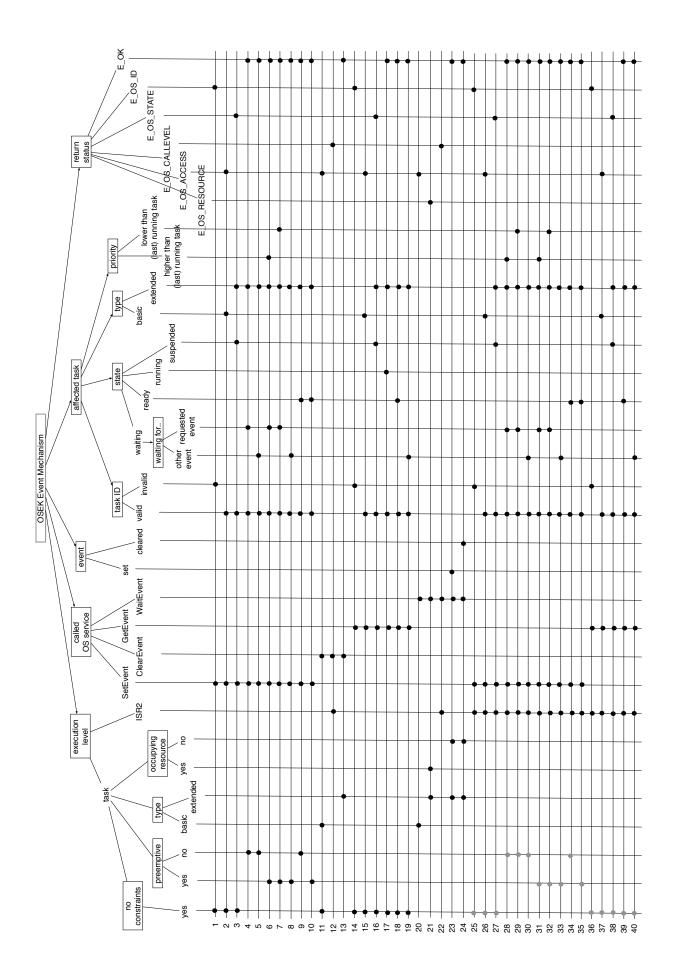
Test	Action	Expected Result
Case		*
No.		
19	Call any OS service between	Service returns E_OS_DISABLEINT and not perform the ser-
	Suspend/Disable- and Resume/Enable-	vice (see AUTOSAR OS092), even Disable and Enable pairs (see
	pairs	OSEK p26)
20	Call EnableAllInterrupts() from ISR2. An in-	The Interrupt is executed. Running ISR2 becomes ready
	terrupt has been trigged in disable mode with	
	a higher priority than running ISR2	
21	Call EnableAllInterrupts() from ISR2	Enable all interrupts
22	Call DisableAllInterrupts() from ISR2	Disable all interrupts
23	Call ResumeAllInterrupts() from ISR2. An in-	The Interrupt is executed. Running ISR2 becomes ready
	terrupt has been trigged in disable mode with	
	a higher priority than running ISR2	
24	Call ResumeAllInterrupts() from ISR2	Resume all interrupts
25	Call ResumeAllInterrupts() from ISR2 as	Resume all interrupts
	many times as SuspendAllInterrupts() is pre-	
	viously called	
26	Call SuspendAllInterrupts() from ISR2	Suspend all interrupts
27	Call ResumeOSInterrupts() from ISR2. An	The Interrupt is executed. Running ISR2 becomes ready
	interrupt has been trigged in disable mode	
	with a higher priority than running ISR2	
28	Call ResumeOSInterrupts() from ISR2	Resume OS interrupts
29	Call ResumeOSInterrupts() from ISR2 as	Resume OS interrupts
	many times as SuspendOSInterrupts() is pre-	
90	viously called	0 100:4
30	Call SuspendOSInterrupts() from ISR2	Suspend OS interrupts
31	Interruption of running ISR2 on interrupt	Running Interrupt is preempted. Executed interrupt becomes
	which has higher priority than running inter-	running
20	rupt	N
32	Interruption of running ISR2 on interrupt which has lower priority than running inter-	No preemption of running interrupt. Executed interrupt becomes
	- •	ready
33	rupt Interruption of running ISR2 on interrupt	No preemption of running interrupt. Executed interrupt becomes
ออ	which has equal priority as running interrupt	ready
34	Return from ISR2 to an ISR2 which has higher	ISR2 with the highest priority is executed
94	priority than ISR2 preempted	1916 with the highest bilottis is executed
35	Call ResumeAllInterrupts() from callback rou-	No preemption of callback routine because ISR2 are disabled in
00	tine. An interrupt has been trigged in disable	callback routines
	mode	Canback Toutines
36	Call ResumeAllInterrupts() from callback rou-	Resume all interrupts
	tine	
37	Call ResumeAllInterrupts() from callback rou-	Resume all interrupts
	tine as many times as SuspendAllInterrupts()	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
	is previously called	
38	Call SuspendAllInterrupts() from callback	Suspend all interrupts
	routine	•
39	Interruption in callback routines	Interrupt is executed after callback routines

### 2.3 Event mechanism

Category 3 interrupts have been removed.

Test cases 9 and 10 have to be tested with a simple ready task and with a READY\_AND\_NEW task (a task which juste came to be ready).

Test cases 41 to 43 are GOIL test cases.



CCESS FATE  Running task is not preempted. Waint- Service returns E_OK  t. Running task is not preempted. Wait- ready. Service returns E_OK  t. Running task becomes ready (is pre- pecomes running. Service returns E_OK  t. Running task is not preempted. Wait- Service returns E_OK  t. Running task is not preempted. Wait- service returns E_OK
CCESS FATE  Running task is not preempted. Waint-Service returns E_OK  t. Running task is not preempted. Wait-ready. Service returns E_OK  t. Running task becomes ready (is pre- pecomes running. Service returns E_OK  t. Running task is not preempted. Wait- Service returns E_OK  t. Running task is not preempted. Wait- Service returns E_OK
CCESS FATE  Running task is not preempted. Waint-Service returns E_OK  t. Running task is not preempted. Wait-ready. Service returns E_OK  t. Running task becomes ready (is pre- pecomes running. Service returns E_OK  t. Running task is not preempted. Wait- Service returns E_OK  t. Running task is not preempted. Wait- Service returns E_OK
Running task is not preempted. Waint-Service returns E_OK  t. Running task is not preempted. Wait-ready. Service returns E_OK  t. Running task becomes ready (is pre- becomes running. Service returns E_OK  t. Running task is not preempted. Wait- Service returns E_OK  t. Running task is not preempted. Wait-
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Test Case	Action	Expected Result
No.		
30	Call SetEvent() from ISR2 (in non-preemptive mode) on waiting extended task which is not waiting for any of the requested events	Requested events are set. Waiting task doesn't become ready. Service returns E_OK
31	Call SetEvent() from ISR2 (in preemptive mode) on waiting extended task which is waiting for at least one of the requested events and has higher priority than running task	Requested events are set. Waiting task becomes ready and first. Service returns E_OK
32	Call SetEvent() from ISR2 (in preemptive mode) on waiting extended task which is waiting for at least one of the requested events and has equal or lower priority than running task	Requested events are set. Waiting task becomes ready. Service returns E_OK
33	Call SetEvent() from ISR2 (in preemptive mode) on waiting extended task which is not waiting for any of the requested events	Requested events are set. Waiting task doesn't become ready. Service returns E_OK
34	Call SetEvent() from ISR2 (in non-preemptive mode) on ready extended task	Requested events are set. Service returns E_OK
35	Call SetEvent() from ISR2 (in preemptive mode) on ready extended task	Requested events are set. Service returns E_OK
36	Call GetEvent() from ISR2 with invalid Task ID	Service returns E_OS_ID
37	Call GetEvent() from ISR2 for basic task	Service returns E_OS_ACCESS
38	Call GetEvent() from ISR2 for suspended extended task	Service returns E_OS_STATE
39	Call GetEvent() from ISR2 for ready extended task	Return current state of all event bits. Service returns E_OK
40	Call GetEvent() from ISR2 for waiting extended task	Return current state of all event bits. Service returns E_OK
41	Creating an event with a MASK using more than one bit	Warning: Event Mask uses more than one bit
42	Creating an event with a MASK already used	Error : Mask already used
43	Creating an event with an automatic MASK but all the MASK are already used	Error : All mask bits are already used, the last event can't be created

### 2.4 Resource management

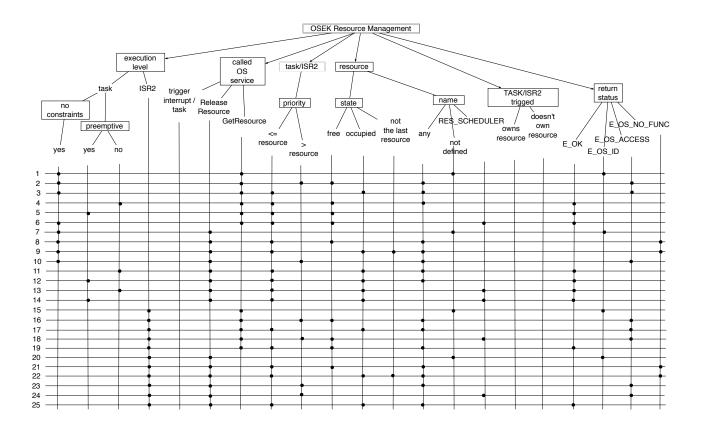
An ISR2 is like a task, it can get and release resources if it's allowed (if it owns the resource). See test cases 3, 4, 9 and 10.

GetResource() returns E\_OS\_ACCESS if the resource's priority is inferior to the task's priority (it means the task doesn't use it so if it gets the resource, the resource is not well shared). Otherwise, a task is allowed to get a Resource with a priority higher than itself.

There's no more maximum number of nested resources reachable.

Category 3 interrupts have been removed.

Test	Action	Expected Result
Case		
No.		
1	Call GetResource() from task with invalid re-	Service returns E_OS_ID
	source ID	
2	Call GetResource() from task with priority of	Service returns E_OS_ACCESS
	the calling task higher than the calculated ceil-	
	ing priority	



Test	Action	Expected Result
Case		
No.		
3	Call GetResource() from task with occupied	Service returns E_OS_ACCESS
	resource	
4	Test Priority Ceiling Protocol: Call GetRe-	Resource is occupied and running task's priority is set to re-
	source() from non-preemptive task, activate	source's ceiling priority. Service returns E_OK. No preemp-
	task/ISR2 with priority higher than running	tion occurs after activating the task with higher priority and
	task but lower than ceiling priority, and force	rescheduling
	rescheduling	
5	Test Priority Ceiling Protocol: Call GetRe-	Resource is occupied and running task's priority is set to re-
	source() from preemptive task, and activate	source's ceiling priority. Service returns E_OK. No preemption
	task/ISR2 with priority higher than running	occurs after activating the task with higher priority
	task but lower than ceiling priority	
6	Call GetResource() from task for resource	Resource is occupied and running task's priority is set to re-
	RES_SCHEDULER	source's ceiling priority. Service returns E_OK
7	Call ReleaseResource() from task with invalid	Service returns E_OS_ID
	resource ID	
8	Call ReleaseResource() from task with re-	Service returns E_OS_NOFUNC
	source which is not occupied	
9	Call ReleaseResource() from task when an-	Service returns E_OS_NOFUNC
1.0	other resource shall be released before	7 00 4 00 700
10	Call ReleaseResource() from task with priority	Service returns E_OS_ACCESS
	of the calling task higher than the calculated	
	ceiling priority	
11	Call ReleaseResource() from non-preemptive	Resource is released and running task's priority is reset. No pre-
	task	emption of running task. Service returns E_OK

Test Case	Action	Expected Result
No.		
12	Call ReleaseResource() from preemptive task	Resource is released and running task's priority is reset. Ready task with highest priority is executed (Rescheduling). Service returns E_OK
13	Call ReleaseResource() from non-preemptive task for resource RES_SCHEDULER	Resource is released and running task's priority is reset. No preemption of running task. Service returns E_OK
14	Call ReleaseResource()from preemptive task for resource RES_SCHEDULER	Resource is released and running task's priority is reset. Ready task with highest priority is executed (Rescheduling). Service returns E_OK
15	Call GetResource() from ISR2 with invalid resource ID	Service returns E_OS_ID
16	Call GetResource() from ISR2 with priority of the calling ISR2 higher than the calculated ceiling priority	Service returns E_OS_ACCESS
17	Call GetResource() from ISR2 with occupied resource	Service returns E_OS_ACCESS
18	Call GetResource() from ISR2 for resource RES_SCHEDULER	Service returns E_OS_ACCESS
19	Test Priority Ceiling Protocol: Call GetResource() from ISR2, and activate ISR2 with priority higher than running ISR2 but lower than ceiling priority	Resource is occupied and running ISR2's priority is set to resource's ceiling priority. Service returns E_OK. No preemption occurs after activating the ISR2 with higher priority
20	Call ReleaseResource() from ISR2 with invalid resource ID	Service returns E_OS_ID
21	Call ReleaseResource() from ISR2 with resource which is not occupied	Service returns E_OS_NOFUNC
22	Call ReleaseResource() from ISR2 when another resource shall be released before	Service returns E_OS_NOFUNC
23	Call ReleaseResource() from ISR2 with priority of the calling ISR2 higher than the calculated ceiling priority	Service returns E_OS_ACCESS
24	Call ReleaseResource() from ISR2 for resource RES_SCHEDULER (priority of the calling ISR2 higher than the calculated ceiling pri- ority)	Service returns E_OS_ACCESS
25	Call ReleaseResource() from ISR2	Resource is released and running ISR2's priority is reset. Ready task/ISR2 with highest priority is executed (Rescheduling). Service returns E_OK

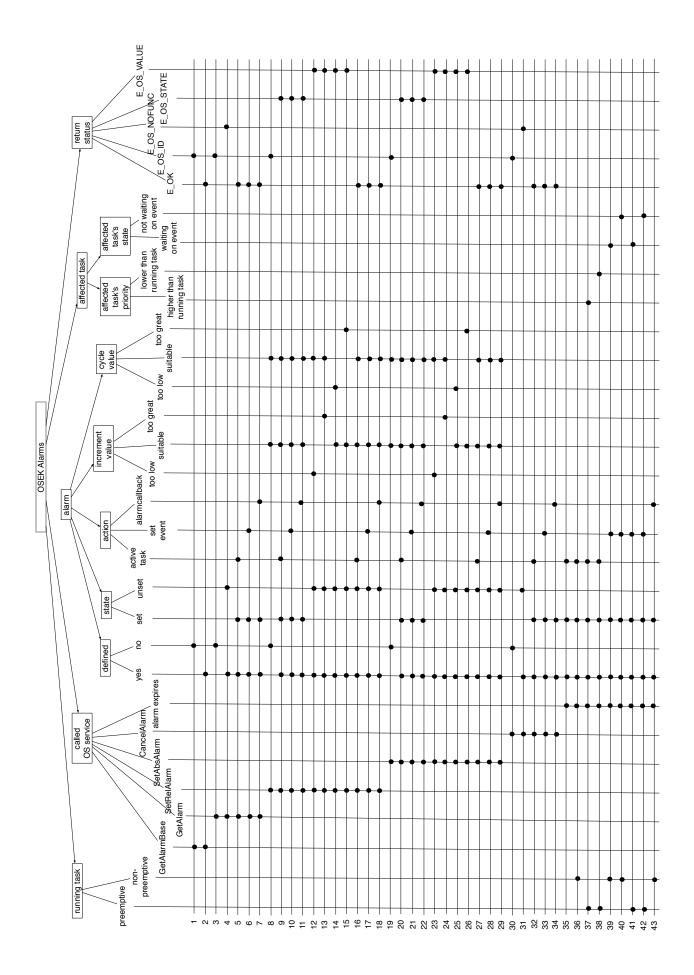
#### 2.5 Alarm

The behaviour of the OS is not defined by the specification if the action assigned to the expiration of an alarm can not be performed, because

- it would lead to multiple task activation, which is not allowed in the used conformance class or the max. number of activated tasks is already reached, or
- it would set an event for a task which is currently suspended.

The expected behaviour is, that at least the error hook is called. But as this situation is not covered by the specification, it is not part of conformance testing.

Since AlarmCallBack routine have been integrated in OSEK OS Specifications v2.2.3, test cases 7, 11, 18, 22, 29, 34 and 43 appear.



Test	Action	Expected Result
Case		
No.		
1	Call GetAlarmBase() with invalid alarm ID	Service returns E_OS_ID
2	Call GetAlarmBase() Return alarm base char-	Service returns E_OK
	acteristics.	
3	Call GetAlarm() with invalid alarm ID	Service returns E_OS_ID
4	Call GetAlarm() for alarm which is currently	Service returns E_OS_NOFUNC
-	not in use	
5	Call GetAlarm() for alarm which will activate	Returns number of ticks until expiration. Service returns E_OK
6	a task on expiration  Call GetAlarm() for alarm which will set an	Returns number of ticks until expiration. Service returns E_OK
0	event on expiration	returns number of ticks until expiration. Service feturns ELOK
7	Call GetAlarm() for alarm which will callback	Returns number of ticks until expiration. Service returns E_OK
i	a routine on expiration	recording frames of close until expiration. Solvice recurs 22-011
8	Call SetRelAlarm() with invalid alarm ID	Service returns E_OS_ID
9	Call SetRelAlarm() for already activated	Service returns E_OS_STATE
	alarm which will activate a task on expiration	
10	Call SetRelAlarm() for already activated	Service returns E_OS_STATE
	alarm which will set an event on expiration	
11	Call SetRelAlarm() for already activated	Service returns E_OS_STATE
	alarm which will callback a routine on expi-	
10	ration	C. A. B. OG MALINE
12	Call SetRelAlarm() with increment value	Service returns E_OS_VALUE
13	lower than zero Call SetRelAlarm() with increment value	Service returns E_OS_VALUE
15	greater than maxallowedvalue	Service returns E_OS_VALUE
14	Call SetRelAlarm() with cycle value lower	Service returns E_OS_VALUE
14	than mincycle	Service results b_OS_VIIDOD
15	Call SetRelAlarm() with cycle value greater	Service returns E_OS_VALUE
	than maxallowedvalue	
16	Call SetRelAlarm() for alarm which will acti-	Alarm is activated. Service returns E_OK
	vate a task on expiration	
17	Call SetRelAlarm() for alarm which will set	Alarm is activated.Service returns E_OK
	an event on expiration	
18	Call SetRelAlarm() for alarm which will call-	Alarm is activated. Service returns E_OK
10	back a routine on expiration	G A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A
19	Call SetAbsAlarm() with invalid alarm ID	Service returns E_OS_ID
20	Call SetAbsAlarm() for already activated	Service returns E_OS_STATE
21	alarm which will activate a task on expiration Call SetAbsAlarm() for already activated	Service returns E_OS_STATE
<u> 41</u>	alarm which will set an event on expiration	Delvice leming E-OS-STATE
22	Call SetAbsAlarm() for already activated	Service returns E_OS_STATE
	alarm which will callback a routine on expi-	Solvino Totalio Elocatili
	ration	
23	Call SetAbsAlarm() with increment value	Service returns E_OS_VALUE
	lower than zero	
24	Call SetAbsAlarm() with increment value	Service returns E_OS_VALUE
	greater than maxallowedvalue	
25	Call SetAbsAlarm() with cycle value lower	Service returns E_OS_VALUE
	than mincycle	

	Action	Expected Result
Case No.		
	Call SetAbsAlarm() with cycle value greater	Service returns E_OS_VALUE
	than maxallowedvalue	
27	Call SetAbsAlarm() for alarm which will acti-	Alarm is activated. Service returns E_OK
	vate a task on expiration	
28	Call SetAbsAlarm() for alarm which will set	Alarm is activated. Service returns E_OK
	an event on expiration	
29	Call SetAbsAlarm() for alarm which will call-	Alarm is activated. Service returns E_OK
	back a routine on expiration	
30	Call CancelAlarm() with invalid alarm ID	Service returns E_OS_ID
31	Call CancelAlarm() for alarm which is cur-	Service returns E_OS_NOFUNC
	rently not in use	
32	Call CancelAlarm() for already activated	Alarm is cancelled. Service returns E_OK
	alarm which will activate a task on expiration	
33	Call CancelAlarm() for already activated	Alarm is cancelled. Service returns E_OK
9.4	alarm which will set an event on expiration	Al : DOV
34	Call CancelAlarm() for already activated	Alarm is cancelled. Service returns E_OK
	alarm which will callback a routine on expiration	
	Expiration of alarm which activates a task	Task is activated
	while no tasks are currently running	Task is activated
	Expiration of alarm which activates a task	Task is activated. No preemption of running task
	while running task is non-preemptive	rabil is delivated. Its preemption of raining table
	Expiration of alarm which activates a task	Task is activated. Task with highest priority is executed
	with higher priority than running task while	
	running task is preemptive	
38	Expiration of alarm which activates a task	Task is activated. No preemption of running task.
	with lower priority than running task while	
	running task is preemptive	
	Expiration of alarm which sets an event while	Event is set
	running task is non-preemptive. Task which	
	owns the event is not waiting for this event	
	and not suspended	
	Expiration of alarm which sets an event while	Event is set. Task which is owner of the event becomes ready.
	running task is non-preemptive. Task which owns the event is waiting for this event	No preemption of running task
	Expiration of alarm which sets an event while	Event is set
	running task is preemptive. Task which owns	TACITO TO DOD
	the event is not waiting for this event and not	
	suspended	
	Expiration of alarm which sets an event while	Event is set. Task which is owner of the event becomes ready.
	running task is preemptive. Task which owns	Task with highest priority is executed (Rescheduling)
	the event is waiting for this event	
	Expiration of alarm which callback a routine	Running task becomes ready. Callback routine is activated.

#### 2.6 Error handling, hook routines (with interrupts) and OS execution control

The specification doesn't provide an error status when calling an OS service which is not allowed on hook level from inside a hook routine. It is assumed that the correct behaviour would be to return E\_OS\_CALLEVEL. As this is not prescribed by the specification, this will not be used as a criteria for the conformance of the implementation. Anyway, the conformance tests will check that restricted OS services return a value not equal E\_OK.

Compare to the previous Test Plan 2.0, it's forbidden to call ActivateTask() from StartupHook routine. SuspendAllInterrupts() and ResumeAllInterrupts() are allowed in hook routines.

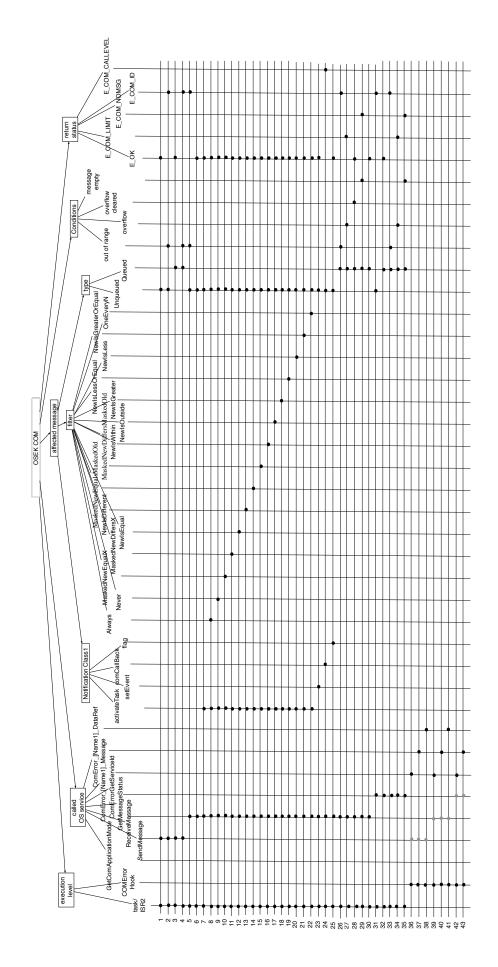
See Annexe A for more information about interrupt management (test case from 15 to 32).

Test	Action	Expected Result
Case		
No.		
1	Call GetActiveApplicationMode()	Return current application mode
2	Call StartOS()	Start operating system
3	Call ShutdownOS()	Shutdown operating system
4	Check PreTaskHook/PostTaskHook: Force	PreTaskHook is called before executing the new task, but after
	rescheduling	the transition to running state. PostTaskHook is called after
		exiting the current task but before leaving the task's running
F	Charle Emanticals, Easternance	state
5	Check ErrorHook: Force error	ErrorHook is called at the end of a system service which has a
6	Cheek Stantun Hooks Stant OS	return value not equal E_OK StartupHook is called after initialisation of OS
7	Check StartupHook: Start OS Check ShutdownHook: Shutdown OS	ShutdownHook is called after the OS shutdown
1	Check availability of OS services inside hook	OS services which must not be called from hook routines return
	routines according to fig 12-1 of OS spec.	status not equal E_OK
8	Call GetTaskID() from ErrorHook, Pre-	Return E_OK
S	TaskHook and PostTaskHook	ICOURT D_OR
9	Call GetTaskState() from ErrorHook, Pre-	Return E_OK if TaskID is valid
J	TaskHook and PostTaskHook	Totali E-or ii Taskib is vand
10	Call SuspendAllInterrupts() from ErrorHook,	
10	PreTaskHook and PostTaskHook	
11	Call ResumeAllInterrupts() from ErrorHook,	
	PreTaskHook and PostTaskHook	
12	Call GetEvent() from ErrorHook, Pre-	Return E_OK if TaskID is valid, Referenced task <taskid> is</taskid>
	TaskHook and PostTaskHook	an extended task and not in suspended state.
13	Call GetAlarmBase() from ErrorHook, Pre-	Return E_OK if AlarmID is valid
	TaskHook and PostTaskHook	
14	Call GetAlarm() from ErrorHook, Pre-	Return E_OK if AlarmID is valid and used
	TaskHook and PostTaskHook	
	rupt processing in Hook routines:	
15		x preempted by an alarm which activate a task.
16	Interrupt activation in PreTaskHook of a task	
17	Interrupt activation in PostTaskHook of a task	·
18	Interrupt activation in PreTaskHook of a task	<u> v</u>
19	Interrupt activation in PostTaskHook of a task	v (1 1 )
20	Interrupt activation in PreTaskHook of a task	
21		k activated by an alarm which will give back the hand to the
22	previous running task.	
22		x activated by an alarm which will give back the hand to the
00	previous running task.	
23		R2 which will give back the hand to the previous running task.
24		2 which will give back the hand to the previous running task.
25	_	tTaskHook of a task preempted by an alarm which activate a
26	task.	-LTIh-f-th-mt-lh 1
26	- 00 0	askHook of a task preempted by an alarm which activate a task.
27	Interrupt triggering with an activation in Post	
28	Interrupt triggering with an activation in PreT	
29		TaskHook of a task followed by an task (preempted or not).
30		CaskHook of a task followed by an task (preempted or not).
31		TaskHook of a task activated by an alarm which will give back
	the hand to the previous running task.	

Test	Action	Expected Result	
Case			
No.			
32	Interrupt triggering with an activation in Pre	TaskHook of a task activated by an alarm which will give back	
	the hand to the previous running task.		
33	Interrupt triggering with an activation in PostTaskHook of an ISR2 which will give back the hand to the		
	previous running task.		
34	Interrupt triggering with an activation in PreTaskHook of an ISR2 which will give back the hand to the previous		
	running task.		
35	Interrupt activation in ErrorHook.		
36	Interrupt triggering with an activation in Error	rHook.	

## 2.7 Internal COM

Test	Action	Expected Result
Case		
No.		
1	Call SendMessage() to an unqueued message	Service returns E_OK
2	Call SendMessage() to an unqueued message with <message> out</message>	Service returns E_COM_ID
	of range	
3	Call SendMessage() to a queued message	Service returns E_OK
4	Call SendMessage() to a queued message with <message> out of</message>	Service returns E_COM_ID
	range	
5	Call ReceiveMessage() to an unqueued message with <message></message>	Service returns E_COM_ID
	out of range	
6	Call ReceiveMessage() to an unqueued message	Service returns E_OK
7	Call ReceiveMessage() to an unqueued message with a notification	Service returns E_OK
	which activate a task	
8	Call ReceiveMessage() to an unqueued message with a notification	Service returns E_OK
	which activate a task and a "always" filter	
9	Call ReceiveMessage() to an unqueued message with a notification	Service returns E_OK
	which activate a task and a "never" filter	
10	Call ReceiveMessage() to an unqueued message with a notification	Service returns E_OK
	which activate a task and a "MaskedNewEqualX" filter	
11	Call ReceiveMessage() to an unqueued message with a notification	Service returns E_OK
	which activate a task and a "MaskedNewDiffersX" filter	
12	Call ReceiveMessage() to an unqueued message with a notification	Service returns E_OK
1.0	which activate a task and a "NewIsEqual" filter	
13	Call ReceiveMessage() to an unqueued message with a notification	Service returns E_OK
1.4	which activate a task and a "NewIsDifferent" filter	G
14	Call ReceiveMessage() to an unqueued message with a notification	Service returns E_OK
1 5	which activate a task and a "MaskedNewEqualsMaskedOld" filter	C . T E OV
15	Call ReceiveMessage() to an unqueued message with a notification	Service returns E_OK
1.0	which activate a task and a "MaskedNewEqualsMaskedOld" filter	Comica materials E OV
16	Call ReceiveMessage() to an unqueued message with a notification	Service returns E_OK
1.7	which activate a task and a "NewIsWithin" filter	Comica material E OV
17	Call ReceiveMessage() to an unqueued message with a notification	Service returns E_OK
10	which activate a task and a "NewIsOutside" filter	Comica material E OV
18	Call ReceiveMessage() to an unqueued message with a notification	Service returns E_OK
10	which activate a task and a "NewIsGreater" filter	Comica material E OV
19	Call ReceiveMessage() to an unqueued message with a notification	Service returns E_OK
	which activate a task and a "NewIsLessOrEqual" filter	

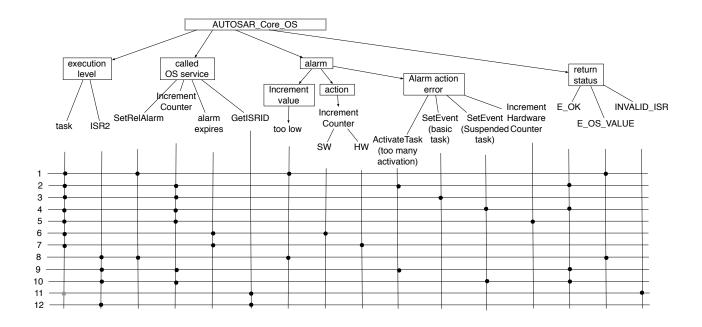


Case No.  20 Call ReceiveMessage() to an unqueued message with a notification which activate a task and a "NewIsLess" filter  21 Call ReceiveMessage() to an unqueued message with a notification which activate a task and a "NewIsGreaterOrEqual" filter  Service returns E_OK which activate a task and a "NewIsGreaterOrEqual" filter	
20 Call ReceiveMessage() to an unqueued message with a notification which activate a task and a "NewIsLess" filter 21 Call ReceiveMessage() to an unqueued message with a notification Service returns E_OK	
which activate a task and a "NewIsLess" filter  21 Call ReceiveMessage() to an unqueued message with a notification   Service returns E_OK	7
21 Call ReceiveMessage() to an unqueued message with a notification Service returns E_OK	7
which activate a task and a "Nowle Creater On Faval" filter	<u>.</u>
which activate a task and a NewisGreaterOrEqual linter	
22 Call ReceiveMessage() to an unqueued message with a notification   Service returns E_OK	<u> </u>
which activate a task and a "OneEveryN" filter	
23 Call ReceiveMessage() to an unqueued message with a notification   Service returns E_OK	
which set an event	
Call ReceiveMessage() to an unqueued message with a notification   Service returns E_CO	OM_CALLEVEL
which callback a routine	<u> </u>
Call ReceiveMessage() to an unqueued message with a notification   Service returns E_OK	
which set a flag  Call ReceiveMessage() to a queued message with <message> out   Service returns E_CO</message>	M ID
Call ReceiveMessage() to a queued message with <message> out</message>	M_1D
	M_LIMIT and reset the
on last SendMessage  on last SendMessage  overflow  on last SendMessage	WILLIMIT and reset the
28 Call ReceiveMessage() to a queued message which had an overflow   Service returns E_OK	
cleared on last call to ReceiveMessage	•
29 Call ReceiveMessage() to a queued message which is empty Service returns E_CO	OM_NOMSG
30 Call ReceiveMessage() to a queued message Service returns E_OK	
31 Call GetMessageStatus() to an unqueued message Service returns E_CO	OM_ID
32 Call GetMessageStatus() to a queued message Service returns E_OK	X.
33 Call GetMessageStatus() to a queued message with <message> Service returns E_CO</message>	OM_ID
out of range	
34 Call GetMessageStatus() to a queued message which had an over- Service returns E_CO	OM_LIMIT
flow on last SendMessage	
35 Call GetMessageStatus() to a queued message which is empty Service returns E_CO	
	ServiceId_SendMessage
SendMessage error	
	Iessage> used in last
SendMessage  38 Call ComError_SendMessage_DataRef from ComErrorHook  Service returns < Data	-t-D-61 : 1t
38   Call ComError_SendMessage_DataRef from ComErrorHook   Service returns < Data	ataRef> used in last
39 Call ComErrorGetServiceId() from ComErrorHook with Re- Service return	rns COMServi-
ceiveMessage error ceId_ReceiveMessage	THE COMPENT.
Ü	ssage> used in last Re-
ceiveMessage	
	taRef> used in last Re-
ceiveMessage	
42 Call ComErrorGetServiceId() from ComErrorHook with GetMes- Service return	rns COMServi-
sageStatus error ceId_GetMessageStatu	
	lessage> used in last
GetMessageStatus	

## 2.8 AUTOSAR - Core OS

OS Requirements : 263\*, 264\*, 285, 301, 304, 321

Test cases 3 and 5 are GOIL test cases. Test case 7 is impossible to test.

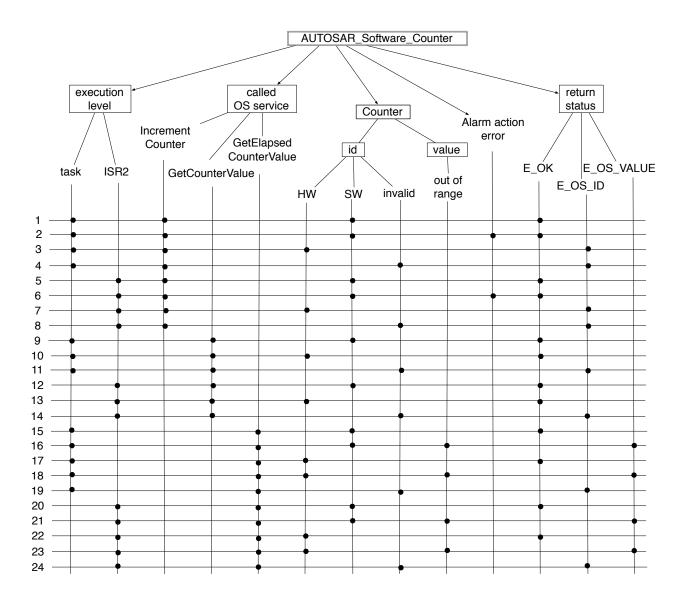


Test Case No.	Action	Expected Result	ments	Require-
1	Call SetRelAlarm() from task with <increment> value equal to zero</increment>	Service returns E_OS_VALUE	OS304	
2	Call IncrementCounter() of a software counter from task (alarm action results in an error : ActivateTask() on a task which has already its max number of activation)	Errorhook is called. Service returns E_OK	OS321	
3	It is impossible to call IncrementCounter() setting an event from an alarm expiration to a basic task.	error: An alarm can't set an Event to a basic task (Task t1 is a basic task).	OS321	
4	Call IncrementCounter() of a software counter from task (alarm action results in an error : SetEvent() on a task is suspended)	Errorhook is called. Service returns E_OK	OS321	
5	It is impossible to call IncrementCounter() incrementing a hard-ware counter from an alarm expiration.	error: It is impossible to increment a hardware counter (Z is not a software counter).	OS285	
6	Expiration of alarm which increment a software counter	Software counter is incremented and alarm(s) is(are) launched if needed	OS301	
7	Increment a hardware counter from an alarm expiration is impossible. GOIL generation should forbid to create an alarm which increment a hardware counter			
8	Call SetRelAlarm() from ISR2 with <increment> value equal to zero</increment>	Service returns E_OS_VALUE	OS304	
9	Call IncrementCounter() of a software counter from ISR2 (alarm action results in an error : ActivateTask() on a task which has already its max number of activation)	Errorhook is called. Service returns E_OK	OS321	
10	Call IncrementCounter() of a software counter from ISR2 (alarm action results in an error : SetEvent() on a task is suspended)	Errorhook is called. Service returns E_OK	OS321	
11	Call GetISRID() from an other object than ISR2 or Hook routine called inside an ISR2	Service returns IN- VALID_ISR	OS264	

Test	Action	Expected Result	OS	Require-
Case			ments	
No.				
12	Call GetISRID() from an ISR2	Service returns the identi-	OS263	
		fier of the currently running		
		ISR2		

## 2.9 AUTOSAR - Software Counter

OS Requirements: 285, 286, 321,376, 377, 381, 382, 383, 391, 392, 399, 460 OS374 and OS384 are indirectly tested thanks to the good fonctionning of the counter.



Test	Action	Expected Result	OS	Require-
Case			ments	
No.				
1	Call IncrementCounter() of a software counter	Service returns E_OK	OS286	, OS399
	from task			

Test	Action	Expected Result		Require-
Case No.			ments	
2	Call IncrementCounter() of a software counter	Errorhook is called. Service returns E_OK	OS321	
	from task (alarm action results in an error)			
3	Call IncrementCounter() of a hardware counter from task	Service returns E_OS_ID	OS285	
4	Call IncrementCounter() from task with invalid ID	Service returns E_OS_ID	OS285	
5	Call IncrementCounter() of a software counter from ISR2	Service returns E_OK		
6	Call IncrementCounter() of a software counter from ISR2 (alarm action results in an error)	Errorhook is called. Service returns E_OK		
7	Call IncrementCounter() of a hardware counter from ISR2	Service returns E_OS_ID		
8	Call IncrementCounter() from ISR2 with invalid ID	Service returns E_OS_ID		
9	Call GetCounterValue() of a sofwtare counter from task	Service returns E_OK and <value> of the counter</value>	OS377, C	)S383
10	Call GetCounterValue() of a hardware counter from task	Service returns E_OK and <value> of the counter</value>	OS377, C	)S383
11	Call GetCounterValue() from task with invalid ID	Service returns E_OS_ID	OS376	
12	Call GetCounterValue() of a sofwtare counter from ISR2	Service returns E_OK and <value> of the counter</value>		
13	Call GetCounterValue() of a hardware counter from ISR2	Service returns E_OK and <value> of the counter</value>		
14	Call GetCounterValue() from ISR2 with invalid ID	Service returns E_OS_ID		
15	Call GetElapsedCounterValue() of a software counter from task	Service returns E_OK, the <value> of the counter and the number of elapsed ticks since the given <value> value via <elapsedvalue></elapsedvalue></value></value>	OS382, OS460	OS392,
16	Call GetElapsedCounterValue() of a software counter from task with <value> out of range</value>	Service returns E_OS_VALUE	OS391	
17	Call GetElapsedCounterValue() of a hardware counter from task	Service returns E_OK, the <value> of the counter and the number of elapsed ticks since the given <value> value via <elapsedvalue></elapsedvalue></value></value>	OS382, OS460	OS392,
18	Call GetElapsedCounterValue() of a hardware counter from task with <value> out of range</value>	Service returns E_OS_VALUE	OS391	
19	Call GetElapsedCounterValue() from task with invalid ID	Service returns E_OS_ID	OS381	
20	Call GetElapsedCounterValue() of a software counter from ISR2	Service returns E_OK, the <value> of the counter and the number of elapsed ticks since the given <value> value via <elapsedvalue></elapsedvalue></value></value>		
21	Call GetElapsedCounterValue() of a software counter from ISR2 with <value> out of range</value>	Service returns E_OS_VALUE		
22	Call GetElapsedCounterValue() of a hardware counter from ISR2	Service returns E_OK, the <value> of the counter and the number of elapsed ticks since the given <value> value via <elapsedvalue></elapsedvalue></value></value>		
23	Call GetElapsedCounterValue() of a hardware counter from ISR2 with <value> out of range</value>	Service returns E_OS_VALUE		
24	Call GetElapsedCounterValue() from ISR2 with invalid ID	Service returns E_OS_ID		

Test	Action	Expected Result	OS	Require-
Case			ments	
No.				

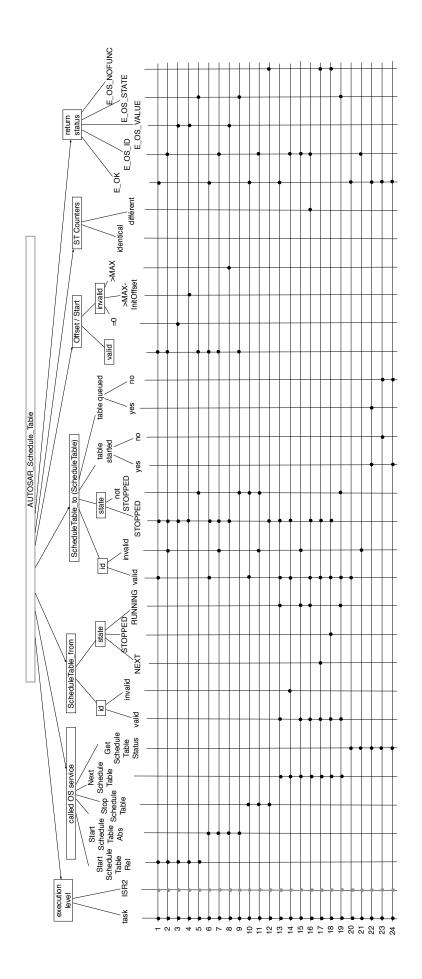
#### 2.10 AUTOSAR - Schedule Table

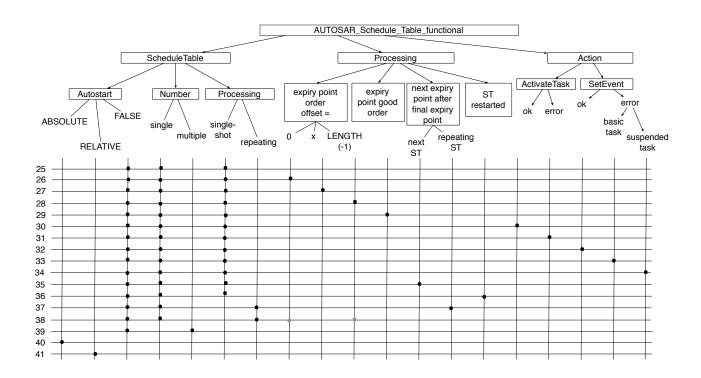
 $\begin{array}{l} \text{OS Requirements}: 002, \, 006, \, 007, \, 009, \, 191, \, 194, \, 275, \, (276), \, 277, \, 278, \, 279, \, 280, \, 281, \, 282, \, 283, \, 284, \, 289, \, 291, \, 293, \\ 309, \, 324, \, 330, \, 332, \, 347, \, 348, \, 349, \, 350, \, 351, \, 353, \, 358, \, 359, \, 410, \, 412, \, 414, \, 428, \, 453. \end{array}$ 

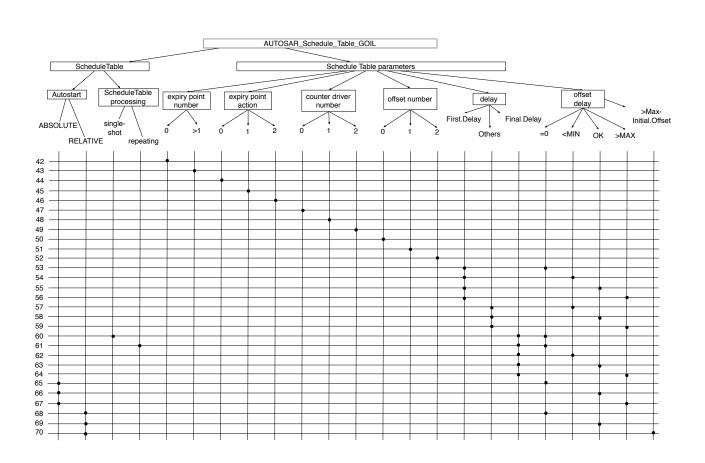
OS Requirements 401, 402, 403, 404, 407, 408, 409, 427, 442, 443, 444 are GOIL test cases (Test cases 33 to 42 and 70).

OS411 can't be tested. As a schedule table is automatically set to single-shot if not specified, OS413 can't be tested.

Test	Action	Expected Result	OS Require-
Case			ments
No.			
1	Call StartScheduleTableRel() from task	Service returns E_OK	OS278, OS358
2	Call StartScheduleTableRel() from task with invalid id	Service returns E_OS_ID	OS275
3	Call StartScheduleTableRel() from task with <offset></offset>	Service returns E_OS_VALUE	OS332
	value equal to zero		
4	Call StartScheduleTableRel() from task with <offset> &gt;</offset>	Service returns E_OS_VALUE	OS276
	(MAXALLOWEDVALUE - Initial Offset)		
5	Call StartScheduleTableRel() from task when schedule ta-	Service returns E_OS_STATE (in	OS277
	ble is not in state SCHEDULETABLE_STOPPED	STANDARD and EXTENDED)	
6	Call StartScheduleTableAbs() from task	Service returns E_OK	OS347, OS351
7	Call StartScheduleTableAbs() from task with invalid id	Service returns E_OS_ID	OS348
8	Call StartScheduleTableAbs() from task with <offset> &gt;</offset>	Service returns E_OS_VALUE	OS349
	(MAXALLOWEDVALUE)		
9	Call StartScheduleTableAbs() from task when schedule ta-	Service returns E_OS_STATE (in	OS350
	ble is in state SCHEDULETABLE_STOPPED	STANDARD and EXTENDED)	
10	Call StopScheduleTable() from task	Service returns E_OK	OS006 OS281,
			OS453
11	Call StopScheduleTable() from task with invalid id	Service returns E_OS_ID	OS279
12	Call StopScheduleTable() from task when schedule table is	Service returns E_OS_NOFUNC (in	OS280
	in state SCHEDULETABLE_STOPPED	STANDARD and EXTENDED)	
13	Call NextScheduleTable() from task	Service returns E_OK	OS191, OS284,
			OS324, OS414
14	Call NextScheduleTable() from task with invalid Sched-	Service returns E_OS_ID	OS282
	uleTableID_From		
15	Call NextScheduleTable() from task with invalid Sched-	Service returns E_OS_ID	OS282
	$uleTableID_{-}To$		
16	Call NextScheduleTable() from task with different schedule	Service returns E_OS_ID	OS330
	table counters		
17	Call NextScheduleTable() from task when schedule table	Service returns E_OS_NOFUNC (in	OS283
	"from" is in state SCHEDULETABLE_NEXT	STANDARD and EXTENDED)	
18	Call NextScheduleTable() from task when schedule table	Service returns E_OS_NOFUNC (in	OS283
	"from" is in state SCHEDULETABLE_STOPPED	STANDARD and EXTENDED)	
19	Call NextScheduleTable() from task when schedule table	Service returns E_OS_STATE	OS309
	"to" is not in state SCHEDULETABLE_STOPPED		
20	Call GetMessageStatus() from task	Service returns E_OK	OS359
21	Call GetMessageStatus() from task with invalid id	Service returns E_OS_ID	OS293
22	Call GetMessageStatus() from task for a schedule table	Service returns E_OK and	OS353
	which waits for the end of the current schedule table	SCHEDULETABLE_NEXT via	
		<schedulestatus></schedulestatus>	







Test	Action	Expected Result	OS Require-
Case	Titolon	Expected Result	ments
No.			11101100
23	Call GetMessageStatus() from task for a schedule table	Service returns E_OK and SCHED-	OS289
	which is not started	ULETABLE_STOPPED via	
		<schedulestatus></schedulestatus>	
24	Call GetMessageStatus() from task for a schedule table	Service returns E_OK and SCHED-	OS291
	which is started	ULETABLE_RUNNING via	
		<schedulestatus></schedulestatus>	
25	If single-shot ST, stop the schedule table Final Delay ticks		OS009
	after the Final Expiry Point is processed		
26	If single-shot ST, an expiry point can be set to offset=0		OS002
27	The schedule table has to be processed from the Initial-		OS002, OS410
	ExpiryPoint to the FinalExpiryPoint in order of increasing		
28	offset		OS002
28	If single-shot ST, an expiry point can be set to off- set=LENGTH		US002
29	If single-shot ST, The OS shall process all task activations		OS412
23	on an expiry point first and then set events		00412
30	Action of a ST results in a ActivateTask		
31	Action of a ST results in a ActivateTask and and overflow	ErrorHook is launched	
	of Activation occurs.		
32	Action of a ST results in a SetEvent		
33	Action of a ST results in a SetEvent on a basic task.	error : An action can't set an Event	
		to a basic task (Task t1 is a basic	
		task).	
34	Action of a ST results in a SetEvent on a suspended task.	ErrorHook is launched	
35	If single-shot ST, Intial expiry point of a 'nexted' ST shall		OS414
	be launched at Final Expiry point + Final Delay + Initial		
	Expiry point		0.0.100
36	A ST restarts from the begging (offset=0)		OS428
37	If repeating ST, Initial Expiry Point shall be launched at		OS194
38	Final Expiry Point + Final Delay + Initial Offset  If repeating ST, an expiry point can be set to offset=0 and		OS002
38	at offset=LENGTH-1		05002
39	Multiple ST are allowed		OS007
40	A ST can be autostarted with ABSOLUTE mode.		OsSchedule-
10	<pre><offset> should be in the range MINCY-</offset></pre>		TableAutostart
	CLEMAXALLOWEDVALUE OR equal to 0		
41	A ST can be autostarted with RELATIVE mode.		OsSchedule-
	<start> should be in the range MINCY-</start>		TableAutostart
	CLEMAXALLOWEDVALUE		
42	No Expiry point in a schedule table	error : no EXPIRY_POINT found	OS401
		for SCHEDULETABLE X	
43	One or several expiry points in a schedule table		OS401
44	No Action in an expiry point	error: no ACTION found for EX-	OS407
45		PIRY_POINT Y	00400 00400
45	One action in an expiry point		OS402, OS403
$\frac{46}{47}$	Several actions in an expiry point  No counter in a schedule table	error : Counter is not defined in X	OS407 OS409
48	One counter in a schedule table	error: Counter is not defined in A	OS409 OS409
49	Several counters in a schedule table	error : COUNTER attribute al-	OS409 OS409
49	beverar counters in a schedule table	ready defined for Schedule Table X	O3409
50	No offset in an expiry point	error: OFFSET is missing for ex-	OS404
55	1.0 ones in an orping point	piry point Y	
		Part Poure 1	

Test Case	Action	Expected Result	OS ments	Require-
No.				
51	One offset in an expiry point		OS442	
52	Several offsets in an expiry point	error : OFFSET Redefinition	OS442	
53	First.Delay is equal to 0		OS443	
54	First.Delay is lower than MINCYCLE	error: OFFSET of first expiry point is lower than MINCYCLE of the driving counter and not equal to 0.	OS443	
55	First.Delay is in the range		OS443	
56	First.Delay is greater than MAXALLOWEDVALUE	error: OFFSET of first expiry point is greater than MAX-ALLOWEDVALUE of the driving counter	OS443	
57	Delay between adjacent expiry point is lower than MINCY-CLE	error: Delay between expiry point number A and B is lower than MIN- CYCLE of the driving counter	OS408	
58	Delay between adjacent expiry point is in the range		OS408	
59	Delay between adjacent expiry point is greater than MAX-ALLOWEDVALUE	error: Delay between expiry point number A and B is greater than MAXALLOWEDVALUE of the driving counter	OS408	
60	In single-shot, Final.Delay is equal to 0		OS427	
61	In repeating, Final.Delay is equal to 0	error: Final delay can be equal to 0 only for single-shot schedule table and X is a repeating one	OS444	
62	Final.Delay is lower than MINCYCLE	error: Final delay should be within MINCYCLE and MAX-ALLOWEDVALUE of the driving counter	OS444	
63	Final.Delay is in the range		OS444	
64	Final.Delay is greater than MAXALLOWEDVALUE	error: Final delay should be within MINCYCLE and MAX-ALLOWEDVALUE of the driving counter	OS444	
65	In an ABSOLUTE autostarted schedule table, <offset> is equal to 0</offset>			
66	In an ABSOLUTE autostarted schedule table, <offset> is lower than MAXALLOWEDVALUE</offset>			
67	In an ABSOLUTE autostarted schedule table, <offset> is greater than MAXALLOWEDVALUE</offset>	error : X autostart's offset is greater than MAXALLOWED- VALUE	OS349	
68	In an RELATIVE autostarted schedule table, <start> is equal to 0</start>	error : X autostart's offset is equal to 0	OS332	
69	In an RELATIVE autostarted schedule table, <start> is lower than (MAXALLOWEDVALUE - Initial.Offset)</start>			
70	In an RELATIVE autostarted schedule table, <start> is greater than (MAXALLOWEDVALUE - Initial.Offset)</start>	error : X autostart's offset is greater than (MAXALLOWED- VALUE - Initial.Offset)	OS276	

When a schedule table is started, the first expiry point can be set to the "second" value of a counter tick (only with StartScheduleTableAbs) if :

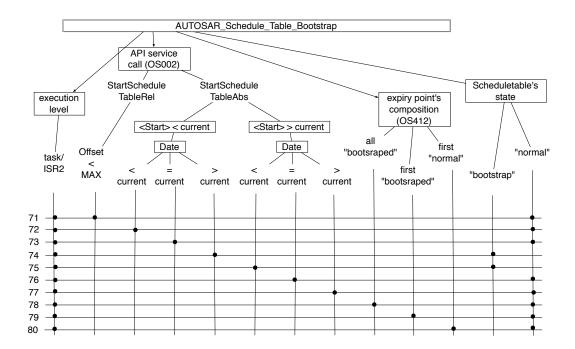
- $\bullet$  (<start> > current date) AND (<start> + FirstDelay MAX\_ALLOWED\_VALUE) > current date
- $\bullet$  (<start> < current date) AND ((<start> + FirstDelay) > current date)

Because of that, more tests has to be done to check that the expiry point is not launched at the first value of the

counter but at the "second". In Trampoline, we use a "Bootstrap" to implement the solution. A bit of the schedule table's state is set to '1' when the first expiry point has reached the conditions above. When the time object is launched, we take a look at the state and if the bit is '1', we take out the time object and place it before the current date, setting the bit to '0'. In this way, the expiry point is shifted to the "second" value of the counter.

Moreover, other tests have to check the correct functionning of the sequences when there are only "bootstraped" schedule table on an expiry point, or when there are "bootstraped" and "normal" schedule tabe, whatever the first inserted in the counter's date.

The plan below conclues on the schedule table tests. "Date" is the date of the first expiry point.



Test	Action	Expected Result
Case		
No.		
71	Call StartScheduleTableRel() from task. Offset is	Service returns E_OK
	lower than max allowed value of the counter.	
72	Call StartScheduleTableAbs() from task.	Service returns E_OK
	<start> and Date are lower than current</start>	
	date.	
73	Call StartScheduleTableAbs() from task.	Service returns E_OK
	<start> is lower than current date and Date is</start>	
	equal to current date.	
74	Call StartScheduleTableAbs() from task.	Service returns E_OK. The schedule table is set to a "boot-
	<start> is lower than current date and Date is</start>	strap" one.
	greater than current date.	
75	Call StartScheduleTableAbs() from task.	Service returns E_OK
	<start> is greater than current date and</start>	
	Date is lower than current date.	
76	Call StartScheduleTableAbs() from task.	Service returns E_OK
	<start> is greater than current date and</start>	
	Date is equal to current date.	

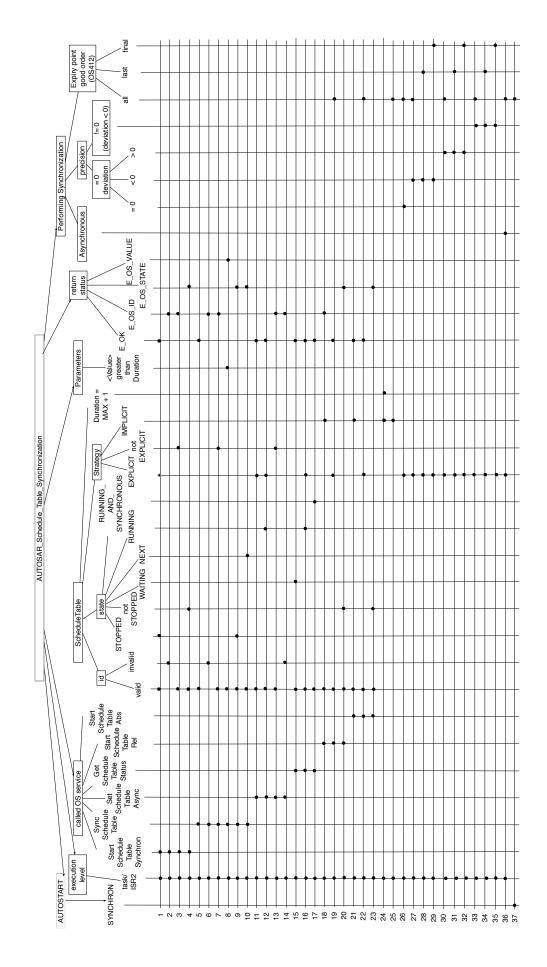
Test	Action	Expected Result
Case		
No.		
77	Call StartScheduleTableAbs() from task.	Service returns E_OK. The schedule table is set to a "boot-
		strap" one.
	date.	
78	Set several "bootstraped" schedule table to a	Expiry points stay in the list and schedule table state becomes
	same date	"normal"
79	Set several "bootstraped" and "normal" schedule	Expiry points which was "bootstraped" stay in the list and
	table to a same date. A "bootstrap" schedule	there schedule table state becomes "normal". Expiry point
	table is inserted first in the list.	which was "normal" are taken out of the list.
80	Set several "bootstraped" and "normal" schedule	Expiry points which was "bootstraped" stay in the list and
	table to a same date. A "normal" schedule table	there schedule table state becomes "normal". Expiry point
	is inserted first in the list.	which was "normal" are taken out of the list.

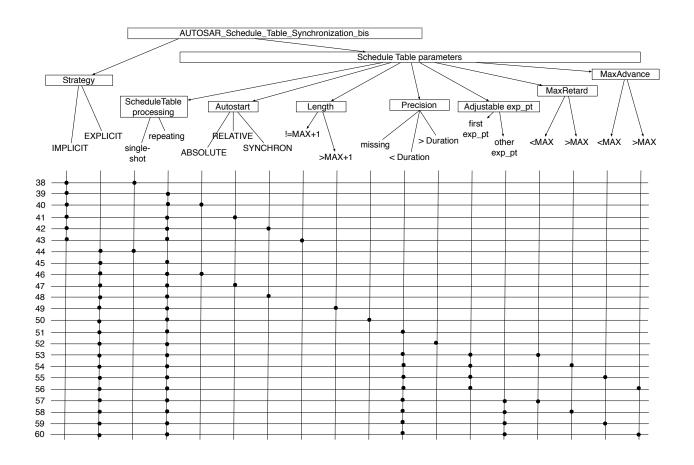
## 2.11 AUTOSAR - Schedule Table Synchronisation

OS Requirements : 013, 199, 201, 206, 227, 278, 290, 291, 300, 323, 351, 354, 362, (363), 387, 388, 389, 417, 418, 419, 420, 421, 422, 429, 430, 434, 435, 452, 454, 455, 456, 457, 458 OS462 and OS463 can't be tested.

OS Requirements 415, 416, 429, 430, 431, 436, 437, 438 are GOIL test cases (Test cases 38 to 60).

Test	Action	Expected Result	OS Require-
Case			ments
No.			
1	Call StartScheduleTableSynchron() from	Service returns E_OK, the state is set to	OS389, OS435
	task/ISR2. The state of the schedule table is	SCHEDULETABLE_WAITING	
	equal to SCHEDULETABLE_STOPPED		
2	Call StartScheduleTableSynchron() from	Service returns E_OS_ID	OS387
	task/ISR2 with invalid id		
3	Call StartScheduleTableSynchron() from	Service returns E_OS_ID	OS387
	task/ISR2. The schedule table is not		
	explicitly synchronized		
4	Call StartScheduleTableSynchron() from	Service returns E_OS_STATE (in STANDARD	OS388
	task/ISR2. The state of the schedule table is	and EXTENDED)	
_	not equal to SCHEDULETABLE_STOPPED		00019 00455
5	Call SyncScheduleTable() from task/ISR2.	Service returns E_OK, the processing of the	OS013, OS457,
0		schedule table is started	OS199, OS201
6	Call SyncScheduleTable() from task/ISR2 with invalid id	Service returns E_OS_ID	OS454
7	Call SyncScheduleTable() from task/ISR2.	Service returns E_OS_ID	OS454
1	The schedule table is not explicitly synchro-	Service returns E_OS_ID	05494
	nized		
8	Call SyncScheduleTable() from task/ISR2.	Service returns E_OS_VALUE	OS455
0	The <value> is greater than OSSched-</value>	Service returns E-OS-VALOE	05400
	uleTableDuration		
9	Call SyncScheduleTable() from task/ISR2.	Service returns E_OS_STATE	OS456
	The state of the schedule table is equal to	Service results E_0005 IIIIE	05100
	SCHEDULETABLE_STOPPED		
10	Call SyncScheduleTable() from task/ISR2.	Service returns E_OS_STATE	OS456
	The state of the schedule table is equal to		
	SCHEDULETABLE_NEXT		





Test	Action	Expected Result	OS Require-
Case			ments
No.			
11	Call SetScheduleTableAsync() from	Service returns E_OK, the state is set to	OS300
	task/ISR2. The schedule table is explic-	SCHEDULETABLE_RUNNING	
	itly synchronized		
12	Call SetScheduleTableAsync() from	Service returns E_OK, the synchronisation is	OS362, OS323,
	task/ISR2. The schedule table is ex-	stopped but expiry point are still processed	OS422
	plicitly synchronized and the state of		
	the schedule table is equal to SCHED-		
	ULETABLE_RUNNING		0.0.150
13	Call SetScheduleTableAsync() from	Service returns E_OS_ID	OS458
	task/ISR2. The schedule table's strategy is		
1.4	not equal to EXPLICIT	G : L DOGID	00450
14	Call SetScheduleTableAsync() from	Service returns E_OS_ID	OS458
15	task/ISR2 with invalid id	G : 4 E OK 1 COHED	OC254 OC225
15	Call GetScheduleTableStatus() from task/ISR2. The schedule table is EX-	Service returns E_OK and SCHED- ULETABLE_WAITING via <schedulestatus></schedulestatus>	OS354, OS227
	task/ISR2. The schedule table is EX- CPLICIT and no synchronisation count was	OLETABLE_WAITING via < schedulestatus>	
	provided		
16	Call GetScheduleTableStatus() from	Service returns E_OK and SCHED-	OS291
10	task/ISR2. The schedule table is started	ULETABLE_RUNNING via <schedulestatus></schedulestatus>	00201
	AND NOT synchronous	OBBITIBBB IVOTATION VIA SCHOOLINGSVANDS	
17	Call GetScheduleTableStatus() from	Service returns E_OK and SCHED-	OS290
	task/ISR2. The schedule table is started	ULETABLE_RUNNING_AND_SYNCHRONOUS	
	AND synchronous (deviation in the precision	via <schedulestatus></schedulestatus>	
	interval)		
	/		

Test Case No.	Action	Expected Result	OS ments	Require-
18	Call StartScheduleTableRel() from task/ISR2. The schedule table's strategy is IMPLICIT	Service returns E_OS_ID	OS452,	
19	Call StartScheduleTableRel() from task/ISR2. The schedule table's strategy is EXPLICIT	Service returns E_OK, the processing of the schedule table is started and the state is SCHED-ULETABLE_RUNNING	OS278,	OS434
20	Call StartScheduleTableRel() from task/ISR2. The schedule table's strategy is EXPLICIT and its state is not stopped	Service returns E_OS_STATE	OS277	
21	Call StartScheduleTableAbs() from task/ISR2. The schedule table's strategy is IMPLICIT	Service returns E_OK, the processing of the schedule table is started and the state is SCHED-ULETABLE_RUNNING	OS351	
22	Call StartScheduleTableAbs() from task/ISR2. The schedule table's strategy is EXPLICIT	Service returns E_OK, the processing of the schedule table is started and the state is SCHED-ULETABLE_RUNNING	OS351,	OS434
23	Call StartScheduleTableAbs() from task/ISR2. The schedule table's strategy is EXPLICIT and its state is not stopped	Service returns E_OS_STATE	OS350	
24	An IMPLICIT schedule table shall have a period equal to ( MAX_ALLOWED_VALUE + 1 ) of its counter		OS429	
25	An IMPLICIT schedule table is always synchronized.	Next expiry point is inserted in the list		
26	No synchronisation with deviation equal to 0	Next expiry point is inserted in the list	OS389,	OS201
27	Performing synchronisation with precision equal to 0 and deviation less than 0. Check expiry point good order	According to deviation and MaxRetard, Next expiry point is inserted in the list	OS206, OS420	OS417,
28	Performing synchronisation with precision equal to 0 and deviation less than 0. Check expiry point good order on last expiry point	According to deviation and MaxRetard, First expiry point is adjusted and if comes before Final expiry point, Final expiry point is adjuted to the same offset of First expiry point and inserted in the list and First expiry point offset becomes 0	OS420	
29	Performing synchronisation with precision equal to 0 and deviation less than 0. Check expiry point good order on final expiry point	According to deviation and MaxRetard, First expiry point is launched now if First.Delay equal to 0, otherwise if only one expiry point in the ST (the final one), adjust the Final expiry point, insert it in the list and First expiry point offset becomes 0 otherwise is adjusted and inserted in the list	OS420	
30	Performing synchronisation with precision equal to 0 and deviation greater than 0. Check expiry point good order	According to deviation and MaxAdvance, Next expiry point is inserted in the list	OS421	
31	Performing synchronisation with precision equal to 0 and deviation greater than 0. Check expiry point good order on last expiry point	According to deviation and MaxAdvance, First expiry point is adjusted and Final expiry point is inserted in the list	OS421	
32	Performing synchronisation with precision equal to 0 and deviation greater than 0. Check expiry point good order on final expiry point	According to deviation and MaxAdvance, First expiry point is launched now if First.Delay equal to 0, otherwise is adjusted and inserted in the list	OS421	
33	Performing synchronisation with precision dif- ferent than 0 and deviation less than 0. Check expiry point good order	According to deviation, precision and MaxRetard, Next expiry point is inserted in the list	OS418,	OS419

Test Case No.	Action	Expected Result	OS Requirements
34	Performing synchronisation with precision different than 0 and deviation less than 0. Check expiry point good order on last expiry point	According to deviation, precision and MaxRetard, First expiry point is adjusted and if comes before Final expiry point, Final expiry point is adjuted to the same offset of First expiry point and inserted in the list and First expiry point offset becomes 0	OS418, OS419
35	Performing synchronisation with precision dif- ferent than 0 and deviation less than 0. Check expiry point good order on final expiry point	According to deviation, precision and MaxRetard, First expiry point is launched now if First.Delay equal to 0, otherwise if only one expiry point in the ST (the final one), adjust the Final expiry point, insert it in the list and First expiry point offset becomes 0 otherwise is adjusted and inserted in the list	OS418, OS419
36	No synchronisation if schedule table asynchronous	Next expiry point is inserted in the list	OS362, OS323
37	A schedule table can be autostarted with SYNCHRON mode	The state is SCHEDULETABLE_WAITING	OsSchedule- TableAutostart
38	IMPLICIT schedule table is single-shot	A synchronized schedule table shall be repeating otherwise, synchronisation can't be done.	
39	IMPLICIT schedule table is repeating		
40	IMPLICIT schedule table autostarts in AB-SOLUTE mode		
41	IMPLICIT schedule table autostarts in REL-ATIVE mode	An IMPLICIT schedule table should be started in Absolute mode only	OS430
42	IMPLICIT schedule table autostarts in SYN-CHRON mode	An IMPLICIT schedule table should be started in Absolute mode only	OS430
43	$\begin{array}{c} \text{IMPLICIT schedule table duration is different} \\ \text{to MAXALLOWEDVALUE}  +  1 \end{array}$	An IMPLICIT schedule table should have a duration equal to OSMAXALLOWEDVALUE + 1 of its counter.	OS429
44	EXPLICIT schedule table is single-shot	A synchronized schedule table shall be repeating otherwise, synchronisation can't be done.	
45	EXPLICIT schedule table is repeating	, ,	
46	EXPLICIT schedule table autostarts in AB-SOLUTE mode		
47	EXPLICIT schedule table autostarts in REL-ATIVE mode		
48	EXPLICIT schedule table autostarts in SYN-CHRON mode		
49	EXPLICIT schedule table duration is greater than MAXALLOWEDVALUE + 1	An EXPLICIT schedule table shouldn't have a duration greater than OSMAXALLOWE-VALUE + 1 of its counter.	OS431
50	EXPLICIT schedule table precision missing	PRECISION attribute is missing	
51	EXPLICIT schedule table precision lower than duration		
52	EXPLICIT schedule table precision greater than duration	An explicit schedule table shall have a precision in the range 0 to duration.	OS438
53	In the first expiry point of an EXPLICIT schedule table, MaxRetard is lower than the maximum value allowed		
54	In the first expiry point of an EXPLICIT schedule table, MaxRetard is greater than the maximum value allowed	In first expiry point, MaxRetard should be inferior to the previous delay minus MINCYCLE of the counter.	OS415, OS436

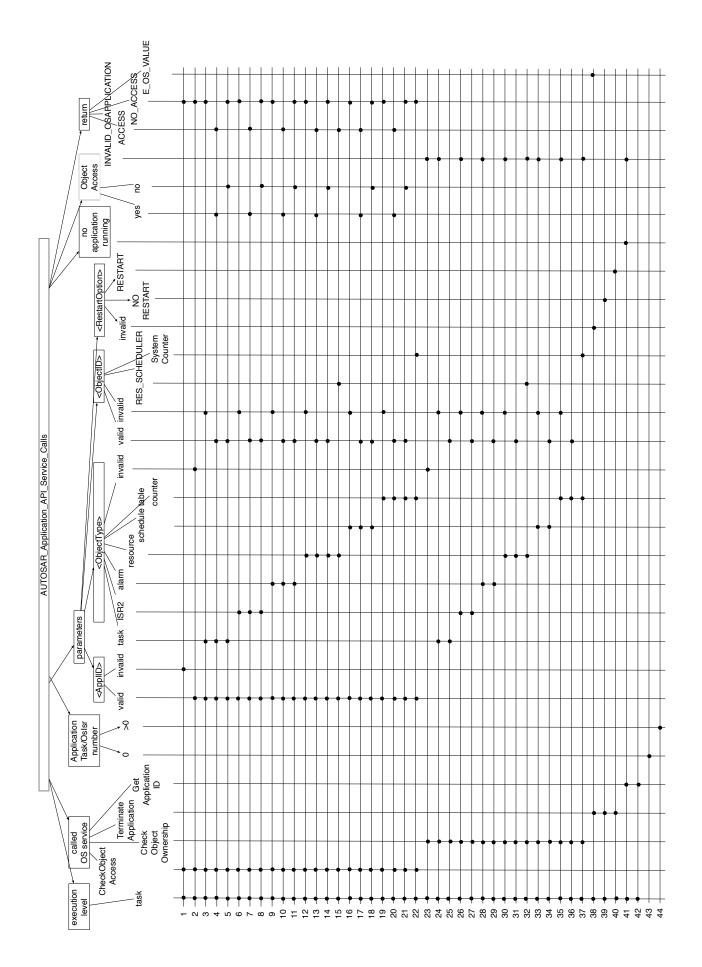
Test	Action	Expected Result	OS	Require-
Case			ments	
No.				
55	In the first expiry point of an EXPLICIT			
	schedule table, MaxAdvance is lower than the			
	maximum value allowed			
56	In the first expiry point of an EXPLICIT	In first expiry point, MaxAdvance should be in-	OS416,	OS437
	schedule table, MaxAdvance is greater than	ferior to duration minus the first delay.		
	the maximum value allowed			
57	In an expiry point of an EXPLICIT schedule			
	table, MaxRetard is lower than the maximum			
	value allowed			
58	In an expiry point of an EXPLICIT schedule	In expiry point at offset X, MaxRetard should be	OS415,	OS436
	table, MaxRetard is greater than the maxi-	inferior to the previous delay minus MINCYCLE		
	mum value allowed	of the counter.		
59	In an expiry point of an EXPLICIT schedule			
	table, MaxAdvance is lower than the maxi-			
	mum value allowed			
60	In an expiry point of an EXPLICIT schedule	In expiry point at offset X, MaxAdvance should	OS416,	OS4337
	table, MaxAdvance is greater than the maxi-	be inferior to duration minus the previous delay.		
	mum value allowed			

## 2.12 AUTOSAR - OS-Application

### 2.12.1 API Service Calls for OS objects

OS Requirements : 016, 017, 256, 258, 261, 262, 271, 272, 273, 274, 287, 318, 319, 346, 423, 445, 447, 450, 459 OS288\* is in the sequence which test all the API service calls from wrong context.

Test Case No.	Action	Expected Result	OS ments	Require-
1	Call CheckObjectAccess() with <appid> invalid</appid>	Service returns NO_ACCESS	OS423	
2	Call CheckObjectAccess() with <objecttype> invalid</objecttype>	Service returns NO_ACCESS	OS423	
3	Call CheckObjectAccess() for a task object type with <objectid> invalid</objectid>	Service returns NO_ACCESS	OS423	
4	Call CheckObjectAccess() for a task object type, running task/ISR2 has access to the object	Service returns ACCESS	OS256, OS450	OS271,
5	Call CheckObjectAccess() for a task object type, running task/ISR2 has NO access to the object	Service returns NO_ACCESS	OS272	
6	Call CheckObjectAccess() for an ISR2 object type with <objectid> invalid</objectid>	Service returns NO_ACCESS		
7	Call CheckObjectAccess() for an ISR2 object type, running task/ISR2 has access to the object	Service returns ACCESS		
8	Call CheckObjectAccess() for an ISR2 object type, running task/ISR2 has NO access to the object	Service returns NO_ACCESS		



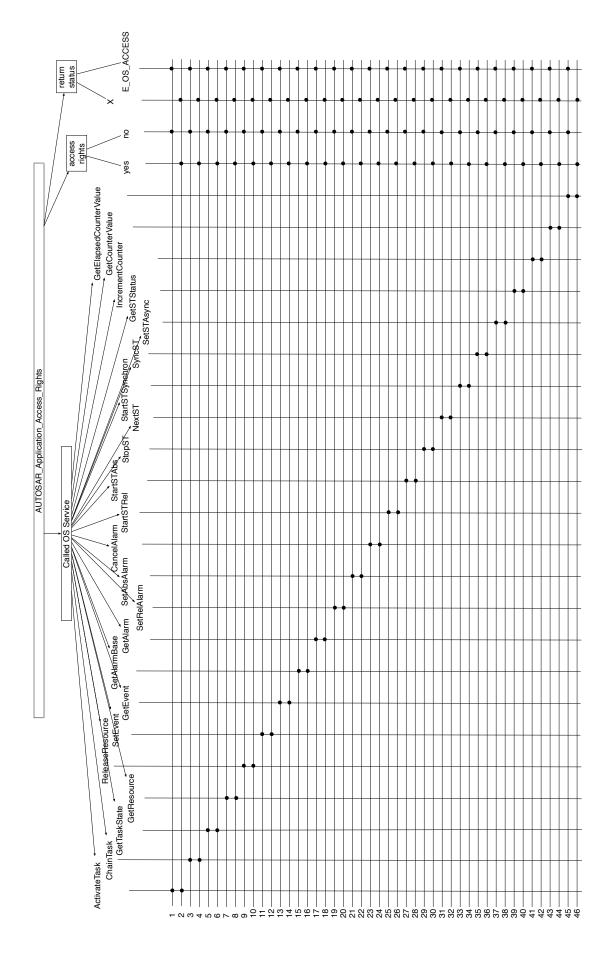
Test	Action	Expected Result	OS Require-
Case		r	ments
No.			
9	Call CheckObjectAccess() for an alarm object	Service returns NO_ACCESS	
	type with <objectid> invalid</objectid>		
10	Call CheckObjectAccess() for an alarm object	Service returns ACCESS	
	type, running task/ISR2 has access to the ob-		
	ject		
11	Call CheckObjectAccess() for an alarm object	Service returns NO_ACCESS	
	type, running task/ISR2 has NO access to the		
	object		
12	Call CheckObjectAccess() for a resource ob-	Service returns NO_ACCESS	
	ject type with <objectid> invalid</objectid>		
13	Call CheckObjectAccess() for a resource ob-	Service returns ACCESS	
	ject type, running task/ISR2 has access to the		
	object		
14	Call CheckObjectAccess() for a resource ob-	Service returns NO_ACCESS	
	ject type, running task/ISR2 has NO access		
	to the object		
15	Call CheckObjectAccess() for a resource ob-	Service returns ACCESS	OS318
	ject type (RES_SCHEDULER)		
16	Call CheckObjectAccess() for a schedule table	Service returns NO_ACCESS	
	object type with <objectid> invalid</objectid>		
17	Call CheckObjectAccess() for a schedule table	Service returns ACCESS	
	object type, running task/ISR2 has access to		
	the object		
18	Call CheckObjectAccess() for a schedule table	Service returns NO_ACCESS	
	object type, running task/ISR2 has NO access		
	to the object		
19	Call CheckObjectAccess() for a counter object	Service returns NO_ACCESS	
	type with <objectid> invalid</objectid>		
20	Call CheckObjectAccess() for a counter object	Service returns ACCESS	
	type, running task/ISR2 has access to the ob-		
	ject		
21	Call CheckObjectAccess() for a counter object	Service returns NO_ACCESS	
	type, running task/ISR2 has NO access to the		
	object		
22	Call CheckObjectAccess() for a counter object	Service returns NO_ACCESS	
	type (SystemCounter)		0.00=1.00=1
23	Call CheckObjectOwnerShip() with	Service returns INVALID_OSAPPLICATION	OS274, OS017
2.4	<objecttype> invalid</objecttype>	a	000=1
24	Call CheckObjectOwnerShip() for a task ob-	Service returns INVALID_OSAPPLICATION	OS274
	ject type with <objectid> invalid</objectid>		0.00=0
25	Call CheckObjectOwnerShip() for a task ob-	Service returns the identifier of the OS-	OS273
2.0	ject type	Application to which the object belongs	
26	Call CheckObjectOwnerShip() for an ISR2	Service returns INVALID_OSAPPLICATION	
07	object type with <objectid> invalid</objectid>		
27	Call CheckObjectOwnerShip() for an ISR2	Service returns the identifier of the OS-	
20	object type	Application to which the object belongs	
28	Call CheckObjectOwnerShip() for an alarm	Service returns INVALID_OSAPPLICATION	
00	object type with <objectid> invalid</objectid>		
29	Call CheckObjectOwnerShip() for an alarm	Service returns the identifier of the OS-	
	object type	Application to which the object belongs	

Test	Action	Expected Result	OS	Require-
Case No.			ments	
30	Call CheckObjectOwnerShip() for a resource object type with <objectid> invalid</objectid>	Service returns INVALID_OSAPPLICATION		
31	Call CheckObjectOwnerShip() for a resource object type	Service returns the identifier of the OS-Application to which the object belongs		
32	Call CheckObjectOwnerShip() for a resource object type (RES_SCHEDULER)	Service returns INVALID_OSAPPLICATION	OS319	
33	Call CheckObjectOwnerShip() for a schedule table object type with <objectid> invalid</objectid>	Service returns INVALID_OSAPPLICATION		
34	Call CheckObjectOwnerShip() for a schedule table object type	Service returns the identifier of the OS-Application to which the object belongs		
35	Call CheckObjectOwnerShip() for a counter object type with <objectid> invalid</objectid>	Service returns INVALID_OSAPPLICATION		
36	Call CheckObjectOwnerShip() for a counter object type	Service returns the identifier of the OS-Application to which the object belongs		
37	Call CheckObjectOwnerShip() for a counter object type (SystemCounter)	Service returns INVALID_OSAPPLICATION		
38	Call TerminateApplication() with <restartoption> invalid</restartoption>	Service returns E_OS_VALUE	OS459	
39	Call TerminateApplication() with <restartoption> equals NO RESTART</restartoption>	The OS shall terminate the calling OS-Application (i.e. to kill all tasks, disable the interrupt sources of those OsIsrs which belong to the OS-Application and free all other OS resources associated with the application)	OS258, OS447	OS287,
40	Call TerminateApplication() with <restartoption> equals RESTART</restartoption>	The OS shall terminate the calling OS-Application (i.e. to kill all tasks, disable the interrupt sources of those OsIsrs which belong to the OS-Application and free all other OS resources associated with the application) and shall activate the configured OsRestartTask of the terminated OS-Application	OS258, OS447	OS346,
41	Call GetApplicationID() and no OS- Application is running	Service returns INVALID_OSAPPLICATION	OS262	
42	Call GetApplicationID() and one OS- Application is running	Service returns the application identifier to which the executing Task/OsIsr/hook belongs	OS016,	OS261
43	No Task nor ISR2 in an application	error : An application should have at least one Task OR ISR2.	OS445	
44	At least one Task or OsIsr in an application		OS445	

# 2.12.2 Access Rights for objects in API services

OS Requirements: 56, 448

Test	Action	Expected Result	OS	Require-
Case			ments	
No.				
1	Call ActivateTask() for a task which can be	Service returns E_OK if no error	OS448	
	accessed by the running task/ISR2			
2	Call ActivateTask() for a task which can't be	Service returns E_OS_ACCESS	OS056,	OS448
	accessed by the running task/ISR2			
3	Call ChainTask() for a task which can be ac-	Service returns E_OK if no error		
	cessed by the running task/ISR2			



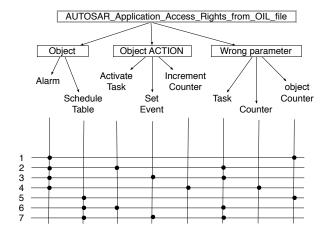
Test	Action	Expected Result	OS	Require-
Case		r	ments	1
No.				
4	Call ChainTask() for a task which can't be	Service returns E_OS_ACCESS		
	accessed by the running task/ISR2			
5	Call GetTaskState() for a task which can be	Service returns E_OK if no error		
	accessed by the $running  task/ISR2$			
6	Call GetTaskState() for a task which can't be	Service returns E_OS_ACCESS		
	accessed by the $running  task/ISR2$			
7	Call GetResource() for a task which can be	Service returns E_OK if no error		
	accessed by the $running task/ISR2$			
8	Call GetResource() for a task which can't be	Service returns E_OS_ACCESS		
	accessed by the $running task/ISR2$			
9	Call ReleaseResource() for a task which can	Service returns E_OK if no error		
	be accessed by the $running task/ISR2$			
10	Call ReleaseResource() for a task which can't	Service returns E_OS_ACCESS		
	be accessed by the $running task/ISR2$			
11	Call SetEvent() for a task which can be ac-	Service returns E_OK if no error		
	cessed by the $running task/ISR2$			
12	Call SetEvent() for a task which can't be ac-	Service returns E_OS_ACCESS		
	cessed by the running task/ISR2			
13	Call GetEvent() for a task which can be ac-	Service returns E_OK if no error		
	cessed by the running task/ISR2			
14	Call GetEvent() for a task which can't be ac-	Service returns E_OS_ACCESS		
	cessed by the running task/ISR2			
15	Call GetAlarmBase() for a task which can be	Service returns E_OK if no error		
10	accessed by the running task/ISR2	D OG A GGEGG		
16	Call GetAlarmBase() for a task which can't	Service returns E_OS_ACCESS		
1.77	be accessed by the running task/ISR 2	C · P OIV:		
17	Call GetAlarm() for a task which can be ac-	Service returns E_OK if no error		
18	cessed by the running task/ISR2	C		
18	Call GetAlarm() for a task which can't be accessed by the running task/ISR2	Service returns E_OS_ACCESS		
19	Call SetRelAlarm() for a task which can be	Service returns E_OK if no error		
19	accessed by the running task/ISR2	Service returns E_OK if no error		
20	Call SetRelAlarm() for a task which can't be	Service returns E_OS_ACCESS		
20	accessed by the running task/ISR2	Service returns E-OS-ACCESS		
21	Call SetAbsAlarm() for a task which can be	Service returns E_OK if no error		
21	accessed by the running task/ISR2	Service returns E_OR if no error		
22	Call SetAbsAlarm() for a task which can't be	Service returns E_OS_ACCESS		
22	accessed by the running task/ISR2	Service returns 12-0521100255		
23	Call CancelAlarm() for a task which can be	Service returns E_OK if no error		
20	accessed by the running task/ISR2	Service revains 12.011 in no circl		
24	Call CancelAlarm() for a task which can't be	Service returns E_OS_ACCESS		
<b>4</b> ±	accessed by the running task/ISR2	Solvino loudino Eloguitochoo		
25	Call StartScheduleTableRel() for a task which	Service returns E_OK if no error		
-0	can be accessed by the running task/ISR2	Service reverse Block in the error		
26	Call StartScheduleTableRel() for a task which	Service returns E_OS_ACCESS		
	can't be accessed by the running task/ISR2	22.22.200		
27	Call StartScheduleTableAbs() for a task which	Service returns E_OK if no error		
·	can be accessed by the running task/ISR2	2022		
28	Call StartScheduleTableAbs() for a task which	Service returns E_OS_ACCESS		
	can't be accessed by the running task/ISR2			

Test Case	Action	Expected Result	OS Requirements
No.			
29	Call StopScheduleTable() for a task which can be accessed by the <i>running</i> task/ISR2	Service returns E_OK if no error	
30	Call StopScheduleTable() for a task which can't be accessed by the running task/ISR2	Service returns E_OS_ACCESS	
31	Call NextScheduleTable() for a task which can be accessed by the <i>running</i> task/ISR2	Service returns E_OK if no error	
32	Call NextScheduleTable() for a task which can't be accessed by the running task/ISR2	Service returns E_OS_ACCESS	
33	Call StartScheduleTableSynchron() for a task which can be accessed by the running task/ISR2	Service returns E_OK if no error	
34	Call StartScheduleTableSynchron() for a task which can't be accessed by the running task/ISR2	Service returns E_OS_ACCESS	
35	Call SyncScheduleTable() for a task which can be accessed by the running task/ISR2	Service returns E_OK if no error	
36	Call SyncScheduleTable() for a task which can't be accessed by the running task/ISR2	Service returns E_OS_ACCESS	
37	Call SetScheduleTableAsync() for a task which can be accessed by the running task/ISR2	Service returns E_OK if no error	
38	Call SetScheduleTableAsync() for a task which can't be accessed by the running task/ISR2	Service returns E_OS_ACCESS	
39	Call GetScheduleTableStatus() for a task which can be accessed by the running task/ISR2	Service returns E_OK if no error	
40	Call GetScheduleTableStatus() for a task which can't be accessed by the running task/ISR2	Service returns E_OS_ACCESS	
41	Call IncrementCounter() for a task which can be accessed by the running task/ISR2	Service returns E_OK if no error	
42	Call IncrementCounter() for a task which can't be accessed by the running task/ISR2	Service returns E_OS_ACCESS	
43	Call GetCounterValue() for a task which can be accessed by the <i>running</i> task/ISR2	Service returns E_OK if no error	
44	Call GetCounterValue() for a task which can't be accessed by the running task/ISR2	Service returns E_OS_ACCESS	
45	Call GetElapsedCounterValue() for a task which can be accessed by the running task/ISR2	Service returns E_OK if no error	
46	Call GetElapsedCounterValue() for a task which can't be accessed by the running task/ISR2	Service returns E_OS_ACCESS	

# 2.12.3 Access Rights for objects from OIL file

OS Requirements: 056

Test	Action	Expected Result	OS	Require-
Case			ments	
No.				



Test Case No.	Action	Expected Result	OS ments	Require-
1	Alarm's Counter doesn't belong to the same application of the alarm and the alarm has no access rights to the counter's application	error : Counter C doesn't belong to the same application of alarm A		
2	Action of an alarm results in a ActivateTask. Action's Task doesn't belong to the same application of the alarm and the alarm has no access rights to the task's application	error : Task T doesn't belong to the same application of alarm A		
3	Action of an alarm results in a SetEvent. Action's Task doesn't belong to the same application of the alarm and the alarm has no access rights to the task's application	error : Task T doesn't belong to the same application of alarm A		
4	Action of an alarm results in a Increment-Counter. Action's Counter doesn't belong to the same application of the alarm and the alarm has no access rights to the counter's application	error : Counter C doesn't belong to the same application of alarm A		
5	Schedule table's Counter doesn't belong to the same application of the schedule table and the schedule table has no access rights to the counter's application	error : Counter C doesn't belong to the same application of schedule table S		
6	Action of an expiry point of a schedule table results in a ActivateTask. Action's Task doesn't belong to the same application of the schedule table and the schedule table has no access rights to the task's application	error : Task T doesn't belong to the same application of schedule table S		
7	Action of an expiry point of a schedule table results in a SetEvent. Action's Task doesn't belong to the same application of the schedule table and the schedule table has no access rights to the task's application	error : Task T doesn't belong to the same application of schedule table S		

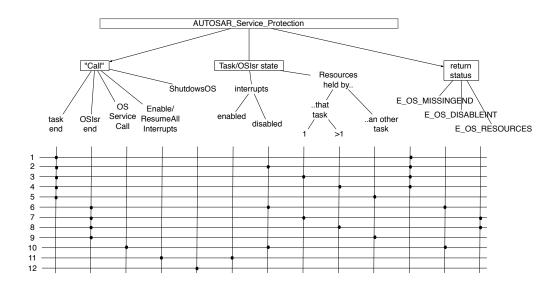
#### 2.13 AUTOSAR - Service Protection

OS Requirements: 52, 69, 70, 71, 92, 93, 239, 368, 369

Test case 11 can't be tested because enabling/resuming API service call doesn't return.

As specified in AUTOSAR OS Specifications, when an API service call happens when interrupts are disabled, the service should be ignored and should return E\_OS\_DISABLEDINT when the service return a StatusType (OS093, Test Case 10). The ErrorHook(s) is(are) called.

As nothing is described for API services which doesn't return a StatusType, we decide executing the service correctly, calling the Errorhook(s) with E\_OS\_DISABLEDINT as sequence 5 in the procedure (See GetActiveApplicationMode(), GetApplicationID(), GetISRID(), CheckObjectAccess(), CheckObjectOwnership()).

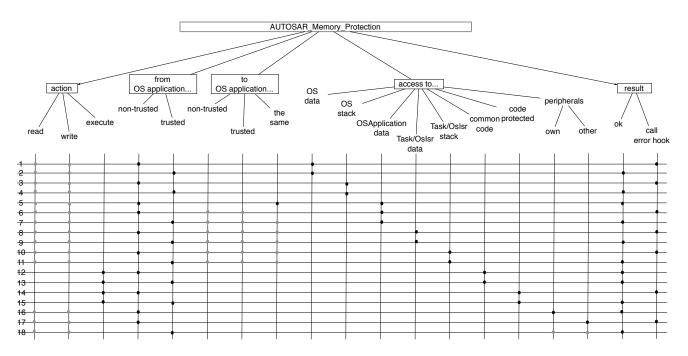


Test	Action	Expected Result	OS	Require-
Case			ments	
No.				
1	Ending a task without making a Terminate-	The OS shall terminate the task, call	OS052,	OS069
	Task() or ChainTask() call	the errorhook (if configured) with status		
		E_OS_MISSINGEND before leaving RUNNING		
		state and call the posttaskhook (is configured)		
2	Ending a task without making a Terminate-	The OS shall terminate the task, call	OS239	
	Task() with interrupts disabled	the errorhook (if configured) with status		
		E_OS_MISSINGEND and enabling interrupts		
3	Ending a task without making a Terminate-	The OS shall terminate the task, call	OS070	
	Task(), holding 1 resource	the errorhook (if configured) with status		
		E_OS_MISSINGEND and release the resource		
4	Ending a task without making a Terminate-	The OS shall terminate the task, call	OS070	
	Task(), holding several resources	the errorhook (if configured) with status		
		E_OS_MISSINGEND and release resources		
5	Ending a task without making a Terminate-	The OS shall terminate the task, call	OS070	
	Task(), an other task holding resource(s)	the errorhook (if configured) with status		
		E_OS_MISSINGEND		
6	Ending an ISR2 with interrupts disabled	The OS shall call the errorhook (if configured)	OS368	
		with status E_OS_DISABLEDINT and enabling		
		interrupts		
7	Ending an ISR2, holding 1 resource	The OS shall call the errorhook (if configured)	OS369	
		with status E_OS_RESOURCE and release the		
		resource		
8	Ending an ISR2, holding several resources	The OS shall call the errorhook (if configured)	OS369	
		with status E_OS_RESOURCE and release re-		
		sources		

Test	Action	Expected Result	OS	Require-
Case			ments	
No.				
9	Ending an ISR2, an other task holding re-	The OS shall call the errorhook (if configured)	OS369	
	source(s)	with status E_OS_RESOURCE		
10	Call an OS service when interrupts are dis-	Service (which can) returns	OS093	
	abled	E_OS_DISABLEDINT, ignoring the service		
11	Enabling/Resuming ingterrupts when inter-	Service ignored	OS092	
	rupts are already enabled			
12	Call ShutdownOS()	PostTaskHook is not performed (even if Post-	OS071	
		TaskHook is configured)		

## 2.14 AUTOSAR - Memory Protection

OS Requirements : 26, 27, 44, 81, 83, 86, 87, 195, 196, 198, 207, 208, 209, 355, 356. Test case 14, 15, 16, 18 (the own peripheral part) are not tested yet.



Test	Action	Expected Result	OS Require-
Case			ments
No.			
1	Read/Write OS datas from non-trusted OS	The OS shall call the protection-	OS198
	application	hook (if configured) with status	
		E_OS_PROTECTION_MEMORY	
2	Read/Write OS datas from trusted OS appli-	Access allowed	OS198
	cation		
3	Read/Write OS stack from non-trusted OS ap-	The OS shall call the protection-	OS198
	plication	hook (if configured) with status	
		E_OS_PROTECTION_MEMORY	
4	Read/Write OS stack from trusted OS appli-	Access allowed	OS198
	cation		
5	Read/Write its own OS application's datas	Access allowed	OS086
	from non-trusted OS application		

Test Case No.	Action	Expected Result	OS Requirements
6	Read/Write other OS application's datas from non-trusted OS application	The OS shall call the protection-hook (if configured) with status E_OS_PROTECTION_MEMORY	OS026, OS207
7	Read/Write OS application's datas from trusted OS application	Access allowed	OS026, OS207, OS086
8	Read/write Task/OsIsr's datas from non- trusted OS application (in the same or other OS application)	The OS shall call the protection-hook (if configured) with status E_OS_PROTECTION_MEMORY	OS195, OS356
9	Read/write Task/OsIsr's datas from trusted OS application (in the same or other OS application)	Access allowed	OS087
10	Read/write Task/OsIsr's stack from non- trusted OS application (in the same or other OS application)	The OS shall call the protection-hook (if configured) with status E_OS_PROTECTION_MEMORY	OS208, OS355
11	Read/write Task/OsIsr's stack from trusted OS application (in the same or other OS application)	Access allowed	OS196
12	Execute sharde library code from non-trusted OS application	Access allowed	OS081
13	Execute sharde library code from trusted OS application	Access allowed	OS081
14	Execute protected (an OS application can protect its code section) code from non-trusted OS application	The OS shall call the protection-hook (if configured) with status E_OS_PROTECTION_MEMORY	OS027
15	Execute protected (an OS application can protect its code section) code from trusted OS application	Access allowed	OS027
16	Read/Write its own peripherals from non- trusted OS application	Access allowed	OS083
17	Read/Write other peripherals from non-trusted OS application	The OS shall call the protection-hook (if configured) with status E_OS_PROTECTION_MEMORY	OS209
18	Read/Write peripherals from trusted OS application	Access allowed	OS209

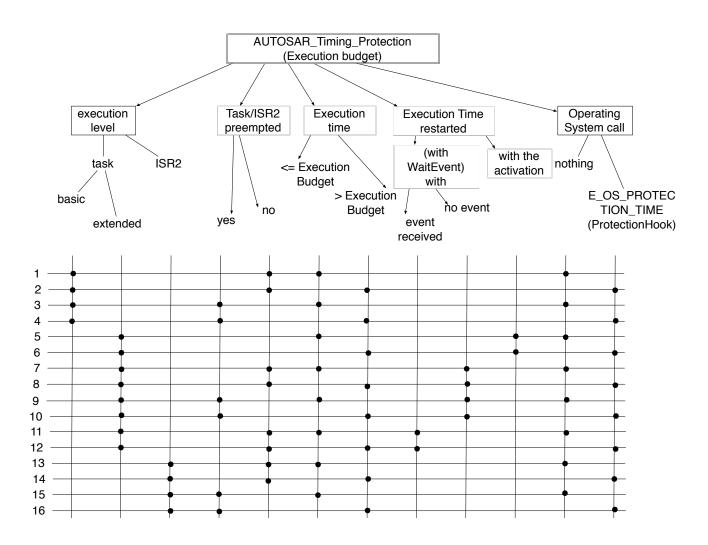
# 2.15 AUTOSAR - Timing Protection

OS Requirements: (28), (89), (397)

## 2.15.1 Execution Time Budget

OS Requirements : 64, 210, 473, 474

Test	Action	Expected Result	OS	Require-
Case			ments	
No.				
1	Execution Time of a non-preempted basic task		OS473	
	is less than the Execution Budget			
2	Execution Time of a non-preempted basic task	The OS shall call the protectionhook (if config-	OS064	
	reaches the Execution Budget	ured) with status E_OS_PROTECTION_TIME		

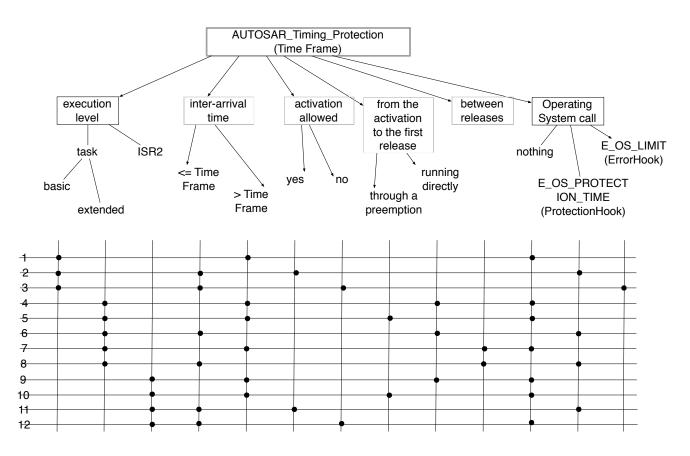


Test Case No.	Action	Expected Result	OS Requirements
3	Execution Time of a preempted basic task is less than the Execution Budget		
4	Execution Time of a preempted basic task reaches the Execution Budget	The OS shall call the protectionhook (if configured) with status E_OS_PROTECTION_TIME	OS064
5	Execution Time of an extended task which has been reset by the activation of the task until WaitEvent API calls		
6	Execution Time of an extended task which has been reset by the activation of the task but never comes to the WaitEvent API	The OS shall call the protectionhook (if configured) with status E_OS_PROTECTION_TIME	OS064
7	Execution Time (restarted by WaitEvent without event set) of a non-preempted extended task is less than the Execution Budget		OS473
8	Execution Time (restarted by WaitEvent without event set) of a non-preempted extended task reaches the Execution Budget	The OS shall call the protectionhook (if configured) with status E_OS_PROTECTION_TIME	OS064
9	Execution Time (restarted by WaitEvent without event set) of a preempted basic task is less than the Execution Budget		OS473
10	Execution Time (restarted by WaitEvent without event set) of a preempted basic task reaches the Execution Budget	The OS shall call the protectionhook (if configured) with status E_OS_PROTECTION_TIME	OS064
11	Execution Time (restarted by WaitEvent with the event(s) set) of a non-preempted extended task is less than the Execution Budget		
12	Execution Time (restarted by WaitEvent with the event(s) set) of a non-preempted extended task reaches the Execution Budget	The OS shall call the protectionhook (if configured) with status E_OS_PROTECTION_TIME	OS064
13	Execution Time of a preempted ISR2 is less than the Execution Budget		OS474
14	Execution Time of a preempted ISR2 reaches the Execution Budget	The OS shall call the protectionhook (if configured) with status E_OS_PROTECTION_TIME	OS210
15	Execution Time of a preempted ISR2 is less than the Execution Budget		
16	Execution Time of a preempted ISR2 reaches the Execution Budget	The OS shall call the protectionhook (if configured) with status E_OS_PROTECTION_TIME	OS210

### 2.15.2 Time Frame

OS Requirements: 48, (465), 466, 467, 469, (470), 471, 472

Test	Action	Expected Result	OS	Require-
Case			ments	
No.				
1	Basic task inter-arrival time is greater than			
	Time Frame			
2	Basic task inter-arrival time is lower than	The OS shall call the protection-	OS466	
	Time Frame (and the task activation is al-	hook (if configured) with status		
	lowed)	E_OS_PROTECTION_ARRIVAL		
3	Basic task inter-arrival time is lower than	The OS shall call the errorhook (if configured)	OS469	
	Time Frame (and the task activation is not	with status E_OS_LIMIT		
	allowed)			



Test	Action	Expected Result	OS	Require-
Case			ments	
No.				
4	Extended task inter-arrival time is greater			
	than Time Frame. Time from the activation			
	to the first release (task running directly)			
5	Extended task inter-arrival time is greater			
	than Time Frame. Time from the activation			
	to the first release (task running after a pre-			
	emption to test the inter-arrival time is well			
	started at the activation and not from the run-			
	ning point)			
6	Extended task inter-arrival time is lower than	The OS shall call the protection-	OS467	
	Time Frame. Time from the activation to the	hook (if configured) with status		
	first release (task running directly)	E_OS_PROTECTION_ARRIVAL		
7	Extended task inter-arrival time is greater		OS472	
	than Time Frame. Time between two releases.			
8	Extended task inter-arrival time is lower than	The OS shall call the protection-	OS467	
	Time Frame. Time between two releases.	hook (if configured) with status		
		E_OS_PROTECTION_ARRIVAL		
9	ISR2 inter-arrival time is greater than Time			
	Frame (ISR2 running directly)			
10	ISR2 inter-arrival time is greater than Time		OS471	
	Frame (ISR2 running after a preemption to			
	test the inter-arrival time is well started at the			
	activation and not from the running point)			

Test	Action	Expected Result	OS Require-
Case			ments
No.			
11	ISR2 inter-arrival time is lower than Time	The OS shall call the protection-	OS048
	Frame (the ISR2 is not running)	hook (if configured) with status	
		E_OS_PROTECTION_ARRIVAL	
12	Basic task inter-arrival time is lower than		
	Time Frame (the ISR2 is running)		

#### 2.15.3 Resource Locking and Interrupt Disabling

OS Requirements: (33), (37)

## A Interrupts Management

## References

- [1] Consortium OSEK/VDX. OSEK/VDX OS Test Plan, 2.0 edition, 16th April 1999.
- [2] Consortium OSEK/VDX. OSEK/VDX Operating System, 2.2.3 edition, 17th February 2005.
- [3] Consortium OSEK/VDX. OSEK/VDX Operating System, 2.0 edition, 2001.
- [4] Consortium OSEK/VDX. OSEK/VDX Communication, 3.0.3 edition, 2004.

